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Poetical.

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For the Republican. On the Death of a Mother.

Earth, why hast thou buried in thy moulder-

ing tomb

A blessing dearer than all other, Blasting the rosy blossom in its sweetest bloc And cause us to mourn for a mother ?

Time, why didst thou, from Death's cold icy quiver,

That reeking, poisonous arrow borrow. And captive take the heart you ne'er can do

liver, Leaving us nought to greet but serrow?

Conscious Nature hastes, as if to hide the spot Fast spreading o'er her mantle of green, Refreshed by the tears of angels they drop; But her chosen friend, time never can wear

But that little band know not a mother's loss How unconscious, as they sporting, play, Of her watching care, to free their minds from

And point them to Virtue's brightest ray! Thou hast lived retired, from the gay world aside :

Yet hast thou left, most sweely impressed, Those glowing virtues, to cheer the Earth fa and wide :

But thy soul forever is at rest.

For the Republican. Luge, Columbia.

Why bends the Western Queen her brow, In mournful sadness weeping? Pale, pale in death, her Statesman Within the grave is sleeping.

She hears the deep and solemn knell, Through all her vallies sounding ; Her hills repeat the dirge-like swell, And Ocean's billows bounding.

Columbia, mourn your Chieftain dead ! No more your cause maintaining, His soul on wings of light has fled To Him in glory reigning.

There he beholds the shining band, Who filled their country's glory, And live embalmed in every land. Emblazoned high in story.

Like them, he strove with patriot zeal, In Freedom's holy calling, And well sustained his country's weal, No fear his heart appalling.

Columbia weeps: her starry veil A sable hue is wearing; Her eyes are dim-her features pale, Her hand the cypress bearing.

For Polk is gone! the great in mind! The pure in soul and feeling! No more to rouse and bless mankind, A patriot's power revealing!

But through the flight of coming years, Till all you brightly rolling spheres In final gloom be shrouded.

Miscellancous.

From the (Boston,) State Topic. The Pride of Meadowdale.

A Tale of Real Life.

The Introduction .- Character of Amy Littleford.—A Mother's Heart.—The Pain of Error.

MILD and beautiful was the morning of the birth of Amy Littleford; and he who could believe that the stars have occult influences upon the life and destiny of mor-tals, on beholding the sunny loveliness of that birth-hour, and the pervading charms of nature throughout the whole region of Meadowdale—musical with light, life and beauty, as it was up to the hour of noonwould have been wrapt into the faith, that not the stars alone have elements in unison with humanity. Let it be a dream !- It is a pleasant one, and not without encourage-ment—that the spirit of nature and the God. spirit of human mould have a connection and a sympathy with each other, though not to be defined, and remote. There are ments when our faith in this dream is made firmer-in those hours of inward contemplation and of happy repose from the cares of this earthly existence—when we manners and grace which seemed the gifts remember with calm delight, and listen, as it of nature itself. Yet such had been the rolling spheres, as they sang together for joy, or, are transported to Bethlehem, and, in the company of the wise men of the Rast behold the star that impends over the ness and gentleness made up her being, and head of the infant Paraclete of the world. these softened and subdued every vain imbe no purer one—and, to those whose na-tures are alive to the wondrous beauty of the works of Providence, and to the inten-sity of interest that cirles, like a lambent

opher, and puzzle him to analyze it faithfully and minutely—for in it could be found all the elements which compose the human soul-that subtile world of which we have no measure but in an intellect, balanced with just and holy affections.

Amy Littleford had ag name for many

days after she was born-but, as she lay nestled in her mother's bosom, from hour to hour, she at last grew to be a flower of loveliness, such as babes seldom are, beautiful indeed, as many of them seem. Her mild. blue eyes, peering from the side-long pillowed head, were like violets stirred by a gentle summer air, lain upon alabasterand it was a delight to see the swift intelligence of the soul that brightened within them, scanning, and seemingly comprehending, the colors and objects in the dimly lighted chamber. She could not comprehend, however, the destiny of her own existence. It is well that she could not. It is well that our earliest visions are of the outer world, and not of that one within, with which our sorrows and joys are so intimately blended, and which are concealed so mysteriously. What knew that infant, patient of its being—the passive innocent of a mighty and busy world—of probable hours or of pain? What knew that infant of the subject."mother, whose lacteal font supplied the spiritual and the physical sustenance to its nature? Ah, could the then smiling Amy have known the history of her orgin-with what kind of contemplation would she have viewed in the purity of an unworldly judgement, that mother's misfortunes! Would she have sorrowed over the misery of her own unhappy fate-her illegitimacy -or would she have most pittied that mother, who, with a suffering heart, had given her existence? It is easy for the world to censure, to despise—but few, ah, few are they who can forgive the lapse from sinlessness to sin. The despised Nazarene seems

to have been the only one on earth, pure enough to set mankind an example. Amy Littleford, grew beautiful from day to day-more beautiful, as she rounded into a perfect miniature figure of a woman, and her intellect seemed to keep pace with her physical strength. She was not dull, but womanly. In her large blue eyes, there was something "bright with some-thing of an angel light;" and, as she sat by the side of her mother, who toiled at her needle to supply the daily demands of existence, she would watch the expression of the shrouded smile of remorse, and that she contrasted these with thedimples on her own cheek and the laugh of innocence which she herself enjoyed. Children, when they reason on any subject, arrive at conclusions rapidly; and it may be that Amy perceived that there was some cause for the difference between her own lively impulses ken thus her daily life. On the mother's mind, indeed there rested a weight of almost intolerable woe. She had sined, she thought, against her own soul and the soul of her offspring-and as Amy's lovely form, and even more lovely face, were refined by nature into increasing beauty, like a beautiful flower-bud, gradually ripening in all its glory, the poignancy of paternal remorse-which repentance even could not obliterate-wexed into a constant, painful anxiety such as a guil ty mother alone could feel. In fancy, sometimes she would imaagine the probable result to this dear child, if she should be taken away from her, by the summons of death-sometimes she would trace her career through the tangled paths of the world, at a period when mos a daughter requires a mother's guardianship, and her heart would ache with the very surmise of anticipation. She saw the future of Amy as a dark void, in which the beautiful girl shone like a floating star, uncertain of its sphere-and sometimes she could not repress the impulse bordering on a hope that, if the life of the little one were to be one of error and of misery, death might shield from danger, and the innocent be wafted on the wings of its spirit to her

CHAPTER II.

The Mother's Illness. The Disclosure. The Tin Box. The Promise.

Amy LITTLEFORD was now a child of 15 summers. Her beauty was enriched by the company of the wise men of the mon to the thoughtless of her sex. Good-A babe for a heroine! Yes. There can pulse and unworthy fancy. Her duty, reflame, around the possible destiny of a new- Amy knew but one thought, in which all ly created being, there can be no more ele- emotions converged—the best means of vated one. An infant is a microcosm for making that mother happy. She felt that study—and its life-time growth might en-

" Mother, dear mother," the gentle Amy, be taken away from me. The summer has fairly broken in, and the soft air of heaven will , et invigorate your feeble frame."

"I can scarcely hope it," replied the patient sufferer. "The hour seems fast approaching when the spirit will absolve itself from the weak tenement of clay, and escape from the corruptible."

" Speak not thus, my mother!" said Amy and as she spoke, she calmly watched that mother's face, as she saw the halfrestrained tears diffused over her gazing eyes, till overpowered with the sense that the moment had arrived for the communication of no common intelligence, she bowed her head upon her mother's hand, and lis-

"Amy-a painful hour has arrivedmore painful than any I have passed duknow that I have so good and dutiful a daughter to receive my latest blessing, and to listen to my last will. I have not been

Here a pause of a few seconds intervened, while each pressed the other's hand with assurance that the truth might now be spo-

"That subject," continued the mother,

'may have an interest to you beyond all others. It may have an influence upon the future of your whole life-I cannot-I dare not attempt to render any apology for the error—the sin that gave you birth but, I may say, that if penitential tears, and a life burthened with a grief-worn heart, be any reparation for my crime toward you, and toward myself, the atonement has been made! Heaven knows my struggles to make some amends for the past, by guarding the gift that my guiltiness possessed in you—and the time may come when the sin of thy father may meet with its reward. The ways of Providence are as mysterious as they are unseen—and now, now that I am about to leave forever this world of woe, the abiding impression of a future is with me, which makes me anxious that you should know all-and yet all, Amy, you cannot know! I cannot rend your heart by the recital of the incidents which led to that parent's features with a steadiness of my fall and your existence. There was purpose that might become one who long had been skilled in reading the language of the "human face divine." It may be that she saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in that face the lines of grief and the saw in the saw i ed his own counterfeited passion, and when too late, found that far distant, he had another to whom he was legally united.— There was no hope for me—but in that which I surrender to you, are letters which are signed by his own hand. You must never open it, unless the circumstances of and the settled melancholy that marked the your life require it. Should your parentcountenance of her mother—and hence he age ever be questioned, it may be necessa-abiding habit of watchfulness that remarorigin—and as you would never deceive, I am assured, a husband-you will never of pride, with those who truly love you, need never be the cause of shame."

Amy sobbed aloud, and her warm tears gushed rapidly over her mother's trembling hand, as the dying invalid proceeded: "You may wonder that I require you to

know not your father's name, only in case of any bar to your happiness. It is best. At least, I think so-and, therefore, it will be the last assurance of your goodness of heart, if you will promise to open that box, only when it cannot well be avoided."

"I promise it-I promise it!" murmured the unfortunate girl, as she raised her head, and the tearful eye of the mother and daughter met, while an agony of resistless grief, agitated their trembling frames.

"There Amy," the mother continued, I have told you all that you need know -all that may be necessary to your happiness-and, I fear not that you will ever even in this world of temptation, require the warning voice even of a mother for your guidance. You are a good child—you have been more than ordinarily gifted by Heaven with all blessings, except such as pertain to your origin. It may he that your life, by the will of Providence, may be made to illustriate Heaven's unspeakable

" Perhaps it may be so !" sobbed the gentle girl, as she now beheld the face of her mother, whih assumed a tranquility that seemed to be peak a soul within, releated from the cares of earth-of that mother who had passed through severe trials, and who, while employed in the education of the children of an opulent family became to the deception of one who had visited a neighbor's house, from the window of which he had perceived the ungarded objected of his wrong, and whose heart he had won by the semblance of a devotion long continued, but wholly insincere. Such is the sefishness of unhallowed passions!

CHAPTER III.

The departure. Paris Visited. Another change.

gage profitably the whole mind of a philos- but for all that graced and enobled her be- Amy Littleford's mother without any very whenever he was able to speak to her, he requested to state all that had transpired important change in young girl's position or prospects. Necesity had compelled her satisfy him that she, too, was suffering from ford, when it appeared that she had in her to take the young of the prospects. quietly breathed, as she knelt at the bed to teach the young as a source of subsistence the flame of love. This boldness only side, "you will soon recover—you will not and the vincinity of Meadowdale she was rendered Amy's position still more painful known as the most beautiful and most accomplished of her sex. She was all beauty with mind, heart, form and features, cure one—and, with that decision of charrarely equaled—and a stranger, looking acter which ennobled her, she resolved that upon her lovelines, could, not but be awed the thought and the act should be simultaby the splendor of her beauty. The pearv tint of her complexion -her long eyelashes, from which her soul seemed to radiate out of the shaded blue orbs within their tracery—the etherial cast of her features-all excited such emotions, that one almost anticipated, as he gazed, that she might melt, like a supernatural vison, into the act, that he could not reconcile it with the judge himself had never heard before,

Time, however had changed the aspirring this tedious illness—and it is yet a and less severe, than keeping the village his children, and presented to her a handconsolation to me—a sweet consolation, to school, she at last made arrangements to su-some sum, beyond the terms of agreement unmindful that we have both avoided one the family. After passing a winter in this vey her to Paris the next morning. Henway, she heard with delight that the family proposed to visit France—and that delight Amy's departure, in vain. She was inflexwas caused by the fact that she was to condeep emotion, and with a warmth that gave tinue as the governess, and have an opportunity of beholding a country in the history of which she had taken a deep interest.

In the month of July, the whole party arrived in Paris, where several of the happiest months of Amy Littleford's life were passed in the enjoyment of the scenes which that city affords. She gained rapidly in the French language, and, as it became familiar to her, she was an object of admiration to all who saw her, while her manners were the envy of her sex, whereever she was seen. Even in Paris her grace and beauty were unrivalled.

Providence however, had new scenes in store for her. The day of her destiny had not arrived yet. A sudden illness seized ipon the child under her charge, and dying, Amy's services were no longer required. At this juncture of affairs, Amy noticed in "Galignani's Messenger," an advertisement which seemed to hold out a brilliant position for her, could she only be successful in obtaining it. An English family, residing in a chateau near Paris, required a governess. Amy made application for he situation, and, upon obtaining satisfactory testimonials of her character and abilities, soon found herself agreeably domicil ed in the midst of a family, whose kindness and familiarity, were strongly in contrast with the treatment usually received by that class of self-sacrificing women to hose studious energy and perseverance, the young scions of the rich are indelted small tin box on the bureau, the key of for nearly all they possess, either in manners or in education.

CHAPTER IV.

The New Home .- The Attachment .- Its Consequences .- The Decision.

teau, when, for the first time in her life, conceal a fact, which, if it cannot be a source Amy beheld one to whom she could have resigned his heart. A young gentleman, a nephew of Mr. Bellingham-for that was the name of the family occupying the chateau-was residing there, and pursuing his favorite studies in that pleasant retreat .-There was much in their tastes that led hem to converse together-and the charms of literature soon gave place to the interest each took in themes which had reference more directly to the heart and its affections. If the merits of a book were discussed. those points of character, in which love was involved, seemed to be the favorite ones for discourse. Thus grew in the bosom of each, feelings which neither could control, though pride on the one hand, and humility on the other, did not favor any prospect of permanent advantage from such interviews. Mr. Henry Percy, however, loved Amy Littleford more and more, as his acquaintance with her increasedand when Amy-as she thought it prudent to do-retired to her own room to avoid those meetings, the remembrance of which had not been unmingled already with regrets, Henry Percy experienced a diminution of his daily enjoyment, that he himself could scarcely understand. He would hold no intercourse with any one. His chief pleasure was to wander to the outskirts of the village, or among the knot of tangled trees that crowned a neighboring hill; and casket, and that she would soon return with if night overtook him, he even then prolonged his wanderings, till the stars paled of the district.

at the approach of morning.

