

# East Haddam Journal.

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## East Haddam Journal,

R. H. BLODGETT, Publisher.

The JOURNAL is published every Saturday morning at East Haddam, Conn., and will be left at the residence of subscribers in both Upper and Lower Landings at \$1 25 per year in advance, or \$1 50 at the expiration of the year. Subscribers who receive their paper at the office or by mail, \$1 per year in advance, or \$1 25 at the end of the year.

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**Saint Stephen's.**  
BY ROBINSON CRUSO.  
The Good Book tells us that a city standing  
On some high hill, an ample view commanding,  
Resembles most a lofty pyramid  
Which cannot from observing eyes be hid.  
So thou art built upon a chosen spot  
Where other objects can obscure thee not,  
But where the gazing traveler may admire  
E'en from afar thy plain and modest spire.  
The distant sailor on his white winged deck  
Beholds thee as some brightly painted speck,  
And if devout as sailors all should be  
From roaming on the vast and restless sea,  
His hat is lifted as he passes by  
Where thou art ever pointing toward the sky.  
By stones thy patron saint was basely killed  
On stones thy architect saw fit to build  
This modest structure and it must appear  
Most fitting that it be erected here.  
How great the change since first thy white walls graced  
The eminence where once the red man placed  
His rough built fort, for where St. Stephen stands  
In early days the wild and ruthless bands,  
If history tells aright, assembled there,  
Where now is only heard the voice of prayer.  
The savage warrior with his painted brow  
Lurks not about thy high location now,  
But still while sitting 'neath thy vaulted roof  
Holding "the things of time and sense" aloof,  
While joining in the chants and songs of praise  
Which humble Christians gathered in these, raise,  
While weakly listening to the counsels given  
By thy young, tho' able rector of St. Stephen,  
While gazing on the supping crowd  
With pious reverence round thine altar bowed,  
We cannot help the present to contrast  
With scenes of bloodshed in the dreary past.  
No gilded figures ornament thine aisles.  
No sculptured angel o'er thy pulpit smiles,  
No massive columns in thy body rise,  
No brazen urn to ravish human eyes,  
No costly divans by thy chancel stand,  
No ancient paintings o'er thy desks expand,  
No grey-haired bishops with their age bent form  
Nor white clad deacons in thy vestry swarm,  
Nor crowd of sextons waiting in thy porch  
Distinguish thee above thy sister churches;  
But gilded tappings are all useless where  
The worshippers convene for earnest prayer,  
No brazen urn or paintings rare are needed  
For by thy patron saint they're all unneeded,  
And those may learn who worship at thy shrine  
That eloquence and talent may combine  
In one on whom no signs of age are falling  
If but his heart be in his holy calling,  
And all who truly seek to be forgiven  
Will need no costlier temple than St. Stephen.

Mr. Editor—  
The fourth of July has come and gone to be numbered with its "illustrious predecessors." On the occasion as usual, have been lavished much Bunker Hill and blood, cake and candy, fun and fireworks, lemonade and laziness, orations and oranges, speechifying and simpering, music and mirth, pine-apples, peanuts, powder and patriotism. Your humble servant followed the bent of her inclination, and went to Hadlyme to the picnic. The air was bland, the forests musical with bird melody, and the leaves and flowers by the wayside nodded with very joy as we pursued our way to the leafy grove, consecrated by the inhabitants to the keeping aright of Independence day. The orator of the day had concluded his speech ere our arrival, but we partook of cake and lemonade, and shook hands with old friends. Around us were happy looking faces, and I trust happy hearts, enjoying the celebration of the Nation's birth-day. Long may it be celebrated by a free people in every sense of the term. After staying awhile, we rode down into the lower part of Hadlyme, a part I had never before seen, and very pleasant withal. Hills, va leys, rocks, meadows and shrubbery were picturesquely mingled and neat farm-houses dotted the landscape in every direction, but the most delightful place, was the residence of Messrs Richard and William E. Selden. Seldom has a more beautiful scene gladdened my eyes. Situated on a gentle eminence, with the shrubbery almost hiding the front, beautiful trees on the one side and soft green grass in the rear, on the other. Radiant in the sunshine were spread out the sweet waters, known as Selden's Cove, while at a short distance comparatively, sparkled the old Connecticut, that dear old River, so famous in Revolutionary annals, so suggestive of the past, with its hoarded lore and experience, so cherished in the present with its calm loveliness. I thought of Mason as he went down the river bound to attack the Pequots, I thought of the poor Indian, who once roamed the primeval forest and called them his, who paddled his canoe on the grand old river, that gleamed out so lovingly on our vision, with the Steamboat bound upward, that hallowed day. I would fain have lingered hours to gaze upon the sweet scenery, but time forbade. This living picture of beauty, framed by the hand of the divine author, will always remain with me—it will truly be a picture in the chambers of my soul, fadeless and indestructible. Ah! "a thing of beauty is a joy forever," not perishable like the gold,

the tinsel and the glitter of earth, but loved and prized until we pass on to the undying splendors of the infinite and immortal, where melody, beauty, purity and bliss forever dwell. To me, this celebration of the fourth is laden with dear and precious heart memories, and wishing that all the land may have enjoyed it as intensely as I did, I will close.

LOUISE.

**A PLAN TO BLOW UP A STEAMBOAT.**—We learn from Capt. Viger, of the May Queen, that just as he left Cleveland Saturday night, a man named Cooley was arrested there, charged with conspiring to blow up the splendid Southern R. R. steamer City of Buffalo, and that complete evidence of his designs was found. The facts of the case, we learn, are these:

Some weeks since, while Capt. Ward was at Cleveland on business, this man Cooley came to him, professing great friendship for him, and denouncing the opposition of the railroads, which led to the establishment of a second line of boats between Cleveland and Buffalo. After talking awhile, he intimated that he knew of means which would remove this opposition and give Capt. Ward control of the route. Perceiving that the fellow was a scoundrel, and evidently harbored some mischievous design, the Captain took him into a private room, where the villain unfolded his plan. But before completing it, the Captain was called away, and made an appointment to meet him next day.

The appointment was kept, Capt. Ward having taken the precaution to stow a good witness away under a bed in the room. Cooley's plan was then unfolded in detail, and consisted in providing heavy charges of powder in tin canisters, so made as to be fastened to the boat under water, connected together, and touched off with a slow fuse. He proposed to blow up both railroad boats for \$300. The captain then gave him \$5 with which to get his tin boxes made, and promised to meet him again last week. He then notified the Superintendent of the Southern Road, and the agent at Cleveland, of the plan.

The second meeting took place last week when another witness was securely hidden under the bed of the steamer, when the plan was again fully discussed. Upon Capt. W. expressing some doubts as to his ability to accomplish so great and hazardous an undertaking, he stated that he had blown up one vessel in a similar manner, and gave the name, time and place. The Capt. then gave him \$20 with which he was to procure 50 pounds of powder, and it was arranged that the City of Buffalo, which remains in Cleveland over the Sabbath, should be blown up at her dock last evening. The officers were notified of what was going on, and, fearing that he might anticipate, in his eagerness to accomplish the infernal undertaking, pounced upon him on Saturday night. The magazine which he had proposed to use was found, and he is charged and ready for use, and there is no doubt but that the wretch intended to commit the diabolical deed, and that he was capable of doing it. The charge of powder, it is said, would have completely torn the boat to pieces.

Cooley has been a diver in the river at Cleveland, in the employ of a man named Nelson, and unquestionably possessed the skill, as well as hardihood, to carry to a successful termination one of the boldest conspiracies it has been our lot ever to record.—*Detroit Tribune.*

## PUBLIC ACT.

PASSED, MAY SESSION, 1859.

**CHAPTER V.**  
An Act to repeal a provision of law therein mentioned.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
That the second section of "an Act in addition to and in alteration of an Act entitled 'an Act for the Assessment and Collection of Taxes,' approved June 27, 1857, be, and he is hereby repealed."  
Approved, May 27th, 1859.

**CHAPTER VI.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act for the regulation of Civil Actions."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
That whenever the claimant or claimants of any debts, goods, or effects, in controversy in any action of assumpsit shall reside out of this state, the notice required by the two hundred and thirty-fourth section of the act, to which this is an addition, to such a claimant, to appear and defend, shall be given in such time and manner as the court before which such action may be pending shall direct, and such court is hereby authorized and empowered to make any and all needful orders in relation thereto.  
Approved, June 9th, 1859.

**CHAPTER VII.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act for the Regulation of Civil Actions."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. Whenever a justice of the peace shall be disqualified or unable, from any cause whatever, to proceed to the trial of any civil action pending before him, the parties to said action may, by written agreement, endorser upon the writ, and signed by said parties or their attorneys, designate any other justice of the peace, resident in the town where either of said parties reside, who may proceed in trial, render judgment and issue execution in said case, and said judgment and execution shall have the same effect in law, as if they had been rendered and issued by the justice of the peace designated in said writ.

**CHAPTER VIII.**  
An Act Confirming the Doings of Courts of Probate.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. That whenever any court of probate has accepted and approved of the appointment of the trustees named in assignment of any insolvent debtor, who has assigned his property for the benefit of his creditors, pursuant to the provisions of the act passed May session, 1857, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, and for the more equal distribution of their effects among their creditors," and such court has omitted to appoint a time, and cause the notice to be given for the hearing of the creditors relative thereto, as required by the sixth section of the act, passed May session, 1855, in addition to the act last aforesaid, such acceptance and approval shall be good and valid: provided this act shall not affect any suit now pending.  
Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after the day of its passage. Approved, June 1st, 1859.

