



BLOCKADE OF HAVANA

An Order Issued for North Atlantic Squadron to Proceed With Manoeuvre.

CONCERN FOR THE OREGON

FINE BATTLESHIP NOW ON WAY TO KEY WEST.

She Will Have to Pass Around Cape Horn and Dodge Spanish Torpedo Boat Destroyer Temmerle Now at Buenos Ayres

Washington, April 21.—War between the United States and Spain is a fact, though not yet officially declared so by congress. The stirring events of yesterday were succeeded to-day with rapidity by others of equal importance, culminating in the afternoon in orders for the departure of the North Atlantic squadron for Havana.

Blockade of Havana. The administration in a public statement announced it regarded the action of the Spanish government as rendering unnecessary further diplomatic action on the part of the United States

SAILING OF THE FLEET. Captain Sampson Has Not Yet Received Orders From Washington.

The North Atlantic squadron under Captain Sampson's command makes a splendid array of fine vessels, comprising battleships such as the Iowa and Indiana, monitors like the Puritan, Terror and Amphitrite, an armored cruiser like the New York, a flagship, protected cruisers such as the Cincinnati, Marblehead and Montgomery, gunboats like the Vicksburg, Wilmington and Annapolis, regular torpedo boats such as the Ericsson, Cushing, Winslow and the like, not to speak of the large number of fast yachts and other vessels that have been added to the fleet by purchase.

Woodford's Actions. Minister Woodford's action during the day, as reported to the state department in a late telegram, indicated that he was following a carefully prepared programme. A significant feature of his message was the statement that the Spanish government notified him that it regarded the withdrawal of Minister Polo yesterday as terminating diplomatic negotiations, showing that it was not disposed to accept the expressed intention of our government to continue Mr. Woodford as a medium of communication.

Fire on Scranton Street. An alarm of fire was rung about 2 o'clock this morning for a fire in one of the three new unoccupied houses on Scranton street, between Greenwood and Orchard streets. The fire originated in some shavings in the cellar, from what cause is unknown. It was discovered by Policeman Gallagher, who rang in the alarm. He had about extinguished the flames when the department arrived and the recall was rung only a few minutes after the alarm was sounded.

Three Chinese Cruisers. Berlin, April 21.—The Hamburger correspondent announces that the United States has bought three Chinese cruisers.

80,000 VOLUNTEER TROOPS

THE SENATE PASSES THE EMERGENCY WAR MEASURE.

An Extended Discussion Upon It—Senator Bacon Suggests That Bill be so Amended That No Man be Compelled to Enlist by Vote of Company of Which He is a Member—Senator Hawley Explains That No Volunteer Military Organization Can be Forced to Go Out of the Country to Perform Service.

Washington, April 21.—Three important measures were passed by the senate this afternoon, all of which relate largely to the national defense. The sundry civil bill, which has been pending for two weeks and which carries a large amount of money intended to be used in the strengthening of the country's coast defenses, was finally passed.

Recall Guns Room. All Men Ashore Ordered to Ships at Key West.

Key West, Fla., April 21.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon the recall guns boomed from the fleet ordering all those ashore to return to their ships forthwith. At nightfall, however, there had been no movement of the fleet and there is not likely to be any before morning, as the Cincinnati and Marblehead have been ordered to the docks to take on coal. Warlike bulletins followed fast upon each other to-day. Rumors that sailing orders had been received were afloat throughout the afternoon, but no official confirmation of them could be secured.

In the House. Washington, April 21.—The consideration of the contested election case, Patterson vs. Carmack, from the Tenth Tennessee district, was interrupted to-day to allow the passage of the joint resolution to authorize the president to prohibit the exportation of coal and other war material.

Revenue Cutters on Lakes. Their Services May be Lost by Attitude of Canadian Government.

Chicago, April 21.—The United States government may be deprived of the services of three first class revenue cutters on the lakes which have been ordered to join the Atlantic squadron. It is intimated that the revenue cutter Gresham, which is the first of the cutters to start for the Atlantic will not be permitted to pass through the Canadian canals without permission from the Canadian government.

The Army Headquarters. General Miles of Opinion They Will Remain in Washington.