Amy was not insensible that Henry Pery was a slave to a growing passion within his heart-and it was with grief that she saw that there could be no hope of happiness from encouraging a disposition that promised nothing but blight. She was cerain that her own position would prove a barrier to any alliance with the Bellingham family. She banished, therefore, all tho't of Percy, as she deemed that the least en- Amy Littleford descended, and with a defuture peace and happiness.

-and at last she declared her intention to leave the chateau, and return to Paris. Her -all goodness. Nature had endowed her duty pointed out this course as the only seneous. Accordingly she communicated her, design to Mr. Bellingham, who expressed the deepest regret at losing her. The more he inquired the reasons for this abrupt departure, the less satisfied was he with the answers which Amy made. There was something so vague-so unreasonable in the character of the governess. However, he could not object to the decision which ations of Amy for a lot more cheerful than Amy had made, as he had no power to conthat promised by Meadowdale; and having trol her, even had he been disposed; and sought for some occupation more pleasing having settled with her for the tuition of perintend the education of a daughter of a between them, as a mark of his respect, he gentleman in one of our Atlantic cities, directed, in accordance with Amy's request, and, in a short time, became an inmate of that the diligence should be ordered to conry Percy, too, used all his rhetoric, to stay ible in her purpose. At last, he made a declaration of his love. This was but adding fuel to the fire already kindled. Amy replied with remonstrances. She urged her humble origin-her want of fortunethe utter madness of entertaining a passion for a man, whose own will, however strong, would be opposed by his family. To this Henry Percy replied, that he was independent of circumstances and his family-that his fortune was his own-that he was unincumbered-and that even if Amy's origin were as low as his imagination could depict

> birth, to fortune or position. A woman's heart, however strong, will yield to the sincerity of true love. Amy listened—she reflected—she answered and finally consented, at Percy's solicitation, to correspond with the young student, after she should arrive in Paris. Still she insisted that he should not visit her. She would listen to him, but till she could be assured that her own history would prove no obstacle to their union, she could notwould not hazard any danger to her heart, by consenting to interviews which might regretted.

> It was some consolation to Henry Percy, hat he could write-and he trembled, as he bade the lovely Amy farewell, lest her absence should result in a perpetual banishment from her presence.

> > CHAPTER V.

The Stolen Casket .- The Trial.

The morning bore Amy Littleford from the chateau of Mr. Bellingham; and Henry Percy beheld the diligence pass over the summit of the hill and out of sight, with a sense of pain at his heart such as never before had afflicted him. His uncle, who had been present at the door of the chateau, while it waited to take its fair passenger, was about to make some inquiry, as he perceived that there had been a painful parting and an unwonted paleness on the face of his nephew, when the whole house was in an uproar, caused by a scream from Mrs. Bellingham, who hurried down the stair case, declaring that her casket of jewels had been taken from her cabinet, and

could no where be found. Servants were despatched through all search for the treasure, but all exertion was in vain. The news of the loss soon spread throughout the village, and there were surmises and conjectures and suspicions rife on busy tongues for an hour, till it was currently reported that the governess was the operated with such force, that Mr. Bellingexpress off to Paris to search Amy Littleford. Henry Percy opposed the plan, and bravely did he doubt and strongly contend in behalf of the lovely object of his affection. However, the express was directed to communicate as speedily as possible with the police, and a swift rider departed with the utmost speed upon his errand. In 2 or 3 hours he returned, bringing word that the beautiful Amy was in possession of the the police, for examination before the judge

Notwithstanding the surmises and suspicions, and the assurance of the messenger that Amy was probably guilty, Henry Percy never doubted, for a single moment, Amy sinnocence—and patiently he awaited her return, that he might know what were the circumstances which had tended to fix suspicion upon one so gentle and so lovely.

A few hours passed—and a close carriage

rolled up to the door of the chateau, when couragement would prove dangerous to her meanor neither bold nor abashed, accompanied by two officers, entered the hall. The Henry Percy, however, was not so cau- judge of the district was there in consultatious as the beautiful Amy; and he became tion with Mr. Bellingham, and he directed colder, as his heart became warmer. He that the judicial proceeding should be held Two years had passed after the death of He was uneasy at Amy's absence—and, on the spot. Accordingly, the officers were

possession a tin box which she seemed to be very unwilling to open, unless compelled by the authority of the law. This announcement certainly seemed to throw a doubt upon the character of Amy, particularly as she grasped the box even then in her hand, unwilling to yield it.

The Judge himself now looked upon Amy with distrust, and demanded to know what the box contained. To his question she was unable to reply—but repeating a portion of the story connected with it, with inimiatble grace and artlessness, and with such expressions of dutiful feeling of regard towards her mother, as those assembled and she caused every listner to weep with emotions which could not be restrained.

The judge, through his tears, gazed upon her with astonishment and admiration, but added that it would be his duty to examine the contents of the box, and if there was no evidence of her guilt, there would be no necessity for any further exposition of wh tever it might contain, than would fall under his own inspection. He further added, as a consclation to her, that he would satisfy himself that the jewels were not concealed within.

At this moment, Amy had a presentiment-an indefinable anticipation, known only to those who have experienced minutely the mysterious workings of Providence, that the time had arrived which would repay her for all the suffering she had endured, or that the cloud that hung over her, would be lifted up. The pallor-the trembling which she exhibited, were construed by all present to be indications of her guilt, and some of those who surrounded her were heard to whisper, "How artful!"—"See her tremble!" What does that show ?"

it, that in his eyes she rose superior to The judge rose from the table, and as he turned the key with difficulty in the lock, the bolt gave way, and the lid was raised .-He was perfectly calm for a moment, when lifting a book beneath which the remainder of the contents reposed, he discovered his own letters, and his miniature, which nearly twenty years before he had given to Amy's mother. He paused for a moment: his eyes swimming with tears, and his limbs trembling, so as scarcely to support him, and with a choked utterance he exclaimed, in a

paroxysm of joy:
"My child! my child! not guilty! not guilty !"

Amy was convulsed with intense excitement; but she was not wholly unprepared for the scene. Her father had acknowledged her; should she not acknowledge her father? She rushed into his arms, forgiving him who needed to be forgiven, as ne exclaimed, regardless of all listeners :

"This is retribution!"

CHAPTER VI. The Result. The Culprit. The Con-

M. DE VILLENEUVE found his daughter

when he had no longer an heir or a wife. After the scene described in the last chap ter, he led Amy into an adjoining room, where he poured forth the remorse of a soul, penitent for the error of his youth, and begged, that as Providence had been instrumental in sending to him his own, that he might render him some expiation for the neglect towards the mother, by devoting the remainder of his life to his child. The scene was one diffcult for either the father or the child to sustain. The elements in it which agitated the heart of each beyond the feeble expression of words. The struggle on the part of Amy was intense-bewilthe principal apartments to make further dering! The recollection of the wrongs of her mother—the penitence of her sinful father—her own unhappy orphanage-her own uncertatin destiny-the strange development of Providence itseli -her isolate position in a strange landher home that was no home-ler future the transgressor. Rumors and doubts now life—her love for Henry Percy—made the ordeal of her decision one of uncommon ham suggested the propriety of sending an hardship and severity. Yet there was little of human vanity, of selfish pride, of the spirit of revenge in her heart. The memory of her mother was as dear to her-but her piety was the ruling spirit of her bosom and that instructed her what course to take at this crisis. She looked upon her father to love him-to respect him-to be guided by him. She forgot his frailty and his passions, and forgave his errors as she hoed herself to be forgiven! Meanwhile, the innocence of Amy hav-

ing been proved, suspicion fell upon one of he servants of Mr. Bellingham, whose absence from the chateau for an hour in the morning, had been traced to a house of a suspicious character, and there, deposited in a pannel beneath the window still were found the jewels and the casket, which he had taken at the period of Amy's departure, for the purpose of fastening the suspicion upon her rather than upon himselt. He was punished for his crime by condemnation to the galleys as a common felon.

Henry Percy, as may be imagined and his uncle and aunt, were surprized at the events of the day—and could only conjecture, and yet not correctly, how M. de Vilture, and yet not correctly, how of the goverleneuve had become the father of the governess! Henry Percy, howowever, counted [Concluded on the Fourth Page.]

SENATE. On motion of Mr. Bacon, the vote yesterday on the passage of the bill respecting the military force, was reconsidered. Mr. Bacon moved some amendments. Amendments passed.

Amendment to the constitution calling a conven-tion taken from the table on motion of Mr. King. Resolution advocated by Mr. Johnson, and opposed by Mr. Dutton. Re-olution lost. Ayes 6,

nays 14.

Bill for a public act respecting assignments for the benefit of creditors, read third time and pas-

Mr. Bacon appointed a com. of conference res

pecting judges of probate in New Milford, Wood-bury and Plymouth. Mr. Bacon appointed a com. of conference respecting judge of County Court in Litchfield coun-

Roger H. Mills appointed judge of probate in

Mr. Kellogg moved that the Senate take up

the bill concerning the sale of spiritous liquors.

On Motion of Mr. Kellogg, bill slightly amended. Bill advocated by Mr. Kellogg and opposed by Mr. Ferris on the ground that reputation of keeping a grogshop was made evidence sufficient Amendment offered by Mr. Wright was car

ried Ayes 9. Nays 5. Bill passed Ayes 12.

House resolution appropriating \$300 for the purchase of a sword for Col. Thomas H. Seymour ad three times and laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Field. Adjourned.

> Wednesday Morning, June 20. IN THE HOUSE.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Crawford.
Bill called up for the punishment of any injury to the property of a gas, or railroad company, tearing down notices, legally put up, or the pulling down or girdling of trees in highways; pas-

Mr. Smith stated that the object of the road was to cross the whole of the roads in the State.— The eastern terminus is Provience' and the western is Fishkill on the banks of the Hud on, from which place there will soon be a rail road to the

far west.

Mr. Kendall proposed and ammendment, which would repeal so much of the charter of Branch road from Hartford to Winstead, as authorizes the construction and farther than to New Hartford.— Lie stated that he was informed that the height of the hills between New Hartford and Winstead, is five or six hundred feet. The friends of the Naugatue road did not object to the road runing to Plymouth; but this branch would run to the terminus of the Naugatuc road at Winsted, and be parallel with that ro

Mr. Smith of Hartford replied, that Winsted was in the Farmington valley and not in the val-ey of the Naugatuck. As to the height of the hills engineers would settle that. The W insted want this branch road. There are three ini of the road from Winsted by the branch road. At NewLondon, Providence and Boston. We do not expect to call the people of Winsted here when their business is with New York.— But they need this road for their business with N. London, Providence and Boston,

Mr. Hamlin stated the facts brought before the com. and they thought that they should not inter-fere to repeal the charter of the branch road.

Mr. Wheelock protested against the repeal of any part of the branch road. The people of Derby built the Naugatuck road with their eyes open. Both these roads were chartered at the same time. The people of Winsted had contributed \$20,000 towards the Naugatuck valley road as a bonus besides paying for the right of way. He replied at length to remarks of the member from Derby.

Mr. Bronson farther opposed the amendment. After the adoption of some minor amendments the bill was passed.

Bill concerning usury, by which in all contracts hereafter made, in which more than six per cent is taken, the lender shall forfeit all the interest Bill relating to the right of a married woma

property, possessed previous to marriage.

Bill relating to telegraph companies; passed,

Thursday Morning, June 21st. SENATE.

Senate convened at nine. carried : likewise, Julius B. Harrison for New-Milford , carried .: likewise Charles B. Phelps for

voodbury; carried. Mr. Bacco propriated for the purchase of a sword for Major H. W. Wessels, for his gallant conduct in Mexico. Mr. Bacon remarked, that the officer named in

the resolution, for valor and good conduct, was second to none in the army. His services were no confined to the Mexican war; in the pestilential barities of an Indian warfare, he was eminently cuous, and for a considerable length of time anded one of the most exposed posts on tha He landed at Vera Cruz with the column commanded by General Scott, and was one of the bravest officers that took part in that dreadful bombardment. At the storming of the heights of Cerro Gordo, he was foremost in the assaulting column, and for his daring gallantry on that occasion, was promoted to the rank of captain. In victorious assault upon the entrenched camp at Contreras, he sustained the high reputation he had already won, and at the battle of Churubusco, when the color sergeant of his regiment was sho wn at his side, he seized the colors while falling to the earth, and with his own hands, bore them nantly through the residue of that sanguifight, although suffering at the time from the effects of an agonizing wound. At the close of the war, he was promoted to the rank of Major, and is now serving his country in a distant quarter of

I feel that I should fail in the discharge of my duty, were I to permit a resolution to pass, which pays a deserved compliment to another brave and highly meritorious officer, without performing this act of justice to a citizen of my own county, to a native of my own town; and I rejoice that the opportunity has been afforded me to bear my humble tribute of respect to the worth and gallantry of Major Henry W. Wessells.

Resolution passed.
On motion of Mr. Bacon, resolution respecting purchasing a sword for Col. T. H. Seymour, was taken from the table. Resolution advocated by Mr. Bacon as a joint

tribute of respect to the valor and patriotism of Col. Seymour. Resolution passed.

On motion of Mr. Burlock, the resolution

pointing commissioners on the Naugatuck Rail Road, taken from the table.

Elisha Johnson, Thomas Lewis, and E. W.

Plumb, were appointed.
Senate resolution Senate resolution respecting the vision of President Taylor, indefinitely postponed.

Resolution appointing His Excellency the Governor, Maj. Gen. Francis Bacon, Col. George C. respecting the visit Woodruff, Col. Henry D. Smith, and Major A. C.

Thursday Morning, June 21. IN THE HOUSE.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Dodd. lution for raising a State tax of two pe ent, taken up.

Mr. Boardman moved to reconsider and lay the

Resolution from com. of conference, appointing Hiram Goodwin judge of the County Court for Litchfield County; passed.

Resolution respecting the invitation for General Taylor to visit the State; indefinitely postponed. Resolution to raise a committee to procure a sword for Col. Thomas H. Seymour; laid on the

Resolution appropriating \$300 for the purchase of a sword for Major Henry W. Wessels; passed. The bill relating to the choice of representatives y a plurality, came from the Senate passed. Mr. Boardman offered a resolution that the is, for the able and impartial manner in which he

has presided over the deliberations of this assem-

bly.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Smith of Hartford, and unanimously passed.

