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## VIA THE BRIDGEPORT TELEGRAM

ROCHESTER, Minn. (AP) Supreme Court nominee Judge Harry A. Blackmun says he is versonally opposed to the death yenalty and would not be sur. yrised if it is ruled unconstituional soon.
But Bleckmun, who has upseld the death sentence in past tegal decisions, stayed clear of saying which way he would vote I he is confirmed for the nation's highest court.
The soft-spoken, graying udge may become the tiereaking member of a Supreme court now thought to be deadacked on whether the death jenalty should be banned as ruel and inhuman.
The legal struggle has halted all executions in the United states for nearly three years, with more than 500 prisoners vaiting on "Death Rows" across the country.
He faced the death issue in a ti88 case in which he upheld leJally the sentence of an Arkan3as Negro convicted of raping a white woman. He said in his rulng this was "particularly exrociating for the author of this pinjon who is not personally onvinced of the rightness of apital punishment and who uestions it as an effective deerrent.".

1 suspect ohe day the'case, awaming a new hearing court will take such a case and which has yet to be scheduled. decide it. Now I think this is the The "cruel and inhuman" iskind of issue that the Supreme sue is not part of this appeal, Court should decide, because it and Blackmun would be ineligrnecessarily represents a change ble, anyway, to vote on his own in a decision."

The same case in which Blackmum voiced his personal views against the death penalty is now pending before the Supreme Court on appeal and is the source of most speculation that the justices are deadlocked 4.4 on the death issue.

The court heard the appeal in March 1969, but when the ninth seat was left empty by the resignation of Justice Abe Fortas monder fire last May, the Supreme Corrt postponed the


The death penally aebate is virtually certain to bring questioning at the Senate hearing next week. Although senators have applauded Blackmun's record as a judge, they have been wary about giving blanket support for the nomination after the turmoil of the last two fights.
the jugge sam he is youm back once more through all 906 cases he has handled in 11 years on the bench, sifting them for any possible issue that he feels the Senate should know about.
Blackmun refused to put fabels on his legal tbinking, but did make these comments:

His court philosophym "I guess in a way I'm brought up in the Frankfurter tradition. My answer is that my record has to speak for itself."
Change in court rulings"Law is, in part, social, Man is a social being. I can't get alarmed when they overrule: prior decision, especially if it is $5-4$. Who is to say that five mer 10 years ago were right whereas five men looking the other direction today are wrong?"

Social protest by the youngBlackmun said he had grea: faith in the younger generation that it is more idealistic anc more involved. But he added, " have no sympathy with violence

We can't bring the structure tumbling down around oni -ancontinued on Page 2


## Court: LLOANS cont. <br> The avatanctte of appesis and ansolved legal tanslas. have halted all executions since a <br> Wim kantronet catranen <br> Lpan Policy Set Up For Parolece-to-18e

Soforado man died in the gas thambers in Juine 1967. At least 0.02 persons are now on "Death Row." Some have been under jeath sentence for a decade or more.
nore
Is the Eight Ameindqents ban on "cruel or unusual Junishments." Blachmut dited he same ban two years ago in an opinion striking down the lise of the whip in Arkansas prisons, He said at that time the whidping "offends contemporars concepts of decency and jumeris dignity and precepts of civilization which we profess to possess

> NOT:CE

The dead-line drte for submitting artic les for the surmer issue of the Bridge is May 15 thi.
 Wlomant sid

IHARTFORD-The Department of Correction has established a policy whereby institution heads was make a thans iny an amount not to exceed $\$ 100$ to inmates prior to their release on parole. - This inaa suill be available to those payolees who have no mare flan $\$ 200$ in their account, (1) request initiated by the as What parole officer. These thanas are interest free and no Tepayment will be required for the first 30 working days. Thereafter, payment will be made on veelty basis over a period niet exceeding 10 weeks, or a total of 14 weeks from date of the note.

The purpose of tios alyangement is to provide assistance for individuals who are releas. ed from the institution on parole who have either the necessary funds nor enough community tesnurces to support themselves ustil they have the opportunity to cam wages.

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## The Editozial Desk... open Letter To The Editor

Dear Editor,
Once again, you have made it necessary fort the to be critical of both you and your staff. Also the powers that be il was told that you and your staff were placed in that office because you have a Hittle more format ducation that most of us, but thits is not a tiveys evident as it should be. For one thing, your intelligence falls to inform youl that this caged wopld in whtch we lives is based on $99 \%$ "Oripe:" So pray tell how do we write about the things that plague us without the inflection of the proverball "Gripe.

May I suggest that the most hitellgent and diplomatic means of presentation 2uallable be amployed, and still the vulger head of "Gripe" will rise to enslave what ever logic we may use to avold it.