**CHAPTER IX.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act concerning Crimes and Punishments."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
That any person who shall wilfully burn any barn, stable, or other out-house in which any horses or neat cattle are stabled or kept, the same being the property of another, shall suffer imprisonment in the Connecticut state prison for a term not less than two nor more than ten years.  
Approved, June 1st, 1859.

**CHAPTER X.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act concerning Communities and Corporations."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
That all associations which have been or may hereafter be formed under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act in addition to an Act concerning Communities and Corporations," approved June 28th, A. D. 1852, of the acts of 1852, be, and the same are hereby authorized to purchase, hold and convey real and personal estate of a value not exceeding two thousand dollars.  
Approved, June 1st, 1859.

**CHAPTER XI.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act concerning Communities and Corporations."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. That whenever any corporation organized under any law of this State shall have failed to provide by its articles of association, or by its by-laws, for the calling of special meetings of the corporation, at the instance of the stockholders of such corporation, or whenever any such corporation shall have so provided, and the officers of such corporation shall refuse to call such meetings, a majority of the stockholders owning not less than a majority of the capital stock, shall have power to call such meetings, by giving notice of the object, time, and place, as required in calling the annual meetings of such corporation; and when convened, such meeting shall have power to do any acts which such corporation may do at any legally called meeting.  
Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from its passage.  
Approved, June 1st, 1859.

**CHAPTER XII.**  
An Act for the Protection of the Commerce and Navigation in the Harbor of New Haven.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. There shall be appointed by the governor, a harbor-master for the harbor of New Haven, who shall hold his office for three years from the time of his appointment, and until another shall be appointed in his place.  
Sec. 2. The harbor-master, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall execute a bond to the treasurer of this state, in the penal sum of three hundred dollars, with sufficient surety, to be approved by the mayor of New Haven, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office.  
Sec. 3. The said harbor-master shall have authority to locate and station all vessels, while riding at anchor within the limits of the channel of said New Haven harbor; and to remove, from time to time such vessels, within said channel, as are not employed in receiving or discharging their cargoes, to make room for the passage of such other vessels as may have occasion to pass up or down the channel of said harbor. And as to the fact, whether any vessel at anchor shall be in the said channel so as to obstruct or hinder the passage of any other vessel up or down said channel, the said harbor-master is hereby constituted the sole judge. The said harbor-master shall have authority to determine how far, within the limits of said harbor, and in what instances, it shall be the duty of masters, or others, having charge of vessels at anchor within the limits of said channel, to remove the same, and if any master or other person engaged in, or having charge of any vessel at anchor within the limits of said channel, shall refuse or neglect to obey the directions of the said harbor-master, in matters within his authority to direct; or, if a person shall obstruct, resist or oppose the said harbor-master in the execution of the duties of his office, every such person shall, for every such offense forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars; to be recovered, with cost of suit, in an action of tort, upon this statute, in the name of such harbor-master, before any court having cognizance of the cause; in which action such vessel may be attached and held in response to the judgment that may be rendered therein, in the same manner as in other actions of tort, under the existing laws relating to the attachment of property and subject to the provisions thereof. And all fines, after deducting the necessary expenses of enforcing the same, to be determined by the court rendering judgment therefor, when collected, shall be paid to the treasurer of the General Hospital Society of Connecticut.  
Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of such harbor-master upon the application of any person engaged in the navigation of said harbor, whenever in the opinion of such person, the channel of the same shall be obstructed by any vessel or vessels lying or riding at anchor within the same, forthwith to remove the same or require the same to be removed so that vessels may freely pass up or down the channel of said harbor; for which service said harbor-master shall be entitled to receive a compensation at the rate of three dollars per day of ten hours' service, and in that proportion for the fraction of a day; and in default of making such compensation, such harbor-master may recover the same, in any proper action at law for such service, against the person, persons or corporation requiring such service.  
Sec. 5. In case such harbor-master shall neglect or refuse to render the services required in the next preceding section, he shall be subject to pay to the person, persons or corporation so requiring the same the sum of twenty dollars damages, with lawful costs to be recovered in an action upon said bond, or

against such harbor-master, upon this statute. And in the determination of this question, no opinion or decision of said harbor-master shall be considered by the court before which said question may be pending.  
Approved June 3d, 1859.

**CHAPTER XIII.**  
An Act in addition to and in alteration of an Act, entitled, "An Act relating to Courts."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. That the September term of the Superior Court within and for the County of Middlesex, now by law required to be held at Middletown, shall be and the same hereby is changed to Haddam, in said county; and the December term of said Superior Court, within and for said County of Middlesex, now by law required to be held at Haddam, shall be and the same hereby is changed to Middletown, in said county.  
Sec. 2. All causes which have been or shall be before the first day of August next, be brought by writ, appeal or otherwise, to the term of the Superior Court to be holden in the county of Middlesex on the first Tuesday in September next, shall be returned to and entered in the docket of said superior court at its sessions to be holden at said time at Haddam, although the same may have been brought to the term of said court as heretofore established by law to be holden at said time at Middletown, and shall be proceeded with in all respects in the same manner as if the same had been brought to said term so to be holden at said Haddam.

**CHAPTER XIV.**  
An Act in addition to an Act relating to Courts.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. That the Clerk of any city court, may when so directed by the court, amend, make up and complete any record of the city court, which may have been omitted to be done by any former clerk, in such manner as said court shall direct.  
Sec. 2. This act shall not affect any suit now pending, and shall take effect from and after its passage.  
Approved, June 3d, '59.

**CHAPTER XV.**  
An Act in alteration of an Act entitled an Act for the Settlement of Estates, Testate, Intestate, and Insolvent.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. Every testator, at the time of making his will, or at any time thereafter, may have the witnesses thereto examined and sworn in the usual form, before a justice of the peace or a commissioner of the superior court, who shall enter the oath of the witnesses on the back of the will and attest the same; and the oath of witnesses, so taken, shall be accepted by the court of probate as if it had been taken before said court after the death of the testator.  
Sec. 2. Section eight of the act of which this is an alteration, is hereby repealed.  
Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after the day of its passage.  
Approved, June 3d, '59.

**CHAPTER XVI.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act concerning Lunatics and Spendthrifts."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
That in all cases where conservators, duly appointed according to law, have been removed by courts of probate, for neglect of duty or misconduct, and in all cases where courts of probate have filled the vacancies thereby occasioned, by a new appointment of conservator, every such removal and new appointment shall be good and valid, notwithstanding any omission or defect of notice of the time and place of hearing by such court of probate, in relation thereto provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall affect any suit now pending. And this act shall take effect on its passage.  
Approved, June 9th, '59.

**CHAPTER XVII.**  
An Act in addition to an Act concerning Lunatics and Spendthrifts.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Sec. 1. That in all cases where conservators have been appointed by courts of probate, upon the petition of the selectmen of any town, over persons who were inhabitants of such town, though not at the time of such appointment residing therein; such appointment shall be good and valid, notwithstanding such non-residence; provided that the respondent to such petition was legally notified to be present, and was present, at the hearing upon such petition.  
Sec. 2. Nothing herein contained shall affect any suit now pending.  
Approved, June 9th, '59.

**CHAPTER XVIII.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act concerning Crimes and Punishments."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
Every person who shall hire any horse or team, or use any horse or team hired by others, and shall wilfully make any false statement or misrepresentation relative to the distance, time, place or manner of using or driving the same, with intent to defraud the owner thereof; or any other person, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding seven dollars, or by imprisonment in the common jail not exceeding thirty days, or by such fine and imprisonment both, at the discretion of the court having cognizance of the offense.  
Approved, June 9th, '59.

**CHAPTER XIX.**  
An Act concerning Education.  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
That the report which the committees of school districts are required to make on the thirtieth day of September in each year, by virtue of the first section of the sixth chapter of the act called "An Act in addition to and in alteration of an Act concerning Education," passed May session, 1856, shall hereafter be made on or before the fifteenth day of September in each year.  
Approved, June 9th, '59.

**CHAPTER XX.**  
An Act in addition to "an Act for the Encouraging and Regulating Fisheries."  
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:  
No person, for the purpose of taking fish, shall draw or use any seine, with meshes of a smaller size than one and a half inches square, in the Housatonic River, below the mill dam at Gaylord's Bridge, in the town of New Milford, between the 4th day of July, 1859, and the 4th of July, 1864; and every person so offending shall be punished by a fine not exceeding seven dollars for each and every offense so committed by such person.  
Approved, June 9th, 1859.

"What church do you attend, Mrs. Partridge?"  
"Oh, any paradox church where the gospel is dispensed with."  
When is it evident that a man has swallowed a house? When he throws up a window, and has a pane in his side.

## East Haddam Journal.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 9.

## Western Speculations.

There has been no greater curse to the western portion of our country than the unwarrantable speculations in land which have marked the career of our western towns, cities and territories. The spirit which animates speculators is generally opposed to healthy progress. While outside capital may be an advantage in some cases, by enabling the resident population to bring into practical use more quickly than could otherwise be done the natural resources of the land, or of a town-site, or mill privilege, the usual course of speculators has been such as to retard the growth of towns and cities or to stimulate it unduly, so that they relapse into ruin. In one case speculators purchase the most desirable tracts of land and refuse to sell except upon such terms that the pioneers and first settlers cannot avail themselves of the advantages they might gain in a new country if admitted to a fair participation in the profits of their industry. The speculator looks ahead to the time when the towns and cities will be built and the country occupied, and in the greediness of his heart says, this land will then be worth so and so, and this must be my price, I will hold it until it will bring that price in the market. He forgets or does not care to remember that the lands can only attain that value by the settlement and cultivation of the country, which must be accomplished by the patient industry and toil of settlers who must be allowed to purchase lands cheap or they can never make a beginning.