Resolution appointing Elisha Johnson, Thomas

ewis, and David W. Plumb, commissioners on the Naugatuck railroad; passed. Bill for an act for assessment and collection of

axes, requiring collectors to give bonds; passed.
Roll called.

Mr. O. S. Seymour in the Chair. The com. on spiritous liquors reported a bill to restrain more effectually the sale of ardent spirits. The bill had received certain amendments in the Senate, which were concurred in by the House. Resolution appointing a committee to procure a word for Major Wessells; passed.

Resolution relating to the boundaries of Texas, was presented by Mr. —, instructing our Senators, and requesting our Representatives in Congress to vote against the admission of slavery within the original limits of the departments of Tamaulipas, Chihuahua and New Mexico. Motion that when the House adjourn, it adjourn

o half past seven this evening; passed.

Thursday Afternoon.

Liquor Bill .- The Committee on the sale of spiritous liquors, reported at length on the subject. They were strong for restriction.

The Senate called for the bill concerning ar-

The Senate called for the bill concerning ardent spirits. The House sent back word that it was in the hands of the Engrossing committee. A Joint committee was appointed to recall it from the Governor.

Mr. J. B. Phelps, of Torrington, offered a resolution, that each member of the General Assembly deposite \$3 of his debenture money, with the Tortemper to pay for the swords and with the Treasurer, to pay for the swords and drums granted to military gentlemen this ses-

Mr. Phelps, of Guilford, moved to amend, by adding, that the Quarter Master General draw from the State Arsenal "one of the ancient swords," and present the same to Col. J. B. Phelps, of Torrington, for his arduous services in defending the State Treasury during this session.

Friday Morning, June 22d.
Liquor Bill.—This bill came from the Senate, returned from the Governor, after it had pas-sed both Houses, came from the Senate indefi-

nitely postponed.
Mr. Cheney, of Manchester, moved that the House adhere to its vote passing the bill.

Mr. Boardman preferred that the question should be, "shall the House reconsider and

concur?" and this question was entertained.

Mr. Brockway said, if the House concurred with the Senate, the bill was defeated, of course. If it did not, the bill was a law so soon as the Governor signs it. The bill cannot be reconsidered even, without the consent of

both Houses, after both have passed it.

Mr. Boardman.—That's it exactly: and on the question I call the yeas and nays. I want

rest here, then. For one, I take it cheerfully—gladly. Both Houses have passed the bill. But last night the third house came in; the Whigs became alarmed; Whiggery was in the way of temperance, or rather, in this case, temperance had got in the way of Whiggery. The Senate, viewing it thus, had put its foot upon temperance to sustain Whiggery. This is the story. Our Governor, too, is alarmed. He don't want to sign this bill; he don't want to story. Mr. Bacon from comm. of conference, moved to veto it. He fears the question; fears loss that Senate concur with the House in appointing of votes. He will sacrifice this great question gery has recalled this bill. The Senate has acted. Now the House should act, manly and with firmness. We should sustain the bill, not with the miserable, vote-catching policy of the Whig Senate, who think more of votes than good morals. I court this responsibility, and do not shrink from it in the least.

Mr. Phelps, of Guilford. I voted against this bill yesterday. But after seeing the operation of the Whigs, from Governor down to street runners on this bill, I shall vote for it Phelps, of Guilford. I voted against to-day. I despise, sir, this political trickery, which is so manifest in this case. The Whige which is so manifest in this case. The Whigs profess great love for temperance, but when they are called upon to act, they consult party, and fish for votes. We see it very plainly in this case; we see the debasement of that party; the utter heartlessness of their professions; and we cannot but despise it. What, sir, do the Whigs care for temperance, or temperance laws, when their pimps and runners tell them they are in danger of losing votes The operations of that party last night this morning on this bill, prove to us that they care nothing—that Whiggery not only tramples upon temperance, to get votes, but upon its own oft-repeated professions. He hoped the House would at least preserve consistency, and its dignity, and not join in the disgraceful course of the Senate upon the bill now be

fore the House.

Mr. Boardman explained. On looking a the Rules, and at the position of this bill, he found that the vote of the Senate had effectually defeated it. It had not been signed by the Speaker, and consequently was not by con struction, or otherwise, in the hands of the Governor. Had it been in the hands of the Governor, as he at first supposed, then it would require the vote of both Houses to defeat it.— As it is, the negative of either House defeats

Mr. Cheney, of Manchester, offered a reso lution, declaring that, whereas this bill, having been returned on a vote of the General Assembly, and the Senate having indefinitely postponed the question, the House see no res son to change its vote in passing said bill— passed, and Messrs. Chency and O. S. Seypassed, and messrs. Chency and U. S. Sey-mour were appointed to inform the Senate of this action of the House. The matter rests here. Both Houses passed the bill, but the Senate, on calling it back, reconsidered and

Resignation of Mr. Beers .- Hon. Seth P. Beers sent in his resignation as Commissioner of the School Fund, to take effect on the 1st of December next. It was submitted by Mr Boardman, who also offered two resolutions-State to Mr. Beers, for the able and satisfactory manner in which he has discharged the duties of his office, and expressing the wishes of this General Assembly for his future liappiness. Second, that the resignation be accepted. The resolutions were carried unanimous-

Mr. O. S. Seymour addressed the Speaker, remarking that it was his pleasure to announce to him the resolution passed by the House yesterday, by a unanimous vote, expressing the thanks of the House, for the able and impartial manner in which he had president the state of the state tax at one and a half per cent., carried; resoluded over their deliberations. Mr. S. took great pleasure in doing this, concurring as he did, in the sentiments of the resolution, applying to one for whom he had a high personal re-

Gentlemen :- I was called to this post under circumstances the most trying; with painful apprehensions, that through want of experience, I should not be able to sustain myself acceptably.

Deeply, therefore, do I feel the force of the resolution you have adopted, the purport of which, has been so kindly announced to me, by

which, has been so kindly announced to me, by one for whom I entertain the highest regard. Your approval of the manner in which I have discharged my duties, demands and receives, my cordial acknowledgements, and most hearty thanks. The gentlemanly forbearance and courtesy you have invariably exercised towards me, in overlooking my want of tact and skill in the despatch of business, fills my heart with the profoundest gratitude. It gives me much pleasure also, to be permitted to testify to the courteous manner in which you, gentlemen, have met one another in the conflict of debate. I am very sure that no personal hostility or I am very sure that no personal hostility or bitterness of feeling has been engendered, while we have been together. On the other hand, attachments have been formed, such as I am confident, will last while life endures.

The business of the session is now about to terminate. As we look back from our retirement, on the work we have accomplished, may we find our labors have been such as shall bless our State—prevent crime—reclaim the erring
—instruct the ignorant—elevate the down-

-instruct the ignorant—elevate the down-trodden and oppressed, and hasten, the morld over, the heartfelt recognition of "The universal brotherhood of man."

In conclusion, gentlemen, I bid you good by, and may the God of our fathers continue His kind care over us, while we remain on the earth; and while the "battle of life" lasts, may we manfully engage in the conflict, and at last come off conquerors, and more than conquer-ors, by having brought enrselves into subjec-tion to Him, whose right it is, to reign God

over all.

At 10½ o'clock, A. M., the House appointed Messrs. Smith and Seymour, to wait upon the Senate, and inform that body that the business of the House was finished, and that the Representations. sentatives were ready to receive the Senate in Joint Convention. The Committee reported that the Senators would immediately join the

House in Convention.

They entered the Representatives' Hall, and the Hon. Mr. Ferris, of the Senate, took the Speaker's Chair, and announced that the Convention was ready to proceed to business. On motion of Mr. Bacon, of the Senate, a committee of three was appointed to wait upon the Governor, and inform him that both Houses had assembled in Convention, and were ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make. Messrs. Bacon, Alfred Smith, and Thomas Cowles, were appointed.

The committee returned, with the report

that the Governor would attend the convention in a few moments.

The Governor entered the Hall at five minutes past 11, accompanied by his suite, and the State Officers. He took the Speaker's

Prayer was offered by the Rev Mr. Mur-

The Governor then administered the oath to such officers present as have been appointed

the present session.

He then remarked to the Senators and Representatives, that the period had arrived for him to announce the final termination of this session. Much time has been occupied in dethe question I call the year and nays. I want to have it known where the responsibility of passing this bill rests. The Senate have reconsidered their action, and rejected it. If the House refuse to confer with the Senate, on the House will rest all the responsibility of passing the law.

Mr. Orr, of Sharon.—Let the responsibility pass here then. For one, I take it cheerfully the senate the responsibility pass here then. For one, I take it cheerfully the senate the responsibility and the responsibility pass here then. hoping to secure beneficial results thereby, and he trusted, such would be the case. But public acts are not useful, when the public sentiment does not sustain them. The people can do much in aid of them—especially can those in authority, do a great deal in this re-spect. The trust confided to the people will ontinue during the year. Let us so act as to meet the approbation of our own consciences,

and the approval of our constituents. The Governor bid the members a kind farewell, and wished them a safe return to their

everal homes. He then directed the Secretary of State to adjourn the General Assembly, sine die—which he did through the Sheriff—adding, after the Sheriff's proclamation, "God save the Commonwealth of Connecticut"—to which the Reporter responds with a hearty AMEN.

Sad Accident.

John H. Wells, jr., only son of Mr. J. Hub-ard Wells, of East Hartford, was drowned yesterday morning in Connecticut River. He was clerk in the dry goods store of Mr. Joseph Lang-don of this city, (Hartford,) and in company with several of his companions, had gone to the oppo-rite shore for the purpose of bathing. He could not swim, and had been in the river but a short time before he was discovered to be in a place where the water was too deep for him, struggling to keep his head above it. One of his fello w-clerks, of the name of Post, came near losing his life in his attempts to rescue him. His body recovered about ten minutes after he sunk; but all efforts to restore animation were unavailing. His age was 19. He possessed many excellent of character, and was much beloved by his friends and associates. His parents have the sympathie of all in their affliction - Truly in the midst of life we are in death .- Hartford Courant.

No Place to Bury the Dead. The Picayune of the 18th ult., contains the

following doleful description of the miserable extremity to which the devoted City of New-Orleans is reduced:

" Nearly all our cemeteries are under water, so as to cause great inconvenience in the burial of the dead. Yesterday, hearses were driven about from one cemetery to another in the vain search of a dry place to deposit the dead. The Protestant cemetery at the foot of Girod Street, is two feet under water; but Mr. Blakely, the superintendent, has provided scaffolding and bridges, by which the commu-nications through the grounds are kept open and burials can proceed without much incom-

The Potter's Field is also flooded. The tops of the graves are barely discernable above the water, and in stepping over them, the foot sinks until it meets the water below. A large por-tion of the St. Patrick's, and even of the Fire-man's, is also flooded, and the Israelites' cemetery is several feet under water. This is particularly unfortunate to our Hebrew friends, particularly unfortunate to our Hebrew Friends, as their religion requires that their dead should be buried under the ground. We understand, however, that they have made a temporary araangement with the Sexton of the Protestant cometery, to have bedies of their brethren deposited in vaults in the Protestant until the food has left their camet. graveyard, until the flood has left their cemet-

THE LITCHFIELD REPUBLICAN. The Republican.

LITCHFIELD:

THURSDAY, June 28, 1849.

We have received another "OLIVE LEAF," from Elihu Burritt, Esq., dated "15 New Broad St., London, May 9, 1849," signed by Henry Richard and Elihu Burritt, as Secretaries of the London Peace Congress Committee. It is drawn up with much ability; and the object of it is to inform the Friends of Peace in the United States, of the movements of the Peace Congress in Paris, in which M. Lamartine as well as several distinguished editors of French journals in that City, take a lively interest. The Circular calls loudly upon the friends of Peace in this country, to sustain that Congress in their philanthropic efforts to promote the cause of humanity. And this is no more than our duty. Men are morally and conscientiously bound to live in peace and harmony with each other, if they would be fitted and prepared for a better and a brighter world; and we heartily wish those philan thropists unbounded success.

Meeting in Honor to the Memo-ry of the Late Ex-President.

At a meeting of the Citizens of this Village, held at the Court House, on Wednesday evening, the 20th of June inst., for the purpose of manifesting their sorrow on account of the death of our late Ex-President-

STEPHEN DEMING, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and P. K. KILBOURNE, Esq. and H. WARD, Secretaries.

The Chairman stated the object of the meeting, in a short and feeling address, in which he alluded to the decease of Ex-President Polk. At the suggestion of the Chairman, P. K KILBOURNE, Esq., the first Secretary, moved that a Committe of five be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting. The following gentlemen were appointed said Committee:

WILLIAM DEMING, WILLIAM F. BALDWIN, CHARLES ADAMS, Esq., W. G. COE, L. W. CASE.

After retiring a few moments, the Commitee reported resolutions, which were read.

Mr. Case was then called upon, and delivered a speech of some length, upon the life, character, and services of Mr. Polk, in which he gave a pertinent panegyric on the exalted merits of the illustrious deceased.

Mr. Adams was next called upon, and after a few appropriate remarks, concluded by supporting the resolutions.

The resolutions, which are as follows, were then unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we deeply lament the dispen-sation of Divine Providence, who has called from our midst, our late Executive, JAMES K.

Resolved, That in his death, the nation has suffered a loss, which it is seldom called to mourn—in that of an honest man, profound statesman, and devoted patriot. Eesolved, That however rife party spirit was, during his administration, in the deplorable extremes to which self-interests, or even the honorable conflict of opinions, drive men-it is

befitting on this occasion, that the ill feelings which always attend political struggles, and the memory of them, be laid aside, to contemplate the character of the man, as a Christian Moved and carried, That the bells of this Village be tolled from 12 to 1 o'clock, to-morrow, as a solemn announcement of the departure of our deeply lamented late Chief Magis-

Messrs. Meafoy, Kilbourne and Coe, were appointed a Committee to carry the last reso-

lution into effect. Voted. That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretaries, and published in the Litchfield Republican and the Litchfield Enquirer

STEPHEN DEMING, Chairman. PAYNE K. KILBOURNE, Secretaries.

For the Republican.