Item: It seems to me that years ago down at the old prison in Wethersfield, that the staftireporters would get off their fat haunches and go out and get the news, Instead of asitting behind a desk and begging for contrlbutions: How do I kriow, I was there, - 1 tem: it scems to me that we're in for another long hot summer wi thout covers over the bleachers. But l know, this is not hews. After seven year's of inmates sweat in the big yard, how could it possibly be news;

Item: I have been told by several people that last week, they heard on radio and TV also form the Hartfond Courant, that the Department of Corrections nad made publlc a plan by which prospective parolees moy borrow money to at of them up on release.

Now first letme say that 1. head "Ou. Paper" rellglously. And i have neve: known you and your staff to be scooped or something of such magnitude and inporifance to the inmate population. And until I know different, I will continue to keep falth in you. (Smlles)

## W E EKLY S CENE

## - OPEN LETTER 

Hem: Concerning that incident in the Auto School wherein an inmate was saved from being fataly in jured. As you well know, seldom is an inmate if ever given credit for anything which might enhance him in anyway. Its just not the way the cookie crumbles around here baby. "How do I know, I helped to beat out the flames." (1t would never be reported correctly anyway).

Item: W.J.C.R. Radlo has been a subject of constant concern among the Inmate population. It seems that for the past year, they have been having something other than technical difficulties with their broadcasting. But evidently they are having problems with getting the proper authorltles to take action.
Z 1 myself, am an avid Jazz fan. But I haven't been able to hear it on my wall speaker for sometime now. But now you take Country \& Western nights, and its turned up so laud that it blasts you right out of the room. Now I wonder how that can be?

It seems to me that someone is sticking their "clammy greasy" fingers in the works. Maybe you should suggest that they put a guard on the volume controls.

Now Mr. Editor, you can throw this milidy critical bit of testimony into your waste basket if $i+$ steps on too many toes. But some things just have to be sald. You say theses no news for you to print, well you come on out of that plush office of yours and you will find it. (sml te

BIG STAN: First of all let us say that it is nice to know someone DOES read the SCENE. We welcomedexpect criticism, and hope to see more of it. We know there is room for improvement and we are trying.

I don't know who misinformed you about our educational abllities because there are certalnlv men here who are further educated. I think our desire to work in this particular fleld would be more appropiate.

I falsely used the word "gripe" as a synonym because if anyone has "gripes," surely it is this publication staff. What we don't want Is the man's version of how he feels towards another man, or the institution itself. We definetely want to hear the "gripes" in hopes that correction will come about. Your remark and sugges tion are most logical - but we're sorry to afd, not ones that haven't been confronted by all of us before.

You may be absolutely right in saying the staff reporters would get up off their fat haunches and go out to find the news. However, new reguletions prevent us from doling this at the moment; word is changes are in affect and soon we hope to be able to do just that. Here too, we will be asm king for contributions and assistance.

As for covering for the bleachers this year it would be news and it is planned to be done this year.

I was also informed of the news release, but not in sufflclent time for this week's issue nor for officlal capacity. We don't have access to all the local papers all of the time and if it isn't read and/or seen by us, how can we print $1+$ ? (The article appears in this week's issue on page 21 .

1 do know, but why is an inmate seldom given credit. I don't go a long with "thats the way the cookie crumbles", yet I won't delve on my personal oplnions just now. You helped, but didn"t bother to report, why? There are some inmates who do have compassion, even when conflined, or so 1 think anyhow.

Let's let the authorities answer the problem of WJCR, with vour suggestions, backed by many others.

Thanks for the compliment, but our "plush" offlice doesn't have anywhere near the comforts of our cells.

By the way Big Stan, your's is the first letter we'verecelved In many "moons" - that is just another small part of the reason why we ask for contrlbutions: Keep them coming!!


# LEGALING NOTES IM MUNITY 

The following is an act concerning Tmuntty from criminal prosecution and udicial investigations into commission if crime, passed by the regular session if the General Assembly as of June 1969.