Washington, April 21.—General Miles said to-day that so far as he knew the headquarters of the army would remain at Washington unless unlooked-for circumstances made it necessary for our arms to be sustained in this critical hour of our nation's history. I am glad to see it. Stand by the country when she is right, and I am not so sure that we should not stand by her when she is wrong. Let us hope that in this crisis which is upon us our arms may sustain their prowess and that it may be demonstrated in after years that we were right. Stern duties face the American people to-day and let us hope that these duties may be performed in the same high way that our duties were performed in the preliminary stages of this struggle and in the days to come let us prepare ourselves for the proper performance on all occasions of these duties. But so far as in us lies let us be conservative and righteous to the end. Loud hurrahs were given for the ex-president and the crowd of students took up their march again.

CONNECTICUT'S QUOTA

It Will be Called Upon to Furnish 1,286 Men, if Necessary.

Washington, April 21.—Secretary Alger's day was the busiest he has experienced for some time. Arrangements have been completed under the secretary's direction for calling out 100,000 of the militia of the country to aid the regular army in the operations to compel the Spanish evacuation of Cuba. The number of men required from each state, is said, will be in the proportion that its population bears to that of the whole country.

Adjutant General Haven Answers Communications From Washington.

London, April 21.—Adjutant General Haven received two communications from Washington this afternoon relative to the quota of troops Connecticut could be called upon to furnish. The first communication stated that the state's quota would be two battalions of four companies, each company to comprise 120 men. The later communication stated that the quota would be 1,286 men, but no organization was mentioned.

BRITAIN'S GREAT PROSPERITY

Budget Statement Made by Chancellor of the Exchequer.

London, April 21.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the chancellor of the exchequer, presented the budget statement in the house of commons to-day. He said the country was prosperous, and that the apex of prosperity had not yet been reached. The surplus, he added, amounted to £3,678,000, of which sum £2,550,000 had been appropriated for public buildings. He also said the national debt had been reduced by £6,605,000. The revenue, the chancellor of the exchequer added, reached the gigantic total of £116,016,000.

Demonstration at Princeton. Students Call at Ex-President Cleveland's House and He Speaks.

Princeton, N. J., April 21.—The greatest student demonstration since the civil war took place on Princeton campus to-night. One thousand students paraded through the town and about the campus, and finally drew up in front of ex-President Cleveland's home and with ringing cheers induced him to come out. The enthusiasm was unbounded and Mr. Cleveland made a speech, every sentence of which was loudly cheered. He said in part: "I suppose that this demonstration is an evidence of your patriotism in this critical hour of our nation's history. I am glad to see it. Stand by the country when she is right, and I am not so sure that we should not stand by her when she is wrong. Let us hope that in this crisis which is upon us our arms may sustain their prowess and that it may be demonstrated in after years that we were right. Stern duties face the American people to-day and let us hope that these duties may be performed in the same high way that our duties were performed in the preliminary stages of this struggle and in the days to come let us prepare ourselves for the proper performance on all occasions of these duties. But so far as in us lies let us be conservative and righteous to the end." Loud hurrahs were given for the ex-president and the crowd of students took up their march again.

BLANCO ISSUES A CALL

TO FIGHT AGAINST ETERNAL ENEMY OF SPANISH NAME.

The Captain General Says the Action of the United States is Without Precedent in History and Manifests the Bogus Politics of This Republic—Spain Will Never Yield and Cuba Will Always be Spanish.

Havana, April 21.—The Official Gazette publishes an extra containing the following: "The general government of the island of Cuba to the inhabitants of Cuba: Without any reason or legality; without the least offense on our part and at a time when they have received from us only propositions of friendship the United States are forcing us into war just at the moment when quietude began to settle over the country, when production was flourishing, commerce taking courage and peace approaching, with the co-operation of all classes and all parties under the new institutions granted by the mother country.

DEPARTURE OF WOODFORD

Large Crowd at the Depot—Order Maintained by Police.

Madrid, April 21.—4:30 p. m.—General Woodford arrived at the station about a quarter of an hour in advance of the hour at which the train was scheduled to leave. But the train started half an hour late, and during the interval General Woodford conversed with the representatives of the foreign press and a number of private friends. An immense crowd gathered at the station, composed of all classes. A strong force of police and civic guards maintained order while amid the crowd moved a large number of private detectives. A detachment of civil guards accompanied General Woodford to the frontier. The retiring minister maintained his usual calmness, but looked worn and fatigued.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM IN HAVANA

Spaniards Are Ready to Shed the Last Drop of Blood.

