
INSTITUTION ADMINISTRATION


ASST. WARDEN OPERATIONS
A. cyeulski
SCENESTAFF

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lairence oliver EDITOR } \\ & \text { SPORTS EDITOR } \end{aligned}$ | ASST. EDITOR |
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# La Is memetion Is rehabilitation a lost cause? 

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the problem will just go away. Meanwhile life "inside" gets tougher as security is more heavily emphasized. When you restrict thousands of offenders in prisons a few acres square, surrounded by a granite wall, what else can be emphasized? Worse yet, when 1 do leave, I wonder: what will t walk into this time with my $\$ 50$ "gate money" apathy or active antipathy?
In 1970 , Ramsey Clark noted that 80 per cent of the nation's serious crime was committed by repeaters. I think it's safe to assume that the figure has gone up with the crime rate over the past five years. This year it has been noted that 90 per cent of 10,000 offenders released annually are back within five years, 60 per cent of them within one year.
Along with his figures, Clark also made the observation that "wengeance at most, can only be a private balancing, not an atonement between the the individual and the state."
Prison, today, is still an instrument of vengeance. Our own Warden Gray was quoted in a Milwaukee daily newspaper recently as having stated that punishment, then rehabilitative efforts, are the third and fourth functions of this prison; the first two being the protection of society from the offender and the protection of the offenders from one another. To me it is incomprehensible that anyone can still wonder why the crime rate continues to rise.
As I see it there are only two options, as there have been all along. Realistic reform must be implemented or security given precedence over everything else. When vou consider that the median
age of offenders has dropped to the early 20 s nation-wide and that they are breaking the law and coming to prison as never before in our history, the security forces necessary to police such a huge, itherently volatile mass will far exceed anything previously anticipated and will preclude any ultimate solution to anything for anyone.
"Rehabilitation" will will become an unworkable concept in the coming megaprisons and America will be well on its way toward its own peculiar brand of Gulag Archipelago. And God help us all then, "inside" and "outside."
The motivated offender coming out of prison today (and there are some) has a tough go ahead whatever his prospects of circumstances. We hear a lot about "responsibility of society to the offerder who has failed.
How about our responsibility to ourselves as a basically ethical and God-fearing people? We have in our midst a penal structure that is a self-perpetuating economic entity, accountable, apparently, only to itself; that is not only not effecting anything positive but actually contributing to the problem of escalating crime. Within an atmostphere of total control, thousands of human beings are consistently denied their dignity as human beings, their sence of personal worth, even the means to acquire any meaningful" "responsibility."
And in the final analysis, it is not only the offender who suffers, but we as a society, as an ethical and God-fearing people. As, indeed, we are as of this moment. Altering Criminal Behaviorzo! is Is Goal Of College Project

Connecticut's correctional institutions, increasingly worried about what some call "juvenile delinquents grown up," are turning to two colleges to reinforce the rehabilitation process for minor offenders.

The Commission for Higher Education, with the sanction of state corrections officials, is giving $\$ 31,000$ in federal funding to Southern Connecticut State College and A muhurst College to find ways of curbing recitivism (return to prison) rates.
Set for September, the program is no quickie course in psychology.
Nor will it deal with cause of crime, one of the more commonly used approaches.
Designed for some 50 inmates in staterun New Haven and Brooklyn correctional centers, the college effort will instead focus on behavior and how to alter it.
Director Benjamin Levy, an urbanologist at SCSC, says data on cause is voluminous but imprecise.
"You can have as many variables with respect to cause of crime being related to almost anything under the universe," he said.
"It can range from if you don't have a mother or if you came from a broken home to too little or too much money.'
SCSC and Annhurst officials

subsequently narrowed the field to the one common denominator incriminality-behavior.
"They're all acting out something," says Levy.
"We're not involved with social or psychiatric pathologies, nor are we concerned with hardened criminals or those tied with organized crime.
"Basically, we're looking for juvenile delinquents grown up, persons who can be rehabilitated."
Inmates ranging in age from 20 to 30 will be involved in workshops over a four-week period divided into classroomtype and community service sessions.
Three Southern professors will concentrate on the New Haven facility, while an identical number from Annhurst will work with Brooklyn inmates. College personnel plan to compare notes through the sessions and pool their best ideas during the year-long process.
Alarming statistics from Massachusetts and California indicate recitivism rates as high as 85 per cent.
Levy says the rate for Connecticut is "probably comparable."
Edmund Gubbins, education director for the Connecticut corrections department, once estimated half of the approxi-
mately 3,000 inmates in the state's four correctional institutions and seven centers haven't completed eighth.grade.