$$
\text { PUBLIC ACT NO. } 631, \text { SEC. } 2 \text {. }
$$

Section 54-47 of the general statutes s repealed and the following is substiuted in lieu thereof: (a) Whenever it ppears to the superlor court for any ounty that the administration of justice equires an investigation to determine hether or not there is probable cause - belleve that a crime or crimes have een committed within the county, said ourt may order an inquiry to be made ino the matter, to be conducted before any udge of sald court or a state referee esignated by $1+$. (b) The chlef proseuting attorney for the circult court may pply to the chief court administrator or an order that an inquiry be made to etermine whether or not there is probale cause to belleve that a crime or rimes within the jurisdiction of the :lrcuit court have been committed. If he chlef court administrator is satisfled rom the application and any other papers fevidence subilited in support thereof wat the administration of justice rewires such an inquiry, he shall order hat it be made and shall appoint a state eferee, or after consultation with the hief judge of the circuit, any three udges of said court to conduct the inuiry, with the assistancellof the office子 the chlef prosecuting atforney. If it ppears to the chlef court administrator hat the matters to bel investigated are uch as are usually prosecuted in the uperlor court, he may appoint a juige of he superior court, or a referee to conuct the inquiry and direct the state's ttorney for the county to assist such udge or referee in the conduct of the nquiry.
c) Such(inquiry) inquiries shall be con-
ducted in public or private as sald court or chlef court administrator orders. The attendance of wittnesses and the production of documents at such (inquiry) inquires may be compelled by subpoena, signed by any official authorized to issue such process. If any wittness properly summoned falls to appear or dalls to prosuce any documents included in such subpoena, or if he falls to answer any proper question, the judge or referee conducting such inquiry may report the matter to the state's attorney for the county wherein the investigation is being conducted and such state's attorney may flle a complaint setting forth the facts at any criminal session of the superlor court in such county. The court shall thereupon issue a citation to such witness to appear before seld court and show cause why he should not be punished as for a contempt, and if, after hearing, the court finds that he falls to appear without due cause or falled to produce any document properly to bepresented to the judge or state referee conducting the investigation of falled to answer any proper question in the course of such investigation, it may punish himas it might: a witthess falling to appear, to produce a document properly to be considered or to answer a proper question before the court. Witnesses may be examined by the judge or state referee conducting the inquiry, (or) by the state's attorney or chief prosecuting attorney or by any other atforney or attorneys appointed by the court for such purpose. The officlal stenographer of (said) such superior or circult court or his assisfant shall record any testimony so taken. At the conclusion of such inquitry the judge or referee conducting the same shall file with the court a report and the court shall direct whether, and to what extent, such report shall be made avallable to the public or interested partles. Any transcript of testimony taken at such (Contlmued on next page)

## Legal:

Continued from preceeding page) nquiry shall likewise be flled with the court and it shall have the same powers vith reference to it as it has with reference to the report; provided any person accused of crime as a result of isuch inquiry shall have access at a it reasonable times to the transcript of his own estimony given by himin such inquiry..

## COMMENT

1t would seem that any person sunt aned before such an inqulry would recelve mmunity as to what he testifles to rejarding state prosecution. However, is this same person immune fromifederal prom secution should his testimony lead to a ilolation of the federal statutes? If lot, then the state cannot guatantee 1 m munlty to federal prosecution, therefore is it constitutional to purilsh a person for refusing to testlify on the ground that he is not recelving comp lete immunity? The state does not have the power to grant a person immunity from federal prosecution, and the question presented is: Is Public lat No 631, uncontitutional in that itlakes away a persons FIf th Amendment right yy forcing a clause of immunity which actually does not exist?


# purloined exilotial 

There may have been elements of humbr in the speed with which those towns that were suggested as sles for the new Hartford and New Haven "correctional centers rejected the proposals. But as our Capitol Correspondent, Mr. Morse, pointed out in his Sunday column, the situation now is strictly not funny.

For years, the state has known that its three biggest jails - those at Bridgeport, New Haven and Hartford - are among the worst in the couniry. In 1967, we took their control away from the counties and put them minder a new State Department of Correction; staffed by professionals. In its last session, the General Assembly appropriated some $\$ 15$ million to tear down and replace the three jails which, for all that they have been renamed "correctional centers", are still in most regards monstrosities out of the last century.

- Cl Preliminary plans for modern, escape-proo struclures exist. In Bridgeport, fortunately, there is enough Jand adjoining the old jail so that a new correctional center can be put up at the old site. Ground will be broken there in the fall and the new strucure should be ready for occupancy 18 months after that. But the Hartford and New Haven projects are stalled by the local objections that are raised to every sile that is proposed.

Mr. Morse estimates that about 25,000 wretched indivituals are held for a shorter or longer term in the three institutions each year. Some, of course those who have been denied or cannot make bail have not been convicted of anything. Most are short-term offenders serving sentences for misdemeanars. Many are young; except in special circumstances, the fuvenile courts do not prolect youngsters after their sixteenth birthdays. Many. need institutional treatment of the sort that none of our old jails can offer. And for those who could be rehabilitated and trained for a better life, there is almost nothing.

The money to build the new correctional centers is available. We have been promised that as soon as definite siles for the two new inslitutions are mate known, work can start on the final plans and ground can be broken in a matter of months. And finally, while there is mo such thing as absoJute assurance that no one will ever escape from a penal institution, we have the promise that the new correctional centers will be as hearly escape-proof as modern knowledge makes possible.