Havana, April 21.—11 p. m.—In response to the manifesto from the palace the people began early this evening to decorate the public buildings and many private residences, balconies and windows, with the national colors. A general illumination of the city followed as on the occasion of a great national festivity. The people rushed into the stores to get ribbons of the Spanish national colors and about 8:30 thousands of demonstrators reached the square opposite the palace, shouting their readiness to fight the invaders. General Blanco thanked them and the imperial government would do all in its power to sustain them, he said. The crowd cheered. General Blanco thanked the people, assuring them that he would lead them to victory. "Otherwise I shall not live," he said. "Do you swear to follow me to the fight?" The crowd answered "Yes, we do."

YALE THEOLOGUES SLUMMING

Thirty of Them Visit Blackwell's Island at Meal Time.

New York, April 21.—Thirty students of sociology from Yale university arrived from New Haven this morning. The students have come here to make a short study of the slums and criminals of this city and are under the guidance of Professor Blackman of Yale, professor of Christian sociology. The students arrived at Blackwell's Island at meal time, when fifteen hundred persons were being fed. Visits were then made to the hospitals, the penitentiary and the workhouse. A band made up of attendants of the prison played as the students boarded a boat for Ward's Island and the students responded with a Yale yell. Luncheon was served on the green sward on Ward's Island. The male and female hospitals were visited on the island. A man who let the students stick pins in his flesh interested the children. The children's buildings on Randall's Island were last seen and the party seemed interested.

WAR LIFE INSURANCE

A Statement From the President of the Equitable.

New York, April 21.—A. G. Bullock, president of the Equitable Insurance company, has sent the following concerning war life insurance to C. W. Anderson, general agent of the company here: "No extra premium will be charged persons now insured in this city who, in case of war shall engage in service in the army or navy or in the military of the several states and such service shall not invalidate their policies. After the declaration of war, applicants for insurance who may engage in service in war may be charged an extra premium when permit for such service is given, which will be based on the kind of service and the conditions prevailing."

THE SPANISH FLEET

It Has Not Left the Cape de Verde Islands.

CONCENTRATION OF TROOPS

In the War Department Many Orders Issued to and From Relative to the Concentration of Troops.

Washington, April 21.—The concentration of troops is the subject of several telegrams received and several telegrams sent, but their purport was not disclosed. At 5:15 the president joined Secretary Long in a short walk. For several days, and especially to-day, the secretary of the treasury has received a large number of telegrams from collectors of customs at ports on the Atlantic and gulf coasts stating that ships were being laden for Cuban ports. Large shipments of mules were being made from southern ports and beef and coal from those of the north. They ask if these vessels should be permitted to sail. The matter was referred to the attorney general and he replied that this government should not interfere.

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FIRST CANNON SHOT

It Is Almost Audible Says Sagasta While Addressing Queen Regent.

Madrid, April 21.—4:30 p. m.—At this afternoon's cabinet council Senor Sagasta addressed the queen regent thus: "On this solemn moment, when the first cannon shot is almost audible, the government is prepared to assume the entire responsibility for its decisions, but it considers it opportune that the queen regent should hear the opinion of all the political leaders and the influential men of all parties as well as the principal generals." According to this request, the queen regent will commence the consultation this evening.

LEADERS BEFORE QUEEN

ALL PARTIES PLEDGE SUPPORT TO THE GOVERNMENT.

Copy of the Note Handed to United States Minister Woodford and Which Ended All Direct Diplomatic Relations for the Present Between the Two Governments—The American Eagle Torn Down—Spain May be Caught Short of Coal.

Madrid, April 21.—Midnight.—The queen regent has consulted with the respective political leaders and with the president of the senate. They advise her that the existing administration, without any modification, ought to continue to meet the difficulties of the situation. Senor Menrose and the Marquis D'Armijo, in substantially the same terms as Marshal Campos, declared to the queen regent their opinion that it was reasonable and patriotic that the crown should continue to give full confidence to the liberal party, which expects co-operation and support from all other parties in the defense of the country.

