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## James Lo Strger

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Claviles J. Jones Jr.

Richared Oraek
John Reardon

Weekly Scesue Stail
Eal Baldwin - Editox
Frascis E. Riveria o Asalit. Editor

Tha Weekiy Sceme is a werkiy publication by the Imnates of the Conaectleut Correctionel Imstitution bere at Somers, Comecticut.

The views hereis are interded to be those of the contributorg whth the mperem
 psism adminatraticm or the deparcment of coxrections.

We encourage participation and welcome axticles for possible publicatica. Constructive criticin is demired fron our readeris.

Maliing Aduress: P.O. Box 100 Somers, Cornecticut 06071
Current Clrcuiation: 1200
$34 \%$, vs. $32 \%$ for blacks. Among Puerto Ricans over 16 years old, only $6 \%$ have completed any job training; the rate for blacks is twice as high. With $14 \%$ of New York City's population, Puerto Ricans hold only $3.1 \%$ of police department jobs and $1.3 \%$ of those in the fire department.

羂ith Puerto Rican youngsters now making up $25 \%$ of the public school population, one of the community's highest priorities is education. But according to New York's deputy mayor for education, Herman Badillo, the city's efforts on behalf of Hispanic pupils are a "disaster in all areas." Says Badillo, a Puerto Rican: "We have plenty of jobs in the skyscrapers of midtown Manhattan; the problem is that kids can't spell."

We took it over and we burned it up."
That could be one resuit of the deep ambivalence that many Puerto Ricans feel about living in the U.S. Indeed, after two decades of steadily rising immigration, the trend in recent years has been in the opposite direction-back to Puerto Rico. On any night, airliners buzz over the Statue of Liberly filled with returning or visiting Puerto Ricans who can afford the $\$ 87$ fare. At Christmas, there is a two month waiting list for night-flight seats to San Juan. Successful Puerto Ricans often prefer to export their new affiuence. Says John Torres, head of the Metropolitan Spanish Merchants Association in The Brons: "We don't vote enough nor do we get involved in the political process. I. know many, many people who have two dreams: to have a house in Puerto Rico and to educate their children."


Hispanic Sunday processlon near St. Cecilin's Roman Cathofic Church in Nevy York City After two decades of steadily rising immigration, a trend back to Puerto Rico.

After heavy prompting in the form of a judicial agreement signed in 1974, New York grudgingly began providing bilingual education for Spanish-speaking youngsters. By the New York City board of education's most recent estimate, there were only 2,333 Hispanics among the city's 48,813 teachers.
Meantime, Badillo estimates the Pucrto Rican school-dropout rate at $85 \%$. Discouraged youngsters are almost nat7) ural prospects for membership in the city's underclass, quickly contributing to the ghetto plagues of violent crime, drug use and arson. Says one lower East Side youngster: " A lot of kids want an education to get out of here. But in order to survive, they're dealing [drugs]. Kids ten and eleven make more money than their old man in the factory." Says another: "I saw some pictures of this place 20 years ago, and it had benches and trees.

Ex-Congressman Badillo points out that only 13 years ago he was the sole Puerto Rican actively engaged in elective politics. Now the community can boast three New York City councilmen, four state representatives and two state senators. Badillo's fellow Hispanics lamented his decision to abandon Congress for his deputy mayor's job, but his successor in Washington, Robert Garcia, is applauded as a compassionate, hard-working advocate of Puerto Rican concerns. Still, activists like Dora Collazo-Levy, 42, a Democratic Party district leader, complain that political passivity is the Puerto Rican community's principal bane. Says she: "People ask us why they should vote. We give them long-range answers."