But this class of speculators, residing at a distance, generally content themselves with paying taxes on the land and holding it year after year, while they comfort themselves with the idea that somebody will eventually be obliged to come to their terms. Such speculation as that is a pest to a new country, blighting it like a mildew. Such speculators as these, dog the footsteps of the sagacious pioneer, and when he has selected a fine location they pounce upon its best portions with their dollars, and wait until poor and hard working men have raised the value of lands sufficiently in the neighborhood to enable them to sell out at an enormous advance.

A more numerous and mischievous class of speculators are those who purchase townships and cityships, and by the aid of maps and a system of loud puffery raise them to a fictitious value. These speculators generally give some sort of encouragement to settlers by selling lots at a low rate, reserving the lion's share for themselves. They stimulate the growth of a town or territory to a point it cannot bear. They induce business men to engage in enterprises which have no real foundations to support them; they get the country partly filled up by men who, like themselves, expect to make money faster than a legitimate business will warrant, and after selling out their venture they leave the bubble to burst and scatter ruin over the whole region. It is true that speculators of this sort, men operating with borrowed capital, are themselves ruined, but that does not help the case of those who have been induced by their deceptive statements to embark in a foolish enterprise.

Probably no state has been more bitterly cursed by speculation than Minnesota—a noble spot of earth, with rich soil and a climate unexcelled for healthiness. Speculation has broken down there under the financial pressure, and the State must henceforth depend upon the natural development of its resources by men, who go there to cultivate the soil and labor in legitimate callings. That region is destined to be filled up by the best class of emigrants and to become one of the most prosperous States of the northwest. But it will be some time before the business population of the State recover from the damaging effects of such speculation as we have mentioned.

In truth we can hardly imagine what would have been the condition of great numbers of the population, if they had not discovered that the wooded portion of that region abounds in Ginseng root, a medicinal article which finds a ready market in China, and is purchased by a company in this country, with ready cash, for exportation. Some hundreds of thousands of dollars will be realized by the labor of men, women and children in digging this root. Ginseng will thus do more for Minnesota than gold for Kansas, and will, in some degree repair the damages she has suffered from the speculators by bringing a large amount of hard cash into the State.

The Fourth passed off very pleasantly here.—There was no regular celebration, but the excursionists passing through this place to the various steamers; horses and carriages driving from house to house taking off the young ladies to the celebration in Hadlyme, and the pic-nics at "Gelston" Grove and Sillimanville, (interesting sketches of which may be found elsewhere,) the streets filled with little boys firing off their crackers, and little girls full of patriotism, having lots of fun with their torpedoes, altogether kept us in mind of the day the Yankees delight in celebrating. The steamers were all well patronized. The Granite State had fifteen hundred passengers, the L. Boardman about a thousand, and the Washington Irving eight hundred. The weather was delightful, not an accident happened, although the boats at times were very much crowded, and the excursionists report that they had a tip-top time, and enjoyed it much.

In the evening there was a fine display of fireworks in front of the Gelston House, which appeared to be much enjoyed by the people of the village generally, who filled the piazzas of the Gelston and the fronts of the private houses in the immediate vicinity.

Some of the boys from Moodus did not behave very well on the return trip of the "Irving" from Middletown. They got up a little row among themselves, and before it could be stopped smashed up the mirror, settees, chairs, &c., in the upper saloon. They were considered to be rather tightish, and one or two of them had to be "handed with care" but "without mittens" before they could make up their minds to behave themselves. It is very strange that such fellows don't know enough to take some other opportunity to get drunk (if get drunk they must) for on such occasions they not only make fools of themselves, and get more or less knocks and beauty spots about their heads and phizes, but also destroy the enjoyment of all about them. They will probably be hauled up before Justice Attwood, and if they should be sent over to join Valentine in his rusticating visit at the stone boarding house in Haddam for forty or fifty days, we hope it may cool off their fighting propensities for some time, and do them good. We understand that the owners of the boats are determined for the future to take constables on board on occasions of this kind, so as to put a sudden stop to all rows, by putting the ringleaders in irons and out of the way of other passengers. Then good order will be preserved, and the fellows will be taught to behave themselves with or without "bricks" in their hats.

MILLINGTON, July 7, 1859.

Mr. Editor—I notice in your last issue that some one who signs himself 'P.' appears to keenly feel what you said on the subject of the mails in your paper two weeks ago. I think your remarks on that subject were perfectly proper for a neutral paper, and I think the same of what you said in your last paper on the subject of the roads in East Haddam, although I belong to the Republican party, which is the one in power in this town. I hope you will continue to freely give your views on both these important subjects until we have restored to us such decent accommodations in the way of mails and roads as we are entitled to. These are public accommodations to which we are all entitled, and any clique or party that undertakes to curtail the one or wink at the less than half performed duties of the other (road contractors) ought to be exposed, and the course you have taken is well spoken of by all our best citizens without regard to party. It is reported out here that although the citizens along the route have raised a sum satisfactory to the mail contractors between Middletown and Chester, still the postmaster at Middletown refuses to make up the mail, and so all the banks, manufacturers, merchants and others are obliged to put up with only three mails a week from New York, Boston, the south and western country. Now this is perfectly outrageous, and unless the party in power in this department of our government (and they are only our servants) haul in their horns, and allow these accommodations to be restored, there will be some of the biggest sort of "kicking" pretty soon. The excuse appears to have been that there was not money enough appropriated by a "factious opposition." But it seems we can have no daily mail even if we pay the expense out of our own pockets. What does this mean? We hope you will follow up this mail business, also the roads; and if it would not endanger your life I would like to take you over some of the roads in this vicinity. You would never have the dyspepsia if you had to travel over them as much as I am obliged to.

Who is your correspondent who signs himself 'P.'? I will bet a two year bull against a shanghai rooster it is one of the five post masters in East Haddam. 'P.' stands for Postmaster, Pratt, Palmer, and Penfield, but it don't stand for our postmaster in Millington nor for the renowned postmaster at Moodus, who you so handsomely showed up, nor for his assistant, "old Dan." FARMER.

SILLIMANVILLE FOREVER. Mr. Editor, for getting up "pic-nics at short notice. While Middletown and almost every other town and district went in for celebrating the "glorious fourth," the shoemakers and farmers (with their blessed wives of course) of Sillimanville, were not to be passed in the race. A neighborhood celebration, embracing all the neighbors "and all their friends," brought together some two or three hundred to enjoy the good things which liberal hearts and hands had provided. It would have fanned the flame of liberty in your heart to have listened to the martial strains of life and drum, to the softer notes from the violin, and the exquisite harmony of that most superior instrument, the human voice. The tables were spread with every variety of food which necessity or luxury could demand. All honor to the heads and hearts of the 'Committee' in providing for and arranging the tables. Toasts were given and short addresses made by Revs. Dinsmore and Conant of Moodus, and others.—Cannon were fired during the day and evening and the scene closed by a display of fireworks.—It was an occasion that will be remembered with pleasure. Yet we could not forget the struggling bondmen in our own native land who have as good a claim to freedom as ourselves, and we hoped they might soon be free.

While beneath our tent enjoying the luxuries of the occasion in quiet security, we could not but think of those who might be marching to the conflict or engaging in the bloody strife for freedom in Italy. History may chronicle the 4th of July, 1859, as a decisive day in the dynasties of the East. Are we not under infinite obligations to God for civil and religious liberty? for our sacred institutions? Our fathers fought our battles—we enjoy their victories. May we preserve the sacred trust of civil and religious liberty untarnished to our children. What'er the destinies of Europe or America may be, what history shall say of us, we know not, but memory shall register upon her tablet a "pleasant fourth at Sillimanville." July 5th, 1859. E.T.A.

## Celebration at Hadlyme.

It is said in history that forty centuries looked from the tops of the pyramids on the performances of the French in Egypt. Whether those impersonations were pleased or not with the spectacle is not mentioned. Perhaps it was immaterial. Perhaps those centuries never did smile on any human performance presented to their vision. They were not all present at the celebration in Hadlyme, but what answered as well, the nineteenth century was, and looked from the tops of the tall oaks in our park on the exhibition going on below with a degree of complacency and satisfaction we never before witnessed. The old trees of our park are antiques, having stood in their lot when the scalp-shout and war-whoop of the savage were the only articulate sounds that broke the silence beneath them.

From a staff high above the tallest oak floated the "gorgeous ensign" of the republic. The coming day was saluted by the thundering voice of the cannon and gave for every star in the constellation of the "gorgeous ensign" with several volunteer salutations for the lone star of Cuba, Jamaica and &c.

Notwithstanding the sun was up our stars were visible to the naked eye, which is more than can be said of those in Orion, or Cassiopea.