Both colleges will concentrate on improving problem solving skills and determining direction for inmates who need more education or a job.

# OPINION AND COMMENTARY 

## Who assassinated John Kennedy?

Why, after more than a decade, do so many Americans still have doubts about the assassination of President Kennedy? Why is it hard for so many of us to lay this one event to rest?
For the doubts, and the doubters, are there. They are vocal - and they are listened to. In the first days of April alone, three major national publications carried articles featuring doubts about the Kennedy assassination. A conference about these questions was lately held at Boston University and at present six members of the U.S. House of Representatives, led by Rep. Henry Gonzales of Texas, are pressing for a new investigation.
I have been at work on the assassination for several years and I believe that the Warren Commission, which was set up by President Johnson immediately after the assassination to try to ascertain the truth, not only was well motivated but that it reached the right conclusions. The commission found that Lee Harvey Oswald had killed the President, had done so alone and that there had been no conspiracy. Going on the "hard" evidence alone, it was probably the strongest case ever assembled against a single individual.
But the commission's report has shortcomings. I find them mostly in the area of Oswald's motivation. Because of the shortage of time (the commission finished up in 10 months), the profusion of false leads which it
wasted precious weeks tracking down, and a predilection on the part of the commissioners for "hard" facts over evidence that might have shed light on Oswald's complex personality, the report failed to flesh out a convincing portrait of Lee Harvey Oswald as a living, breathing human being who, in his eyes anyhow, might have had cause to kill the President.

Thus a few witnesses were not questioned who ought to have been. Crucial witnesses who knew Oswald well were wasted - because they were questioned ineptly. The final eleven volumes of the commission's 26 volumes of supporting evidence are so atrociouly organized that they are hard for anyone to use, and easy for some to distort.
Because of my interest in motive, I am eager to track down as many as I can of

Oswald's movements, even his thoughts, during the year and a half before the assassination. Sometimes I need to know what time of day a certain photograph was taken or how. long a particular bus ride might take at a given hour of day or night. With difficulty, I have managed to extract guesses at least, from the very back volumes of the report, but nowhere have I found critical newspaper clippings of April, 1963, announcing the return to Dallas of Maj. Gen. Edwin A. Walker; whom Oswald attempted to shoot on April 10 Yet evidence of this kind can shed light, not on the Walker attempt alone but on the Kennedy assassination.
The commission's decision to sequester even the smallest bit of autopsy evidence was a catastrophic mistake. Publication of all the material, especially photographs of the head wounds, would have hurt everyone's sensibilities but it would have prevented, for all time, the now obsessive questions as to the direction of the final shot.

Now that doubts have been sown and questions are alive on every side, what can be done to set the country's doubts to rest?

I favor any honest investigation that stands a chance of bringing new facts to light or even ventilating old ones, since we have today a new generation, of college age and younger, which has never been exposed to the hard facts that at first made the Warren report so persuasive.
But I believe doubts will never be set to rest as to whether Oswald was, or was not, a secret agent. No intelligence agency is going to step forward and say. it hired him. It would be a miracle if evidence of this nature should be unearthed. I feel certain that Oswald was not and could not have been anybody's agent. But most of my evidence is negative. It lies in understanding his personality.
Lastly I believe that the killing of a President, or a king or father, is the hardest of all crimes for men to deal with. As Freud pointed out, it is this crime that stirs the deepest guilt and anxiety. A hundred years after the fact, questions still stir about the assassination of Abraham Lincoin. For the doubts about this one crime, the crime of parricide, lie as deep as human nature itself. No matter what steps are taken, what investigation may be authorized or what autopsy material made public, I suspect that the doubts about President Kennedy's murder are going to be with us forever.

