

# Daily Advertiser and Farmer.

BRIDGEPORT, SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1861

VOL. V.—NO. 105.

WHOLE NO. 1336

## DENTISTRY.

**DR. J. H. SNOW,**  
DENTIST.  
OFFICE, JOHN ST., OVER DR. JACQUES.  
ONE DOOR WEST OF MAIN ST.,  
BRIDGEPORT, CT.

**DR. J. H. SNOW,**  
DENTIST.  
OFFICE, JOHN ST., OVER DR. JACQUES.  
ONE DOOR WEST OF MAIN ST.,  
BRIDGEPORT, CT.

## GAS FITTING, STOVES, PLUMBING & C.

**THE GREAT BENEFICATOR OF THE HOUSEHOLD.**  
P. STEWART'S  
GEL-BAVING AND COMFORT-PRODUCING SUMMER  
AND WINTER AIR-TIGHT  
COOKING STOVE.

**FOR WOOD OR COAL.**  
Improved in 1858 with New and Extra-Large Flues.  
The following is a brief summary of the peculiarities of  
THE STEWART STOVE:  
1st. Durability.—It has been in use, in many instances  
over 10 to 15 years.

2d. Capacity for Work.—All culinary operations may be  
carried on at the same time. In evidence of what it will  
accomplish, we allude to the fact that on each of several occa-  
sions a barrel of flour has been baked in a single  
stove, without interference with its cooking.

3d. The STEWART STOVE  
Has the most perfect ventilation of any stove now in  
use.

4th. THE STEWART STOVE  
Supplies hot water for bathing purposes more economically  
than any other.

5th. THE STEWART STOVE  
Will be furnished on a trial of three months.

6th. THE STEWART STOVE  
Is sold in all the principal cities and towns in the Union.  
Descriptive pamphlets furnished on application or by mail.  
For sale by  
**A. & L. M. HOPKINS,**  
39 WATER STREET,  
BRIDGEPORT, CT.

## GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.

**THE GOOD SAMARITAN,**  
HOT-AIR DRAUGHT  
LARGE VENTILATED OVEN,  
COOKING STOVE  
FOR WOOD OR COAL.

**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
The best finished and most durable stove of the  
age.

**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
Combines every advantage for cooking ever applied.  
It is  
**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
Bakes perfectly good bread and is the best of its kind  
at the same time, without impairing the flavor of one kind of  
food to another.

**THE VENTILATED OVEN**  
By the constant admission of pure fresh air, always insures  
sweetness to the food being baked.

**THE HOT-AIR DRAUGHT**  
Raises the temperature of the fire box, and increases the  
heating properties of the stove, thus enabling  
**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
To do more work in every variety of cooking, with less  
fuel, than any stove in the world.

**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
Has the most perfect arrangement for broiling on the front  
hearth, without interfering with the other operations of  
cooking.

**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
Has a constant supply of Hot Water without Cost, and  
Water for the Bathing Room superior to any Range.

**THE GOOD SAMARITAN**  
Is in every respect worthy of its name.

**COME AND SEE IT.**  
Manufactured and Sold to the Trade, by RATHBONE  
CO., Albany, N. Y. Parties in this State can obtain a loan of  
**G. P. STOCKWELL,**  
No. 75 WATER STREET, BRIDGEPORT, CT.

**STEAM AND GAS FITTING.—S. C.**  
BROTH & CO., Steam and Gas Fitters, Middle street,  
Bridgeport, are now prepared to put in Steam and Gas Pipes  
in the best manner by experienced fitters. Steam and Gas  
Pipes for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Orders re-  
ceived by BROTH, PECK & BARLOW, No. 3 S. C. BOUTH & CO  
Middle street.

**WOOD AND COAL YARDS.**

**COAL!**

**IRA GREGORY & SON**  
OFFER FOR SALE

**COAL OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,**  
BY THE CARCO, CAR LOAD, OR  
SINGLE TON, OR LESS QUANTITY.

—ALSO—  
**A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF**

**WOOD AND CHARCOAL**  
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

**AS GOOD AS THE BEST, AND**  
**PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.**

**IRA GREGORY, T. F. GREGORY,**  
ap 14

**COAL!**

**WOOD**  
AND  
**CHARCOAL**

**JULIUS W. KNOWLTON,**  
DEALER IN

**COAL, WOOD AND CHARCOAL,**  
END CENTRE BRIDGE,  
EAST BRIDGEPORT.

**RED AND WHITE ANH, HARD AND**  
**FREE BURNING COAL.**  
WELL SCREENED—AND WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

**BOARDING.**

**BOARDING.**—A few boarders can be  
accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms,  
at No. 2 Cannon street.  
**MES. B. H. HULL,**  
not 11

**FURNITURE.**

**TO HOUSEKEEPERS!**  
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS—  
The subscriber has recently added to his  
Chairs, Tables, SHOW ROOMS, where  
Sofas, Divans, Lounges, Bedsteads, Dressing Tables, Bed-  
steads, &c., which he offers at prices as low as can be  
found at any establishment in the State. Those in want  
especially invited to give me a call.  
**W. E. HAYDEN,**  
Nos 67 and 69 WATER ST., BRIDGEPORT, CT.

**GOLD WATCHES.**—The best  
assortment in the State to be found at  
**J. C. BLACKMAN,**  
No. 2 Parkers Place.

**J. C. BLACKMAN,**  
DEALER IN JEWELRY,  
SILVER WARE, & C.  
EXCHANGE PLACE, BRIDGEPORT, CT.

**GAS FIXTURES.**—A complete assort-  
ment of the latest patterns of CHANDELIER, FIFTEEN  
DAYS, PORTLAND, BRACKET, &c., can be found at  
No. 3 S. C. BOUTH & CO'S CHANDELIER ROOM, No. 9 Wall-st.