As Correction Commissioner Ellis MacDougall says plaintively, "I just think if people will listen nojectively, I can provide the answers." Unhappily, no one as yet has leamed how to legislate objectivy others, submit it to us for use. opulation. In order to make the Weekly cene more en joyable to you \& our "outIde" reader we would like to reprint ore of the articles which appear in the lally news papers. If you receive the lartford Courant, New Haven Register, laterbury Republican or Bridgeport Post, just to mention a féw, we would appreclate raving the use of your paper when you are through reading it. or if you see an article which would be interesting to

## No Longer Funny

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> W E EKLYY S CENE SAT.

## W EEKLY SCENE

## Foolution or erreation patl 11 <br> What force caused a select few to evolve

into a new creature, who made that decislon, who made the selection? Natural selection you say. Another fallacy, did you ever see a pack of big viclous dogs fighting over another dog; the sleekest, fastest toughest males golng af it footh and claw, while a piddling runt answers the call of nature? And the female has a litter of doggy-like pupples. At times 1 am ashamed of the human race when people can be so easily led, duped and bilided by so obvious a lle, upon Investigation, the fraud of frauds. Swimming, after years of speculation, in the Stratis of Madagasca at 800 feet, is the Coelacanth, a proposed premamphibian, still after a million years an unelved flish, unable to live above 800 feet, due to the adverse affects of IIght, pressure and temा perature. And no matter how long or in what gyrating manipulations she coaxed her flns, they have not yet become legs or feet, despite the hypothisis of the sclentists, and her off-spring have a strange resemblence to daddy and mormy still.

Speculating on the origin of life outside of Creation Is blasphemous denlal of a Supreme, intelligent, Omipotent Planner. Is there anything made upon the face of this earth that is made without the use of some type of inteliligence? America would not be going to the moon without intelligence and finite calculations. But some wretched atheists demand that a mindless nothing (nature) created the awesome universe and its life and set up the infinite balances; oxygen from the plant ife, carbon-dioxide from the animals, to be used in turn by the plants, the sunlight that causes photosynthesis, producing clorophyl using the energy of the sun to convert organic elements into starch usable by animals, which turn it into protein and vital elements for our lives. Intricitly balancing the wonderfully efficient systems, only recently
discovered, is the bullding blocks of il fe, the minutest segment yet found, (who is to say that smaller microscoplc spiritual areas do not ex(st?) The DNA - deoxyribonucleic acid only adds credence to the impossibility of accidental spontaneous ilfe without a Master Planner. Man was made by God and men deny it at their peril. For there are great and marvelous experlences in store for those who may not belleve in their Creator.

Percelving shallowly, a mosquito can not in his ignorance be aware of things higher, though we know that there is, so he may say, as men often do, there is nothing greater than us, we can't see God or his spiritual Kingdom or any example of a $l l f e$ to come. Does that make it so? Well, so say the insect untll along comes a man who of a sudden; slap, wop, bam, suddenly the mosquito is rudely awakened to a superior power, only it was too late to save himself. Men don't let that happen to you! Duping you are men with axes to grind, claiming that there is no God, replacing Creation with a "fradulenttheory." We have intelligent minds to welgh the evildence, the evidence is avalioble and free to anyone who would look and seek to burst the big lie-bubble. Using the same procedure the scientific minds would prove that the moon was made of blue cheese. Esposing and uncovering the conspiraturial utterances and figments of power intoxicated imaginings of fools is the greatest need in our world today. The basis of communism and soclalism, of any shade is evolution. The formulators of public opinion and mores ignores and denles the worth of an Individual, making a man just a cell in the social organism as if soclety were the entity rather than the individual. The "head" being the intellectual social-ist-evolutionary and the "body" being soclety. The Soclallst One World Planners base their program on evolution, not on (Continued next week)

## GET SMART" TEAM TRETRS IT RIBE IT IS .o..

On Thursday, April 23, 1970, at 10:00 M., a group of young men from the Westleld Trade School, Westfield, Mass., isited our institution to attend a "Get nart" program. The "Get Smate" team sually goes to the school, but they are ut allowed to cross the state-lines so its group came to us.

The meeting got under way with Mr. Cune, the Vocational Supervisor at Soars, and Mr. T. Healy, a state school zacher. Mr. Healy introduced the members $f$ the "Get Smart" team and later in the rogram he participated in the question nd answer session.

As the flirst speaker walked to the odlum, the audience became extremely intattive and 'you could hear a pin drop.' "lliam will lly the Box", as he is better rown, "23214 talked about the need of sung people to learn to cope withoutugs. He sald he wasn't a "tough-guy," it as "soft as a Callfornta grape:" He Id how insecurity led to his drug problem id confinement.