The patriots of both sexes and all ages began to assemble at 10 o'clock A. M., on the parade in front of the south school house. By 11 o'clock the marshal of the day, Wm. E. Selden, with his "aide de procession" had completed the organization of the marching columns, marshal music, led by Elijah Day, Esq., a musician of the "old guard," in advance; then the battalion "Young America"; the banner bearers of this array were Masters E. Geer, son of the brave and lamented General of that name, and Wm. H. Selden. Their banner bore the audacious declaration and no less audacious demand—"Young America—give us victory or give us confectionary." The valor of this aliquot part of the column knew no bounds. Their zeal amounted to an "irrepressible conflict." Next, the procession was composed of the fair daughters of our Zion, bearing parasols and the usual adornings of a meek and quiet spirit. Their banners were borne by Misses Jennie Comstock, and Julia Selden, with the motto "The rising generation—ready and waiting." The piety and patriotism of this beautiful part of the column was obvious enough. Their devotion was so sincere that some of them we have no doubt were willing to be offered upon the Hymenial altar if their country called for such a sacrifice. Next the sacred and popular music, led by Superintendent Silas R. Holmes, was admirably conducted throughout.

The remainder of the column was composed of "fellow citizens," and gentlemen of distinction from abroad, officers of the day, terminated by the President and orator for this august occasion. When the drums beat and the fifes sent forth their spirit-stirring strain, our patriotism rose like the mercury in a thermometer to 76. What a spectacle! equal in all respects to the "march of mind." As the head of the column reached the stand in the central park, it parted to the right and left—the terminous folding inwards as gracefully as a silk stocking is turned. The President of the day ascended the platform, accompanied by the orator, the chaplain, the vice president, the reader, and "gentlemen of distinction. The audience were seated and "order reigned in Warsaw."

We give the program in full, because the celebration being a complete success, will no doubt become a model for all future demonstration in the rural districts.

1st. "Happy Greeting to all," by the choir. 2d. Prayer by the Chaplain, E. B. Hilliard. 3d. Sacred music—anniversary 4th. reading of the Declaration, by Israel D. Burnham, Esq., 5th. Martial music—Hail Columbia. 6th. Introductory remarks by the President of the day, Col. R. E. Selden, who admonished the audience that the joy of true patriots on this memorable day was not undashed with sorrow, for many that went forth to the wars of the Revolution returned no more. They left their bodies where the wars of their country were fought, and we should reserve in our bosoms a space for the sorrow due to the memory of those who laid down their lives for us. The glories of their victory remains but they, alas are gone. Solemnized as our minds should be, with considerations like these, let us

rejoice with discretion. On such a day as this, let nothing low, let nothing mean, or rude within the latchet of our souls intrude. At the conclusion of Col. Selden's remarks, he introduced to the audience the orator of the day, Calvin Goddard Child of Norwich. As his oration is to be given to the public in another form, we will only say that the delivery was good, the manner better, the matter best. In a word, it was a fine production, and was well appreciated by his audience. At the conclusion of the oration, the choir sang "My Native Country" in a most effective manner, and next came the refreshments which were bountifully provided, and eagerly "laid aside," after which the usual thanks to the orator were given with loud hurrahs. The President of the day then resigned the chair to vice president O. E. Palmer Esq., when an appropriate speech was made by Col. L. Brockway, that "noise-worthy political champion" and honorary member of the Putnam Phalanx.

On the whole, it was a great day, considering the size of the place—full as large as Hadlyme could hold. Had the Norwich Aurora been present, it would have been as jubilant as the "jocund morn a tip-toe on the mountain top."

Mr. Editor—

I have some reason to suspect that I am the loser by not taking your paper, and that there are many little items in it which would be of great interest to me, for in taking up an old number which fell in my way a short time ago. I read there a letter from one "Ghos" of Moodus in which he related his experience on the banks of the Salmon River one night last fall. Who your ghostly correspondent can be, of course, I have no means of knowing, but to some I have no doubt his statements, clothed in such graphic language and relating to scenes so singular, may seem like a mere fiction.

But I freely admit that certain events have fallen under my observation which lead me to believe his statement to be true. I have forgotten what night he said his vigil was kept in the old grave yard, and I have also forgotten the exact time when the events transpired which I am about to relate, but sure I am that it was one very dark night in the month of November last, that I went to the vicinity of the old Fish House which stands on the point of land in front of this forsaken burying ground, for the purpose of catching a few fish, as I frequently do at night when I have not been at work in the mill through the day. My boat was a small one of dark color, and could not easily be distinguished from a log lying upon the water, and indeed in so dark a night as that was, it could not be easily seen at all—it was anchored by a stone only a few rods from the shore directly abreast of Mr. Brainard's saw-mill, and as my luck in fishing was very poor, I began to get a little dozy when the careful, stealthy tread of some animal on the shore attracted my attention and immediately I was "wide awake." Through a little opening in the bushes and trees I fancied I saw the figure of a man passing along through the woods. With the utmost caution I shoved my skiff to the bank and crawling into a clump of bushes near the edge of the water, I listened for the sound of another tramp. In less than fifteen minutes another person passed within a rod of my hiding place, and behind him, each about two rods in the rear of the other, followed two others, with a tread so careful that if I had not been on the alert, I should hardly have heard them at all. But somehow there always seems to be an element in the atmosphere, that on a dark, still night like that will convey the slightest sound more readily than in the glare of daylight. Knowing spirits only walked in their night gowns, and feeling secure from detection in the surrounding darkness I ventured to hang, at a distance on their track, to learn if I could solve the mystery of this midnight procession, for if the old graveyard had been recently used as a place of burial, I should have believed myself following a band of resurrectionists or "body snatchers." In the neighborhood of the fish house I lost track of them and dared not stir till I had again caught a glimpse of them or had ascertained that they had left, for not knowing the nature of the animals which I was following, I had no notion of being discovered by them in that gloomy spot and where no cries of mine could have reached any ear but theirs. Presently I saw a feeble light gleaming through the chinks of the old hut, and then I knew I had "hived" my game, or rather that they had hived themselves.

With a timidity which could have been overcome only by an intense curiosity, I crawled up to the rear of their den and coolly placed my eye to the modest dimensions of a knot hole. If "Ghos" who wrote to you some weeks ago, saw what I then beheld, I should not blame him for turning pale. There sat four of the most diabolical and horrid looking objects I ever saw. If the Devil or any of his

agents can manufacture a more hideous countenance than those, I hope the Old Gentleman will never present one to me for inspection—I have never seen him, but I think he must be handsome in the contrast. I will not attempt to describe to you the cadaverous faces and the ghostly attire of these repulsive beings, but I tell you they were frightful. But what on earth were they doing there? If I were not so much terrified as to be deprived of my senses, I am certain I saw cards, money, and bottles, and I leave you to guess what their object was in resorting to that desolate spot at that ghost breeding hour. From their appearance I should never know whether they were denizens of earth or hell, and I am sure the nature of their employment, nor the time and place chosen for their operations would have thrown any light on the question at all. If they had only been noisy and clamorous, it would have seemed more human, but not a word was spoken, not the faintest sound could be heard, the very stillness itself was fearful and oppressive, and these singular bipeds gave no more audible indication of their presence, than did the bare boned skeletons sleeping four feet under ground in the neighboring cemetery. The masks seemed to be no impediment to the prosecution of the business in which they were engaged, but when the bottle was handed around, the false faces had to be for a moment removed, and by the dim light of a single lantern, I recognized countenances three of which are almost as familiar to me as my own, and the fourth may be seen not a thousand miles from "the head of sloop navigation" I would give something, Mr. Editor, if I had never witnessed some scenes which were enacted that night, and I would give still more if I had not recognized those faces which I meet almost every day in some part of East Haddam, and I am confident that if those interesting and interested subjects of this letter when they read it, could know for a certainty who wrote it, they would give all the money that was staked that night. And if I am capable of judging my own motives in writing this, I am sure I would never make this disclosure, but for the hope I have of its preventing scenes which I believe have often been repeated in the same spot both before and since the night in question.

As the result of my own observations, therefore, I am ready to believe the whole statement made by your Moodus correspondent in regard to this place, for, although I saw but a single revolver in that company, still I am convinced by the calm, silent, intent and desperate manner of those players, that had they known a human eye was upon them, that revolver would have covered the knot hole instantly and I never should have had the distinguished honor of writing a letter to be published in the *East Haddam Journal*. How long they remained I do not know, for in a short time I commenced my retreat, and feeling that my life depended on my prudence, I think King Philip himself would hardly have crawled over the ground more noiselessly than I did.

The next day I could not resist a strong impulse to visit the same spot, and I have every reason to be glad that I did so, for I was so fortunate as to discover important relics of the last night's revel. On the floor lay bits of crackers and pieces of a broken tumbler and bottle,—under some leaves and straw in the corner of the old berth I found a small bottle of fine old brandy that is good enough for an Editor's use,—half concealed in one corner of the hut, I saw an envelope from which a letter had been taken and which was addressed to one of the party whom I had recognized on the previous night. This envelope had evidently been dropped by accident and the wind from the doorless opening had blown it to its place in the corner. The bits of glass and crackers I left unmolested on the floor, the former to tickle the feet of the next boy who should explore the old fish house barefoot, the latter to please the taste of the woodmice that are not disgusted with the smell of liquor on their food—the bottle of Brandy with very commendable economy I deposited carefully in my sack coat pocket, and notwithstanding the temptation I have still a little of it left for you when you find time to visit this rough country—the envelope is still safely preserved in my wallet where I intend to keep it, that I may be able to prove their statements if I should ever be called upon to do so. But the cream of the joke is, that but a few weeks ago, I gave a taste of my fine brandy to the very person to whom the letter was directed, and smacking his lips with evident satisfaction he said it was as good as he ever tasted: little did he suspect that he had placed his lips to the same beverage before, and that he was talking to one who knew more of him than he would care to have exposed.