**TEN THOUSAND GALLONS OF**  
**KEROSENE AND CARBON OIL.** For sale at man-  
ufacturers prices wholesale and retail.  
**G. S. JARVIS, Agt., No. 2 Sterling Block.**

**NEW AND CHOICE GOODS—AT**  
**BLACKMAN'S**

## SEWING MACHINES.

**WHEELER & WILSON'S**  
SEWING MACHINES.

**OFFICE 305 BROADWAY,**  
NEW YORK.



**OFFICE.**  
NO. 305 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

**SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.**

**WHEELER & WILSON'S**  
SEWING MACHINES,  
AT REDUCED PRICES.

**THE WHEELER & WILSON MANU-  
FACTURING COMPANY**  
Having gained ALL their suits at law, with trifling manufac-  
turers of Sewing Machines, propose that the public shall be  
benefited thereby, and have accordingly

**REDUCED THE PRICES OF THEIR**  
SEWING MACHINES.

After this date they will be sold at rates that will pay a fair  
profit on the cost of manufacture, capital invested, and ex-  
pense of making sales; such prices will enable them to make

**FIRST CLASS MACHINES,**  
AND, AS HERETOFORE, GUARANTEE THEM IN  
Jan 1 EVERY PARTICULAR. id44740

## PUBLIC HALLS.

**FRANKLIN HALL,**  
STATE ST., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.  
This spacious Hall, pronounced to be one of the most  
complete and

**BEST ARRANGED IN THE STATE.**  
Centrally and agreeably situated, easy of access, and  
possessing every desirable quality required for Singing, Speak-  
ing and Hearing, is now prepared to be rented for Concerts,  
Public Speaking or other purposes, on reasonable terms.  
Enquire of **LEWIS C. SEGEE, or P. B. SEBOLD,**  
Sterling Block, Main street. id44740

**TO LET.**

**STORE TO LET.**—The Store  
No. 10 Franklin Block to let. Possession given  
immediately. Enquire at  
**LEWIS C. SEGEE.**

**THE UNDERSIGNED**—Real  
Estate Agent for the Bridgeport Mutual Savings  
Bank and Building Association, offer for sale or to  
rent, with all the modern improvements, the grounds  
and buildings on East Bridgeport, also, a large number of  
very desirable Building lots.  
**HENRY MAY** Esq. Bridgeport.  
No. 11 id44740

**TO LET**—In Louisa's Block,  
South Avenue, two Tenements Rent \$50 dollars  
per year. Possession given April 1st. Enquire  
at  
**S. W. HALDEN.**

**TO LET**—The Brick Mill ad-  
joining Bank yard, suitable for manufactur-  
ing, storage, or other purposes. Separate floors  
will be rented if required. Apply  
to  
**J. POTTER,** Nauvogue R. R. Office.

**FOR SALE.**

**FOR SALE.**—A desirable resi-  
dence pleasantly situated on the north side of  
New street. The House is conveniently arranged,  
with all the modern improvements. The grounds  
and all new work, such as Stairs, Cellars, are masterly laid  
out, and are well stocked with fruit trees. The location is  
very central, being less than five minutes walk from the Post  
Office. Enquire of  
**S. W. HALDEN.**

**WATCHES, JEWELRY, & C.**

**W. H. BOLTE,**  
PRACTICAL  
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,  
AND DEALER IN EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,  
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, MUSICAL GOODS, &c., &c.  
No. 65 WATER STREET, BRIDGEPORT.

**WATCH REPAIRING.**—Particular attention paid  
to all kinds of new work, such as Stairs, Cellars, &c., which will  
be done at the lowest rates and shortest notice.  
Jan 1 id44740

**WATCHES, JEWELRY, & C.**

**MY STOCK OF**  
FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE  
Never more extensive than at this time. Particular at-  
tention paid to  
**REPAIRING FINE WATCHES, & C.**  
ORDERS TAKEN FOR  
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS  
**J. C. BLACKMAN,**  
No. 2 Exchange Place, Main st., opposite Sterling Hotel  
Bridgeport, Conn.

**NEW**  
**SILVER SPOON AND FORK**  
MANUFACTORY,  
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND IN  
BRIDGEPORT.

**SPOONS, FORKS, LADLES, & C., & C.,**  
MADE FOR THE  
**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE,**  
AT  
**P. B. SEGEE'S,**  
NO. 1 STERLING BLOCK, MAIN ST.

**1000 OZ.**  
OLD SILVER WANTED,  
FOR WHICH  
THE HIGHEST PRICE WILL BE  
PAID.

IN FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,  
RICH JEWELRY, SILVER SPOONS,  
FORKS, LADLES, & C., & C.,  
AT  
**P. B. SEGEE'S,**  
NO. 1 STERLING BLOCK, MAIN STREET,  
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

**NEW SWISS WATCHES—SILVER**  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW PATTERNS CORAL PINS AND**  
EARRINGS—AT  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW STYLES GOLD BAND BRACE-**  
LETS—AT  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW STYLES CHATELAIN**  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW STYLES STUDS—AT**  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW STYLES SLEEVE BUTTONS**  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW STYLES LADIES' WATCHES**  
BLACKMAN'S.