MR. EDITOR-Sir : The tolling of the different bells in this vilage, on Thursday of last week, produced a good effect. The bells announced the death of the late President of the United States. Their peals in succession were loud and solemn. The citizens seemed impressed with appropriate feelings. Silence pervaded the whole village. No party feelings, nor discordant, triumphant, feelings were manifested. Every countenance appeared solemnized; and we were naturally prompted to indulge sober thoughts in regard o him, who has changed the highest office of our Government to a new mode of existence, and another state of residence.

But death is not the end of man. " The voice of the Archangel, more sonorous far than nine-fold thunders, shall wake the sleeping dead." May we then rise from the long sleep of the grave, and be our house immortal! Yours sincerely.

Ar Several Communications and Advertisements have been necessarily deferred this week.

OFFICIAL. Funeral Observances in Honor of Ex-President Polk.

The President, with deep regret, announces to the American people, the death of JAMES K. POLK, late President of the United States, which ccurred at Nashville, on the 15th inst. A nation is suddenly called upon to mourn the loss of one, the recollection of whose long services in its councils will be forever inscribed on the tab-

lets of history.

As a mark of respect to the memory of a citien who has been distinguished by the highest honors which the country could bestow, it is ordered that the Executive Mansion, and the several Departments at Washington, be immediately placed in mourning, and all business suspended during

It is further ordered, that the War and Navy Departments cause suitable military and naval nors to be paid, on this melancholy occasion, to he memory of the illustrious dead. (Signed,)
Washington, June 19, 1849.

Representation.

Mr. Boardman, providing for a more equal representation in the Connecticut House of Represe tatives, was continued to the next General Assem

It provided that every town, however small, shall have one representative. Those towns having 1800 inhabitants shall have two and one representative shall be added for every additional 2,000

Mr. Boardman stated to the House the precise esult of this amendment, based upon the census of 1840. That 1850 will alter this result in some

Adds to		Takes from.
Hartford,	5	Hartland, 1
Bristol,	1	SANDAGE TO SER
Wethersfield,	1	
Net gain	to I	Iartford Co. 6.
New Haven,	6	Cheshire, 1
Derby,	.1	
	to Ne	w Haven Co. 6.
Danbury,	1	Redding, 1
Bridgeport.	2	Control of the same
Greenwich,	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
New Caanan.	1	a serial serial ser
Norwalk,	1	
Stratford,	1	The state of the state of
Westport,	1	The state of the state of
Wilton,	1	WALL STORY OF THE STATE OF
	n to F	airfield Co. 8.
Nam I andan	1	Dusaton 1

Griswold Ledyard, Montville, Ston ngton. Net gain to New London Co. 7. Canterbury, Loss to Windham Co. 1.

Litchfield Barkhamsted, New Milford. Colebrook, Cornwall, Goshen, Harwinton New Hartford, Norfolk, Torrington, Washington, Winchester. Loss to Litchfield Co. 7. Middletown, 2 Durham, Killingworth, 1 Middlesex Co. balanced.

Hebron. Somers, Union, Willington Loss to Tolland Co. 5 Recapitulation.

Tolland,

1	Consultation of the last of th	presen	t rep.	рторозеа те	p. pop.
1	Hartford Coun	ty	36	42	55,629
•	New Haven "		29	35	48,619
	Fairfield "		30	•38	49,917
r	New London"	-	27	34	44,463
	Litchfield "		38	31	40,448
9	Middl:sex "		18	18	24.897
	Windham "		21	10	28,080
9	Tolland "		20	15	17,980
	1100 - 1		-	-	21.5
	THE STATE OF		219	233	
1			- 1	Company of the Company	

Result of the Legislative Pro-ceedings.

At the late session of our Legislature, a State Tax of a cent and a half on the dollar, was laid which it is acknowledged will not pay more than the ordinary expenses of the Government. The debt will not be reduced by it This tax has now been laid for the third time. Before that time, the mount was one cent.

An order was made for borrowing \$25,900 more of the School Fund, which added to the \$46,000 already due, would make \$71,000 as our State

The plurality law, proposed to save a large num-ber of towns the trouble of a second meeting, was defeated by three or four votes. The plurality principle is now established by our State, and we

principle is now established by our State, and we have never seen a good reason why it is purer on Tuesday than on Monday.

Only two State Prison Directors were appointed. The Whig Senate refused to sanction the third, as reported by the Committee, and by defeating various propositions, leave the board with two persons only—Messrs. Charles J. Russ of this city, and Zebulon Crockaway, of Lyme.

The Senate, far a reason which we cannot explain though we suppose it to be political spite alone.

plain, though we suppose it to be political spite alone refused to appoint Edwin Stearns as one of the Bank Commissioners. The House finally agreed with the Senate in appointing John C. Lewis, Starr Ferris, and Isaac W.Stuart.

liquor bill, making general reputation of keeping liquors for sale evidence in a prosecution, was passed by both houses, but the Whigs becoming alarmed, and the fearing the loss of votes, back-Me Enrop . ing alarmed, and the fearing the loss of voice, and ed out of it—re-considered, and rejected the bill. This was a political movement, accomplished on Thursday night solely through political influences. It tells precisely how much love Whiggery has for Temperance laws, when they

votes are to be lost. The Bill throwing the burthen of the expense for keeping County prisoners, upon the County Trea-suries, and relieving the State Treasury from that heavy and increasing tax, out of which the Counneavy and increasing tax, out or which the Coun-tics are laying up surplus funds, was defeated, af-ter having passed both houses. A slight amand-ment was made in the House, which the Senate would not agree to, and this lost the bill—a very nportant and valuable one.

The Whigs, by bullying and threatening to leave

men, secured all the County Court Judges but one and the most valuable of the Probate Districts.— Several of the Probate Offices are not filled, but must remain vacant during the year—the Senate refusing to appoint, for the sole reason that the names sent up by the House were not of the Sen-ate's political kidney. This reason cuts off a Com-missioner also, in Windham County. The Sena-tors declared they would leave the seats of the County Court vacant, unless they could have their own way in the matter. What will an impartial people say to such conduct, in view of the fact, that these Whigs were tendered three-fourths of the value of all the offices in the State? The Democrats had no disposition to embarrass, but were willing to give up much. They refused, however, to be completely driven to the wall, and this accounts for the Senate's action.

The important and deservedly popular ure of calling a State Convention for a general revision of the Constitution, was defeated. It was passed by a majority last year, and being an amendment to the Constitution, required two thirds of both houses this year. It received nearly two thirds, and was barely defeated, principally through technical objections raised by Mr. Boardman.— Whether his opposition to the measure, really lay at its foundation, or was only, as he expressed it upon its details, is a question that we will not attempt to decide.

Hartford Times.

The New York Sun of the 11th says, 37 cas of drunkenness were brought into the Tombs Po-lice on Saturday night. Officers Gardner and Sweney brought from a night dance, in the base-ment of the old Brewery at the Five Points, 11 young girls from 12 to 17 years of age—all pros-titudes!!! All were fine looking girls.

foreign News.

Arrival of the America at Halifax. LATE FROM EUROPE.

ST. JOHN, N. B.
Tuesday Afternoon.
The Royal Mail steamship American, Capt.
Harrison, with 60 passengers, bringing Paris dates
of the 7th, London of the 8th, and Liverpool of
the 9th, arrived at Halifax at about 3 o'clock, yes-

terday afternoon.

The Hibernia arrived at Liverpool on Monday, making the passage from Halifax in 9 days.

In Parliament, Mr. Gladstone gave notice that on the 14th, he would bring forward a motion reapecting the late events in Canada Lord John Russell having given a pledge that in the meantime nothing should be done to prejudice the present position of the rebellion losses. The conduct of the American government in reference to the expedition to be sent out in search of Sir John Franklin, has been alluded to in Parliament in very flattering terms.

flattering terms.

Affairs on the Continent had undergone no important change during the week preceding the departure of the America, though the events had been neither new nor trifling. In France a new Cabinet has been formed by the coalition of Odillon Barrot and Eurfature. The new ministry is ment as minister of the interior; M. Tocquevilleof Foreign Affairs. and M. Languinais of Commerce. Both Bedeau and Remusat refused to accept the department of Foreign Affairs, in consequence of the difficulties of the Italian question.
Much surprise was excited by the omission of
Marshal Bugeaud from the list. The Paris papers generally express disapproval of the compromise, and predict its failure. The Red Republicans are especially violent in denouncing the new min-

The message of the President of the French Republic, to the Legislative Assembly, was published in the Paris papers of Tuesday. It is composed upon the American and not upon the European model, and fills four columns of the European

affection for France, has not been yet realized, and he has returned to Paris for farther instructions. Some accounts say that he was recalled, and that the same messenger carried positive instructions to Gen. Oudingt, to reduce the city of Rome, he would commence the attack with an army of 25,000 men on the 30th of May. The Romans have announced firm resolution to defend to the death the avected assemble.

May. The Romans have announced firm resolution to defend, to the death, the expected assault of the French, and is stated that they have an efficient force of 80,000.

The Pope still persists in demanding the unqualified renewal of his powers as a temporal ruler, and this the triumvirate, backed by the people declare they will never concede. There is at the bottom of every heart, says Mazzini, a determination, the most profound, to accomplish the destruction for the temporal power of the Pope, all bear the same hatred of the government of Priests, under whatever form it may be presented. We shall fight to the last against all projects of a restoration.

Inc. Frankfort Parliament has transferred its sessions to Stutgard. Its influence will be exercised to form a Republic after the French model, to be composed of Baden, Wirtemburg, Rhenish, Bava-

The Plenipotentiaries of Prussis, Hanover and Saxony which the principle of universal suffrage is recognized. In the present, as in the previous attempt to form a union of the German States, the King of Prussia is made the prominent head.— Austria is excluded from the present arrangement but the assent of the other States is in ited

The war in Hungary presents no new features. Hungarians, no event has occurred calculated that have achieved faither, and in some respects important victories.

The latest intelligence from Venice left the Austrians, under Marshal Radetski on the eve of bombard ing that city in which was closely invested on all The Paris Journal of Thursday furnish intelli-

gence from Rome to the 2d inst. up to which date hostilites had not commenced, though Gen. Oudinot denounced the armistice on th 1st. All accounts received from the French departments, represent the appearance of the growing crops, in the most favorable light, and the same may be said also of the crops in England. In Ireland, however, although there are yet no grounds for positive alarm, yet there are unmistakeable evi-All accounts received from the French depart-

for positive alarm, yet there are unmistakeable evi-dences of the existence of the fatal disease in the growing potato crop, and especially in the vicinity in Ireland, had been commuted to transportation for life. The people of the western provinces in Ireland are represented as in a most deplorable condition; society is atterly disorganized,

It is a matter of astonishment to all the Denocrats in this, as well as other parts of the State, to witness the burning malice with which the Conductor of the Hartford Times has been pursuing one of our most worthy and respectable citizens, for a year past, commencing with the gross and libellous attacks during the session of 1848, and continuing the same course through the late session of the Legislature, and followed up with another brutal attack in the

Times of Saturday last. This man and his abettor may probably find their course soon checked, in a manner not

very pleasant to either. The daily rebukes which the Conductor of that Paper has received for several weeks past, would have convinced any other man, that his course finds nothing but universal condemna-

We suppose the above communication has eference to articles which have appeared occasionally in the " Times," in which there has been an evident attempt to prejudice the minds of Democrats against the present Schools Commissioner; but which, as far as we know have met their decided disapproval; and instead of effecting the intended desire, have operated against the defamer. If Mr. Burr has any private difficulty with Mr. B. let him settle it as such, in a fair and manly way. His paper is a leading journal in the State, and is supposed to express the views generally of the Democracy; and as such, he has no right to allow his own private prejudices and opin appear as coming from the party. We do not believe it absolutely necessary for a man to endorse all Mr. Burr's views, to sustain his reputation as a Democrat; nor do we think. that although he assumes the right to dies to the party, that the Democracy will acknowledge him, or any one else, to be the leader or lictator, at least, until he exhibits more canor and discretion.

Mr. Beers is far above the reach of his ipotent shafts, which will not only fall short of the mark, but return open his own head

for The public will please notice the Rail-Road Excursion, advertised by C. A. Kirtland.

** The great delicacy requisite to introduce another competitor among the thousand and one now before the public notice, is felt in its force when we make the attempt. Without further pre-amble, the attention of the reader is called to anothpart of this paper, where will be found statements of truths relating to Palmonary and Scrofulous Diseases and their cure by Brant's Balsam, which are worthy of an attentive perusal.

Lewis, Sussex Co., Delaware, Feb. 3, 1847. Send me Six Boxes of Hunt's Liniment Imme diately. I am entirely out. I have heard of three cases of Corns being cured by twice bathing with nent; several cases of Rheumatism; one case of Croup; and several of weak limbs. I have to furnish the Liniment on the Sabbath, so sanguine was the applicant of its beneficial effects. L. WEST & SON.

Deaths.

In Oberlin, Ohio, May 9th, Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of Isaac Penfield, Esq., and daughter of Mr. Asenath B. Allen, of Watertown, Conn.

Sons of Temperauce,



THE Fourth of July is to be celebrated a FALLS VILLAGE,

SONS of TEMPERANCE, OF the several "Divisions" in that vicinity, by the firing of guns,

MUSIC

Processions, and an ORATION, by that eloquen champion in the cause of Temperance, GEORGE W. BUNGAY. The Arrangements are on the most extensive

Sons of Temperance, Washingtonians and Citizens generally are invited to attend

BANTAM FALLS.



The People of Bantam Falls and vicinity, in-tend to commemorate the Fourth of July, in the following manner: 1st.—At 10t o'clock, A. M., suitable Divine Lakes and Mountains. Services, and a Discourse for the occasion, in

2d.—Thence the company will move in procession, under the direction of Mr. HENRY PRATT, Marshal for the day, to the Grove of Capt. Daniel Stoddard, near the village, and there partake of a Pic-Nic Dinner, provided by the Ladies, and Free to all.

3d.—This will be followed by Addresses from Rev. Ww. B. Hoyt. G. H. Holliers. For

3d.—This will be followed by Addresses from Rev. Wm. B. Hoyt, G. H. Hollister, Esq., Mr. J. W. Savage and perhaps others.

The remainder of the day may be spent in the Grove, or in sailing and Fishing Excursions on Bantam Lake, (near by.) or in any other way that the company shall find agreeable.