Where music and dancing and painting are concerned, though, New York City's Hispanics are anything but passive. Salsa Bandleader Eddic Palmieri, 41, has
become a latino superstar who packs ha! across the U.S. No fewer than 169 re ognized bands regularly tour New $Y_{0}$ City's circuit of Latin clubs and dan halls. Cityarts, an artists' collective on funded by the New York State Coun on the Arts, mobilizes painters to cre: ghetto murats. Last March El Museo c Barrio, a Puerto Rican cultural museu begun in 1969, opened new quarters Manhatian's Fifth Avenue. Its first shol "Resurgiemento," included Artist D. mingo Garcia, whose work is in the city Muscum of Modern Art collection. Mi iam Colón, whose Puerto Rican Travelin Theater gives summertime performanc in ghetto streets from the back of a fla bed truck, has opened the first Hispan off-Broadway theater in a recycled Wes Side firehouse and will offer plays in bot Enclish and Spanish. On the Lower Eas Side, the New Rican Village cultural cen ter lures actors and dancers and poets So whatever else the New York experi ence has done to Puerto Ricans, it has not stifled the creative impulse.

## THE "ALLEGALS"

The scene is played out in the San Ja cinto Plaza of El Paso, Texas (pop. 381, 500 ), in the dawn hours of most Mon days. Sedans cruise slowly around th square, their drivers eying clusters o young women. Every so often, one of th women is beckoned from the sideline. Deals are struck and the cars pull away.

The object of this ritual is not pros titution and the women are not harlot They are illegal immigrants (known er phemistically these days as "undocumen ed aliens") who have crossed the $R$ Grande from neighboring Juárez, Mexic looking for work as maids. Their usu rate: around $\$ 25$ a week. Because of proximity to Juárez, El Paso is the se ond largest crossing point for undoc mented aliens in the U.S. The largest Chula Vista, Calif., which shares part o its sewerage system with neighboring T juana. Aliens have been known to cra: through the common drainage pipes : reach the U.S.

Undocumented aliens are the mos: shadowy portion of the Hispanic community. By federal estimatés, there are 8 . million of them in the U.S. Other estimates range from as low as 3 million to as high as 12 million. As many as $90 \%$ of the total are Hispanics. A million more are suspected of joining them every year.

Whatever the exact numbers, there is little doubt that the tide of undocumented Hispanic aliens has reached flood stage. Many thousands have come from Central and South American countries like Guatemala, Colombia and Ecuador, but about $90 \%$ are Mexican. On foot, by air or in autos, they filter across the 2,000 mile-fong southern U.S. border. Last year nearly 1 million illegal entrants were ar prehended and deported by the Irnmigra-

## PARDON BOARD

SPRING SESSION ON THE FIRST NOXDAY IN. APRIL AND' THE FTRST MONDAY TX MAY.
APPLICATIONS: All inmates who are planning en appearance at the next sessio are encouraged to submit their request to SUPRRVISOR OF RECORDS, at their reapective institutions. Your requent shorre be submitted inmediately, if possible, asd inmate are reminded that the last day for subaitting requests is February 9, 1979

After heving subinitted your request, you will be sent (3) three copies of the boar of Pardion PeTITIONS, vYou mast flll these petitions out completely and return (2) t conies as soon as possible to your Record office for scheduling of your appearance Recain (1) one copy for your records.

APPLICATIOIS RESULTTNG IN A STARRED (*) CASE: Under the established mulea of the Faxdon Board, cases are rarely heard if the petitioner has: 1) Appeared within the year. 2) Served less thon one year. This one year cannot include fail. tine. 3) Appeered or was eligible for parole. A starred case in one of these categories is very rerely beard, therefore, by waiting for a regular sesion, met only are inngtes saved the labor of preparing required letters, but friends, Lawyers, prisor ataff, State ${ }^{9}$ s Attorney and Board members are spared the effort which should be given the regular petitioners, It is suggested that before undertakitg the task of a sterred petition, on immate should seek the advice of the prisen staff which 1s readily given.

The Departaneat of Corrections nor the Pardon Board will assign Atterneys. Each 1mante nust retain his ow council.