**NEW STYLES PLATED TEA SETS**  
BLACKMAN'S.

**PEBBLES—A fresh lot of**  
of the GENUINE  
**J. C. BLACKMAN'S**

**RIBBON SLIDES.**—A new thing. For  
sale low  
**J. C. BLACKMAN'S**

**STENCIL PLATES.**—Cut in the best  
manner by expert finished workmen. Orders re-  
ceived at any establishment in the State. Those in want  
especially invited to give me a call.  
**J. C. BLACKMAN'S**

**DIAMOND FINGER RINGS—Single**  
Stone and Cluster—just received—Reduced Price.  
**J. C. BLACKMAN'S**

## FLOUR, GROCERIES, FRUITS, & C.

**FLOUR.**—100 barrels of choice brands  
just received at  
**BOSTWICK'S 230 Main street.**

**ALL WHO WISH to purchase Goods**  
cheap, should call on  
**BOSTWICK, 230 Main st.**

**TEAS.**—A choice lot of various kinds  
and qualities can be found at  
**BOSTWICK'S, 230 Main street.**

**SUGARS.**—Of all grades, at  
**BOSTWICK'S, 230 Main street.**

**CHEESE.**—From the best dairies in the  
country, at  
**BOSTWICK'S.**

**BUTTER.**—The best butter in the city  
is kept by  
**BOSTWICK, 230 Main street.**

**THE REASON WHY BOSTWICK**  
230 Main street, sells so many goods is because he has  
the assortment of the best in the market on hand, and also  
because his prices are reasonable. He allows no one to go  
away dissatisfied. Call on him if you want anything in the line  
of

**GROCERIES, SHIP STORES, & C.**  
**SETH J. BENEDICT,**  
(SUCCESSOR TO HENRY HALL.)  
CORNER OF WATER & STATE STREETS.  
Dealer in Groceries and Provisions; every de-  
scription of Ship Stores; pure foreign and domestic Wine,  
Liquors and Sars; Flour, Feed, &c. Stores for vessels  
put up at short notice, at the lowest rates. Country Produce  
of all kinds received fresh daily.

**FRENCH & STEVENS,**  
NO. 5 WATER STREET, BRIDGEPORT,  
DEALERS IN  
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS  
SHIP STORES.

Stores for vessels put up of reasonable terms, and also  
of

**GAME AND POULTRY**  
Of all kinds. The highest prices will be paid for specimens for  
all kinds of game. We will also game on commission.  
GOODS DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY FREE OF  
charge. WM. FRENCH,  
STEVENS

**WILLIAM HALL,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
GROCER AND BAKER,  
COR. MAIN AND BEAVER ST., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

Everything usually kept in an establishment of this kind con-  
stantly on hand, and for sale at prices that defy competition.  
Call at wholesale prices, in quantities to suit the purchaser.  
The highest market prices paid for country produce.

**THE PLACE TO GET YOUR**  
MONEY'S WORTH OF the best Bread, Cake and  
Candy at  
**HALL'S BAKERY.**

**FLOUR—100 lbs. choice family Flour**  
just arrived at  
**HALL'S BAKERY.**

**CHEAP CASH GROCERY STORE**  
**J. H. PORTER,**  
(SUCCESSOR TO WM. SHERM)  
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FRUIT, & C.  
EDD.

NO. 60 WATER STREET.  
WHERE MAY BE FOUND AMONG OTHERS,  
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

Choice Porto Rico Molasses and Sugar, Stuart's Refined  
Sugar—all qualities, Crabs and Peas, and other Groceries,  
and Black Tea, Extra and Double Extra Family Flour—in  
bags and barrels, Old J. A. Coffee, Laguira Coffee, Ground  
Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Beans, Ham, Sausages, Honey and  
Sardines, and Butter Crackers, Pickled, Baked, Wing's Fruit  
Cakes, Rice Flour, New Buckwheat Flour, Kingford's  
Starch, Colman's London Mustard, Shaker's Tomato Catsup,  
Worcestershire Sauce, New Pickles—in jars and  
barrels, Sardines, Sperm and Wax Candles, Burning Fluid,  
Lamp Oil, Ship Stores, Fork, Lead, Fish, &c. &c. &c. &c.  
Call at No. 60 Water Street, at the lowest living  
prices for cash. Remember the No.

**J. H. PORTER.**

**F E E D A N D G R A I N**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
AT NO. 65 WATER STREET.  
**J. H. PORTER,**  
SUCCESSOR TO W. M. SHERMAN

**FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.**

**REMOVAL.**  
**S. M. MIDDLEBROOK,**  
INSURANCE AGENT, has removed from No. 4 Wall  
street to the opposite side of the City Bank, in New York  
Water street, in the City Bank. He has the agency of six  
of the best Companies as can be found anywhere. Persons wish-  
ing insurance will please call at  
**S. M. MIDDLEBROOK,**  
Bridgeport, April 1, 1860.

**INCORPORATED 1810!**  
**HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO.,**  
OF HARTFORD, CONN.  
Capital and Assets, ——— \$936,709.00  
Losses paid and renewed; Losses equitably adjusted  
and immediately settled. This is a first-class, New York  
Company, and is authorized Agent.  
**LEWIS C. SEGEE,**  
AGENT FOR BRIDGEPORT AND VICINITY. id44740

**SAVINGS BANK.**

**PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,**  
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—INCORPORATED MAY  
20, 1850. The Bank is conveniently situated, and  
is prepared to receive money on deposit from this  
date; interest to commence on the 1st of July, 1860, and  
to be paid on the 1st of January, 1861, and on the 1st of  
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on the 1st of January

my own feelings and opinions, but to pro- pound to you, the word of God, the Bible view of slavery. With a due sense of my responsibility, I must state to you the truth, and nothing but the truth, however unpalatable or unpopular that truth may be.