CONSULTS POLITICAL LEADERS

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MAY BE A FATAL ERROR

London, April 22.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Barcelona, via Paris, says: "Grave apprehensions are entertained in the highest government circles that the issue of war may be decided not by valor and enthusiasm and dogged perseverance, but by reserves of victuals of necessity. The Spanish government believing that peace would be achieved, neglected to lay in sufficient provision of coal, despite the representations made to them by one or two far-seeing naval officers. Besides this, it is believed they never once inquired of the British or other neutral governments whether coal would be regarded as contraband of war. The result is said to be a fatal one for the Spaniards, after the decisions of to-day.

INSULT TO AMERICAN EAGLE

Madrid, April 21.—2:30 p. m.—Enthusiastic processions are now moving through the principal streets. The mob gathered in front of the building of the Equitable Life Insurance company, and insisted upon their removal of the American eagle and tore it to bits. The fragments were then carried through the streets by a cheering, yelling mob to the Military club, where the members appeared upon the balcony and enthusiastically cheered the demonstrators, shouting "Viva Espana" and "Down with the Tanques." The police mixed with the crowd and allowed the demonstration to go on without restraint. The civil governor of Madrid, Senor Aguilera, instead of prohibiting, allowed complete liberty of all, mingling among the demonstrators. He was loudly cheered, especially when the American escutcheon was thrown from the balcony of the Equitable building, at fell at his feet. Aguilera, as if trampling upon the escutcheon, addressed the populace amid enthusiastic applause. He said: "The Spanish lion is roused from his slumber. He will shake his mane and disperse the rest of the brute creation."

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MUNSON-POLLARD WEDDING. On Thursday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock occurred a very pretty home wedding...

STATEMENT BY CIVIL SERVICE BOARD. The civil service board are desirous of having the public clearly understand the object and purposes of the registration of labor required by the charter...

AN OLD TRUMBULL CHURCH. Destroyed by Fire Wednesday Night. Trumbull Congregational church, an old landmark at Trumbull Center, was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday night...

A TRAVELING MAN. Gives Some Valuable Hints Regarding the Care of the Health While Traveling. Mr. R. W. Wincherdon, a commercial traveller from Birmingham, whose business keeps him almost constantly on the road, relates in the Sunday News the dangers to health resulting from constant change of residence and the way he overcame the usual injurious effects...

STATE LEAGUE SCHEDULE. Each Club Has Seven Games at Home to Seven Away. Although the complete schedule of the State league is not yet settled, the games of the New Haven team, both at home and abroad are now certain...

COST OF NEW BEDFORD STRIKE \$1,500,000. New Bedford, Mass., April 21.—The cotton mill strike in this city, which began last January, is now practically at an end, except in the case of the spinners...

Provisions, &c. STRAWBERRIES. We are supplied daily with the best, direct from New York growers. Indian River Oranges, Fancy Catania Blood Oranges, Grape Fruit, Tangerines, Pineapples, Hot-house Crambers, Tomatoes, Mushrooms, Asparagus, Lettuce, and other rare vegetables...

ENTERTAINED THEIR BROTHERS. Winthrop Castle No. 10, K. G. E. Had an Oyster Supper Wednesday Night. Winthrop castle No. 10, K. G. E., entertained their brother knights and friends in Red Men's hall Wednesday night...

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY. Washington, April 21.—To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$229,479,165; gold reserve, \$180,015,500; net silver, \$6,445,696; United States notes in treasury, \$34,225,235; treasury notes of 1890, \$3,247,710; total receipts this day, \$1,215,347; total receipts this month, \$23,973,538; total expenditures this day, \$2,300,000; total expenditures this month, \$33,151,000; total deposits in national banks, \$29,309,176...

Y. G. A. ELECTION. The annual meeting of the Yale Gymnastic association was held last night in the gymnasium. Officers for the year were elected as follows: President and manager, W. Noyes '99, R. G. Clapp '98S.

OPPOSE HONORING GENERAL PIKE'S MEMORY. L. B. Hinman received yesterday from an attaché of the war department a package of printed circulars entitled "A strong protest against honoring the memory of General Albert Pike." It is complained that General Pike in the war of the rebellion employed 4,000 Indians against the Union armies, and General R. E. Lee, learning of his cruel warfare, discharged him from the Confederate army...