## JUNTA DF PERDON

LA SESION DE PRIMAVERA SE REUNE EL PRIMER DE ABRTL Y EL PETMER LUNES DE MAYO。
FDTMCTONES: Todo preso que piense presenterse en las proximes sesieaes deben someter sus sollcitudes al SUPERVISOR DE ARCHIVOS, en sus reapectivas instituciones Debe someter su colicitud inmediataraeate, si es poaible, y se les recuerda a los presos que el ultimo dia pars someter las solicj.tudes es el. 9 de Febrero de 1979.

Dempues de haber sometido su solifeitud, usted recibira (3) tres copias de la Peticion de Junte de Perdea. THe que llenar estas peticiones completamente y devolverlas lo més pronto posible a su oricina. Archivos para fijer la fecha de su audiencia. Retenga una copia com referencia personal.

SOLICIIUDES QUE RESULTAN HN UN CASO MARCADO (*) : Bajo las reglas establecidas de Ia Junta de Perdon, rara vez se oyen los caso si el solicitante hava: 1) Aparecido dentro del año, 2) Servido menog de un ano. Esto no puede incluir tiempo de cársel. 3) Aparecido o aldo elegible para libertad bajo palabra, Un caso marcado en una de estas catergorías my rara vez llega a ser oldo, y por eso, al esperar ia eesion regular, el preso evitara el trabajo innecesario de preparar el papeleo; y las amistades, los abogados, personal dela prision, la oflciaa del liscal, y lós miembros de la Junta podran dar mejor atemeion a los solicitantes regulares. For lo nismo, se sugiere que antes de soaneter una peticion en un caso marcado, el preso debe pedir consejo de algun miembro del personal.

N1 el Departamento de Correccion al las Junta de Perdon asignara abogados. Cada preso tiene que conseguir su propio abogado.

## Rehabilitation

We hear the word Rehablitation of ten during our stay within the walls of this prison. The question of the rehalilitative properties of any penal institution heve long been questioned. Is it possible to rebuild, mold or shape individuals to conform to societies values and normss? The answer to theis question would, no doubt, prove to be a valuable asset to institutionel authorities and taxpayers alike.

No G. E. Den remedial or vocational training can enable you to conform or stay dithin the boundaries of societies laws. There are plans sid programs
 and counseling and training, but the growing rate of recidicism shows us that these programs are not, reaching the hoighte of the goals set. Where then doos the problem lisif The answor most surely comes from the individual himeelf, from within each and every one of us.

No mount of instruction in the classroom could teach me the things I desperately needed to learn. No bonfinement could show me the meaning of life. The thours of counsoling could not make me see. But when I become aware of the sun and the stars; when I learned


I percelve the beauty of this land; when I found that la ugkter was better than tears; when I leamed the ralue of friendskip; when I learned the meaning of love; when I took the time to see where I had been, where I was and where I wanted to be, then I began to see.

Rehabilitation is not a tangible concept that can be categorized or measured by criminologists, peychilogists or counselors. It is not somothing thet is taught in the clasarooms. It is something that comes to you in your own way in your own time and from within your own souls. You hear it 88 a whispering of desire. You drean of it like children in your sleep. It comes silent and sweet in the early morning breese.

When we learn to see the sky and respect our ability to reach 1 t, then we learn the meaning of rehabilitation. When we learn the magic of a smile and the meaning of love; when we can love the beauty of a flower and sppreciate the siaell of the dew; when we can learn to love not only oursolves but all of life, then rehabilitetion becomes a tangible thing. A thing you can touch; a thing you can feel. It becomes a very deep warm way of life.