The second speaker, Ron "Gabe", \#21224 Iked to the podlum very slowly and told $s$ audience about the 'hells' of prison fe. "In prison," he said, "a man senses d knows the loss of hts ithetity and gnity." He tried to reach these youngers by saying, "Freedom is priceless" at breaking the law and coming to prison $n$ and will lead to a life of crlme.

The third and final member of the am, "Demo", \#23130 is also a drug addict. rlouslty of drugs was the leading factor ich led him to addictionand prison. only twelve years he lost more than ny men will ever own and disgrace of it
all becomes almost inpossible to live with. This doesn't have to be the way, but he trled it and now he knows that he falled.

The youngsters were then in for an added treat because being here they were also able to hear from the Crime Prevention program which is sponsored by the C.C.I.S. Jaycees. J. Smith, President of the Jaycees talked to the students about his 11 fe of crime and about the founding of the Crime Prevention program, Crime Prevention is the forerunner of "Get Smart" because when Crime Prevention was first put into action the inmates were not allowed to leave the institution for any reasons and in an attempt to reach the youngster of the country, the Jaycees would send tape recordings to the schools with answers to questions which were asked by the students. Now, the kids are more fortunate because they get to see the men they are hearing.

The chalrman of the Crime Prevention program is also a drug addict and Mike, *23203, told how one day of experimentation with drugs led himto be 'hooked' for ten years.

Following Mike's speech the program continued with the students from Westfleld asking the inmates various questions. At first, the youngsters were timid but then the 'ball' got rolling and some highly Impacting questions and answers were heard None of this was 'put-on' and the plain truth was spoken.

By: R.A.D.
Editor
 onduct report．
ROM：Willlam J．Sherigot Asslistant Warden

## JOBS



Since our last advertisement concern－ ng Employment Opportunlties for the men ho will be leaving this instltution，and he large response that we have recelved rom applicants to this program we have lecided that in order to keep up，with all if the applications to extend the date of pplication to at least one month before he parole board．This will give the ap－ Ilicant more time to be worked with，and a quicker Job Placement，and will enable hose who haven＇t a definlte date，a quick－ ir response，by having the information ilready on flle，and ready for release． here are opportunities for everyone be－ ng made aval lable，but you have to give is more time fellows．

There will be representative of this onmittee avallable to you for informa－ fion，and guldance in the school area ev－ ary night，in the Bridge office，between 3：30 P．M．and 7：00 P．M．

ROM：E，Davis，Chatmian $\&, J$ ，Cont 1, Co－ Chatrman

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
INTERVIEW APPLICATION

JAME
TOUSING UNIT $\qquad$ NUMBER $\qquad$
ZELEASE DATE $\qquad$ PAROLE DATE $\qquad$
IPPLICATION DATE
SIGNATURE $\qquad$

Tuesday－May 5 th－B，C，\＆D Blocks ．．．．．．
Wednesday－May 6 th－E \＆H Blocks
Thursday－May 7th－$Q \&$ J Blocks
The llibrary wlll be closed on these days and will be used for the Book＇fair onver！

## （4）

Cathollc services are held in the Catholic Chapel every Sunday morning af 8：00 A．M．Confessions．start at 7330 A．M． In the chape！．

On Thursday，May 7，1970，services will be conducted in the chapel to cele－ brate，the＂Ascension of our Lord＂at 8：00 A．M．As we all know this is a Holy Day： of Obligation．All members of the popu－ lation are invited to attend these ser－： vices．

Lastly，Sunday School Classes are held each and every Sunday morning in the school area starting at 9：30 A．M．These classes involve discusslons of the text and teach－ Ings of our Lord Rev．Mathew R．Shanley

## 11151 <br> at15iott

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## GOODBYE

(whing Sing is the "big house" of pulp literature and Edward G. Robinson films, where the electric chair was introduced in 1891 but was vigorously opposed by the famous warden Lewis E. Lawes, who served there from 1920-41. Under Lawes the prison took the nation's lead in prison reform, including introduction of a degree of self-government among the prisoners and of vocational education coutses. In later days this included training in the operation of computers.

Now, aiter 145 years of use, Sing Sing Prison is being reduced to a way station for newly-sentenced prisoners en route to permanent quarters elsewhere in New York State's penal system. The prison is so old that the rising cost of upkeep and renovation is deemed unwarranted. Besides, newer state prisons are more escape-proof. Som one-third of the 55 -acre, high-walled Sing Sing complex will be sheared off to make room for a scenic highway.