Excuse my long letter, and please give it a place in your columns or not as you think best.

Yours Truly KNOTHOLE.

**To Robinson Crusoe.**

BY MARTHA LOUISE BELSWAITE.

Lone dweller of the famous isle,  
Embalmd in pleasant recollections;  
Hast thou been living all this while,  
Or just experienced resurrection?

And where is thy companion now,  
He of the name unlucky,—Friday;  
Who fished and hunted much, I trow,  
And kept thy house so neat and tidy?

Where hast thou been? With Santa Claus?  
Or, with the Wandering Jew, so famous?  
That of a sudden, without cause,  
Thou prov'st thyself no ignoramus,

By writing of the "Village Belle."  
In this our Journal of East Haddam;  
Nought will surprise us now, as well,  
Not e'en an ode from ancient Adam.

Know'st thou the fashions? dost thou dress,  
As did'st of yore, in garments furry?  
Or dost thou get by last express  
Parisian fashions in a hurry?

Do tell me if you wear mustaches,  
And beard all long and patriarchal;  
Or for your sins, sackcloth and ashes,  
As meet for chieftain hierarchal?

Juan Fernandez! has it left  
Its olden place for Goodspeed's Landing?  
Tell me, or I of senses 'reft,  
Shall lose my all of understanding?

Poor, dear, old soul! do come this way,  
Explain this to my satisfaction,  
So now, I'll say to thee good day,  
And free thee from this strange exaction.  
Prospect Hill, Conn. July 5th, 1859.

FROM EUROPE.—The Asia, which arrived at New York Thursday brings intelligence of another battle, which resulted in an overwhelming defeat of the Austrians, they having been routed from all their positions, with immense loss of life. The battle was fought by the allies against a solid force covering a line of fifteen miles, and embracing the whole Austrian force. The battle commenced at 4 A. M. and lasted till 8 P. M. The battle took place on the Mincio, between the points of Montechiare, Peschiera and Soave.

Mrs. Everett, wife of the Hon. Edward Everett, died at her residence in Boston, on Saturday last, after a protracted illness.

A young man named Baldwin, was killed by the bursting of a cannon, in North Branford, Ct., on the Fourth.

Dr. Henry Northall, British Vice Consul at Gloucester, Mass., committed suicide on Sunday last, by hanging.

**STATEMENT**

OF the condition of the Bank of New England, July 2d, 1859.

LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in,	\$130,700.00
Circulation,	71,658.00
Due to Banks,	1,405.24
Dividends Unpaid,	5,284.76
Deposits,	20,989.31
Profit and Loss,	3,420.73
	<b>\$233,458.04</b>
RESOURCES.	
Banking House,	\$ 3,000.00
Specie in the Bank,	7,038.49
Bills of other solvent Banks,	26,33.00
Checks of other Banks and Cash Items,	9,313.93
Due from Banks and Bankers,	16,501.36
Overdrafts and Taxes paid on Non-Resident's Stock,	268.97
Loans and Discounts,	194,702.29
	<b>\$233,458.04</b>
Daily average of Specie and Specie Funds,	\$25,886.65

14 THOMAS GROSS, Jr. Cashier.

**People's Fire Insurance Company**

The undersigned named as Corporators in the Charter of the People's Fire Insurance Company, and therein empowered will open books and receive subscriptions to the Capital stock of said Company at the Office of Arthur B. Calef, Esq., opposite the Middletown Bank, in the City of Middletown, on Wednesday, the 20th day of July, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Twenty per cent. to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be secured by mortgage upon real estate, good endorsed promissory notes, or by pledge of bonds and stocks, approved by two of the corporators and a majority of the Directors.

W. S. CAMP, CHARLES R. SEBOR,  
J. E. BIDWELL, SAM'L. H. PARSONS,  
ARTHUR B. CALEF, P. HARRIS,  
J. KILBORN, J. W. BALDWIN.

**FOR SALE.**

A Dwelling House in good repair, with garden and lot on Main Street, near to the Congregational Church in the Centre Village of the town of East Haddam. Possession given in the month of November. For terms inquire of the subscriber  
ISAAC PARSONS.  
East Haddam, July 7th, 1859.

**Boating—Sport Ahead.**

The Boats in Bashan Pond, belonging to the Moodus Boat Co. have been thoroughly repaired and painted, and are now in first rate condition.—Parties and others wishing a good time Fishing or Sailing, can have them on application to Asa Harris, near the factory. WM. L. FULLER, Agent.

**Strayed.**

Came into the subscriber's enclosure on or about the 17th of June, a Chesnut Mare, with white hind feet and white stripe in the face. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.  
ISAAC W. DAY.  
Chatham, June 25, 1859.

**Kent's Double Extra Flour!**

**FRESH GROUND!!**  
JUST received, and for sale at NINE DOLLARS AND A-HALF per barrel, by  
G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED.  
June 10th, 1859. 4w10

**CHESTER WATER CURE,**  
AND  
**MEDICO-SURGICAL INFIRMARY.**  
For terms and particulars, address,  
A. PRATT,  
Chester, Conn.

**J. M. Peddinghaus,**  
DEALER IN  
**WATCHES, JEWELRY,**  
Gold and Silver Spectacles, Silver and  
Plated Ware.  
COLCHESTER, CONN.

**Matrasses.**  
Those that do not enjoy the luxury of a good MATTRASS, but are sweating themselves to death on Feathers this warm weather are respectfully invited to call and purchase one. 2 doz. just received and for sale Cheap for Cash, by  
Goodspeed's Landing. S. COOK.

**Weatherby's Old Stand.**  
SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENT.

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS!**  
FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS,

We shall offer our entire stock of  
**Summer Dress Goods,**

at Reduced Prices!  
Elegant Fancy Silks,  
Berge Robes, Grenadines,  
Organdies, Tissues,  
Jaconets, Lawns.  
Parasols &c. &c.

All marked down. Remnants of all kinds at half price, a large lot of Gents Kid Gloves at 37 1/2 c. a lot of Ladies Kid Gloves at 50c; and bargains too numerous to mention.  
WILLIAMS, KNOUS & CO.,

**STILL ANOTHER BATTLE.**  
HIGHLY IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE.

**One Day Later News!!!**  
12,000 PRISONERS TAKEN!!!

Last line of Underground Railroad brings,  
12,000 YARDS OF DRESS GOODS,  
to be sold at the Cheap Cash Concern of  
**J. L. Stranahan,**

at a great reduction from former prices.  
Printed Lawns, 6d a yd. warranted fast colors.  
Merrimack Calico, Sprague and Pacific Prints 10 cent a yard.  
Berges at less than usual prices.  
Chambrays, Brilliants, Gingham, Hosiery  
Gloves, Black Silk, Mitts, (Ladies and Misses size)  
Parasols, Embroidered Collars, Hoop Skirts, Black  
Silk, Cravats, Gents Ties, Ladies Gaiters, &c. &c.  
A complete stock of Domestic.

**CARPETINGS,**  
We shall offer at very low prices, we are bound to sell them, all in want will do well to call.

**Millinery and Straw Goods,**  
Ladies and Misses Flats, a tip top article to wear a wholeberrying.

**TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.**  
We have several little traps of one kind and another that are supposed to be cheap, please call and be convinced.  
We have in our hurry forgotten to speak of our  
**GROCERIES,**  
we would just say we have got 'em.  
J. L. STRANAHAN.  
Moodus, June 26.

**FURNITURE.**  
THE subscriber would respectfully announce that he has on hand as good an assortment of  
**Low Priced FURNITURE,**  
as can be found at any other establishment in the State. My stock comprises

GOOD MAHOAGNY SOFAS for	\$12
TETE a TETES for	16
STUFFED SEAT AND BACK ROCKING CHAIRS	6
EASY ROCKERS or CASTOR CHAIRS,	11
LOUNGES—WORSTED COVERING,	8 50
MAHOAGNY CHAIRS—STUFFED SEATS	2 25
GOOD MARBLE TOP TABLES,	8
MAHOAGNY CARD OR SIDE TABLES,	6
CORNER STANDS or WHAT NOTS	3 50
LOOKING GLASSES from 15 cts. to	8 50
BUREAUS from \$5 50 to \$15.	
CLOCKS from \$1 50 to \$4 00.	

Also, a large assortment of common tables and stands. SPRING BEDS of three different kinds. BEDSTEADS of almost every style to be found in market. Enamelled Chamber Setts, Book Cases of different styles, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, Cane and Wood Seat Rocking Chairs, Cane Seat and Back Rocking Chairs, Office chairs and cushions, Children's Table and Rocking Chairs. Also, a large assortment of Window Shades and Trimmings. Cotton and Husk Matrasses.

**WOODEN WARE**—Tubs, Bowles, Trays, Pails, &c., &c.

**WILLOW WARE**—Wagons, Cabs, Chairs, &c. with a variety of other articles, which will be sold for Cash from 5 to 15 per cent. less than can be bought at any other establishment in the State. If you do not believe it, please manifest it by calling and see for yourselves, and if you are convinced that we are right, select what you may want in our line, and rest assured that you may want in our money's worth, and that you are buying as cheap as your neighbor, or any one else. One Price—Terms Cash. No jockeying. SAMUEL COOK.  
Goodspeed's Landing, June 10, 1859.