Advertiser and Farmer. SATURDAY EVENING JAN. 12.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS. All those who wish to subscribe to the "DAILY ADVERTISER AND FARMER" will please leave their names at the office...

For a variety of Miscellaneous Reading matter see First and Fourth pages.

For Telegraphic News see next page.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic Electors of the several Towns in this State, are requested to choose the usual number of Delegates to attend a State Convention at New Haven, on

WEDNESDAY, February 6th, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; the object of said Convention being to nominate candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Secretary of State, and Comptroller; to appoint a State Committee for the year ensuing; and to do such other business as may be deemed proper.

Also, to consider and consult upon the dangers that threaten the welfare of the country and the unity of the State.

The committee feel assured that the present alarming crisis in the affairs of this country, is one which should be met in that spirit of conciliation and of fraternal regard for the rights and interests of all the States, which alone can avert the calamities that now threaten the overthrow of the Republic.

A united effort is imperatively demanded on the part of conservative and patriotic citizens everywhere, to sustain by all honorable means, such measures of reconciliation and peace, as will best subserve the noble purpose of preserving the Union established by our fathers.

Hartford, Jan. 9th, 1861.

A. E. RICE, Chairman. F. M. BROWN, Hartford Co. C. BILLINGS, New London Co. JAMES H. BOTT, Fairfield Co. L. E. BALDWIN, Windham Co. GEO. W. FERR, Litchfield Co. JAMES PHELPS, Middlesex Co. A. R. GREENE, Tolland Co.

MATTERS SOUTH.

All the United States forts and arsenals in Louisiana were seized by the forces of the State, January 11. There was no opposition except at Baton Rouge, where Major Haskins, in command of two companies of soldiers, refused at first to surrender.

Six companies of State troops were displayed, and after a conference between the Major and the Governor, the former gave up the arsenal.

A private letter from Florida, dated January 7th, says a number of delegates from West Florida express themselves to the effect, that if the State should secede without a proper general understanding, they will secede from the other part of the State, and all west of the Apalachicola river will annex themselves to Alabama.

The Alabama Convention Friday passed the ordinance of secession, declaring her connection with the Federal Union at an end. An invitation is extended to the other Southern States to meet in Convention in Montgomery on the 4th of February, for the purpose of forming a Southern Confederacy.

A private despatch to the Charleston Courier says that the federal troops have abandoned all the forts in Pensacola harbor except Fort Pickens, where they are concentrated, and that three hundred men have left Mobile to surprise Fort Pickens.

Both Houses of the North Carolina Legislature were engaged Thursday and Friday on the State Convention question, which has become complicated by mixing State Constitutional reform with federal matters.

A despatch from Raleigh says that "North Carolina is conservative, and would respond to a proposition for an equitable adjustment of difficulties, but will have her rights at all hazards."

A despatch from St. Louis states that on Friday, January 11, by order of General Scott, the federal troops took possession of the Sub-Treasury, Custom house, and Post Office building of that city.

The bill for arming the State has passed both houses of the North Carolina Legislature. It appropriated \$300,000 for the purpose.

The secession question has been discussed in no State with greater earnestness than in Maryland. In that State there is a strong party on each side.

The Charleston authorities have relinquished possession of the steamer Marion, and she will resume her place in the line between Charleston and New York.

Returns indicate that the secessionists have a majority in the Louisiana Convention.

The State Convention of Florida passed an ordinance of secession on Thursday.

Dr. Raphael, the eminent Jewish clergyman, of New York, has been invited by Messrs. John A. Dix, J. J. Cisco, August Belmont, Sidney E. Morse, Royal Phelps, and other distinguished men of the city, to repeat his Fast Day Sermon on the Jewish system of slavery and its relations with our own. The invitation has been accepted, and the sermon will be repeated by him on the evening of the 17th. A second installment of the sermon will be found in our columns of this day.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher delivered a lecture in New Haven Friday evening. The people were so incensed at it, that he was rotten-egged when he left the hall, and insulted by several persons after he had reached his hotel.

We regret to learn that George H. Meeker, Esq., of the firm of Calhoun, Lacey & Co., slipped on the ice Thursday, fell, and sprained one of his ankles badly.

Our Waterbury correspondent says, a barn belonging to P. Coyle, Waterbury, was burnt Friday night. Loss 400.

INDIANA. Gov. Hammond, of Indiana, has delivered his annual message to the Legislature. He says the strength of the Federal Government rests in the affection of the people of the several States, and is one of affection, not of force. An alienation of the affections of the North and South exists, attributable to the agitation of the slavery question at the North, which agitation has been materially intensified by the zealous efforts of a class of political teachers belonging to the ministry. This has produced ultraism at the South, resulting in the division of the country into sectional parties. Against the ultraisms of the North and South, it is the duty of the conservative element of the whole country to interpose. This must be done or disunion is inevitable. The North has as much interest in the welfare and prosperity of the South as our Southern brethren. The Constitution demands that fugitive slaves be returned. Common honesty requires that they should have full and equal rights in all the Territories. The future condition of the Territories so far as the extension of slavery is concerned, will be ultimately determined, natural laws, climate, soil, productions, &c. There can only be permanent peace between the sections when the free States are ready to stop the discussion of the abstract question of morals connected with this subject, and look upon it only as a political question. What is most needed is the restoration of kindly feeling. Then we may hope an honest and faithful discharge of all the Constitutional obligations toward each other will result in healing the present breach. He points with pride to the fact that Indiana, as a State, hitherto has fully kept the bond of union with her sister States. Her record is unstained by any act of bad faith.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Among other items of news from Washington it is stated that a difficulty has occurred between Gen. Scott and Senator Toombs, relative to recent Government action. The affair occurred at a dinner party, and it is intimated that hostile notes have passed between the parties in reference to it.