##  <br> CИASometido por: luis roque Por F.R. Tovar

Desde el nacimiento de la isla hasta el ano 1973.
Nota: Companeros, la siguiente historia cronologica de Puerto Rico sera publicada semanalmente (dependiendo de mi animo), y les urgo a que estudien, debaten y critiquen esta seria de articulos. Pues como dijo un famoso Ensayista, Critico y Catedratico - Antonio S. Pedreira (1899-1939) "Atentos a la dimension espanola y a la nortelamericana, hemos olvidado buscar la tercera dimension que es la nuestra, la puertorriquena.
luis
 ********************************************************************************** PREHISTORIA Y DESCUBRIMIENTC
 La historia de puerte Ricd comienza con el descubrimiento de la isla por Cristobal Colon en el ano 1493, dưrante su segundo viaje al Nuevo Mundo. Sclamente entonces surge la isla de la oscuravision de la indccumentada Edād de Piedra a la incierta pera reveladora luz de la histcria astestiguada. Todo antes de esa es prehistoria. Las vagas tradiciones transmitidas por los ultimos indios se desvanecen pocc a pocc en barbara anonimidad solamente unas pocas generaciones antes del Descubrimiento, y nos encontramos con una pared en blanco. No obstante los indios aborigenes habian vividouen Pierto Rico durante cientos de anos, y cuando por primera vez pusieron pie en la isla, esta ya habia existido vacia de habitantes humanos por indecibles "ecns" de casi imperceptible evolucion, desde aquella inconcebible remcta era en que fue separada del continente americano. Tcdo lo que conoce del pasado precolombino ha sido deducido de los indios, los artefactos que dejaron atras y el "testimonic de las rocas" la muda evidencia arrancada de la tierralmiam por la ciencia moderna.

$500,000,000 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{C}$. Puertc Ricc, fue una vez parte del contimente.
En la era Paleozoica, de 1,000 millones de anos A.C., Puerto Rico formaba parta de una masa continental o puente de tierra ligada al continente americano y posiblemente, alguna vez, a Europa. Ia Era Paleozoica cubre les inimaginables "eons" durante los cuales ila vidawse fue desarrollando paulatinamente en aste planeta desde los simples organismos unicelulares en los trepidos mares primigenics de la Fra Protozcica, (la era de la mas temprana vida) hasta mas complejas formas de vida vegetal y animal. Haciablel final de esa era fue cuando las plantas, anfibios y reptiles aparecieron subre la faz de la tierra. El continente prehistorico del cual Puerto Rico formaba parte, cubria la entera region del las rocas los fosiles encontrados en estratos sedimentados de aquel periodo inconcebiblemente remcto indica que America y Eurcpal estuviercn unidas una vez, o por un puente intercontinentalio por una cadena de islas. En cualquier caso, Puerto Ricc formaba parte entonces de unal solida masa de tierra unida al continente americana. ladl amins aidl aif if fuo bolmod


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## POP MUSIC REVIEW

## Spinners Strike

## a Balance

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The Spinners, an ambitious quintet, have felt they couid do more than perform in soul concerts and blacik clubs. The trick was to alter their music to get bookings in hotel casinos, supper clubs and theaters in the round and also keep the soul audience that buys most of their records.
They have successfully accomplished this feat. Their concessions to the pop audience have not been radical enough to alienate their hard-core soul fans.
As part of a quest for a more diversified audience, the Spinners made their debut, with extraordinary singer Minnie Riperton, on Monday night at the Greek Theater, which was nearly sold-out. This exceptionally entertain ing show, which ends Sunday, inaugurated the outdoor arena's 23 rd season.
The Spinners consist of five merry, 30ish men-Henry Fambrough, Billy Henderson. Pervis Jackson, Bobby Smith and Phillipe Wynne-who seemed to be in constant motion. The bulk of their material was upbeat songs energetically embellished by tastefut choreography.

## A Taste of the Old

They sang mostly old hits-sueh as "Tll Be Around" and "Could It Be I'm Falling in Love"-and selections from their latest album, "New and Improved," but also included some standards. In expanding their repertoire, the group has had the good taste not to select schmaltzy songs like "My Way" and "The Impossible Dream," that most artists with a specialized audience include in their acts when attempting to appeal to a mass audience. The Spinners have chosen fine standards like "Fascinating Rhythm" and "Tenderly," which they performed well.
Their numbers were bolstered by classy orchestral accompaniment. The recorded versions of their hits boast strong soul support. With orchestral arrangements, these songs are still palatable, but a slicker, smoother sound has replaced that hard-cedged soul sound.

## A Bit of Parody

The comedy portion of the Spinners' show consisted almost entirely of impersonations of singers like Tom Jones, Elvis Presley, Al Green, Otis Redding and Sam Cooke. Nearly all of them were amusing and accurate. The best were the hilarious parodies of two old Motown singing groups-Diana Ross and the Supremes, whom the Spinners imitated in raunchy wigs, and the Marvelettes. Thankfully, the Spinners have abandoned their tasteless impersonation of Stevie Wonder.
They ended the well-paced set with a marathon version of their blistering rhythm-and-blues hit, "Mighty Love." It was a very well-conceived finale. Audience fervor, which had been steadily building during the last few songs, peaked during this number.
Minnie Riperton, one of the best female singers in pop music, opened the evening with a typically superb set. Miss Riperton, whose voice has incredible range, sang a wide variety of material, from the angelic ballad "Lovia' You" to the potent rocker, "Adventures in Paradise."
Her trademark is the spine-tingling high notes that are prudently scattered throughout her songs. Like Sarah Vaughan;' she sounds like an opera singer who is using a fraction of her vocal abilities for the limited demands of pop music material.