The Celebration is to be entirely FREE and PUBLIC; and ALL are cordially invited to unite with us, both in the preparation and participation of these festivities in honor of our nation's

great Anniversay.

ELIJAH ROUSE,
D. B. STODDARD.
F D. HARRIMAN,

Bantam Lyceum.

In addition to whom, the Lyceum have chosen the following gentlemen as a Committee at large, to co-operate with the above, forming with them a Board of Managers; which Board is desired to meet at Mr. P. Parkhurst's Store, Saturday, 30th, at 6 o'clock, P. M.:—

Stephen Breesell Abover Landon Sharman

Saturday, 30th, at 6 o'clock, P. M.:—
Stephen Russell, Abner Landon, Sherman
Landon, William Coe, Henry R. Goslee, Chester E. Goslee, Lucius Wilmot, P. Parkhurst,
Charles A. Dudley, Abel H. Clemons, J. Peters, Willis Stone, Thomas Coe, Hiram G. Kilborn, William Keeler, F. S. Stoddard, Frederick Bissell, Benjamin Bissell, T. Kilbourn,
C. Palmer, P. Kilbourn, F. D. Harriman.

GLASS.—A Large assortment of French and American window glass, at low prices. 1 American window glass, at low prices. 1
At the DRUG STORE, No. 4, South St.

BRANDY, Wine, &c., for medicinal purposes.

dy. Old Port—pure juice—Old and good Maderia

Wines; Holland Gin, &t. Croix Rum. London Brown Stout all pure, and selected for medicinal purposes, at the DRUG STORE.

Litchfield, South St., June 20, 1849.

CASH and EXCHANGE STORE:

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened the Brick Store in South Farms, where he is now opening a large assortment of Dry Goods, Graceries, Boots and Shoes; at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

Egythes, Rakes, Forks, Farming Utensils, generally. Farmers will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Butter, Cheese, Grain and Produce generally, taken in exchange for Goods at the lowest cash pri-

Please call and examine for yourselves.

GEORGE PIERPONT.
Litelfield, South Farms, June 26, 1849. 3w1

Excursion to New York and Bridgeport! Grand Excursion! JULY 3D AND 4TH, TO NEW YORK AND BRIDGEPORT.

RETURNING JULY 4TH AND 5TH. CARE from West Stockbridge, Gaylord's

For time of starting See Large Bills. C. A. KIRTLAND, Sup't. Bridgeport, June 27.

Farms for Sale.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having removed from the State, offers For Sale his Property in the village of Litchfield, and within three miles of the contemplated Railroad, running from Bridgeport to Winsted, consisting of a good house, tw barns and out houses, a variety of —FRUIT—TREES— fifteen acres of first rate LAND, a part of which is valuable MEADOW, the remainder, good PASTURE, well watered. The above property is pleasantly situate about one quarter of a mile from the Court House. Should the purchaser prefer a house with a less quantity of land, he will be able to dispose of any part of it, the situation being such as to render it saleable. There is rising of thirty rods fronting on North Street, and extending east to the road running from this village to Wolcottville.

The above property has one peculiar advantage—it is entirely exempt from taxation. It will be sold at a LOW rate, and a part of the purchase money can remain on interest if desired.

For further particulars enquire of Mr. O. GOODWIN, or Capt. CHARLES JONES, residing near said property.

JOHN R. LANDON.

47tf Litnhfield, May 16, 1849.

For Sale,

The Farm, which, for many years past has been owned and occupied by John S. Warner, Esq.—Said Farm is situate in the townof Plymouth, about two miles southerly of the center, and about one mile from the Naugatuc Railroad, and contains 175 acres of land, suitably divided into meadow, pasture, plow and woodland, and is a very desirable situation for a Dairy Farmer, who frequently wishes to send his produce to New York, and other

The Farm will be sold for less than its real value, as the decease of Mr. Warner, makes it necessary that it should be disposed of. Terms of payment made easy. For further particulars enquire of Mrs. WARNER, on the premises, DAVID D. WARNER,

JOHN C. LEWIS, Esq's. Plymouth, March, 1849.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable Farm pleas-antly situated in LITCH-FIELD, within about 2 containing from 90 to 100 acres of land, with

omfortable Dwelling House, Barn, Cow-houses, and other out buildings, with an excellent well of Said Farm is well proportioned for Meadow, Pasture Wood and Plow-land, and is well water-

ed. The above property is offered at a fair price, and a Quit Claim and Warrantee Deed will be given, with the exception of an equal undivided half of an acre of land with buildings thereon, which Elisha Mason holds during his and his wife's natu-

For further particulars enquire of the subscriber

BENJAMIN W. MASON. Litchfield, April 18.

For Sale,

DWELLING HOUSE, out-buildings A and TWO ACRES of LAND, situate in PROSPECT STREET, (half a mile north of the Court House,) in this village. The buildings are all in good condition, having been built within 20 years, and lately undergone a thorough repair, and delightfully situate in the most sightly and pleasant part of the town, with a clear view of both Lakes and Mountains and within four miles of the

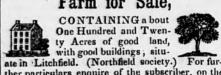
his family into another county near his business, will sell the above property considerably less than its real value:

GARRY BISSELL.

Litchfield—may 29

49tf

Farm for Sale,



ther particulars enquire of the subscriber, on the ISAAC TUTTLE.

D Door below the Mansien House, South St., would respectfully inform the Ladies and Gen-tlemen of Litchfield, and strangers visiting the town, that he has in store and is receiving a large assortment of Foreign and Domestic

GOODS,

suitable for the SPRING TRADE, consisting in part of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, great variety; Calicoes of entirely New Styles

and FAST COLORS. Fancy Dress Plaids for Children. SUMMER COATINGS AND PANT

STUFFS.

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATIN

READY MADE CLOTHING!

GROCERIES

-ALSO-A large and well selected Assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, which will be sold cheap for CASH or approved

Ever grateful for the full share of patronage received for the last year, we pledge ourselves to strive to be worthy of a continuance of the same.

N. All kinds of PRODUCE taken in except of GOODS at CASH PRICES.

Thenfield, April 19, 1849, 434

By-Laws of Canaan.

SECTION 1st.—That if any owner of any neat cattle, shall suffer the same to go at large, out of his or her enclosure, it shall be the duty of the Haywards, and shall be lawful for any person, to take up and impound the same. And whenever Bridge, and intermediate stations, to New York and back, \$2 00.

Fare from West Stockbridge, Gaylord's Bridge, and intermediate stations, \$1 00.

The best of the same of the been taken doing damage, and impounded, and shall be liable to the same penalty for neglect to give such notice: And if the owner of such creature be not known, the person impounding the same shall proceed, and such creatures shall be liable to be proceeded with, and sold, in the same manner as if said cattle had been taken and imbounded, doing damage, except that it shall not be necessary to have any regard to any fences.

SEC. 2. The owner of any such cattle so imbounded, shall not receive or replevy the same, unil he shall have paid to the pound-keeper the sum of twenty-five cents for each creature so impounded; whereof one half shall be to the pound-keeper, and the other half to the use of the person impounding the same; and until he shall have also paid to the pound-keeper his lawful expenses for providing food and water for such creatures, while his creatures are so impounded, shall be liable to the same penalty for neglect to replevy the same, as if the same had been taken doing damage, and impounded. Provided always, That no one penalty incurred by any one person, at any one time, by virtue of this By-Law, shall exceed the sum of three dollars. Provided also, That any one person, who has a family residence within said town who shall get permission in writing, from the Selectmen, may suffer one mitch cow to run at large on the public highway, between the rising and set ting of the sun, and not incur said penalty.

SEC. 3. That the Town Clerk be directed to record the foregoing By-Laws, and cause the same to be published four weeks successively, in a news printed in Litchfield.

Dated at Canaan, June 25, 1849.

The foregoing is a true copy from the Record of the said Town of Canaan Attest, GEORGE WATSON, Town Clerk.

Woodbury By-Laws.

TECTION 1st .- That for the period of two years, from and after the 15th day of July, 849, all Horses and Horse kind, Asses, Mules, Neat Cattle, Sheep and Geese, shall be restrained from going at large on the Commons, Highways and public roads, within the limits of the town of

Woodbury; -- Provided-One Cow, only, in the possession and owned by any person or persons belonging to and having a family residing within said town may be allowed to go at large within said town, upon the commons, highways and public roads.

SECTION II. That the owner or the person possessing any Horse kind, Asses, Mule or Mules or Neat Cattle. which shall be found going at large, contrary to the next preceeding section, shall forfeit and pay a pen-alty of I wenty-Five cents for each and every of said animals going at large on the Commons, Highways or Public Roads, aforesaid, and Five cents or each Sheep so going at large, and for all Geese Five cents each to be paid to the Hayward or other person taking up said animal or animals and mpounding the same.

SECTION III.

That any of the said animals so going at large and taken up by the Haywards or other persons, shall be impounded in the common or town pound in Woodbury.

That the Pound Keeper receive and keep all said creatures so lawfully taken and brought to the pound, and to provide for their necessary food and water while in pound, and he shall be allowed Twelve cents a day for Horse kind, Asses, Mules and Neat Cattle, each; and Three Cents for Sheep and One cent for Geese, each, per day, and the poundage and expenses shall be paid by the owner or owners, possessor or possessors of the creatures so impounded, in addition to the penalty imposed by the second section.

The owner or owners, possessor or possessors of any creatures so lawfully impounded shall not redeem the same out of pound until they have paid the pound keeper his lawful poundage fees, and ex-

penses of providing food and water for such creatures while in pound and the lawful penalty imposby the second section, to the Haywards or im-

SECTION V.

Provided-The owner or possessor may take the same from pound by writ of replevin.

SECTION VI. When any Hayward or other person shall have mpounded any of the creatures aforesaid, he shall rive notice thereof, within twenty four hours, if the owner or owners, possessor or possessors thereof be known, and for the neg ect thereof, he shall forfeit the sum of Twenty-five cents per head for every beast or creature by him impounded, and the same for every day, after the first day he shall neglect to give notice, as aforesaid, for the use of the owner r possessors thereof, who shall recover the penalty by any proper action and shall also pay all necessary expenses to the pound-keeper, for providing such creatures with food and water.

SECTION VII.

If the owner or owners, possessor or pessessors of any creature so impounded, shall refuse or neglect to replevy or otherwise lawfully take them out for the period of Twenty days after notice they are so impounded, the Hayward, or person impounding, or the pound-keeper, shall apply to some constable of the town of Woodbury, who shall notify the owner or owners or possessor or possesors, of the time and place of sule of such creatures within said Town, which notice shall not be more than eight days, nor less than five, before the the time of sale, and shall, at such time and place by him appointed, sell so many o! such creatures at Public Auction, as may be necessary to pay the penalties incurred by this By-Law, and the poundage, the expenses of keeping and selling such creatures—and the remainder, not sold, such constable shall return to the owner or owners, possessor or possessors, or if, on the sale of any part thereof, there be any balance of the avails thereof in his hands, he shall pay the same to such owner or owners, pos sessor or possessors, and such sale shall be nade within ten days after application to the Constable,

SECTION VIII.

That these By-Laws be published, by adverti-sing in the LITCHFIELD REPUPLICAN, Newspaper printed in Litchfield, the same, being easiest of access from Woodbury, in which a News paper is printed, which publication shall be found weeks next preceeding the 15th day of July, 1849

The foregoing is a true copy from the records of said town of Woodbury. Dated at Woodbury, June 5th, 1849.

Attest LEWIS JUDD, Town Clerk.

PILES CURED.

A N almost sure remedy for this terrible disease may be had at the Variety Store, South Street. Persons afflicted with this complaint; may try the medicine, and if they are not benefited by it, will have their money refunded.

1. K. WALLACE & CO. Woodbury, June 14, 1849.

Probate Record.

Notice.

To the Probate Court for the District of Canaan THE application of William M. Burrall respectfully showeth :- That he is guardian to abezBrewster, of said Canaan, minor belonging to said district, and that said minor is the owner of the following real estate, viz :- A certein piece of land situated in the First Society of said Canaan at Falls Village, and is bounded as follows, viz: North by the Highway leading easterly from the Arch under the Housatonic Rail Road; East by the Six Rod Highway; and South by a Highway. leading to the Depot of said Rail Road, and by Russel Morris' land, and by Edward P. Hunt's land; and West by land owned by William S. Marsh, and by Highway; and containing about four acres of land, being valued at about fifteen

hundred dollars. AND HE FURTHER SAYS, That the estate is at present unproductive; that the avails thereofare wanted for the support, maintenance and education of said minor, and that it will be for the advantage of said minor to sell the same, and invest the avails thereof according to law; wherefore, he providing food and water for such creatures, while says, that there is just and reasonable cause for pound. Also, the owner having had notice that selling the same. He therefore prays the Court to order said real estate to be sold, and to empower him or some other meet person to sell the same pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided. Dated at Canaan. June 11th, 1849. WILLIAM M. BURRALL, Guardian.

District of Canaan, Probate Conrt, ss. 1

June 16, 1849. ORDERED. That the foregoing application be neard and determined at the Probate Office in Canaan, on the 8th day of September, 1849, at 10 o'clock, forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in some public newspaper near the place where such real estate lies, three weeks successively, at least six weeks before said time assigned.

3w52 WILLIAM PIERCE, Judge

NOTICE.—The Court of Probate for the Dis-trict of Litchfield, has limited and allowed six months from the date hereof, for the creditors to the estate of Daniel Stevens, late of Litchfield, in said District, deceased, in which to exhibit their claims for allowance and settlement. Those neglecting to present their accounts within said time, properly attested, will be debarred a recovery. ALL persons indebted to said estate are request

ed to make immediate payment to
THOMAS B. STEVENS, Adminstrator. Litchfield, June 25, 1849.

DR. SPEAR'S SO MUCH CELEBRATED INDIAN VEGETABLE MEDICINES,

RE Universally Acknowledged to be the Saf-A est, Cheapest, and Most Effectual Remedies for the various Diseases of the human system, ever offered to the public. They can be relied on with confidence to cure all curable cases. Their action is immediate and thorough, eradicating disease in its worst forms. Thousands wlo have been pr nounced incurable by their Physicians, yet live to testify to the virtues of these extraordinary pre-parations, having been restored to sound health

These Medicines are too well known to require an extensive notice. Scarcely a village exist thro' out New England, where living witnesses canno be found to tell of their inestimable value.