Lieut. Talbot, bearer of dispatches from Major Anderson, in command at Fort Sumter, to the Government, arrived in Washington Friday and had an interview with the proper authorities. What the result of the interview will be, has not transpired.

Mr. Thomas, Friday, resigned the post of Secretary of the Treasury, and the nomination of General Dix, Postmaster of New York, for the vacancy was sent to the Senate by the President, and confirmed without the usual reference.

General Cameron, it is understood, is preparing a letter for publication, in which he will define his position, and give his reasons for declining a seat in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet. He will show up the venal and corrupt combinations who have endeavored to injure him.

James M. Carlisle, of Virginia, will probably be nominated for Secretary of the Interior, and Mr. Branch, of North Carolina, is talked of as Postmaster General, in the event that the Presidents sends Mr. Holt's name to the Senate for Secretary of War.

Despatches from Washington announce an abatement of the excitement, in consequence of pacific news from Charleston.

Mr. Hunter's speech in the Senate Jan. 11 is received in Washington as evidence that Virginia intends to secede.

No nominations have yet been made for the War and Interior Departments.

The Republican journals are howling terribly over the present state of things in this country; but not one step will their leaders take to allay the agitation and make things better. In fact, they are continually taunting the South, and doing all they can to make things worse, if possible. Lincoln, by his silence, countenances these sectional agitators. Instead of announcing a policy that would at once tend to quiet the intense excitement now existing, he maintains a stubborn, sulky silence. He sits, remarks the New Haven Register—

Calmly in his office, seeing States file out of the Confederacy, under a supposition that there is to be no peace for them in it—his eyes not his mouth; not a word to indicate their error, if it be one; not even a denial of purposes that Phillips, and Greeley, and the independent, claim to be the fruits of his election. In the meantime, the walls of the Union are falling in, and his friends are crying out at the present administration for not using force to compel one he would remain under a government which they believe will deny them their rights. A policy which indicates the madman, as such as their fanaticism does the fool.

"South Carolina declared war by firing on the Star of the West." Exactly so; and Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Hampshire, Maine, and other Northern States, declared war by nullifying the fugitive slave clause of the Constitution. Seward declared war when he said to his followers: "Extend a cordial welcome to the fugitive slave, and defend him as you would your paternal gods." Greeley and the fifty-eight Republican members of Congress declared war when they endorsed the Helper Abolition Text Book and published one hundred thousand copies for gratuitous distribution. Moral—People who want peace, should faithfully fulfill their national compact, and avoid doing those things which tend to make war.

THE CONNECTICUT REGISTER FOR 1861.—This valuable and important little work has just been published by Messrs. Brown & Gross, Hartford. It contains one hundred and ninety-two pages of closely printed matter of general use. It is a complete epitome of the State, politically, judicially, and statistically, invaluable for reference, and necessary to every citizen. It is handsomely compiled by W. S. Porter, of New Haven. It is for sale by Cornwall, Sterling Block, and Sanford, Exchange Place.

A new barque was launched from Messrs. Shultz & Marther's ship yard to-day. She looks finely.

EXPRESS ROBBERY TRIAL. THIRD DAY—FRIDAY MORNING CONTINUED. George F. Bailey—Friday resided at South Norwalk, and kept a saloon and boarding house; an acquainted with Andrew Roberts and Kinney; Andrew Roberts came to my house last June, between two and three o'clock, P. M.; he was alone; he said he was looking around for board; he applied to me for board; I told him I was fixing my house, and could not take him then; he wanted to know how much I would charge; I told him \$4 50 per week; he said he was out of health, and would want one thing one day and another thing another day; he was willing to pay a dollar a day. The next time I saw him was in August, with Mr. Kinney, between the 15th and 20th of the month; it was between two and three o'clock P. M. when I saw them; Mr. Kinney said I would have to drink with him; they said they had been clamming in Westport; they looked as if they had been clamming; their feet were muddy; they called merely to see me; they were coming from the depot when I saw them; a stone was rolled and hit me on the foot.

Cross-examined—When Andrew arrived to inquire for board, he arrived about two o'clock P. M.; there is clamming ground near by it; it was pretty dry at the time.

[In answer to Court]—Andrew and Kinney were together at the time the stone was thrown; I went down cellar after ice, and when I came up Andrew was standing by the oyster box.

Mr. Woodward re-called—The safe in question is of the same size as that taken from the train.

Cross-examined—I never had but one sized safe under my charge; should not think the safe would weigh over one hundred and forty or one hundred and fifty pounds.

Charles E. Bosworth—I reside in Boston; on the 9th of September I borrowed \$500 in gold of Stebbins; I had no conversation with Stebbins; the gold was in twenty and ten dollar pieces; I gave him a note for it.

Mr. McIntyre re-called—Corrected his statement that he saw Andrew Roberts on Thursday, the 19th of September; by consulting the calendar he found Thursday was the 20th.

Cross-examined—The witness was asked if he had ever had any improper transactions between him and Andrew Roberts; objected to by prosecution; objection sustained by the court. I was aware of the fact that I could not be compelled to come here to testify; witness said he never had any transactions with Mr. Roberts, or any conversation with him on this subject.