In its time, because it was the destination point of any felon from the New York City area sentenced to more than one year in jail, Sing Sing housed the most infamous products of every genre of crime from ase-murderers to white-collar cheats, from Cosa Nostra gang member Joe Valachi to spies Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

Sing Sing derives its name from the Sin Sinck Indians, who roamed the Ossining, New York, area back in 1825 when convicts from the Auburn prison arrived with stones floated on flatboats down the Hudson to build the prison high on a hill. Until 1913 Sing Sing was located in Sing Sing, New York, but town fathers, embarrassed by the prison's notoriety, adopted as its new name Ossining, a historical name in the area.

For all that, few people have moutned the loss of the old prison more than community leaders. The prison operated with a $\$ 4,000,000$ budget and employed 522 persons, including 382 guards. Local people were hired, and much of the money was spent locally. Indeed, Ossining had asked that a new Sing Sing be built, but the state's Crime Control Planning Board said the cost would be prohibitive.

Thus a prison that was once feared and condemned is now sorely lamented by a modern generation that thinks in terms of rehabilitating prisoners rather than removing them forever from society.


John glanced brlefly from his apartent window towards the theatre lofated ust down the street. He was able, even n the gathering gloom of the Aprll sky - catch flashes of color as the batingling rowd gathered under the front lobby to watt the opening. of the doors. He was ure that it would be a good size crowd, he kind that made an actor strive to be it his performing best. If nothing else, e thought to himself, his performance his evening would probably be rememberd long after his physical form had been urned to dust.

The gathering clouds visible over he rooftops gave evidence that raln was n the way, and quickly. If it held up nitil after hits performance, so much the etter. Rain would dispell a crowd from ear the theatre, giving him a better hance to depart unnoticed. Though being n actor, an individual who needed large hrongs to appear before on stage, John he man was an individual who quarded to high degree his privacy.

John stepped to the bed to lle down or a few moments, moments he needed beore he faced the crowd, He was a man nose mind was filled with the swirl and ddy of countless faces, names, dates. A Ind that sought to relax, but could not ocause, as always, his herves were too eenly on edge. Acting was a life that alled for constant demand. Each day a aw role, a different interpretation of character, every word and movement set $y$ the man himself to be remembered long fter the curtain had fallen. His rale his evening was perhaps the most demaning of his career. Every the, movement id gesture had sbeen rehearsed over and rer until they could be recreated by shn in his sleep. Everything had to be rffect, John's, mind told him. For night's performance was to be the star 1 the crown of his acting abflity. Toght he would make history!

He rose and began to shrug himself into, his topcoat, when the soft patter on the window signaled the beginitig of the expected rainfall. The scowl that touched his face wastgone in a seconld as he realized the early raln might prove a blessing in disguise. He had to keep his mind on the performance ahead and rain might keep passersby who recognized him on the way to the theatre from stopping him and detaining him with idle prattle.

The sudden ehlll of the night struck Jom as he reached the street, the rain 14 slashing across the city aided by gusts of biting wind. He wrapped his scarf in closer about his face and hurrled toward the beckoning warmth of the theatre.

A few late of inew in the outter entrance cast glances of recognition as he ams 9 stepped towards the barred ticket window to speak with the manager. A smile came to John's face as he leaned forward We: han: speak to the other man, his fulliactor's blus voice surprisingly soft.
"I expect we have $D \because$ mol cut an: काल
"I expect we have a full house this evening, Mr. Ford?"
"Yes indeed sir, even to standees in the rear of the house. A very good opening night crowd, thanks, to the ratn that started after They came in." The manager smiled not only for the slze of the audlence, but for the size of the piles of greenbacks. in the cash box. "lf," he continued "tonight is any sign of the rest of the season, we'll make theatre history!"

"In that case, Mr. Ford, history is not for be kept waiting. It's time for the show to begin.... $5 n^{1+4}$ it? without a walt for the other's reply, John turned and strode into the semirgloom of the an cha theatre. The manager stared at his receding figure and closed the window shade (Continued on page 14.)

## letor

Continued from page 12 ) gainst the invading rain and wind.

Mr. Ford returned to his desk and icked up the attendence ledger for the ight's performance. He paused for a mount, thinking about the man who justst him. Actors certainly were strange sople, he thought to himself, always a vry about the slze of the house. Well, , fear about that this evening. He had fine crowd on his handmand why not? A aw play, a fine actress and the attend ice of the President himself to add to ie glamour of the evening. As far as: ie theatre went, this could prove to be truly historic evening. One that even - actor like the one who had just enared the theatre, Mr. John Wilkes Booth uld appreciate.

Ford finished totaling up the book, or the night, signed his name with its sual flourlsh and added the date at the ottom.....April 14, 1865. He closed the adger and leaned back in his chair.. It soked to him as though this evening at ord's Theatre would be a well remember1 occasion.