We will name here, some of the principal Medicines and their uses, referring the enquirer after health, to the "FAMILY PHYSICIAN," a work edited by Dr. J. S Spear, where may be found a brief treatise on the origin and nature of the principal diseases which afflict humanity; directions how to preserve and restore health, together with some certificates from highly respectable persons, testifying to their healing virtues and urging their importance. This book can be obtained of Dr. Spear's Agents,

BALM OF LIFE, Nos. 1 & 2.-For Consumption, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Com-plaint, Debility, Nervous Affections, Phthisic, Asthma, Palpitation, Bronchitis, &c. CATARRH SNUFF.—For Consumption,

Catarrh, Cough, Headache, &c.; this is a certain cure for Catarrh, and surpasses any other preparation for eleansing the head in cases of colds, etc. THE LIVERWORT PILLS, have been for a long time considered a universal medicine. A trial of one box, will satisfy the patient that they are the best purgative known. They remove the most severe colds, coughs, pains or fevers if taken in season. SCROFULA SYRUP.—This is one of the most effectual agents in use for cleansing and purifying the blood. It removes every impurity cerous nature. It is a compound of seventeen in gredients, and of a purely vegetable character.—
For efficacy and safety, it cannot be surpassed.—
CHOLERA MORBUS AND DYSENTERY CORDIAL, if used according to directions, a
cure is warranted in every case for which it is reconnended. GERMAN LOTION.—This is warranted to cure the Salt Rheum in its worst forms TONIC CORDIAL, is one of the most power ful tonics ever discovered; it is the best female medicine to be obtained. WOMAN'S FRIEND-for falling of the womb. This is the only remedy before the public for this purpose. It obviates the necessity of resorting to instruments, and is unquestionably a most certain remedy. EYE WA-TER.—This is the best eye water now in use.— GRAVEL MIXTURE.—This will cure all cases of the gravel. For other remedies, see "Family Physician."

All the ingredients of the above Medicines are furnished by Nature herself, and are combined in accordance with known principles universally received as sound, by all scientific Physicians. Their merits have been acknowledged by thou sands. They have been tested and proved to be

equal to the consideration claimed for them. If a fair trial fails to restore health, so confiden is the proprietor of their efficacy, that the expense of any other means, which does effect a cure wil be paid, provided it does not exceed one hundred dollars.

dollars.

Principal Office, 570 Washington street, Boston
Sold also by S N Bronson, Litchfield; S Thomas & Son, Plymouth Hollow; A Lewis, Bristol;
S & L Hurlbut, Winchester Center; E S Woodford, Winsted; Crow & Jewett, New Hartford.

Lamp Oil.

PURE Winter Strained Lamp Oil, bleached and unbleached, with other qualities of cheaplamp oil, suitable for winter burning, and an article for Solar Lamps, for 75 cents per gallon, at the 22tf "DRUG STORE."

"Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, & Dve-Stuffs."

THE Subscribers have recently received an extensive assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs and Chemicals, which they offer on as reasonable terms as can be purchased in the State.

Wines and Spiritous Liquors, for Medicinal Physicians' prescriptions prepared at all hours. N. B, -Dr. larvis' ADJUSTER, entirely

Business Cards.

V. B. PALMER, SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING AGENT,

In Philadelphia. New York, Baltmore and Boston.

TELGRAPH OFFICE,

OF THE

Conn. and Vt. Telegraph Line.

Communications sent to all parts of the Union,

OFFICE AT BALDWINS' VARIETY STORE.

LITCHFIELD, CONN.

OLIVER A. G. TODD,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

FFICE next building south of the Mansion

THEODORE KELLOGG,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

KENT, CONN.

HENRY I. FULLER,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law

And Commissioner of Deeds for N. Y. State,

South Kent, Conn.

GEORGE W. PEET.

Attorney & Counsellor at Law

Notary Public,

In the Office of William M. Burrall, Esq.,

South Canaan, Ct.

RANDALL & BELDEN,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

Solicitors in Chancery, Land Agents, &c.

THEY will attend promptly to all business en-

D. E. Bostwick, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

FFICE over Bolles'& Wells' store, in the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. J. S. Wolcott. 50

G. G. BISSELL, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon

Bethlem, Ct.

P. P. HUMPHREY, M. D,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Falls Village, Conn.

C. M. HOOKER,

RESIDENT DENTIST

AY be consulted AT ALL TIMES, (unless

Professionally absent,) at his OFFICE OVER "THE VARIETY STORE."

E. W. BLAKE,

Resident Dentist,

OFFICE A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE

COUNTY HOUSE.

J. DAYTON,

MANUFACTURER OF

SERAPHINES & MELODEONS.

WOLCOTTVILLE, CT.

N. B.—Organs, and Piano Fortes tuned and repaired.

A. B. CHAPIN, Agent,

FOR BOOKS and STATIONARY, at the

ERAL AGENCY OFFICE," in Trumbull's build-

" CHEAP PUBLICATION DEPOT & GEN-

the Ladies of New Milford, and vic nity.

that he has taken the store at the head of Main

Street, lately occupied by A. B. Mygatt, and will open, Monday the 16th of April, a branch of his BRIL GEPORT

Ladies' Emporium,

Where he will keep constantly on hand, a large

assortment of articles, expressly for the Ladies-

consisting of Rich Lace and Muslin Capes, Col-

ars, Embroidered Revere, Hem stitched and plain

Handkerchiefs, Chimmettes, Cuffs, Under sleeves
—wide and narrow thread Laces in great variety,
Swiss and Cambrick edging. Also Inserting,

Book and Swiss Muslin; Black and White Lace Vails, Gauze and Fancy do.; Green Berage;

White and Colored Tarlaton Lisses; Laces; Crapes; Illusion Tabs; Flowers; Gloves; Capes;

Collaretts; Cravatts ; Infants' Caps and Waists , Ribbon Gimps; Fringes; and a great variety of articles, that will be sold as low as they can be

ALSO .- A splendid assortment of Ladies,

Misses, and Children's HATS, Ribbons, DRESS CAPS in great variety; Plain and Mourning do.

N. B. BONNETS CLEANED AND PRESSED.

J. B. RENSHAW,

Litchfield, April 3, 1849.

Litchfield, June 27, 1849.

Wolcottville, May 9, 1849.

ing, opp site the Post Office.

Waterbury, Conn.

42tf OFFICE OVER THE POST-OFFICE.

trusted to their management.

Milwaukie, Wisconsin, Dec. 12th, 1848.

House, up stairs. Litchfield, April 5th, 1848.

-PROFIT SYSTEM,-

AT THE FAMOUS

The Age of Wonders.

227 Main St., Hartford, Ct.

Magnificent Preparations

Are made at this celebrated Emporium, for the ac commodation of

THOUSANDS OF VISITORS, During the Session of the Legislature. The Governor and Suite,

Senators & Members of the House,

Ladies and Gentlemen, Are all, most respectfully invited to call and reap the advantages so lavishly distributed in ELEGANT RICH, FANCY AND

Super LUSTROUS BL'K SILKS & SATINS Together with New . Rich, Fashionable, Mediums

and Common

DRESS GOODS Of every style, grade, quality and description under the Sun, to suit all classes and conditions of men, women and child en,

At AMAZINGLY LOW PRICES! AL BROCHA, CRAPE AND SMMMER

SHIA WILS. We always remember the married, and par-

ticularly those who expect to be, as our enormous

Housekeeping Goods

will bear witness. Linen, Damask Goods, Counterpanes, Draperies, Linens, Sheetings, &c, &c. TRANSPARENT

WINDOW SHADES.

PAPER

GANT GOLDEN and GOTHIC FRESCO the most beautiful Papers in the world, for Parlor, and Halls. ITALIAN LANDSCAPE FRE SCO, Pannel and Ceiling Papers, with ornament al corner and center pieces, LANDSCAPE an RAINBOW CURTAIN PAPERS.

The eye can be feasted, the taste gratificand the DOLLARS SAVED!

AT THE CELEBRATED BUSY

"BEE HIVE!" 227 Main St., Hartford, Conn. STARR & BURKETT, Proprietors.

17 N B Country Merchants, supplied with Satin and Common Papers, Curtain Papers, Boders &c, &c, at the lowest New York prices.

ply of Fresh Ground Wheat FLOUP

Rye Flour, Corn Meal, Provender, &c. N. B .- A quantity of NEW BAGS for sal Wanted .-- 500 bushels of CORN, for which cash will be paid. J. & E. GOULD. Litchfield Mills, Litchfield-may 30-1m*

The Full Blood Inglish Bull, "Earl of Devon!"

WILL be at the STABLE of the Subscribe the ensuing season. Farmers who are distributed in the transfer of the TERMS are LOW, and circumstate.

For the excellence of the stock, reference m be made to Messrs. Lewis and Myon Marsh. CAPT. SOLOMON MARSH. Litchfield, May 16, 1849.

New Grocery and Meat Market. THE Subscribers would take this oppor

tunity to inform the inhabitants of Litchfield, and the Public generally, that they have fitted up the basement rooms under the Store of Bolles & Wells, in West Street, in a neat and comfortable style, for cleanliness and coolness in Summer, and warmth in Winter; where they will be happy to wait upon their customers, and furnish them, on the most reasonable and satisfac-tory terms, with Groceries of all kinds, and Meats of every description, and of an excellent PHE Subscriber would respectfully inform

OYSTERS and REFRESHMENTS. and most of the Luxuries of the Season may be had at all times. FRUITS, both foreign and domestic, may also be obtained at a cheap rate.

Grateful for past favors, they would confidently solicit a continuance of patronage. EDWARD O. PECK.

BENJAMIN S. PENDLETON. Litchfield June 20, 1849. tf 52

Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Litchfield Mutual Fire Insurance Company, will be held at the Mansion House in Litchfield on the FIRST MONDAY in JULY, 1849, at 2 welock P.M., for the choice of Officers, and to transact any other business proper to be brought before said meeting. A general attendance of the members is requested.

JASON WHITING, Secretary.

52 Litchfield, June 20, 1849.

Notice.

The Stockholders of the American Knife C are hereby requested to meet at their Factory, Thursday July 5th, 1849, at 2 o'clock P M.
MILES MORSE.
DAVID S. CARLES
Plymouth Hollow, June 18th 1849.

GREAT BARGAINS! In Real Estate.

HE subscriber offers for sale, in the States of Illinois and lowa—FARMING LANDS in Illinois, in the Counties of Peoria, Warren, Mc Donough, Mercer, Calhoun and Hancock. VILLAGE LOTS in the State of Iowa, in the Towns of Fort Madison, Burlington and

Bloomington.

The above Lands are offered in separate parcels or ALL TOGETHER, and will be sold at such rates as will offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS to purchasers, or will be exchanged for Eastern Property, on fair terms.

Litchfield, Dec. 11, 1848.

Prepare for the Sickly Season. THE Rev. B. HIBBARD'S Vegetable Anti-Billions Family Pills, have for 25 years been administered with uniform success, as a preventive, and cure for the various maladies produced by indigestion, vitiated secretions, and impure blood. A large class of diseases is comprehended under their heads, among which are diarrhoea, choleramorbus, inflammation of the stomach and intestines, and all other affections of those organs—billious complaints, nausea, loss of appetite, athropy, pleurisy, the different varieties of tever, and all inflamatory diseases. The operation of these pills is directly upon the radix of these disorders in the bile, the blood, and other fluids of the body: Their efthe blood, and other fluids of the body: Their effect is to disinfect, expel, restore by their anti-putrescent, cathartic, and renovating properties. At this season, when the vital system, exhausted by the heat of summer, but imperfectly performs its functions, they may be taken with advantage by the healthy, while to the weak and ailing they will prove

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS and CHEATS.—See that the full name, Rev. B. Hibbard's Pills, is on the label of each box. and that they are prepared only by Doctor Timothy R, Hib-bard, No. 96 John st., New York. All others are spurious and irresponsible, injurious alike to those who take them, and to the reputation of the genuine Pills—and there are several such cheats, industriously circulated, with plausible stories of being genuine. None are genuine except as stated abo See that 96, John st., is on the label of each box. For Sale at the "Drug Store," and by Mr. A. C.

Smith, in this village; by W. M. Hungerford Wolcottville, and dealers throughout the county.

To all Whom it May Concern. HARTFORD COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Company LOCATED AT HARTFORD, CONN.

THIS old and well tried Company have been in existence about seventeen years; and it is confidently believed, that no Company in the United States, have done as much business with

This Company do not pretend to be under the direction of Members of Congress, Ex-Judges of Courts, Ex-District Attornies, Ex-Supreme Court Commissioners, Presidents of Banks, Post Musters, or any other High Functionaries, which are but "Sounding Brass or Tinkling Cymbals;" but under the direction of unassuming FAR-MERS and MECHANICS, who, we have no doubt, will continue to manage it for the best g of its members at large, as they have hitherto

"They are prohibited from insuring in Blocks, or exposed parts of Villages, or taking risks on Mills, Shops, or Machinery," or even "SAW-MILLS, Churches, or School Houses. They take nothing but the safest kind of Property—do not exceed three fourths the Cash value of any property, and not over \$3,000 on one risk. THEY PAY ALL JUST LOSSES WHEN DUE.

The undersigned are duly authorized Agents for the above Company, and design visiting the several Towns in Litchfield County as soon as practicable, and giving all who may wish to do so, an opportunity of becoming members.

Every man on reflection, will see the impor-tance of being insured in his own State, in preference to any otner. "A word to the wise is suffi-All communications should be directed to Nel-

son Tuller, Middlebury, New Haven County, Conn. If so, they will be promptly attended to.

NELSON TULLER,
DAVID WOOSTER,

Agents.

May 1, 1849.

William E. Arnold's Celebrated Washing Machine,

TNVENTED at Rochester, N. Y., 184,4 and are now manufactured in the most of the United States. They do not fail to satisfy all that become acquainted with them. They are cheap, simple and durable, and do not wear cloth, or hurt hooks and eyes, buttons, &c.; will squeeze

a bed-quilt dry.

I am making, in some towns in this county, and and wish to sell the right to make, to others. I have sold the right, in Berkshire co., Mass., to individuals in different towns, who are successful, and have made it a lucrative business for two years past. I have liberty to refer to several individuals, some of whom have used the machine three years past, all of whom will extol them beyond my description. I shall add names as I obtain them, in different towns. the references may be nearer to new purchasers. -Berkshire Co., Mass-F. Rob.