## "SELF-ACCEPTANCE"

Being right is one of the most
 satisfying experiences in the world. or let's say, rather, that being wrong is one of the most unsettling experiences that can happen to anyone, It's an awful blow to the ego to feel you'ye made a mistake. That's why people don't want to change. It would mean admitting they were wrong. Some people would rather go on making the same mistake than admit it and cut their losses. People are very stubborn. Sometimes they secretly believe that if they keep on long enough with their misconceived behavior, they '11 make it right. That reality will give in to their views, rather than vice versa. They 're still trying to get their parents to give in. They haven't given up their anger over what they didn't get when they were five years old. People feel very justified in that anger; they can give you all the details on how unfairly they were treated. They are usually right; they did get cheated as children. But what they don't see is that they are now cheating themselves as adults. As long as they spend their energies being angry at the people who deprived them once, they wont spend their effort on getting for themselves what they need now. Their rage isn't hurting their parents, but it's crippling them. Life is not fair. And their parents did get away with it. There's nothing you can do about that now. Life lies in giving up your grievances, You san stop your parents from getting away with your whole life; you can stop yourself ir om giving up your whole life. Analysts can help people a great deal in delving into the reasons why people mistreat themselves. Some people are so caught up in doing harm to themselves and have so little understanding of why they do it that analysis is the only way they can begin to break out of their self-destructive spiral. It can help them get around the road blocks that stand in the way of growth - the road blocks that often were put in place by others but which we work hard to keep there. Analysis is a great toll of liberation. There is so much people have to do for themselves, even with an analyst's help. One reason analysis sometimes takes so long is the refusal of many peonle to realize that, at bottom, change is up to them. No matter how many insights they gain, no matter how much emotional catharsis they may achieve, change does not just happen.

Sub. J.R. Talon
" DON'T BLA' $\mathbb{E}$ JONESTOWN ON ALL THOSE LETTERS "


Steven Roberts of the New York Times, working on one angle of the awful Jones Massacre, inquirec of the habits of Mrs. Carter, who inceec hac written one of those testimonials flaunted by Jones in the course of his ministry. It transpires that Mrs. Carter receives, in a typical week, between 1,500 anc 2,000 letters, most of them asking for something. Her relatively smali staff goes through these, anc brings to her attention those in which she is likely to show an interest in. In the past two months she personally has answered 300 letters. Every week she writes in long hand replies to about 30 letters. One of these went to James Jones. And it, surprisingly but not astonishingly, was acicressec, Dear Jim. Not astonishingly, because the prediliction of the incumbent of the White House for Chriacian names is pronouncer even to the point of the ciminutive. It shoulc be remarkec, one supposes, that it was a sign of aloofness that 'rs. Carter iic not aciress Jones as " Dear Jimmy." But consicer then her comment to Mr. Roberts when he asked her what she could recall about Jones: "I ron't remember an yt ing about him. He was just a person. " In fact, that person escorted Mrs. Carter home from a rally in San Francisco curing the presicental race, anc hac dinner with her, campaign engagements, like childbirth, co not linger in the memory, anc Irs. Carter is not to be faulter for assuming that the minister from San Francisco who now aciressec her, asking for a testimonial to his work, was telling his truth about their previous encounter/ Moreover, the supplicent reminced her that he hac been active in the Carter, campiagn. Uncer the circumstance, she electec to grant him the favor ancं, having cone so, catapaultec herself into her chosen moce: "Lear Jim "anc all, even though he was " just a person" One must suppose, after all, that anyone charismatic nough to persuade 400 people to crink poison, woulc have at least enough influence to extract from 'rs. Certer, or for that matter anyone else, a letter complimenting him on his vague accomplishments. The renowe letter from Mr. Califano, who describer Jomes in len guage which woul have exaggerated the virtues of St. Francis of Assisi, is testimony of ther to the hypontic of Jones, or to the irrepressiable en thusiasm of Joe Califano, or both. There is quite a general embarrassment among the scores of porerful men and woman who wrote letters about Jones. There ought to be, really.

It is unfair. It is a cultural trait we are dealing with, not inconceivably at one level a cultural requirement. A society developes certain rituals, among them those amenities which require one-quite properly, if nevertheless hypacritically- to say "good morningtr and "good night" whether one actually has any such aspiration in mind.