**AUCTIONS! AUCTIONS!!**  
Great excitement in the  
**MILLINERY TRADE,**  
5,000 DOLLARS WORTH OF  
**Straw Bonnets, Bloomers, Leghorn Flats, Infant's Hats,**  
MEN'S PANAMA, AND BOY'S STRAW HATS,  
Ruches,  
Flowers,  
Bonnet Ribbons,  
Parasols,  
Mantillas,  
Dusters,

From the great Auction Sale of Messrs. Wilmington & Mount, New York, and purchased by  
**L. Strauss & Co.,**  
corner Main and Parsonage Street, opposite the Universalist Church, Middletown, Conn., at about one half the Manufacturers Prices.

No time in our long career in selling cheap ever equalled this opportunity for Bargains. Among these goods may be found  
500 Brown and Leghorn Bloomers, 37 1/2 c.  
500 Fine Straw and Pedal Braid in Drab and Brown, at 50, 62 and 75c.  
1000 different styles, Boys and Girls Leghorn and Straw Flats, all the different shape in the market at very low prices.  
100 nice Straw Bonnets, 33, 50c, a very good assortment.  
50 Neapolitan, at \$1.50 each.  
50 do with capes \$2.00, 2,25 @ 3.00.  
Fine Split and Dunstable Braid, 18, 25, 30 and up to \$3.00.  
500 Gents and Boys Panama Hats at \$1.25 each, well worth \$2.50.  
A small lot Boys Brown Hats, 75c. each, sold everywhere at \$1.12.  
500 doz. Ruches at 1, 5, 6, 8, and 10 cts. each. Also a very handsome lot at 17 and 25 cts.

**Ribbons! Ribbons!!**  
We have bought over 2,000 dollars worth, at unheard of low prices. We sell better Ribbons at 6, 8, 10 and 12c a yard, than you can buy elsewhere at 12, 18 and 20.  
Better Ribbons at 17, 22 and 25c., than we have sold at 25, 33 and 37c.  
A few pieces at 33 and 37c. a yard, well worth 50 and 62 cts.  
We have also bought a few other goods at this Auction. Such as a fine assortment of  
**PARASOLS,**  
at remarkable low prices, also 200 different styles of  
**MANTILLAS,**  
at \$1.25, 1.37, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00 up to 11.00. We call them cheap.  
A very large assortment of  
**Black Velvet Ribbons,**  
bought less than 50 cts. on a dollar. We shall sell 6c. width for 4c. 8 ct. for 6, 12 for 10 cts.; other widths the same discount.  
We have also received,  
75 doz. Ladies and Childrens Cotton Gloves at 1c.  
100 doz. Ladies Cotton Hose, well worth 25c. a pair, we shall sell at 12c.  
Remember we give all our customers fair notice in our great sales commences  
Monday, May 30th, 1859.

so that every one may improve this opportunity.  
L. STRAUSS & CO.,  
Proprietors of the New York, Cheap, Fancy, Lace, Embroidery and Millinery Store.  
Corner Main and College Streets, opposite the Universalist Church, Middletown, Conn. 8

**FOR SALE.**  
250,000 feet Oak and Chestnut Flitch Timber.  
15,000 feet 2 and 2 1/2 inch Oak Ship Plank.  
3000 feet 3 1/2 inch Oak Ship Wales.  
G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED.  
Goodspeed's Landing, April 2d.

**DR. C. D. WRIGHT,**  
OF LEESVILLE, CONN.  
Member of the Analytical School of Medicine; continues to apply  
**Dr. J. Clawson Kelley's Medicines,**  
in the treatment of all Chronic and Acute Diseases, of Men, Women and Children.

The Analytical System, uncompromisingly opposes all mineral medicines, the deleterious practice of bleeding, and other fallacious resources of the old school or regular practice; it has asserted its superiority in the success with which it has been attended, and relies on Vegetable Remedies alone for the accomplishment of satisfactory results in the treatment of disease. In the fulfillment of its mission, the levelled dart of death for a while is turned aside, the sharp pang soothed, the fever's fire allayed, the nerves braced once more: the heart cheered again, and balmy days and soft nights imparted.  
A practical proof of its efficient action, will be presented to all, who will call upon Dr. Wright—A advice free.

**Stoves! Stoves!!**  
**TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER MANUFACTURING,**  
At the old stand of H. R. Hibbard & Co  
You will find a large assortment of  
**Cook, Parlor, and Parlor Cook Stoves,**  
of the best kinds for either wood or coal.  
**Pumps! Pumps!!**  
Chain and Brake Pumps, of all kinds, constantly on hand and put up at the shortest notice.  
**Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead,** a good assortment constantly on hand.  
Roofing done at short notice.  
A large assortment of Plain and Japanned, Glass and Britania Ware, for sale cheap.  
HARPER BOIES.  
Moodus, April 2d.

**Farming Utensils.**  
Plows,  
Cultivators,  
Ox Shovels,  
Hoes,  
Rakes,  
Manure Forks,  
Spades,  
Shovels,  
&c. &c.  
for sale low by  
G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED.  
Goodspeed's Landing, April 2d, 1859. 1

**WILLIAMS & HALL,**  
Wholesale Druggists,  
204 & 206 State Street, Hartford, Ct.  
We offer to Merchants, at the lowest figures, a full assortment of  
**MEDICINES,**  
PAINTS,  
OILS,  
VARNISHES,  
BRUSHES, of all kinds,  
DYE WOODS, ACIDS, GLUE,  
EMERY, &c.

We also deal largely in  
**ALCOHOL, BURNING FLUID and CAMPENE**  
and can make it an object for every merchant to call on us.  
We also offer AT RETAIL everything wanted in the line, including a fine assortment of  
**WINES, LIQUORS, LONDON PORTER AND SCOTCH ALE,**  
for medicinal purposes, which are warranted pure and genuine.  
Call and get our prices before buying.  
12t 6 WILLIAMS & HALL.

**Spring and Summer Fashions,**  
IN  
**HATS and CAPS,**

WE have on hand at the present time the best assortment of goods in our line to be found in the State. We are receiving at all times the Latest and most fashionable styles of Hats and Caps.  
We have on hand fat all times **HATS AND CAPS,** to suit every one, and what is of the most importance to the buyer, we sell them at the lowest prices.  
**HATS AND CAPS MADE TO ORDER,** and perfect fit guaranteed in every particular.  
**PHENIX HAT STORE,**  
Phenix Bank Building, 305 Main Street, Hartford.  
J. DANIELS & CO.

**Steam Coffe and Spice Mills.**  
W. BOARDMAN & SONS.  
Wholesale and retail dealers in  
**TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES,**  
241 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CONN.

Green, Roasted and Ground Coffee; Teas, Chocolate and Cocoa, Ground Cinnamon, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger and Cayenne, Nutmegs, Mace, Cream Tartar, S. Carb. Soda, Pulverized Sage, Rice Flour, &c.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**  
GEO. SEUFERT, would respectfully inform the citizens of East Haddam and vicinity, that he has taken the room over Thompson's Harness Shop, where he will be happy to make Boots and Shoes and do all kinds of repairing for all who may favor him with their patronage.  
Goodspeed's Landing, April 2. 14f

**Pine Lumber.**  
A LARGE assortment of our own manufacture at lower prices than at any other yard in Connecticut of equal quality, constantly on hand and for sale by E. S. DICKINSON & CO.  
Goodspeed's Landing, April 2, 1859. 1f

**COLLINS' COLUMN.**  
**GREAT ATTRACTIONS,**  
Beautiful! Beautiful!!  
New and elegant  
PERFUMERY and EXTRACTS for the HAND.  
KERCHIEF.

Musk, Pink, Upper Ten  
Violet, West End, Rose,  
Pachouly, Verbena, Frangipanni.  
Heliotrope, New Mown Hay, Jockey Club,  
Airs of Heaven, Mill Flowers, Sweet Briar.  
Rose Geranium, Sweet Pea, Boquet de Caroline.  
Fleur DeOrange, Mother's Coming,  
Kiss me Quick, Sandal Wood, Kiss me Sweetly  
"There is a little perfumed flower,  
Which well might grace the loveliest bower."

**For the Toilet,**  
Florida Water,  
Rose Geranium Water.  
Citronella Rose Water,  
Musk Lavender Waters,  
For the Hair,  
Burnett's Cocaine.  
Phalon's Hair Invigorator,  
Lyon's Cathyon,  
Barrey Tricopheros,  
Boyle's Hyperion Fluid,  
Persian Oil of Kasia,  
Ruse Hair Oil,  
Barey Oil, highly Perfumed.  
Savage Unsira,  
Barney's Purified Marrow with Extract of Rosemary.  
Barney's Cocosnut Oil and Marrow.  
Collin's Kallocrine, or Medicated Hair Tonic.

**Colognes,**  
Barney's superior Cologne, put up in Elegant Bottles, for the Toilet Table.  
The above are some of the new and desirable goods, now opening for the Spring trade at  
C. F. COLLINS, Druggist.  
Middletown, Conn. April 11th, 1859. 1

**PAINTS AND OILS,**  
FOR SPRING TRADE, 1859.  
**JEWETT'S PURE WHITE LEAD,**  
ATLANTIC WHITE LEAD,  
SNOW WHITE ZINC.

**VARNISH.**  
LINTSEED OIL, JAPAN TURPENTINE, FRENCH YELLOW, VENETIAN RED, &c.  
ALSO,  
**HAMPDEN PERMANENT GREEN,**  
For Painting Window Blinds, direct from the MANUFACTURERS,  
and for sale at the cheapest Depot, for goods in his line, in the State by C. F. COLLINS.