## 

On May 4th, we of Today's Group will old our monthly $(0)$ open meeting. iny of the active members have a friend interested or if you would like to acquaint courself with Today's Group, you are rged to attend. We will be discussing, hat preparations are being made for out ip-coming banquet. All members are urged o attned. ubmitted By: Bruce C.

QUESTION: I would like to know why an inmate cannot wear his own sweater when goling on a visit? We buy them with the approval of the administration and it would make the inmate feel more relaxed if he were allowed to wear his own clothing. Signed: Ray Bosworth
ANSWER: The wearing of personal sweaters in the visiting room is not permitted in order tomaintain a standard code of dress in this area.
Signed: W.T. Sherldan, Assistant Warden

## San Francisco Giants '70 Schedule



ALL MOVIES HAVE A SHORT WITH THEM

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WHITE TO PLAY AND MATE IN TWO
ANSWER FOR 4-17-70 PUZZLE

THE RAP OF THE GAVEL somewhat close to all of us in the event that wo should ever find it necessary to call upon the court for assistance. The question af Jurisdiction of Writs in criminal proceedings; a writ of habeas corpus up to a few years ago was the exclusive post-conviction remedy for attacking jurisdiction on the following grounds:

1. Absence of the defendent from the court room during a portion of the trial.
2. Failure of the trial judge to comply with the allocution requirements laid
down ry the statute (as to defendent's rights).
3. Imposition of double punishment for the same oct.
4. Complaints of an Ex Post Factor Law.
5. Double jeopardy.
6. Unconstitutional statute.
7. Extensive prejudicial pretrial publicity.
8. Conviction for a noncrime.
9. Failure the part of the trial court pier to accepting a gutty plea from a recidivist to advise him of the possibility that he would receive multiple offender treatment.
10. Undue delay between conviction and sentence.
11. Failure by the court to order a psychiatric examination of the defendent before him as a sexual psychopath.
It is specified in 10 American Jurisprudence 2 d Coram Nobs si that the writ of coram nobis shall issue also to review and correct an error on the record. This has become known as a petition for Writ of Error Corm Nobs. In New York during the early 1940's the Court appeals established this avenue as further post-conviction relief. Heretofore it had been absolute and was subsequently revived in the Matter of Lyons v. Goldstein, 290 N.Y, 19 (1943).

Whereas habeas corpus was used to challenge a court on jurisdiction, or in exceeding its jurisdiction by imposing a heavier sentence than authorized by the statute, or with errors on the fact of the record, corm nobis, on the other hand, was designed to bring to the attention of the court facts not appearing on the record which tended to vitiate its judgment.

A review of corm nobis is appropiate.
Corm nobis is available to obtain judicial review of the facts as follows:

1. A guilty plea was coerced, or induced by unathorized action by law enforcement officers, or by misrepresentation on the part of the prosecution or trial judge es to the sentence defendent should receive if he took a plea.
2. Defendent was insane or incompetent at the time of trial.
3. The trial judge was prejudiced against the defendant.
4. The state's attorney permitted false testimony to be used at the trial.
5. The state's attorney withheld exculpatory evidence from dependent counsel.
6. Counsel did not advise defendent of his right to appeal nor of the manner in which to do so.
7. Defendent's indigency prevented an appeal from being perfected.

In some situations the same relief has been extended via both coram nobis and habeas corpus as follows:
8. A conviction obtained on an unsworn information.
9. Additional punishment for being armed when in fact not armed.
10. Improper, ly using a prior conviction for sentence as a multiple offender.
11. Incarceration for more than one year on a misdemeanor charge because of inability to pay a fine.

## W E EKLY S CENE

Continied from page
Accordingly, technlcial distinctions between the two writs have been no bar to ellef. Rarely, lridecd, is a wirlt of habeas corpus dismissed because it should have yeen coram nobis; or viceverss.

State courts are plagbed with habeas and coram nobis post-conviction applications wich today represents a difference without any distinction. Free minutes, free counsel ind free appeals are available for the indlgent. When one route has been exhausted onother is tried. Sometimes two different routes are tried at the same time, for the same!relief, on separate grounds.

The history of post-conviction habeas corpus and.coram nobis writs in the state ourts abounds in duplication and miltiplicity of litigation, of time, effort and exsense, with resultant congestion of calenders. This is particularly so in those four or five countries in which penal institutions are located, since habeas writs are reurnable in the county where detained. Hearings are conflined to those four or five ounties in this state.

Coram nobls writs, on the other hand, are returnable in the countyliof conviction. hus, a prisoner who wants a free ride home to see his family can aiso avialihlmself If this process. Let me hurriedly add that not all writs are thus motivated.