C. S. Crane—I reside in Monroe; my business is in Bridgeport; my place is on the corner of Gilbert and Water streets, near the depot; last April I saw Kinney at the York House, in this city; it was on the 9th; he was alone at the time; was introduced to me as a dealer in horses; he asked me if I had any horses for sale; I subsequently met him the following Monday; I met him the next week, on the 24th; there was a man with him; I recognized the man as Andrew Roberts; he came up on the boat with a pair of horses, and drove to my store; the horses were a bay and a black; he said he had to go to Mr. Wheeler's; I went to Mr. Wheeler to meet them, but they were not there; did not see them afterwards; it was at Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler's, on Golden Hill.

Cross-examined—I went to the jail with Mr. Spooner to identify Roberts; I was introduced to Mr. Roberts by Mr. Spooner; he was not called out of his cell; he told me to look through the jail and see if I could tell which was Andrew Roberts; cannot tell which tier of cells he was in.

Direct examination resumed—It was after I identified Roberts, that I was introduced to him; I was not assisted by any one in my identification.

Cross-examined—Am not sure that Mr. Spooner said to me, this is Mr. Roberts; I was told before I went to jail that the man was that that called on me with Kinney.

J. C. Kelly—I know a man named Kinney; I saw Mr. Kinney last summer with Mr. Roberts at my house in Norwalk; cannot tell exactly when he drove up to my place with a pair of horses; Mr. Millsbaugh introduced me to them; one horse was a bay and the other was a black; it was the forenoon; have not seen Kinney since; when introduced to them by Mr. Millsbaugh, there was a conversation about horses.

Cross-examined—The next time I saw Mr. Roberts was in jail. Mr. Spooner went with me. He did not tell me in which cell Roberts was. I see no particular change in his appearance.

Alpheus Millsbaugh—I reside in Norwalk. Am in the Livery business. Kinney and Roberts came to the Connecticut Hotel on an evening in April, the latter part of the month I think, in the fore part of the evening. They drove up with a pair of horses, a bay and a black. They had a buggy. The register of the Hotel was identified by witness. Mr. Kinney entered the names of both. They went out in the evening. Did not see them again that evening. I was in and out of the Hotel all the evening until ten o'clock. They said but little about what their business was. Saw them again early in the morning at the stable. They ordered their team. They talked about horses. Mr. Kinney remarked that Roberts wanted a good horse. Kinney said he kept a stable, that Roberts was a gentleman and wanted a good horse and was able to pay for it. They said they would be back again in about a week. I wrote Roberts name on a card Kinney gave me. I wrote the name on the card in the presence of Kinney and Roberts. I made enquiries about a horse they wanted. They took their horses and said they were going to the city. They called again in the course of six or eight weeks. They drove up with a black horse and gray horse. I introduced them to Mr. Kelley the keeper of the Hotel and told him they were the men that had called once before about some horses. Kinney said that Roberts had got a horse now and was pretty well satisfied with it. They took a drink and drove off. The witness identified Andrew Roberts in Court. Saw Roberts since in jail. Half a dozen went down at the same time.

Cross-examined—Mr. Spooner was with me when I went to the jail. Think he told me the man was there who called at my stable with Kinney. Do not know when Kinney and Roberts retired that night they were at the Hotel.

Adjournd till two o'clock.

FRIDAY—AFTERNOON SESSION. John B. Hubbell.—I reside in Bridgeport. Am clerk of steamer John Brooks; have been clerk about four years. On the 24th of April last, two men, named Kinney and Roberts, purchased tickets for Bridgeport. They had two horses with them. June 9th sold two tickets to a man named Roberts. July 14th a man by the name of Kinney bought two tickets. They had nothing to my knowledge on the 14th of July.

Cross-examined—Do not recognize Kinney or Roberts.

James Seenan.—April 16, 1860, I was employed on the Boston Express train as brakeman; was on the train the night the safe was thrown off. I saw a man get off the train at

Norwalk Bridge; could not tell whether he got off the baggage or the smoking car. David Gray—I reside in Westport. I have not seen a man named Kinney here to-day. Two men stopped at my hotel in the middle of June. I saw them in the morning; they had a black horse and a gray horse. They had a top buggy. Do not know whether they staid at my house all night or not. One was a small man, and the other was somewhat larger.

Cross-examined.—When I went to the jail did not recognize the man there as one at my house.

Joseph Mills.—I reside at Westport. Am stable keeper for Mr. Gray of Westport. In June last two men came to Mr. Gray's stable with a pair of horses. Saw them about 8 o'clock in the evening at the barn. I saw them about half past ten in the bar-room and ordered a room. They came from out of doors. They left about eight o'clock next morning. They had a gray and black horse. One was a small man, the other was somewhat larger. They did not say where they were going.

Gershom B. Bradley.—I reside in Westport. I know where the safe was found. Mr. Spooner pointed it out to me. I met a man in one of my lots last summer about a quarter of a mile the depot. I see a man in the court room now who was arrested on the 24th of June. I saw him at the depot. Andrew Roberts looks like the man. He appeared to be looking for something. As I came near the fence he asked me if I knew of any herbs growing there. He told me what kind of herbs he was after. It was something I never heard of before. He attempted to describe it, but I could not understand it. The soil where I plowed at the request of Mr. Spooner was a wet swampy soil. I should think it was in July. An India rubber cloth was produced in court, which witness said he had found in a meadow near a well. It was rolled up when he found it.

Cross-examined.—I conversed with the person I saw but a moment or two. I was approaching him. Do not recollect how he was dressed. Cannot recollect what kind of a hat he had on. My attention was not called to the fact until the fall, and through some facts related by Mr. Spooner. It was after I saw Mr. Spooner that I saw somebody in my lot. Have not seen Mr. Roberts from that time to this, except in court. The defendant most clearly resembles the man I saw in my lot. Cannot tell what hour in the day it was that I saw the man.