**ACIDS, ACIDS.**  
100 Carboys Oil Vitriol,  
50 do Aqua Fortis,  
50 do Muratic Acid,  
50 do Nitric Acid,  
300 lbs. Quicksilver.  
25 bbls. Bounty Logwood and Fustic.  
10 bbls. Chalk.  
Just received and for sale by  
C. F. COLLINS, Druggist,  
Cor. Main and Wm. St. Middletown, Conn. 1

**GREAT IMPORTATION OF**  
**CARPETINGS,**  
**TALCOTT & POST,**

BEG leave to inform the public that great arrangements are now made for the Carpet Trade.  
Now opening,  
WILTON VELVETS,  
ROYAL VELVET CARPETS,  
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,  
OLD FASHIONED SOLID BRUSSELS,  
KIDDERMINSTER INGRAINS,  
THREE PLYS of our own importation.

**SPECIAL NOTICE OF**  
**DRY GOODS,**

TALCOTT & POST have completed their arrangements for the prosecution of the  
**Dress Goods & Silk Goods Trade**  
in Hartford. The Ladies can find every new Dress Fabric as soon as the Goods are landed in New York.

**Curtain and Paper Hangings,**  
we defy competition.  
**CARPETS MADE and FITTED IN CITY or COUNTRY.**

**PAPER DECORATIONS,** found and hung by us in City or Country.  
TALCOTT & POST.  
369 Main street, 1, 3, and 5 Pratt Street, Hartford  
C. M. TALCOTT, W. H. POST.  
Importers.

**WEATHERBY'S OLD STAND.**  
474 MAIN COR. MORGAN ST.  
HARTFORD.  
F. H. WILLIAMS, JACOB KNOUS, C. S. WEATHERBY.  
**Dry Goods,**  
and  
**Paper Hangings.**

W. K. & Co., offer the best selected stock of DRY GOODS and PAPER HANGINGS, to be found in the State having one of our partners actively engaged in the New York Market we are enabled to show the  
**LARGEST, THE CHEAPEST, and the BEST.**  
selected stock of Dry Goods and Paper Hangings, ever exhibited in Hartford.  
PAILE DE CHEVRA.  
PEKIN DE CHINE.  
CHEAP CHALLIES.  
PRINTS and BRILLIANTS.  
PRINTED MUSLINS.  
FANCY SILKS! FANCY SILKS!!  
The largest stock of  
**FANCY SILKS,**  
in the State.  
BLACK BAYADERE SILKS.  
PLAIN BLACK SILKS.  
PLAIN SILKS.  
VALENCIA PLAID.  
PRINCESS PLAIDS.  
BAYDERE VALENCIAS &c.  
to which we invite the attention of all purchasers of  
**DRY GOODS and PAPER HANGINGS,**  
don't forget the place,  
**WEATHERBY'S OLD STAND,**  
474 Main cor. Morgan Street.  
WILLIAMS, KNOUS & Co.

**FLOUR! FLOUR!!**  
FRESH GROUND AND WARRANTED.  
THE Subscribers are now receiving direct from the Mills, (at Cleveland Ohio,) a very superior article of FLOUR, made expressly for them from selected Wheat. A sample of 60 bbls. arrived this morning, and to introduce it, the price will be made as low as possible. Our customers and all others in want of a superior article are invited to try it.—We will warrant the Flour to give perfect satisfaction.  
G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED.  
Goodspeed's Landing, April 33, 1859. 3

**J. A. & H. P. PELTON,**  
**DENTISTS**  
Office one door south of Court House, up stairs.  
MIDDLETOWN, CONN.  
Their new style of work, "Continuous Gum" and "Vulcanite," are acknowledged by all who have examined them, to be a most perfect success in mechanical dentistry; they are putting up work in all other styles also, at prices to suit all.  
Middletown, June 10, 1859. 10

**COFFINS.**  
A large assortment of BLACK WALNUT and STAINED COFFINS, which will be trimmed to order in as good manner, and from 10 to 20 per cent. less than city prices.  
SHROUDS, CAPS, COLLARS &c., constantly on hand, and for sale cheap, by  
SAMUEL COOK,  
Goodspeed's Landing.

Traveling.

STEAMERS FOR NEW YORK. Change of Time!



THE STEAMERS CITY OF HARTFORD, Capt. Simpson, and GRANITE STATE, Capt. King, will until further notice, leave Hartford at 3 1-2 o'clock P. M., for New York and river landings, and Goodspeed's Landing at about 6 1-2 o'clock.

G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED, Agents. Goodspeed's Landing, May 5th, 1859. 5

STEAMER L. BOARDMAN. Change of Time.



THE STEAMER L. BOARDMAN, Capt. Geo. W. Bates, will until further notice, leave Hartford every morning (Sunday's excepted) at 7 1/2 o'clock; Middletown, 9.15; Goodspeed's, 10.30 and Essex, 12; connecting at Lyme at 12.20 with the Express Train going East for New London, Stonington, Watch Hill, Newport, Providence, Boston, New Bedford, Nantucket, Cape Cod and all-along-shore, and going West for Westbrook, Clinton, Madison, Guilford and New Haven.

Returning leave Lyme at 1 P. M.; Goodspeed's, at 2.20; Middletown, 4; and arrive at Hartford by 6 o'clock in time for the evening trains for every direction.

Will also connect at Lyme, with the steamer Island Belle for Greenport, Sag Harbor and New London, on Monday's, Wednesday's and Friday's. Through Tickets can be procured at the Railroad Offices and on board of either of these steamers.

Passage and freight same as usual. G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED, Agents. Goodspeed's Landing, May 2, 1859. 5

CHANGE OF TIME. Steamer Washington Irving.



THE Steamer WASHINGTON IRVING, Capt. H. A. Bates, will on and after this date leave Hartford daily, (Sunday's excepted) at 2 1/2 o'clock for Goodspeed's and intermediate Landings. Leaves Goodspeed's as usual at 7 o'clock A. M.

G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED, Agents. Goodspeed's Landing, May 2, 1859. 5

East Haddam and Colchester. STEAMBOAT AND MAIL LINE OF STAGES



LEAVES GELSTON HOUSE, Goodspeed's Landing daily (Sunday's excepted) for Moodus, Westchester and Colchester.

Returning leaves KEENEY HOUSE, Colchester, at 2 o'clock P. M.

This Line connects with the New York, and river steamers, so that passengers can receive through Tickets as follows between

Table with 2 columns: Destination and Price. Colchester and New York, \$2.00; Westchester, 1.75; Moodus, 1.62; Colchester and Hartford or any Landing, 1.00; Westchester, 75; Moodus, 69.

This is a most desirable route the Stage is driven by the celebrated Col. T. Gardner Swan, who has been nearly ten years on the line and not met with a single accident. The Boats are all of the first class well officered and exceedingly popular in every respect.

Goodspeed's Landing, April 15.,

THE FERRY, AT GOODSPEED'S LANDING.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he having just purchased an interest in the above named property, and furnished it with new and much improved Boats, is determined to make it the most desirable and popular ferry on the river. Please call and try us.

GEO. DEWOLF, Ferryman. Goodspeed's Landing, April 12, 1857. 2f 2

TO LET.

THE House and Lot recently occupied by Capt. Stein, near the Ferry, opposite Goodspeed's Landing. Apply to G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED.

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS-WARE.

A splendid assortment of

China, Glass and Earthen Ware,

just received and for sale at the lowest prices at the

Asylum Street Crockery Store.

ALSO,

Fancy Goods, Table Cutlery,

AND HOUSE KEEPING GOODS GENERALLY

My Motto,

"The best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

strictly adhered to.

Merchants and others from the Country are respectfully invited to examine my stock, bear my prices and judge for themselves,

Hartford, May 1858. B. SAGE. 5

WANTED.

FIVE good Ship Carpenters. Also, Carpenters to Ceil and Plank the Barge we now have on the stocks.

G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED. Goodspeed's Landing, April 24, 1859. 3

MORE NEW GOODS!!

H. ACKLEY, MIDDLETOWN, CONN.,

Has just received a very large assortment of DRY GOODS, which he will sell at very low prices. I have a good and cheap assortment of

Fancy Silks,

Valincies,

French Foulards,

Bombazines,

Alpacas,

Ginghams,

Muslins,

and Dress Goods of every description.

MUSLIN DRAPERY, for Curtains, &c.

GILT SHADES—very cheap.

OIL SHADES—a good assortment.

PAPER HANGINGS,

LINENS,

COTTONS,

SUMMER STUFFS—for Coats and Pants,

COUNTERPAINES,

TOWELING,

Brown and White TABLE CLOTHS,

SKELETON SKIRTS,

Cheaper than ever.

All ye who want good goods cheap come unto me and ye shall be suited. E. ACKLEY.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS,

A. R. PARSHLEY,

has removed to the spacious store one door south of the City Hotel. The store has been refitted, and is conceded to be the most commodious

Hat, Cap and Shoe Store,

in the city. Our stock has been largely replenished and is one of the best and cheapest in the country. Please call and examine for yourselves.

A. R. PARSHLEY, Union Block. Middletown, Conn., 5

ENSIGN,

THE GREATEST LIVING

HUMBUG,

AND

PARKER & WARD,

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITES,

ARE altogether two different names. Ensign is noted for his loud pretensions. While PARKER & WARD are known by their really low prices on

BOOTS AND SHOES,

we defy Ensign or his tribe to compete with us in prices.