On stage, Miss Riperton häs a warm, rather dignified
manner. She did very little talking, but still managed not to seem aloof.
Most of the set was devoted to material from her new. album, "Adventures in Paradise." The lilting "Inside My Love," which has caused some controversy because of its suggestive lyrics, was her best number.

Miss Riperton received towering support from her sextet and the house orchestra, which admirably duplicated all the arrangements of the recorded versions of her songs.

## WALTER'S

## JAZZ

## WORKSHOP




Chord progressions in general are very repetitious. There are millions of different melodies, but all of them may be harmonized with just a few basic chord progressions.

The most popilar chord progression is: I IV V7 I. In the key of "C" this would be: C F G7 C, etc.

RCMAN NUMERALS

1. I-IV-V7-I
2. I-IV-Idim-V7.-I
3. I-VaIm-V7-I
4. I-vi-11-V7
5. I-I\#dim-ii-V7
6. I-VI7-II7-V7-I
7. I-vi-II7-V7-I
8. I-II7-V7-I
9. I7-IV-II7-V7
10. I-IV-I-V7-I
11. I-VKi-V7-LLT-V7-I
12. I-I7-IV-IVm-I
13. I-IVm-V7-I
14. I-vi-VIb7-V7-I
15. III7-VI7-II7-V7-I
16. III7-v1-II7-V7
17. 1117-IIIbr-117-V7-I
18. 111-VI7-II7-V7-I
19. 111-vi-11-Vaug-I
20. I-11-11i-1i-I
21. I-IIID67-117-V7
22. I-Vib7-V7-I
23. I-VIb7-11-V7-I
24. Vra-V17-IVra-V7-I
25. I-I7-IV7-I-VILK-V7-I

NOTE TRANSLATION
C-F-G7-C
C-Cdim-G7-C
C-Gdim-G7-C
C-Am-Dm-G7
C-C\#dim-Dm-G7
C-A7-D7-G7-C
C-Am-D7-G7-C
C-D7-G7-C
C7-F-D7-G7
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{G} 7-\mathrm{C}$
C-Gm-G7-D7-G7-C
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{Fm}-\mathrm{C}$
C-Fm-G7-C
C-Am-Ab7-G7-C
E7-A7-D7-G7-C
E7-Am-D7-G7
Em7-Ebm-Dm7-G7-C
Em-A7-D7-G7-C
Fm-Am-Im-Gaug-C
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Dm}-\mathrm{Em}-\mathrm{Dm}-\mathrm{C}$
C-Eb7-Dm7-G7
C-Ab7-G7-C
C-Ab7-Dm-G7-C
$\mathrm{Gm}-\mathrm{A} 7-\mathrm{Fm}-\mathrm{G7}-\mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{Gm}-\mathrm{A} 7-\mathrm{Fm}-\mathrm{G7}-\mathrm{C}$

Close anolysis will show that the descending cycle of fifth progressions may be found in most of these illustrations. You will also find that you have heard most of these progressions in one song or another at one time or another. Also, some of these chords may be extended (7ths and 9ths) to (11ths and 13ths).

## FUND RAISING - AUGUST 15

N.
C.
H.

What does $\mathbb{N} . C . H$. means? Well it means.
 Newington today is a general children'sntil vo cootaozt u/ hospital providing medical, surgical and ovolf axdmon ${ }^{2}$. rehabilitative care for handicapping distalt moo tlaeal orders...both on an inpatient and out-
patient basis...all cocrdinated under the was ato amat same roof...by one staff...following the loaras 9tbon sup patient if necessary from birth tel adult-and amm staluy hood.