The amenities are important, but unquestionably they have got out of hand, and particularly they tend to do so in the political world where the public compliment is a tribal ritual, and any commendation which speaks in other than hyperbolic teerms about a fellow politician is regarded as a disavowal. Spmetimes feaching for altitude, the politicain will slip. Mario Proccacino of New York at a rally once introduced his running mate, "Frank 0 Conner grows on you like cancer. "

I first focused on the question as a peenager in the army where I learned that in rating a soldier you could put an end to his carreer simply by writing "Very Satisfactory" on his record. Unsatisfactory and Very, satisfactory are one and the same in the Army. Professors grpan every Spring over the required recommendations in behalf of students applying to graduate school. Their fear is that any realistic assessment of a students performance will be judged "Very Satisfactory" by the admissions committees who necessarily compare that assessment with the reslendent flora and fauna of other professors caught up in the requirements of flattery.

Jones was a tradgedy. But he is not the responsibility of Mrs. Carter, noe even of Joe Califano.

Willam F. Buckley.

DAVENPORT, IOWA (UPI) POlice almost had given up hope of finding James Shelton, who escaped from a minimum security facility a year ago, until they spotted him as a bachelor No. I on the television show "Yhe Dating Game."

Shelton was serving a years probation for a larceny comviction in a Davenport residentail correctional facility. He went to work one day in Nov. 1977 and never returned to the facility. A former employee of the correctional facility was watching "The Dating Game" in early November and saw Shelton as bachelor No.. 1. Using his own name and calling himself a "clothing desugner from Chicago" Shelton tried to win a super date on yhe show that was taped Sept. 13. He did not win a date, but police are more thän interested in meeting him. Davenport police asked law enforcement agencies across the cointry to be on the lookout for Shelton, who was not seen since the show was taped. "I've heard of a lot of ways for people to get caught, but this is the most unigue," R.D. Dunkin, the director of the facility said. "It certainly took guts". "The ironic part was bachelor No. 2 was a prpbabtion officer.

T'was the night before Christmas when all through the night, The cons in their houses were feeling ubtight, No famtly to be with, no presents to be had, The dreary Christmas lockup rade all the guys ad;

When all at once in the joint there arose such a clatter, The guards and the prisoners coundn't comprehend what was the matte? So they all lonked and looked at a really strange sight, A fat guy with reindeer came visiting that night;

He said to them all. "Do you know who I amp" No one said nothing. They were quiet as clams, I'm the spirit of Christmass future when your lives will be free, With family and loved ones, in front of the Christmas tree;

I know you' ve been down in the joint for some years, So what celebrate Chrietmass? For you there's no cheer, Because all things w111 pass, enmedey you'll be free, Knowing no walls or chains, enjoying your liberty, So with a twitch of his nose, he rose into the night, Saying Merry Christmas to all and to all a good night:

## Ronald Vincent 77149 G-54

## WINTERWALK

Walking.
Cold to the bone I keep walking. Cold to the bone
I keep walking.
Thinking.
Walking.
Thinking。
I keep walking
White lungs
On a winter night.
my hands curl...,
Over the steel bars
of my prison cell.
The water left on in
the shower-
Drip drip drip drips.
I breathe in the dark, Still cold,
Suddenly: your name came to mind, VIOLET
And "I" breaks out in a cold cold SWEAT...