It is startling "but nevertheless true that we do sell Ladies Kid Slips at 25 cts. a pair, and Women's Cloth Congress Gaiters at 58 cts. a pair.

ENSIGN HAS HAD HIS DAY,

PARKER & WARD, NOW TAKE THE LEAD,

and will continue to do so.

We have just received a large and magnificent stock of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

and we will sell them at prices which will astonish you.

CITIZENS OF EAST HADDAM,

ATTENTION,

YOUR LITTLE COUNTRY SHOE STORES ARE NOWHERE!!!

And why? Simply because we sell more goods in one day than the small concerns sell in a month. They sell as cheap as they can but cannot compete with us in prices.

Give us a call, you shall be well treated and we guarantee that you can more than pay your expenses to Middletown by buying your Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes here.

Remember the place,

PARKER & WARD.

298 Main Street, Middletown, Conn.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS. ARE YOU INSURED?

IF not please give us a call. The subscribers are Agents for the

Etina Insurance Co. of Hartford.

Phoenix Insurance Co. " " " "

Fire and Marine Insurance Co. Springfield.

These Companies have each and all of them a large Cash Capital and Surplus, and are honorable, prompt and liberal in adjusting losses.

Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Stores, Factories, Vessels on the stocks, &c. &c. can be effected on the most favorable terms on application to

G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED, Agents for East Haddam and vicinity. Goodspeed's Landing, April 23, 1859. 4f 3

AMERICAN GUANO,

AT ONLY 1 3-4 CENTS PER POUND,

Or \$34 per Ton.

THE subscribers have just received direct from the American & Pacific Guano Co. a sample of their Guano, just imported from Swan Island, and for the purpose of introducing it to the farmers and gardeners of this vicinity, will offer the same at the above low prices.

G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED. Goodspeed's Landing, April 22, 1859.

FERREE & STERNS,

SUCCESSORS TO E. C. FERREE, Dealers in GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FRUIT, NUTS;

Wood Willow and Stone Ware;

House Furnishing Articles;

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars;

Pickles, Preserves, Catsups;

West India Goods.

Cheese, Ham, Dried Beef, Fish, Flour, Meal, Feed.

And every other article usually kept in a first class

FAMILY GROCERY,

Also, Sole Agents for Middlesex and Hartford Counties for the sale of

TURNER BROTHERS

Wines, Cordials and Bitters,

Customers will not only find our Stock complete, but of the best quality and it will be sold as cheap as at any Store in the State.

CENTER STORE UNDER McDONOUGH HALL. MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

JAMES C. FERREE, GEORGE F. STERNS.

ATTWOOD,

FIRED off a Pop-Gun, No. 3, last week the discharge did not hurt any one, the powder being of poor quality; he advises the people of Middletown to come down to East Haddam and buy School Books of him, just as though they would. When Sissons of Moodus can supply the million, Attwood won't stand the ghost of a chance. Attwood says the Middletown people need School Books, perhaps they do, they know where to get them too. PUTNAM of Middletown has supplied them ten years and intends to do so for ten years to come, and he also intends to sell lots of Books of all kinds to the East Haddam citizens, including Attwood himself. Now if our friend wants to sell cheap, let him send his orders to Putnam, who will fill them promptly, and at prices that will keep the East Haddam patronage at home. Try it Attwood before you load Pop Gun No. 4.

Books and TATTONERY,

Of every description can be had of PUTNAM the Middletown Bookseller, cheap for cash or approved credit. Ain't it so? Ask everybody.

Middletown, May 13, 1859. 6

MUSIC! MUSIC!!

SEND your orders to PUTNAM for Music. He has the latest and best.

Middletown, May 10th, 1859. 6

The Peoples' Boot and Shoe Store.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE DOWN THE RIVER!!!

THE subscriber has just opened the store formerly occupied by Chas. Brewer, corner Main and Court Street opposite the McDonough House, where he can sell you

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, and Parasols,

Cheaper than Ensign or any other man in the State, just call and examine his stock of goods.

L. J. VANSANDS. Middletown Conn. April 30th, 1869. 4

GREAT RUSH

—AT—

PARSHLEY'S

NEW

Hat, Cap Boot and Shoe Store,

Gentlemen's Dress Hats, Felt Hats, Straw Hats, Leghorn Hats, Panama Hats, Palmleaf Hats, Cloth Caps, Glaze Silk Caps, Cassimere Caps,

Men and Boys Calf Skin Boots, Patent Leather Boots, Calf and Patent Leather Gaiters, Calf and Patent Leather Oxford

Ties, Calf and Patent Leather Brogans

Ladies, Misses and Childrens Gaiters, Slippers, Congress Boots, Morocco and Leather Boots.

Middletown, May 13, 1859. 6

Middletown Gallery of Fine Arts.

THE subscriber has removed his Gallery of Paintings, Engravings, Looking Glasses, and other materials of the

Fine Arts,

from his late place of business to the store under the Universalist Church, and which he has fitted up in a manner he believes acceptable to his patrons. He has just replenished his Gallery and workshop with an abundance of Engravings and Materials, which will enable him to supply all demands at such prices as cannot be surpassed in the State.

NEW FRAMES FOR PAINTINGS, Daguerreotypes, Photographs and Engravings, or re-gilding Old Frames will be promptly attended to. Frames for Photographs will be furnished at any moment upon order, cheaper and of better quality than ever before offered in Middletown.

Looking Glass Plates of the very best quality, and of all sizes, reset in any frames. Call into the store and look around, whether you purchase or not, as the Gallery is freely open to the public. The Old Stock, comprising many interesting pictures, will be sold off at a low price to make room for new supplies.

EDWIN BREWER. Middletown, April 9, 1859. 1

Wanted Immediately.

5000 feet 14 and 16 inch White Oak Treenails, 100 5 and 6 inch White Oak Chestnut Ship Knees.

5000 feet 1 1/2 and 2 inch Ash Plank. 5000 feet 2 inch common Oak Plank. 2000 feet 3 inch White Oak Wales. 5000 feet common Oak 6x6 7x7 Timber.

G. E. & W. H. GOODSPEED. Goodspeed's Landing, April 2, 1859. 4f 1

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!!

AT

THE CASH STORE,

OF

WHITBY M. SMITH.

THE subscriber has just received a large and well selected stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Grain, Crockery, &c.,

which he will take great pleasure in offering to all those who will favor him with a call, at a very small advance for

Cash or Barter.

A large assortment of Dry Goods, comprising the latest styles of Delains, Ginghams, Silks, Calico's, Linens, Flannels, Cottons bleached and unbleached, Tickings, Cloths, Cassimeres, Velvets, Satins, Tweeds, Satinets, Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery, Paper Hangings, &c.

Particular attention is called to a large and splendid assortment of the latest style of Hoop Skirts, being the best as well as the cheapest ever offered in this place.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Salted Provisions, &c.,

FLOUR BY THE BARREL OR SACK.

In a word all you wish. Come and examine for yourselves, the subscriber is bound

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD.

"Cash Down, Quick Sales, and Small Profits,"

is the Motto.

P. S.—Goods will be delivered in Goodspeed's and East Haddam Landing, free of charge.

1 WHITBY M. SMITH.

GEORGE W. JONES,

WOULD inform his friends and the public generally that he has on hand a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE,

GLASS WARE, CROCKERY,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

ALSO,

Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

Gloves and Hosiery,

Carpets and Paper Hangings,

Patent Medicines,

Perfumery,

Dye Woods,

Willow Ware,

Brooms and Brushes,

Pails and Tubs,

Ploughs and Farming Tools

Clover and Timothy Seed,

Paints and Oils,

Flour and Meal,

Burning Fluid, &c. &c.

All of which will be offered Cheap for Cash.—Call and see.

East Haddam Landing. 1

HUBBARD BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

LUMBER,

We have now on hand the best stock of

SEASONED LUMBER

ever offered in this county and as good as can be found in the State, comprising all kinds of

FRAMING TIMBER, BOARDS, LATH, SHINGLES, NAILS, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTERING HAIR, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

BRUSHES, HAMDEN GREEN, &c.,

In point of fact, we aim to keep nearly every article of Building Materials necessary to construct a chicken coop or palace, from foundation to weather-cock.

OUR STEAM MILL,

furnishes every description of

Pine, Spruce and Southern Yellow Flooring, Planed and Jointed Clapboards, of superior quality.

Worked Railing, Pickets, Newel Post, Balusters, Horse and Awning Posts, Fence Balusters and Caps, Turned Ornaments, Mouldings all kinds, Panel Stuff, Scroll Work, Fancy Wood Boxes, Sewing Machine Tables, &c. &c.

Sashes, Doors, and Blinds,

'JOB SAWING, PLANING and TURNING.

Our machinery runs every working day.

Our Motto.—Good Work, a fair Profit and Promptness.

We also expect prompt pay in three months.

G. T. HUBBARD, S. C. HUBBARD, C. C. HUBBARD. Middletown, April 8, 1859. 14f

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Flour,

FIELD, &c. &c.,

The largest Stock in Town.

And the best place to purchase them for

CASH OR APPROVED CREDIT

is at the old stand of

GOODSPEED'S.

Goodspeed's Landing, April 2d.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

THE BEST REMEDY

THE BEST REMEDY

THE BEST REMEDY

THE BEST REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, and Influenza.

For Coughs, Colds, and Influenza.

For Coughs, Colds, and Influenza.

For Coughs, Colds, and Influenza.

A CERTAIN REMEDY