Wm. G. Nichols.—Keeps hotel in Stamford. I keep a register at my hotel. Two men stopped at my house in February last. It was Sunday evening. They staid over night. They left in the morning. They went away in a wagon and went east. They had a bay horse; the wagon had no top. I recognize Mr. Kinney as one of the men. Witness thinks Andrew Roberts was the other man.

Frank Sherwood.—I reside at Saugatuck in the town of Westport; saw two men in Westport last May. They hired their horse to a post near my house. They had some horses. I saw them go away and were gone about an hour and a half. When they went away they went up by the church. The next time I saw them was a week or ten days afterwards. It was about half past four. After hitching their horse they went across lots and were gone about an hour and a half. When they came back they got into the wagon and went up the road by the church. I saw the horse and wagon again one evening after dark. They were gone about an hour and a half; they had a black horse the last time. One was a small man and the other a larger one. They went across the lots. When they went away they went to Norwalk. I have seen one of them since. I think it was the one called Roberts.

Cross-examined.—Saw Roberts in prison. He was sitting in a chair reading a newspaper; no one pointed him out to me.

John Hay.—I reside in Westport. Was shown a pocket book. Saw it under a bridge near Westport, about three quarters of a mile from Westport. Joseph Nash was with me when I found it.

Officer Bennett recalled.—I visited the house of Kinney and found some papers and a watch on the 30th of October. The watch was shown to witness and he identified it. Was connected with the arrest of Andrew Roberts. I knew that Samuel Roberts was arrested. There was some money at the office which they said was taken from Samuel Roberts. Among it was a \$50 bill on the Alfred Bank.

Officer McDougal.—I arrested Samuel Roberts. I took some bills from Samuel Roberts. I gave them to the officer in charge. I took them to the police court. They are now in possession of the Police Court.

Frank Phillips.—On the 16th of April was baggage master on the New York and New Haven Railroad on the 7 o'clock morning train. On the 17th of April saw the car from which the safe was lost. Noticed that the door of the car had been oiled.

Cross-examined.—It is not generally customary to oil car doors.

Henry R. Parrott.—I reside in Bridgeport; an Agent for the Adams Express Company in Bridgeport. Am acquainted with the localities spoken of in Westport. I went down there in October with some others. We dug in the lot and near a swamp found an axe handle and a basket.

Cross-examined.—Have been frequently to the prison since the parties were confined there; men were put there as keepers of these prisoners. Have seen Kinney and Roberts since they were produced again in court. My office was informed it could not be done. After Stebbins was locked up, I do not know of any one calling to see him immediately; did not tell Sheriff Barnum that if they wanted to see counsel they must get a permit from Mr. Spooner; knew nothing of Mr. Spooner, or of any one's knowledge, telling Mr. Barnum not to let any one see the prisoners without a permit from Mr. Spooner.

Attorney Ferris said, that in justice to the witness he would say that whatever Mr. Parrott did, was under the direction of Judge Butler.

Gustavus Frey—I live in New York; I went to New York the latter part of February. I saw Mr. Stebbins come to Mr. Kinney's stable the fore part of the month of March. He arrested him and took him to Mr. Kinney's house for him; he gave me an envelope with Lewis Stebbins' name on it. Mr. Kinney came down; Mr. Kinney went into a hotel, and Mr. Stebbins was in there.

H. A. Howe—I reside in Amherst, Mass.; I know Porter Kellogg, I now see him in Court; I have known him for 20 years. He arrested him last fall on the 15th or 16th of November; I arrested him in his cider-mill. I told him I wanted to see him; he wanted to know what it was. I told him I had a warrant for him. A Mr. Ely went with me; he saw Mr. Ely; he wanted to know who he was; I told him he was from Chicago. He told Kellogg he was arrested for robbing a man named Ely. He asked him if he had a pocket-book; he said No. Kellogg had a cane; when Ely asked him if he had any money, he dropped his cane and put his hands in his pocket. When Ely searched him, the first thing he took out of his pocket was a porcupine quill. He was entered in the case of Samuel W. Roberts, but he was immediately arrested on a warrant, for being engaged in counterfeiting.

Attorney Ferris said, that in justice to the witness he would say that whatever Mr. Parrott did, was under the direction of Judge Butler.

Adjournd till Saturday Morning at 9 o'clock.

FOURTH DAY—SATURDAY MORNING. The prosecution rested their case, reserving the privilege of introducing another witness to prove an isolated fact, viz:—that a hand car was seen on the 17th of April, in the morning, near the spot where the robbery was committed.

Ex-Recorder Smith—Before proceeding on this case we move for the discharge of Samuel Roberts, who is claimed that where more than one were tried together, and there was not sufficient against one to commit him, he might be discharged in order that his associates may have the benefit of his testimony.

Charles Chapman replied by showing from Swift, when the last testimony was produced against him, that he was not a party to the robbery, and that he was a witness for the other defendants.

Ex-Recorder Smith again asked for the discharge of Samuel Roberts. He reviewed the testimony given and claimed that there was nothing which tended to implicate him in this transaction.

Justice was entered in the case of Samuel W. Roberts, but he was immediately arrested on a warrant, for being engaged in counterfeiting.

J. C. Loomis on part of defence—Lewis Stebbins

a blot on the back of the bill. The bills we marked were on the Langdon Bank. He did not want to give it up; he said if I wanted some money he had some more in the house.