REFERENCES—Berkshire Co., Mass—F. Rob-inson, Esq., W. C. Plunkett, Jason Clapp, Esq., Hon. H. Shaw, Sam'l Fargo and Gen. Judd. Litchfield Co.—Fitch Ferris, Esq., Sam'l Adams, Literfield Co.—Fitch Ferris, Esq., Sam'l Adams, Col. Holcomb, Mason Peck, W. Hunt, Bradford Cole, Judson St. John, Capt. Weed, W. H. Walton, (President of the Iron Bank.) Hortion, (President of the Iron Bank.)

Plinney Foot, P. K. Kilbourn, W F Baldwin.
My residence at present, is Sharon, where I shall sell Territory, and Machines.
The Machine occupies but little room, and can be used easy; it has no fault.

10 HN B. JUDD.

Sharon, Sept. 25th, '48. JUDD.





DR. TOWNSEND'S

SARS APARILLA.

Wonder and Blessing of the Age.

The most extraordinary Medicine in the World!

This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles: it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cares without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the Patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla per old other medicines is, that while it eradicates the disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINES

Ever known; it not only purifies the whole system, and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. at has performed within the last two years, more than 10,000 curses of severe cases of disease; at least 15,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 10,000 children during the two past seasons.

10,000 cases of General Debility and want of Nervous Energy.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy by the effects of medicine or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgance of the passions, and brought on a general physical prostration of the nervous system, lassitude, want of ambition, fainting sensuations, premature decay and decline, hastening towards that fatal disease, Consumption, can be entirely restored by this pleasant remedy. This Sarsaparilla is far superior to any

parilla is far superior to any

Invigorating Cordini,

As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity
to the limbs, and strength to the muscular system, in a

Consumption Cured.

cause and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured

Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colder,
Catarrh, Coughs, Ashma, Spitting of Blood,

Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Nigl's

Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pais in the Side, 4c., have

been and can be cured.

BPITTING BLOOD.

**Rev York, April 28, 1847.

Dr. Townsend—I verily believe that your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad Cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quantities of blood, had night Sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results.

Your obedient servant,

WM. RUSSELL, 65 Catherine-st.

WM. RUSSELL. 65 Catherine-st.

Female Medicine.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient Consulaption, Barrenness, Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Costiveness, Piles, Leucorrhea, or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation. Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof and for the general prostration of the system—no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of Barrenness. It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed but we can assure the afflictet, and hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Thousands of cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with fine, bealthy offspring.

The Mothers and Married Ludies.

To Mothers and Married Ladies. To Mothers and Married Ladies.

This Extract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in reference to female complaints. No female who has reason to suppose she is approaching that critical period. "The turn of tife." should neglect to the interest of the same of the

es to which women are subject.

It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies, by removing the impurities of the natural energies, by removing the impurities of the body, not see far stimulating as to produce subsequent relaxation, which is the case of most medicines token for female weakness and disease. By using a few bottles of this medicine, many severe and painful surgical operations may be prevented.

Great Blessing to Mothers and Children It is the safest and most effectual medicine for purifying the system, and relieving the sufferings attendant upon child-birth ever discovered. It strengthens both the mother and child, prevents pain and disease, increases and enriches the food, those who have used it think it is indispensable. It is highly useful both before and after confinement, as it prevents diseases attendant apon childbirth—in Costiveness, Piles, Cramps, Swelling of the Feet Despondency. Hearthurn, Vomiting, ing of the Feet. Despondency, Hearthurn, Vomiting, Pain in the Back and Loins, False Pains, Hemorrhage, and in regulating the secretions and equalizing the circulation it has no equal. The great beauty of this medicine is, it is always safe, and the most delicate use it most successfully, very few cases require any other medicine, in some a little Castor Oil, or Magnesia, is useful. Exercise in the open air, and light food with this medicine, will always ensure a safe and easy confinement.

Beauty and Health.

Cosmetics, Chalk, and a variety of preparations generally in use, when applied to the face, very soon spoil it of its beauty. They close the pores of the skin, and check the circulation, which, when nature is not thwarted by disease or powder, or the skin inflamed by the sikalies used in soaps, beautifies its own production in the "human face Divine," as well as in the garden of rich and delicately tinted and variegated flowers. A free, active and healthy circulation of the fluids, or the coursing of the pure, rich blood to the extremities, is that which paints the countenance in the most exquisite beauty. It is that which imparts the indescribable shades and flashes of loveliness that all admire, but none can describe. This beauty is the offspring of nature—not of powder or soap. If there is not a free and healthy circulation, there is no beauty. If the lady is fair as driven snow, if she paint, and use cosmetics, and the blood is thick, cold and impure, she is not beautiful. If she be brown or yellow, and there is pure and active blood, it gives a rich bloom to the cheeks, and a orilliancy to their eyes that is fascinating.

This is why the southern, and especially the Spanish ladies, are so much admired. Ladies in the north hao take but little exercise, or are confined in close boms, or have spoiled their complexion by the application of deleterious mixtures, if they wish to regain clasticity of step, buoyant spirits, sparkling eyes and beautiful complexions, they should use Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. Thousands who have tried it, are more than satisfied, are delighted. Ladies of every station, crowd our office daily.

Notice to the Ladies.

Notice to the Ladies.

Those that imitate Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, have invariably called their stuff a great Remedy for Females, &c., &c., and have copied our bills and circulars which relates to the complaints of women, word for word—other men who put up medicine, have, since the great success of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla in complaints incident to females, recommended theirs, although previously they did not. A number of these Mixtures, Pills, &c., are injurious to females, as they aggravate disease, ad undermine the constitution. Dr. Townsend's is the only and best remedy for the numerous female complaints—it rarely, if ever fails of effecting a permanen cure. It can be taken by the most delicate females, in any case, or by those expecting to become mother, with the greatest advantages, as it prepares the system and prevents pain or danger, and strengthens both mother and child. Be careful to get the genuine.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the Blood. Three persons cured in one house

eases of the Blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

Three Children.

Da. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad Sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under great obligation.

Yours, respectfully,

ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Woosterst.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the City of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.

Albany, April 1, 1847.

resparilla, and believe it to be constrained in the market. H. P. PULING, M. D. I. WII SON, M. D. E. B. BERIGGS, M.D. P. E. ELMENDORS, M.D. P. E. ELMENDORS, M.D.

CALTION.

Owing to the great success and immense sale of Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla, a number of men who were formerly our Agents, have commenced making Sarsaparilla Extracts, Elixirs, Bitters, Extracts of Yellow Dock, &c. They generally put it up in the same shaped bothes, and some of them have stole and copied our advertisements—they are only worthless imitations, and should be avoided.

Principal Office, 126 FULTON Street, Sun Building, N. Y.; Rodding & Co., 8 State street, Boston; Dyott & Sons, 132 North Second street, Philadelphia; S. S. Hance, Druggist, Baltimore; P. M. Cohen, Charleston; Wright & Co., 151 Chartres Street, N. O.; 105 South Peari Street, Albany; and by all the principal Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

For sale wholesale and retail, by F. &L. Alle ,Bethlem; and at the sign of "Drugs & Medi-cines," No.4, South street, Litchfield, Conn.

TAVERN STAND DRY GOODS, GEOCERY AND

PROVISION STOLE.

THAT well known Stand in West Street, in the second block of buildings we' of the Court House, is still occupied by the subscriber, who keeps constantly on hand, and for sale at the most rea

DRY GOODS of every description, and of the best qualities.
GROCERIES of all kinds—a large and general

assortment. Attached to his establishment, is a DESTABLY DESIX

where may be had at all seasons of the year, the Fresh, Salted, and Smoked. PORK-Fresh and Salted. Ham, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, &c., &c. _ALSO_

A great variety of fresh, and salted FISH, and all kinds of FOWLS.

SATURDAY! IN N. B.—His Tavern, is fitted up in the best style where Travellers and Boarders can be entertained and accommodated with superior FARE, and the most PLEASANT LODGINGS, on terms that no one can reasonably find fault with.

STILES D. WHEELER, Agent.

Litchfield, April 25th, 1848. tf 44.

Blacksmithing.

Clang! Clang! the sounding anvil rings, And Art forthwith at it's loud bidding spri 78 And Enterprise, and Husbandry and Skill With giant strides, their destiny fulfil.

THE Subscriber still continues to carry on the

Blacksmithing business, in all its branches, at his stand in North-Street, formerly occupied by Mr. Carrington. Ever bearing in nind the motto-" Strike while the Iron's hot !". hetrusts that for cheapness, symmetry and durabil ty, his work will stand the test, and prove itsel inferior to none that is manufactured in this section of the country. Let all those in want of articles in his line of business, give him a call, and see if they cannot be as well, (if not better) suited with his work and prices, as they can be at any other es

Particular attention paid to HORSE-SHOEING. HUGH DUNN. Litchfield, Aug 1.

Boot and Shoe Store.

JAMES W. WILSON

WILSON
OULD respectfully inform his friends and W the public generally, that he has on hand, and is constantly manufacturing a good assortment of Boots and Shoes, warranted equal to any in this town ; which he offers for sale on the mos reasonable terms. All orders for work, will be thankfully received, and promptly and faithfully Repairing done at short notice,

He has lately removed his establishment to No South st.—1st door south of the Mansion House Lirchfield. South st., Nov. 25, 1848.

NEW GOODS.

We have just received from New York, a good assortment of seasonable DRESS, and other GOODS—among which are, some very good Calicoes, at 4 and 6‡ cts.; Ginghams at 10 cts.; Splendid Muslins and Lawns, at 15 cts.; Bleached Cottons, at 7 cts.; and many other styles equally low, at the "Variety Store."

W. F. & G. H. BALDWIN.
Litchfield, April 4, 1849. Litchfield, April 4, 1849.

DRUGS MEDICINES, PAINTS OILS, CHEMICALS, DYE-STUFFS.



A T the Sign of "Drugs and Mercicines," South Street, may be four an extensive assortment rich and genuine Medicines, obtains i from the importers on the most favorable terms and will be sold at a small advance from cost, cor-

sisting in part of—
Alcohol, Muriate, Carbonate, Aq. 1 and Alcohol Ammonia. All the preparations of Antimony.
Anatto, Balsams of every description, Brimstone Flowers of Sulphur, Bropzes of Jifferent shader and varieties, British Lustre, Mexican Jet Lead Cochineal, Chalk, Coperas, Cobert, Cocoa, Chlo ride of Lime and Soda, Diamond Cement, Emery Extracts of Sarsaparilla, Conium, Dandalion, Jalap. Licorice, Gentian, Belladonna, Liyosciamus, Colo cynth, Spruce, Vamilla, &c., &c. Gum Shellac, Aloes, Myrrh, Opium, Guaiacum, and Arabic of different qualities, Glue a large assortment, Russian and American Isinglass, Iodine, Hydriodate of Potass, Ipecac, Lozenges, Morohine, Mustard, Nut-megs, Cloves, and all kinds of Spices, Nursing Bottles and Tubes Opidilioc, Pumice and Rotten Stone, Pills of various kinds, Quinine, Quicksilver, Rhubarb, Sarsaparilla and other roots, Rosin, Salts of Lemon, Epsom and Glauber Salts, Sal Eratus and Syrups of various kinds, Sponges, Ferres's Cream, Military, Castile and a great variety of Shaving and Toilet Soaps, Self-adjusting and other Syringes, Butler's, English and American Seidlitz Powders, Tamarinds, Ointments of all kinds, Bleached and unbleached Winter Sperm, Neats Foot and Whale Oils, Prepared Oil for Painting, Spirits Turpentine, Camphine, Olive and Castor Oil, Bristle Brick, and a large assortment of all other articles usually kept in a city Drug Store : allof which wi

be sold at reasonable prices.
J. G. BECKWITH. Litchfield, June 26, 1847.

Books, Periodicals, &c.

THE Subscriber continues to supply by express mail and otherwise, all orders for Books, Periodicals, Engravings, Music, &c., addressed to him, at 156 Nassau street, New York. He furnishes Catalogues of Standard Works, and the latest publications of the day, from which, selections can be made, and to which he will annex the prices at which he will supply them. Much time and labor, is thus saved by purchasers, who are assured that he will furnish them at the Publishers' lowest rates. Orders, post paid, attended to as usual, with prompt-

itude and dispatch.

Librarians, Teachers &c., as well as individuals, will find it convenient and to their interest to address

WILLIAM PATTON, 156 Nassau street, New York. Feb. 22, 1849.

100 bbls, Extra Super. Flour, FOR sale in any quantities to suit puachasers.
Enquire of ROBERT WILLIAMS. Litchfield, March 21st, 1849.

"Not for a day but for all time." STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY HUNT'S LINIMENT,

AS now given abundant evidence of its heal-ing powers, and proved itself the most extra-ordinary and wonderful medicine in the world.— In the short space of two years, it has acquired a eputation for curing discose and relieving pain far greater than any medicine over discovered. Its wonderful cures have astonished the Medical Faculty, who now universally concede its great value They speak of it in the highest terms, and com-

mend its use.

It is condemned by none. On the contrary, ITS PRAISE IS UNIVERSAL. The cases of cure are so numerous that it would take volumes to recounn them; and it is a fixed fact, and it is not dis puted, that as a pain extractor, IT HAS NO EQUAL! For the many astonishing cures, see the pamphlet, to be hod of each agent. If you suffer with either of the diseases for which it is recomended resort at once to its use, and be cured .-For the following diseases, it is an infallible reme

Spinal Affections. Rheumatism, Paralysis and all Nervous Affections, Sult Rheum, Croup or Hives Ague in the Breast and Faec, Weakness of the Joints, Colds, Tooth-ache, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Ulcerated Sores, Indolent Ulcers, Burns, Frosted Feet, Corns, Bunyons, Fresh Wounds, Swellings and Bruises, Scrorulous Affections, Musquite Bites and Poisons. Price, 25 Cents per bottle.