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A great ecre of hospital personnel have a
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its patients that can be sensed as scon askar as anef sh
cne sets foct inside the dcor, volunteers, th fo sup . men and women who care about children, also ne of adatall serve with dedication.
At Newington children's hospital, we strive aotalula to maximize a child's or young adult'sy ab ancurecreo ate potential so he or she may live with self age gla ov Y respect, dignity and independence. Now you ask what can you do? Well the C.C.I.S.
Jaycees have a program in which they have cos oxtant why pledged to raise funds by September with the farfat an help of concerned community members of Scmers. In doing so they have challanged other Jaycees dowses sup chapters to do the same.
The money is greatly needed for this Medical wi phefecm Facility. Stop and think about Newington and all those children, and what your meney can do
for them. Give up that carton of cigarettes or
that bag of candy for just once, and when a
C.C.I.S. Jaycee member comes areund on August of molug la 15 and asks if you would like to give to the y axbely of N.C.H. say YES, then sit back and think one mamatman 0 a minute, the amount was nct important, I just pernt of à helped a youngster live a little lcnger and anovat eof sb Happier...
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If ycu wish to receive a IV Guide from the Jaycees, please fill out the following and put it in the Jaycees mailbox near the radigestation y nexsme ogoul Y

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Sometido Por Johnny 0. Talti

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Alguien toca una piedra y Iuego estalla sonvot .B.I.D.5 la piedra y los pedazos se amalgaman de nuevo: fato load tre codt , amy voa .il. Div
 de los jovenes diOses expulsados sv1L toteynuov a beqfer del jardin solitario.
Es la tarea de romper, restablecer, quebrar, pegar, vencer an Ltacalf sifluy hasta que aquella roca obedecio a las manos de Aguilera, a los ojos de Antonio y Recaredo, a. la cabeza de don Alejandro.

Asi se hacen las casas en la costa.
Y luego entran y salen las pisadas.

One of the most unusual legal battles in American history was fought over
 whether a tomato is a fruit or a vegetable, and it took the U.S. Supreme Court two weeks to decide the issue.

Controversy over the tomato started in 1886 when the firm of Nix, Nix, Nix
d Nix had to pay an import tax on a carge of tomatos from Bermuda and Nix had to pay an import tax on a cargo of tomatos from Bermuda.

Under the toriff act passed three years earlier, there was a tax on vegetables but not a tax on fruits. And the customs collector said the tomatoes were
 vegetables, therefore subject to tax.

The Nix Firm argued the tomatoes were a fruit, but the customs collector refused to yield.

The importers paid the tax rather than lose their cargo, but they didn't let the matter rest. They were intent on getting a refund.

The only way to do this was to take the matter to court and prove legally that the tomato was a fruit. भवसाUप
Action got under way in the lower courts. The case went to the District Circuit Court of New York in 1889, where the custom collector's decision was upheld.

The Nix firm elected to appeal to the highest court of the land. cadly enough, instead of throwing the case out as ridiculous, the Supreme Court began
 For two weeks they debated the question: Is the tomato a fruit or a vegetable? The seven year argument finally came to a close on May 10, 1893, the justices ruled "Bctanically speaking, tomatces are the fruit of a vine, just as are cucumbers, squashes, beans and peas. But in the common languige of the people, all these are vegetables" since they are growm in gardens and are generally used during the main part of a meal. They are unlike fruits which are appetizers or desserts or eaten out of hand, the court declared. So the public's idea of the tomato as a vegetable Thwayed the court. Nix firm lost the big fight to classify it as an fruit and did not get its refund. Submitted by Albert Johnson

## G.E.D. TESTITM

THE G.E.D. WILL BEGIN BETWEEN AUGUST 13 AND 21ST IN THE SCHOOL. MEN PLANNING TO TAKE THE TEST SHOULD FILE AN APPLICATION WITH THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT. YOU MUST HAVE A GRADE PLACEMENT OF 9.5 TO TAKE THE TEST; FOR RETAKES A $\triangle$ IANDARD SCORE OF 200. IF YOU ARE RETAKING THE TEST, IT IS IMPORTANT TO STATE WHEN YOU TOOK THE TEST, AS WE HAVE TO KNOW THE FORM OF THE TEST. THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT AS THE STATE VERIFIES THE TEST FORM WITH PREVIOUS TESTS BEFORE THEY CORRECT THEM. G.E.D. CONSISTS OF FIVE TEST. ENGLISH, SOCIAL STUDIES, SCIENCE, INTERPRETATION OF LITERARY MATERIALS AND MATHEMATICS. THE NEXT TEST WILL BE IN DECEMBER. THE G.E.D. IS ALSO IN SPANISH BUT IVCLUDES A TEST IN ENGIISH COMPREYENSION.