Cross-examined—Kellogg lives three miles from me; he came there some time ago. Have the warrant with me upon which Kellogg was arrested; I have had it in my possession since the arrest. I had a search warrant; I have it with me now. I took other money from him; I stole it. I gave his wife \$10, as she said she had no money. I brought the money to Bridgeport, and delivered it to the recorder. I took a portmanteau from him and brought it to Bridgeport.

Henry Sanford—I reside in Bridgeport; am connected with Adams & Co's Express. Went to Boston for the purpose of procuring a search warrant to search the house of Stebbins; I procured one. I went with an officer to Stebbins' house; we went there in the night, about ten o'clock. I saw an Express man and another man search Kellogg. We passed through the hall into a rear room on the first floor, where we found Mr. Stebbins' family. [Testimony objected to by counsel for defence, but was admitted by the Court.] There was a piano in the room, and some Masonic papers. There was a closet containing band-boxes and millinery. We also found the Bosworth promissory note belonging to John Hammond—I reside in Mount Morris, N. Y.; am acquainted with Porter Kellogg; I married his wife's sister. I have letters in my possession from Porter Kellogg; I am acquainted with Mr. Kellogg's hand-writing; the letter I now have is his. [Some bills were shown the witness; he said he did not know them.] I received the letter in 1860; they were upon the Langdon Bank. It was in August when I received the letter. [The letter is dated Aug. 19, from which the following was read: "When Henry comes out I will send you the money, if I do not before." Another letter was read dated May 31. It said he had the promise of some money in a few days, and he said he would send \$100 in a few days.]

Mr. Hammond resumed—I never knew whether Mr. Kellogg was a man of property.

Cross-examined—Reside at Mount Morris, N. Y. I do not consider that I was arrested; Bangs met me and said he wished to see me on particular business. He asked me to get in with him at Kellogg's, and officer Bangs said he wanted to see me privately. Dennison told me to get in; we went to a hotel and took a drink. In conversation he asked me if I had any Langdon Bank money. I thought he was pretty familiar on a short acquaintance. He asked me if I was willing to be searched. I asked Dennison if it was right that he should be searched—he said it was all right. They stripped me of my pants—asked Mr. Bangs if he wanted to look me over any further. I opened my trunk, and they took out some daguerotypes, letters, &c.; they also examined my wife's drawers. We went to Mount Morris; we went to see Mr. Wisner; Bangs followed me. I met Mr. Seymour and he told me if I should get to New York, to call on Mr. Wisner. He told me if I should get to Connecticut among the Yankees I would fare badly. Bangs did not tell me he had the necessary papers to take me. Kellogg had not been in the habit of sending money to me; he is owing over \$1500. I have loaned him money at various times; I have seen money in his possession in large amounts at different times. The money sent me from Kellogg was brought by his son.

Direct Examination resumed.—Kellogg was superintendent of canals in 1856. He owned a four mill in 1857, but it was burned down. He has owned me \$1,500 for some time. He has always endeavored to pay me as fast as he could. I have not seen him for eighteen months. He was on a farm, but did not say he had bought one. The farm was in the name of his son. He told me at one time that he had made quite a speculation in Black River County.

Cross-examined.—I gave this money up to Mr. Bangs about three weeks ago.

John C. Campbell—I reside in New York; keep a Hotel on corner of 27th street and 4th Avenue, in the Hampden House. Saw Porter Kellogg at my house in June 1860. [The register of the house was produced in court.] Porter Kellogg was at my house June 11th and June 21st. Cannot say how long Mr. Kellogg staid. He was there again Sept. 5th; he came there with a gentleman from Springfield, and was there a day or two. He was there again Oct. 22 and 23; he remained two or three days.

E. B. Dickinson—Reside in Amherst, Mass. I know Porter Kellogg by sight; saw Mr. Kellogg in October last, on the 26th; I saw him at the slaughter house of Mr. Butterfield, in South Amherst; I was going past, and as it rained I went in. Mr. Kellogg and Mr. Mather were butting, wrote to me. Kellogg said that he would bet from \$500 to \$500 that Mather had not got a cow that would give over four or five pounds of butter in a week; I told them I did not believe either of them had as much; he showed me a \$500 bill on the Atlantic Bank, Boston; it was not of the old issue; he said if that was not enough he would show me some more. [Witness was shown an old and new issue of the Atlantic Bank of Boston and finally said he thought the bill he saw was the old one.]

Mr. Campbell re-called—Kellogg and Stebbins were both visiting at my house.

F. H. Dickinson—I reside at Amherst, Mass. Saw Mr. Kellogg and Mr. Mather were butting, wrote to me. Kellogg said that he would bet from \$500 to \$500 that Mather had not got a cow that would give over four or five pounds of butter in a week; I told them I did not believe either of them had as much; he showed me a \$500 bill on the Atlantic Bank, Boston; it was not of the old issue; he said if that was not enough he would show me some more. [Witness was shown an old and new issue of the Atlantic Bank of Boston and finally said he thought the bill he saw was the old one.]

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COMMISSION MERCHANT & BROKER. WM. W. HOLCOMB, COMMISSION MERCHANT. ALSO MERCHANTS GENERAL ESTATE BROKER.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE COMING! THIRD INVOICE OF LADIES' FURS. AT THE NEW FUR EMPORIUM.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF LADIES' FURS, BUFFS, CUFFS, &c. HATS, CAPS, CHILDREN'S HATS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

DRY GOODS & C. BIRDSEY & CO. 30 YEARS EXPERIENCE AND A CLEAN RECORD.

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