For Sale by the following Agents: T A Welton, New Milford, D Giddings, Gay-lords Bridge, E B Goodsell, Bulls Bridge, G Hopson, and Barker, Kent Plains, M Harrison, & Iron Company, Cornwall Bridge, Prat: & Foster, and James Scoville, West Cornwall, J W Beers & Co, North Cornwall, G F Peck, Ellsworth, D Gould, &G F White, Sharon, Barnum Richardson & Go, Lime Rock, Brewster & Paige, Canfield & Robbins, H Ames, Falls Village, G & E P Hunt, J G Caulkins, South Canaan, E T Humphrey, Lakeville, R Bull, Salisbury, Landon & Co, Chapinville, G Humphrey, Canaan, Depot, F G Layrence G. Humphrey, Canaan Depot, E. G. Lawrence, Norfolk, R. Rockwell & Go, Colebrook, S. & L. Hurlburt, Winchester, M. & C. S. Camp, H. Perkins, Winstead, Doolittle & Go, Hitchcocksville, W. B. & S. Alvord, New Hartford, Crow & Jewett, A. Baker, Bakersville, N. Smith, Torrington, W. N. Hungerford, James Gardiner, Wolcottville, A Miles & Son, Goshen, H P Welch, Milton, D Tomlinson, New Preston, F Boardman, S E Bostwick, New Milford, G Hanford & Co, Bridgewater, G W Smith, Roxbury, Thos, Brinsmade, Washington, W C Bristol, Woodbury, Warren & Newton E Curtiss, Watertown, S Thompson & Son; Ply mouth Hollow, Humaston, Camp & Co. Plymout C N Case, P W Noble, Harwinton, W F & G H Baldwin, Litchfield, Geo. E Stanton & Co. Sing Sing; F. L. Allen & Co., Bethlem. Nov. 9, 1847.

ARE YOU INSURED **FARMERS'**

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COVERANY, At Granville, Washington County, New York.

Over Twelve Millions Insured! And are now issuing at the rate of 20,000 policies per Year!

A LARGE CASH FUND ON HAND.

THIS Company have been in existence four years, and their success is without a parallel the history of Mutual Insurance.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS for the above Company, would respectfully call the attention of those not insured in Litchfield County, and will be happy to receive applications from those who wish their PROPERTY INSURED, and give such information as they may wish. They insure none but the safest kind of Prop

rty, and take no risk over \$2000. Their Policies are made on fair and equitable rinciples, giving these insured an equal chance with the Company, being entitled to full amoun of damages, not exceeding the amount insured without deducting ONE-THIRD, as is customary

with some other Companies.

They are prohibited from insuring in Blocks, or exposed parts of Villages, or taking risks on MILLS, SHOPS, OR MACHINERY.

They are responsible for the correctness of all surveys made by their Agents, and AGREE TO ARBITRATE ALL MATTERS OF DIF-FERENCE IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE LOSS HAPPENS. Allosses have been paid to the satisfaction of the claimant, and before

The above Company offer inducements to those not insured, unequalled by any other Company. The Premium Note is only about one fifth a as other Companies require : and the CASH PAY MENT does not exceed on 1st and 2d class property, Five Dollars on One Thousand for Five

Rates of Insurance.

1st Class Property, Dwelling Houses of Brick r Stone, with slate or metal roof, † of 1 per cent. 2d Class Property, Dwelling Houses of Wood, and Out Houses, 1 per cent.

Hay, Grain, Farming Implements, Stock, Household Stuff, insured for the full amount, at the same

rate of the buildings.

A Note is only required (say on \$1,000 at 1 per A Note is only required (say on \$1,000 at 1 per cent.) for Ten Dollars; and the Cash payment is only 33 } per cent. on the Note, which is \$3 33 Policy and Survey,

Whole Cash payment,

\$4 83

The increasing Cash fund warrants the belief. that no tax on the Premium Notes will be necessary for a long term of years; and the Directors as sure the public that all losses will be settled with

Promptness and liberality.

The Company is under the direction of the Hon.

David Russell, late Member of Congress, Hon. Solomon C. Cowen, late Judge of Washington County Court of Common Pleas; Hon. Cornelius Allen, late District Attorney, L. W. Bishop, Esq. late Supreme Court Commissioner; Henry Holmes

Joseph U. Orvis, Esq., of Troy.
DAVID RUSSELL, President. ARCH BISHOP, Secretary. S. S. COWEN, Treasurer.
CURTIS L. NORTH, West Meriden, General agent for Connecticut.
L. E. WEBB & F. K. WILCOX,
Agents for Litchfisld County.
19.1849. *6m43

President of the Washington County Bank George Clements, Esq., Post Master at Fort Ann

April 19, 1849. Fancy Note Paper; FINE ASSORTMENT—Just received at the "VARIETY STORE."

New Clover Seed. OF superior quality—For sale by
F. D. McNEIL.
44tf

Hops, Hops, Hops. N ANY QUANTITIES to saft Purchasers F. D. Moneil. Litchfield, April 25, 1849.

LITCHFIELD

THE Subscriber, grateful for past patronage still continues to carry on the

CASTING BUSINESS,

in all its various branches, at the old stand in North Street; where all kinds of CASTINGS, will be done, at the shortest notice, and in the most workman-like manner. He has on hand, Oven-Mouths of two sizes-

one at \$1.50, and the other, at \$1.25; Cart and Wagon-Hubs of various sizes; Farmers' Kettles, Furnaces, Sinks, Gridirons, Dish-Kettles, &c., &c. He also manufactures ** LETTERS FOR SIGNS, of the most approved patterns.

N. B. PLOWS manufactured and kept con-

stantly on hand! of various sizes and patterns, among which is the celebrated

AMERICAN PLOW,

decidedly the best now in use. ALSO-All kinds of Brass Castings, Composition Boxes, &c.

WANTED .- Old Iron, in exchange for nanufactured Articles.

LEONARD CARRINGTON. North St., Litchfield, Ct., March 20, '49. 6m39

IRON FOUNDRY,

THE Subscriber continues to execute all orders for castings, at the shortest notice. His list of ry variety of Mill Gearing, Water Wheels, Iron Pulleys of every diameter up to 3 feet, face from 12 nches down to 2; small geers of every kind.

Plows, & Plow Castings, Wrought Iron Beam

Plons, a superior article. To Try them!
Machinery Castings of all kinds and descriptions.
Cart, & Waggon Boxes. Iron Fence, a very hand. some pattern for door yards. Cutter & Sleigh shoes, Oven Mouths, Kettles, Firegrates, etc.

STOVES of every variety and kind, cheap er than the cheapest. Rathbon's large air-tight, the American National, and Vulcan air-tight, cook stoves and furniture, common draft 4 boiler stoves, air-tight parlor stoves—the handsomest pat-terns in the market; box stoves, black-lead, stove pipe, boilers, tea-kettles, &c., &c.

MACHINERY built and repaired. Bald. win's improved, broad and narrow woolen gigs, cotton looms, Baldwin's improved, premium water wheel regulator-superior to any other in the coun try; cheap running lathes, and turning engines straw cutters—a superior article; Baldwin's Pat ent clover machine, for cleaning clover seed. Par ticular attention paid to making patterns, and get-ting up new machinery; two kinds of horse pow-er, for sawing wood, and threshing, the most approved in the country.

WANTED.—Old cast iron.

Washington, August, 15th, '48.

Stewart's syrup. A Superior Article, equal to Maple Molasses AT BALDWINS'.

LITCHFIELD MUTUAL FIRE, INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company has been in operation Fifteen Years, ending July 3d, 1848.

The whole number of Policies, which have been Amount of Property Insured during the time \$2543154. Amount of Property now insured, is "1094621.

The whole amount of cash premium paid into the Treasury during the me is \$12474.35\frac{1}{2}.
To interest received on Loans "1119.63.

" 13593 981 Amount of Premiums now charged on the Books, which can be collected if required \$22232.761.

The whole amount of Losses, which have been paid is \$10551.69. To amount of expen-

ses paid to agents, and for Insurance Plates, for Books, Stationary &c., \$2608.06. -\$13159.75. Present capital, or fund

of the company \$22667.00.

There is no claims now against the company for losses, and during the time it has been in ope ration, there not been any assessment made on the charged premiums. The expense of insurance in this company, on detached Dwelling Houses, has

been but 8 cts., on the \$100 per annum. Officers of the Company 8 WILLIAM BEEBE, President, OLIVER GOODWIN, Treasurer, JASON WHITING, Secretary.

Biroctors a D. C. WHITTLESEY, WILLIAM BEEBE, STEPHEN DEMING, LEMAN W. CUTLER D. C. SANFORD, GEORGE C. WOODRUFF.

Agents of the Caminama 8 Daniel B. Brinsmade, Washington,

David C. Sanford, New Milford, Rufus Fuller, Jr., Kent, Richard Smith, Sharon, Frederick Kellogg, Cornwall, Nelson Brewster, Goshen, Wm. M. Burrall, Canaan, Donald J. Warner, Salisbury, S. D. Northway, & Norfolk, John Dewell, Norfolk, Roger H. Mills, New Hartford, George D. Wadhams, Torrington, Lewis Smith, Harwinton, Elisha Johnson, Plymouth, John C. Ambler, Bethlem, Leman W. Cutler, Watertown, John Abernethy, Woodbury, David C. Whittlesey, New Preston, George P. Tallmage, Warren. Reuben Rockwell, Colebrook, Persons wishing to get their Buildings Insured, can apply to either of the Agents

or to the Secretary.

WM. BEEBE, President,

JASON WHITING, Secretary. Litchfield, July 3d, 1848,

NEW ARRANGEMENT.



For Litchfield and New York, via West-Cornwall, FARE REDUCED.

IN consequence of a hitherto liberal patronage from a generous community, I have deterrimined put on the route from West Cornwall to Litchfield a 4 Horse Coach to run daily (Sundays excep-ted) and by so doing hope to induce a still more extensive patronage and make this route 2d to none in the State, in point of accommodations and

Fare from Litchfield to New York \$2,50. ELIAS HART, Proprietor. West Cornwall, Jan 1, 1849.

1849. · SUMMER ARRANGEMENT:

New Haven & Northampton



Railroad Arrangements, Commencing March 26 O'N and after Monday, March 26th, passenger trains will run daily, (Sundays excepted,) as Leave New Haven for Farmington at 7 A.

M., 1 P. M., and 4 30 P. M. Leave Farmington for New Haven, at 8 A. M., 10.20 A. M., and 5 P. M.

A Freight Train will leave New Haven, at 930
A M, and Farmington at 12 30 P M.
On Saturdays, the train leaving New Haven, at 4 30 P M, will be detained until 8 P M, or on the arrival of the Boat and Evening Train from N Y.



AT CHESHIRE .-- A Stage from Waterbury, daily connects with the A M train for New Haven, at 8 40 A. M. Returning u on the arrival of the evening train, at 5 05 P. M.

Also, Stages from Litchfield connect with the down train at 11 05 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thurs.

days and Saturdays. Returning upon the arrival of the up train, at 1.35 P. M. on Monday, Wednes-

of the up train, at 1.35 P. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Also from Wolcottville, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

At Plainville—Stages from Plymouth & Bristol connect with the morning train for New Haven at 8 15 A M. Returning at 5 30 P M.—Also from Litchfield, through Northfield, Plymouth, Terryville and Bristol, to connect with the 10 30 A M train to New Haven. Returning up. 10 30 A M train to New Haven. Returning upon the arrival of the train at 2 P M—Also a stage leaves for Hartford upon the arrival of the train from New Haven, at 8 A M.—Returning to connect with the train from New Haven at 5 30 P M. At Farmington Station—Stages from Winsted, New Hartford, Collinsville and Unionville, will connect with the 8 A.M. Train to New Ha-Returning upon the arrival of the up train at. 2.10 P. M.

HENRY FARNAM, Sup't. 1849.

HOUSATONIC RAIL ROAD. **地面 新洲**

THE TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS: GOING NORTH, Passenger 10.45 A M 7.00 A M 8.45 " Bridgeport, 11.38 " 8.45 New-Milford, 12.20 P. M. 10.00 1.13 " 11.17

SUMMER ARRANGEMNT.

Kent, 1.13 West Cornwall, 1.46 12.25 P. M. 2.52 " 2.52 " Barrington, West Stockbridge, 3.25 "Arrive at State Line, 3.35 " GOING SOUTH, Passenger State Line, 9.15 West Stockbr'ge 9.25

Barrington, 9.52 " Canaan, 10.20 " 8.00 " 9.00 " Canaan, 10.20 West Cornwall 10.49 Kent, 11.17 " New Milford, 11.50 " 11.17 " 12.20 P M Newtown, 12.43 PM Arrive at Bridgeport, 1.30 " 3.10 " On and after the 28th April, an EXTRA PASSENGER TRAIN will run between

Bridgeport and New-Milford, at 7.15, A. M., and Bridgeport, at 5.45 P. M. Passengers going North, dine at Gaylord's Bridge; going South at Brookfield.

The Cars on this roal connect with the trains on the N York and N Haven R R, which run

BRIDGEPORT AND NEW YORK. Leave Bridgeport at 9.30 A M, 1.30 P M and 4.30 P M. Leave N York at 7.15 A M, 8 A M, and

M Train from New York, con-nects with the New Milford Train. BRIDGEPORT AND NEW HAVEN.

Leave Bridgeport at 10.30 AM, 2 PM, and 5.30 PM, The 2 o'clock PM Train for New Haven takes passengers from the Housatonic Train, and arrives in New Haven in season for the Cars on the Hartford Railroad. The 8.45 A M Train from New Haven, connects with the Housatonic Train, for Albany, and the 4 O'clock P M Train from N Haven connects with the N Milford Train.

Bridgeport, Troy, Albany and New Hevens. Passengers from Troy and Albany for Bridge-port, New York and New Haven, or for Stations on the Mousatonic and New York and New Haven Railroads, take the cars of the Western Railroad leaving East Albany at 7 o'clock A M, change cars at State Line, and arrive at Bridgeport at 1.30 P M, at New Haven at 2.30 P M and New York

Returning—Passengers arrive at State Line in, time to take the cars on the Western R R for Pitts-field, Springfield, Hudson and Albany. Stages run in connection with the cars to Lee, Lenox, Old Stock-

bridge, Curtissville, Winsted, Sharon, Goshen Norfolk, Litchfield, Woodbury, Danbury, Bethel,

Norfolk, Litenness, ...
Pittsfield, &c &c.

The No Agent of this Company is authorized to take charge of Specie, Bank Notes or Valuable take charge of receive them for trransportation on any conditions. C. A. KIRTLAND, Superinter

Bridgeport, April. '49 SUPERIOR ARTICLE just in BALDWING.