I WISH TO TAKE THE G.E.D. FOR THE FIRST TIME
I WISH TO RETAKE
I TOOK THE TEST IN (MONTH AND YEAR)


COLIEGE REGISTRATION
REGISTRATION FORMS FOR THE FALI TERM ARE AVAILABLE IN THE SCHOOL. REGISTRATION WILL BE FROM AUGUST 4 thru 22th. READ ALL THE INFORMATION BEFORE COMPLETEING THE FORMS. IF THIS IS YOUR FIRST COURSE HERE, IT IS UP TO YOU TO SUPPEY THE VERIFIED INFORMATION ON YOUR HIGH SCHOOL OR G.E.D. DIPLOMA. CLASSES THAT WILL BE OFFERED THIS FALL ARE:

Eng. 203- Twentieth Century Literature - R. Zotti - Mon. 6-8:40
Soc. 190 - Self and Others/Social Psychology - P. Duval -Tues. - $6-8: 40$
Hist. 208 - History of England - P. Carley - Wed. 6-8:40
Bus. 105 - Business Law I - Staff - Thurs. 6-8:40
Ecol 101 - Population, Environment and Human Resources - Staff - Fri - 6-8:40
Information on course discriptions and registration proceedures can be found in the college catalog located in the Education Directors Office. For additional information men should submitt inmate request form to see Mr. CalMears, College Program Coordinator.

## NOTICE NOTICE NOTICE

## HOME TELEPHONE PROGRAM

## EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY: TO ALL RESIDENTS, C.C.I.S.

Due to the increased population of the Institution, and the continued abuse of this program; there will be no more rescheduling of calls for those residents that fail to show up on the confirmed day of their initial appointment.

If your call is not important enough for you to keep your appointment, it is not important to us to reschedule your call and deprive another resident of that date for his call.

We will continue to make every effort to reschedule calls that were incomplete, (although we continue to feel, even this abuse could be lessened if you would notify your party, in writing, of the appointment date.

CARL E. GABBERT
PROGRAM SUPERVISOR



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PROGRAMA DE LLAMADAS TELAFONICAS A CASA
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Debido al crecimento de populacion en esta Institueion y los continvos abusos de esta programa, no habran mas enlistamienłos de llamadas para los residentes que no se presenten en el dia confirmado de su cita inciativa.

Si su llamada no es tan importante para que usted no pue mantener su cita tampolo es importante para nosotros enlistar su llamada y prevenir a otros residentes de ese dia para su llamada.

Nosotros continvaremos Haciendo todos los esfuerzos de enlistarles llemadas que ne esten completas y asi pensamos que se reducirian los abusos, si usted notifica porescrito lafecha de su cita.

CARL E. GABBERT
SUPERVISOR DEL PROGRAMA

## MOVIE GUIDE

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SATURDAY 88 MINUIES AUGUST 2, 1975 SABADO 3.I. 88 MINUTOS AUGUSTO 2, 75

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(R) DRAGON LADY

NO INFORMACION

88 MINUTOS AUGUSTO 2, 75 (R) heaserank gut of sue 97ent imergorg aldt ?o




NEXT WEEK
BLOOM IN LOVE



THIS WEEK'S WINNERS IN THE C.C.I. SOMERS INMATE SWEEPSTAKES ARE:

coaud aovaltmon abl V roleujltamt stes as noloauqog
 - nuttolont st19 we of obsmilicoo als is mi

If you have any poems or articles that you would like to have published in the Weekly Scene, please submitt them in the Weekly Scene mailbox next to the Radio station.



## LABOR DAY

TOURNAMENTS EVENTS
PADDLE BALL - DOUBLES ..... talon bra soLd soda
PADDLE TENNIS - DOUBLES
HANDBALL (HARD) - DOUBLES \& SINGLES
HANDBALL (SOFT) - DOUBLES \& SINGLES
SHUFFLEBOARD - DOUBLES
DOMINOES - SINGLES
CHECKERS - SINGLES
CHESS - SINGLES
BOCCI BALI - DOUBLES ..... 290d8 - v5ody̌9vE .....  ..... go IT
SACK RACE - SINGLES
THREE-LEGGED RACE - DOUBLES
100 YARD DASH - SINGLES
BASE RUNNING - SINGLES
HORSE SHOES - DOUBLES- NO NO UNIT
EVENTS
w. par partner for doubles
NAME ..... NO

PADDLEBALIPADDLETMNNISHANDBALL SHUFFLEBOARDDOMINOESCHECKERSCH ESSBOCCIBALTHORSESHORSSACKRACE ONEHUNDREDYARDDASHTHREELEGGEDR ACESACKRACEPADDLETENNISPADDLEB ALLHANDBALLSHUFFLEBOARDDOMINOE SCHECKERSCHESSBOCCIBALLHORSESH OESSACKRACETHREELEGGEDRACEONEH UNDREDYARDDASHBASERUNNINGPADDL EBALLPADDLETENNISHANDBALLCHESS

## YAd GOBAI

INTRAMURAL FOOTBALL SCHEDULE 2TVYV困
Sign up by request CNLY. Give shoe size and waist size.
DEADLINS A11 requests must be in by August 11, 1975.
sestomis - Head Chay 001

PHYSICALS On Augusts 13, 1975.