Hoo Hoo Hoo
Don't buy it...., sugarpie, honrybunch.
And uppermost....,
please don't equate "I"
with the old philosophical
philosophy of...,
"The best things in life are
free..." Thats a lie.
I've been hammering away for years, and
just now busted my rocks---
The hard way....,
and
without a womar, too...
"...Men have been hypothetically
lying
to women for years...,
and
in the same breath, given
her only the SHAFT...
By Charles O. Dukes

By Charles 0. Dukes
LOVE IS WARM AND TRNDE ..... AS
A SUMMER BREEZE,
POSSESSITYG MAGIC POWERS TO PUT
OUR MINDS AT EASE。. .
IT CALMS MY TROURLE WATERS
AND FILIS ALT EMPTY STREAMS,
WITH HAPPY TIME WHICR ALWAYS
MAKCS MR DREAM. .
LOVE GIVES THE ONE WHO SHARES
PRECIOUS AND PRICELESS TREASURES,
AS LONG AS I HOLD IT IT FAST
I WILI, KNOW MANY PLEASURES
BUT LOVE HAS ANOTHER SIDE COLD
AS THE WINTER ATR,
IT CAN BLON ITTO A MURRICANE
IF JEALCUSY IS THBRE. ..... -。
THE LITE IS THIN BETWEIMN LOVE
AND HATE,
SO I LEARNED TO TREAT IT WELL,
I NOURISE IT AND CHERISH IT
FOR ME LOVE IS SWEELL,
BUT IF YCU USE XT WRONG MY DEAR
IT CAIT ALSO GIVE YOU BELL. . :
BY FREDDIE LRE BAKKR ..... J-1-64

Dec. 23, 1978 "The Turning Point"o 119 ta -in. 10 PG कh ant 70 l joubor sixal 70 Nroi eajbolbmi*
Eallet behind the scenes provides the framework for a divertin story of two women who ramain frionds as one becomes a Great star and thefenthond other retires to raise a family.
STARFING: Anne Bancroft, Shirley VicClain, Tom Skerritt, Mikhailut ofqquan Earyshnikov, Leslie Erowne, wartha Scott. coll what

पजगए
Dec. 24,1978 "The Fad News Fears Go To Japan" 92 min . PG [ssto0 VY[] befee meod novat blos oollo. joh
For the third year in a row those Ead News Bears are making a bid
$\mathrm{H}_{1} \mathrm{~L}$
for playin time. This one finds Tony Curtis as a phory promoter
who sees the Elears as a quickl way to riches. There is much
untranslatedidialogue in Japanese. 0 L 10 irl donor
STAFRIIG: Jackie Larle Faley, Tony Curtis, Erin Blunt, Scoody
Thorton, Thomasaburo Nakayama, Hatsune Ishihara.
(
पद्वार b0:
brateult-50? 304 quetactialse boecol?

Dec. 25, 1973 "Staurday Nizht feverit de 118 min.
Here it is.......the disco hit of the decade, starrine John Travolta and the Elee Gees. It was filmed on location in the Lay Ridme section 2 agend of Erooklyr in the shadow of the derranzano Fridge. Travolta plays templesy? an unelucated but macho dance king. Good dance sequences abound. Loweo foll STALIIC: Jolin Iravolta, Karen Lynn Gorney, Farry Willer, Donna Pescow, rartin Shakar, sonte lock III, Val Lisoglio.

This week's winners in the C.C.I. Somers Inmate Sweepstakes are: finti fieat
belse otatol
William Furvis ta adoo
bTBuens
Merritt Stillsen 4 es
Drego A. Dejésusitthy
Vernon Atherton
ovuse ossmot in thodesqe

| 22975 | $\mathrm{~J}-213$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 25190 | $0-2-49$ |
| 56933 | $\mathrm{G}-15$ |
| 62572 | $\mathrm{D}-80$ |
|  |  |

NOTICE

Tobwerl3 mals

- voivt egnuso

Those men whe receivee military fischarges other than honorable, who have filec application for a military ischare upgracing, and who would like to appear before the Army Discharge Feview Boarc shoulc forward a request form to Jesse Teloach stating what your present ri scharge status is, the ate of your military ischarge, nc the branch of military service from which you were ischaree. Upom receipt of your request an interview can be arranger with the Army Lischarge Review Boar will be arrangec. The hearing will be helc alat and at Somers CCI and only those men who received ischarge from the United States Army should apply.