More and more collateral attacks are being made on convictions, if not to secure - elease from incarceration, or a change of scenery, then to prevent a-multiple offender sentence in a sister state, to prevent deportation, or for the return of a driver's I cense.

To cope with this situation it would appear that a new all-inclusive post conviction arocedure will have to be adopted. Jurisdiction should be in the county of conviction so as to spread the hearings among the elght countles. It may be accomplished by a coram nobis which is even broader in scope thst habeas corpus or by a completely new motion.

If is evident that there is an essential need for new post-judgement. remedies to replace or consolldate the following:

1. Coram nobls (brought in court of conviction).
2. Motion for resentence (brought in court of conviction).
3. Notion for new trial on ground of newly-discoveredevidence (court of conviction).
4. State habeas corpus (in county of detention).
5. Federal habeas corpus.

With Increased appellate litigation due to free appeals to the indigent and the prollfic employment of post-conviction proceedings all the state courts are inundated.

State legislation cannot curtall federal lltigation, except that broader state post-conviction hearings may result in only a ceview by the federal, court rather than a plenary action.

Two new proposed motions--"motion to vacate judgement" and "motion to set asldew a sentence"--brought in the court of conviction would replace the present coram nobls motion. However, habeas corpus cannot be suspended (Art. 1 subdiv. 4, of the U. S. Constitutionl.

The following proceedings are constructively proposed:
(1). Adoption of a centrallzed clearing house computer system to record all the proceedings instituted by a prisoner. Right now mo one has any idea 35 to how many writs were sought, where they were filed, the relief requested, the hearings held, and the findings made. This could cut down duplication and multiplicity.
(2). Arrange for lawyers and competent law students to visit prisoners and to advise them of thelr rights. This could ellminate the endless stream of useless, frivilous writs needlessly clogging the calender where there is no possible chance of success.

| W E E K L Y Y S C E N E |
| :--- |


30. Uncooked
33. Hesitate
34. Man's nickname
35. Type of auto body
38. Conditionally released
40. Force out legally
42. Soda flavor
43. Worships
45. Securing devices
48. Before
49. Winglike part

M50. Body of salt water
51. Syria (abbr.)
52. Dírected
53. Presidential nickname

## DOWN

A1. Camel's hair fabric
2. Anid not
3. Clad
4. Involve.
5. Oózes
6. Owns
7. Troubles
8. Played the host
9. Dark brownish
color
10. Signs
11. Break open suddenly
17. Short jacket
19. Play idly
21. Body member
22. Body of salf wate.
23. Sweet liquid 100
27. Pinnacle of ice
29. Telephone exchange
30. Akin
31. Consumed wete
32. Marry 90 blo
33. Carplike fish
34. Protective body
35. Dries up
36. All
37. Underwater worket
39. Mechanical man
41. Season (Scot.)
44. Melancholy
46. Small boy
47. Curved timber



Unscramble these four Jumbles,
one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.


| LEVED | ramatamon |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $Y I F F T$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (v) |  |



Now arrange the circled letter: to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. AS A


## 18 <br> 


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falasi thoni? . Y

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रilmaitibno3 .3E beaselor

aqlaH is beand bamwone AS Spring Cyele Menu \#1 - May z throughb May, 9,01970 SUNDAKem ybog is Citrus frubt ss Colduicereal2 IS Coffele Gake? If Milk mbiaffees B.O.S.epmarloxe MONDAY MilA , DE Stewedpprunes Cold Cereal St Scrantidgreggs Tosstovitstony, As MI : K quailo . दع O.S.C. IIA .dE TUE SDAXviabnl TE Tometo Julee Hetm CeneatoM.PE Pastrox noras? . IA B.O.S.C.M. MEM AS
WEDEDAY WEDNESDAY M : AA Grapeffultm Secfions Groddle Cakes w/ 3oyslf sboez .SA Roasw Ohicken belarth iPs zezivg Singe Dressing/Gravy Mashed Potatoes twa Grieen Beans/lce Cream
 \{.addब) sivy2 .la Vanixe . Rot Rogst |sitbrownh Graw vy Whars)lifed Potatoes Peas \& Carrots fetpeo w/Topping
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Bolled.Franks/Cabbage Homelfried Potatoes Butterscotch Pudding -B.O.S.C.M.

Spagetf w/Meat Balls Grated Cheese hoot stichepits Salad Jell-o
Syrup
Cotd Cereal


Cold Cereal


B.O.S.C.MTO bodo vor ERIDAY Apple Julce
ColdCenea
Fried Eggs
Toast $0,5, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{M}$.
SATURDAY
Blended Juice Batmeal
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Assorted coldocuts e

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Fried Fillet of flounder wtarter saucell.
Ay Gratin Potatoes
AKernet Cornttce Cream
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Chocolate Pudding


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