FIRST PRACTICE August 18th to, the 29th. Everybody-Shoes and Shorts ONLY $\qquad$
 and Shorts ONLY

PLACE Football field at the start of evening recreation.
TIWU
DRAFT Week of September lst.

FIRST OFFICIAL TEAM PRACTICE September and after 3:00 P.M. count. 6:00 P.M. evening meal.

FIRST LFAGUE GAME September 28, 1975






## E <br> PUZZLE

ACCOUNT APPROVAL ASCENT AWE
CELEBRITY CHARACTER COURAGE DASH DEGREE DISTRICT ESTEEM
FAME:
GLORY
HONOR
HOPE
IMPORTANCE
INTENT
LOVE
LUSTRE
MARK
MEANS
NAME
NOTE
POPULARITY
PRESTIGE
PROMISE
RANK
REGARD
REPUTE
RESPECT
SOUL
SUCCESS
TURN
VALOR
VOGUE
WORTH
E H T C E P S E RNS YY

## CRUCIGRAMA



VERTMCAL

1. Máquina para tejer
2. Fotograffas, apocope
3. Carabo (P1)

- Impar:

5. Indigno
6. Parte del tejado
7. Jorobas
8. Relativo of la nariz
9. Fin de una oración religiosa
10. Amir
11. Pronombre posesivo
12. Prefijo
13. Preposición
14. Sanar
15. Mortifero
4.24. Peje
16. Mucho
17. Legumbres majadas
18. Condimento.
19. Pronombre
20. Conversación engorrosa
21. Matorrales
22. Relativo a los riñones
23. Preftio que indica duplicidad
24. Relativo al coro
25. Pez teleósteo (Pl)
26. blando
27. Fruto del peral
28. Culpable
29. Océano

## HORZZONTAL

a. Huracán en el mar del la China
3. Carruaje del ferrocarril
9. Emperador romano
10. Prefijo griego que indica milesima parte
11.. Hojalata
13. Manchas
15. Profeta menor
16. Socorro maritmo
19. Parte de máárbol
20. Cuadrupedo.
\%1, Guarida de les 隹eras
25. Dere, color
24. Chocolate clare

25 Enided de nutricion
$2 r 1$ Iqeposfion inseparable
28. Pronombre posesivo.
30. Voz exprestya de un gol
32. Composición poética

34 . Sud
36. Instrumento músico past
38. Hijo de No6
40. Ciudad dio Rusia
42. Liria
43. Especie de envase
44. Poseer
46. Mezclar dos licores
4. Planta tifácea
48. Maíz

49: Músculo de la pantorrill
50. Claros


| $4{ }^{\text {Pa }}$ |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{3}{6}$ | $\frac{6}{A}$ | $\frac{2}{5}$ | $\frac{4}{c}$ | $\frac{8}{M}$ | $\frac{3}{2}$ | $\sqrt{5}$ | $\frac{2}{\omega}$ | $\frac{7}{6}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{6}{M}$ | $\frac{2}{E}$ | $\frac{4}{4}$ |
| 8 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | $T$ | 5 |  | 5 | R | $T$ | $x$ | A |  |
| $\frac{8}{4}$ | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 6 |
| ㄴ | L | $\frac{1}{1}$ | $\bigcirc$ | T | M | 0 | T | R | T | A | 1 | A |
| 6 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 7 | $\frac{5}{4}$ |
| - | 1 | P | E | 0 | P | A | 1 | E | 0 | E | R | N |
|  | 2 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 6 |
| E | $\frac{2}{4}$ | M | D | L | M | T | P | A | 5 | E | A | $\frac{\square}{p}$ |
| 6 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 7 | $\frac{3}{5}$ | 5. | 8 | 6 | $\frac{2}{2}$ | 6 | 5 | 7 |
| E | $\bar{D}$ | $\frac{1}{1}$ | M. | A | 5 | R | E | c | 2 | 1 | E | N |
|  | 5 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| S | 5 | T | E | A | A | 15 | $\frac{1}{A}$ | ㅇ | A. | 0 | 0 | E |

He aquí un interesante entretenimiento que traerá a Ud. un mensaje diario. Se trata de un rompe-cabezas numérico que deletreará su fortuna. Cuente las letras de su nombre. Si el número de letras es de seis o más, quítele cuatro. Si el nombre es menos de seis, añádale tress. El resultado será su número-clave. Entonces anote en un papel todas las letras bajo su número-clave, de izquierda a derecha y aparecerá el mensaje diario que le trae "El Pozo de la Dicha."

## 




Only two of the four scenes are perfectly equal. The other two each contain one different detail. Which are the two equal scenes and what are the two differences?
lagtt grudnal bsflird
asotatoq beluT donex


ACROSS 52 Stir.
1 Smallfiery 53 Sure
particles. 55 Barge for
7 Course of one's cargo. .
professional 57 Daughter of
life.
13 Unproductive. 58 Small bodtes
14 Punishes by
fine.
16 Horse of a certain gait.
17 Spiral lock.
18 Hasten!
19 Best ventilated.
21 Wing-like part.
22 Harem rooms.
24 Nostrils.
25 Projecting wharf.
26 French painter, 1834-1917.
28 Metallic element.
29 Compel.
30 Raises.
32 Rends.
33 old.
34 Mr . Antony.
35 Expiated.
38 Small ropes on a ship.
42 Temporary shelters.
43 Small frosted cake.
44 Trap.
45 Makes lace,
46 Christmas character.
48 English school. 49 Masculine name.
50 Non-Hebrew.

| Down | measured | 36 Rippers. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 German cake. | steps. | 37 Province of |
| 2 Seridom. | 15 Gazes Axedly. | 12, |
| 3 Special skill. | 20 Genus of |  |
| 4 Miss Hay- | 23 Men of special | 40 Abrasive. |
| worth. | learning. | 41 Spanish gen |
| 5 Union Square | 25 Swine-11ke. | , |
| merchant. | 27 Shrubby | 43 Interdicte |
| 6 Notched like a | perennials. | 46 Net. |
| saw. | 29 Rolls up, as a | 47 Assumed |
| 7 To heel over. | sall. | name. |
| 8 Awry. | 31 Spread for | 50 Roams idly. |
| 9 Lease. | drying, | 51 Breakfast |
| 10 Unit of energy. | 32 Flying mam- | dish. |
| 11 Iced cakes. | mal. | 54 19th Greels |
| 12 Vote into of゙- | 34 Shawl. | letter. |
| ffee again. | 35 Ancient Greek | 58 Garden imple- |
| 113 Walked with | kingdom. | ment. |




SUN
AUG 3 Fresh Fruit Hot Cereal Sweet Rolls Coffee - Milk

MON
AUG 4 Tomato Juice Cold Cereal ans 8eneoscrambled Eggs/toast nobe ow Coffee - Milk

## doldiN

GIETUES h-iz zomase leupa owh end 5
AUG 5 Grapefruit Juice Hot Cereal Coffee Cake Coffee - Milk


THURS
AUG 7 Fresh Fruit Hot Cereal Crumb Cake Coffee Milk


Roast Beef / Gravy
Mashed potatoes
Sweet Peas
Ice Cream

Country Sausage Links
Whipped Potatoes/gravy
Ba.by Lima Beans
Iced Cake

Hot Turkey Sandwich Mashed Potatoes/gravy Mixed Vegetables Pineapple Slices

Soup of The Day Baked Macaroni'cheese Gaŕden Salad
Pineapple Pie

Chili Con Carne w/ Buttered Rice Tossed Salad Chilled Peaches

Spanish Meat Loaf Parsley Potatoes Fried Cabbage Chocolate Pudding

Veal Parmesan
Home Fried Potatoes
Green Beans
Raspberry Jello

Grilled Hamburg Steak
French Fried Potatoes
Cream Style Corn
Fruit Cocktail


Grilled Franks Baked Beans
$\qquad$ , xataty Cole Slow ratant
Chilled Apricots ${ }^{\text {P }}$ as
thilc falonge
Barbecued Chicken
evall nalM Whipped Potatoes Hown Baby Carrots undal bols forkas zatannom

Vegetable Soup mat
Cold Cuts'mustard
Potato Salad
Ice Cream


Smathe ac
mobactla
Spaghetti \& Meatballs
Grated Cheese Cucumber Salad Chilled Pears

Western Omelet
Cottage Fried Potatos Mixed Bean Salad
Lime Jello

ESOTERIC IS AN ESOTERICAL WORD