FRESHMAN BASEBALL. The freshman baseball squad has been again reduced and now includes the following: G. M. Clark 1901, J. L. Boyce 1901, E. Ellason 1901, F. M. C. Robertson 1901, A. M. Hirsch 1901, E. H. Brown 1901, W. P. Irwin 1900 S., E. D. Brown 1901, V. C. Thorne 1901, R. W. Gilpatrick 1901, P. J. Gibson 1900, S. W. A. Stuckney 1901, W. J. Ehrick 1900 S., W. Taylor 1900 S., K. Twining 1901, J. A. Rickett 1901, W. C.

Ladies' HATS. It won't take you long to make your decision when you see our Ladies' Walking, Sailor and Bicycling Hats. The verdict of others ought to lead you to see them. Fur Storage. Trunks and Bags, New. Canada & Robertson 880-882 Chapel Street, Telephone 855-4.

Purveyor. Call at our store and you will save money if you buy: 3 cans of nice Sweet Corn for 25c. California Navel Oranges 25c doz.; very large 40c. 24 bars Welcome Soap \$1. 19 Gran. Sugar \$1.00. A large jar Guava Jelly 25c. WILBUR S. PRINDLE Telephone 445-5. No. 1 CHURCH ST.

SENATOR WALTHALL DEAD. Washington, April 21.—Senator Walthall of Mississippi died at 5:35 o'clock this afternoon.

BOARDMAN SCHOOL LECTURE. The eighth in the series of Boardman school lectures was delivered by Dr. E. S. Jenkins last evening in the Boardman school building. Dr. Jenkins' subject was "Seeds and their Development."

MYSTIC RECTOR'S LETTER. Says Vestrymen "Throw Tacks to Puncture His Bicycle Tires." Rev. Eugene Griggs, the rector of St. Mark's Episcopal church in Mystic, who was recently asked to resign, has given out for publication a letter under the caption: "Gross sacrilege in a church." The other side of the Mystic church trouble.

MUST REGISTER DOGS. The municipal officials, through the police department, yesterday announced that all dogs must show a register certificate, which will be amenable to the law. Yesterday morning the day patrolmen were sent out on the mission and visits were made to every house where a dog was believed to be harbored.

SACRED HEART GUILD ENTERTAINMENT. The Sacred Heart guild gave an entertainment in the school hall for the benefit of the poor. The entire entertainment was followed by dancing and light refreshments were served. Well known local artists gave the musical and literary programme. Among those who appeared are Miss Mary Frances McConville, Mrs. George Wohlmaier, the Mozart Mandolin orchestra, Herr Kratzer, director; Mae Hayes and Thomas Bergan.

Provisions, &c. Spring, Spring, Spring. Don't you want some Spring Lamb, Turkeys, Capons, Broilers, Green Peas, Asparagus, String Beans, Early Potatoes, Onions and Lettuce? We have the choicest the market affords. S. W. HURLBURT, 1074 CHAPEL STREET.

TEAS. All kinds and grades from 25c per lb. to \$1.00 per lb. can be bought of THOMAS THE T MAN COFFEES, SPICES, Etc. 859 Chapel Street, Telephone 1247-2. Orders promptly attended to.

THREE DOLLAR BOOTS and OXFORDS, FOR MEN. Since the invention of the Goodyear Welt machine, Shoes have been made free from tacks, flexible, and in every way as easy for the foot as all hand-made shoes, at one-half the cost. In January we selected our stock of spring and summer boots and Oxford ties and had them made up under our special directions. They are all made on modern lasts, in fact all the style and comfort of our eight dollar boots in Patent Leather, Russia and Black Calf skins. Try a pair of these shoes and you will become one of our regular customers. See window No. 3. (ONLY GOOD SHOES.) The New Haven Shoe Company - 842-846 Chapel Street -

AN INTERNATIONAL FAVORITE. "Apenta" is the title of a little work published in London containing reports and opinions of such prominent men as Prof. Pouchet of Paris, Prof. Liebreich and Gerhardt of Berlin, Prof. Lieberman of Buda Pesth, Prof. Althaus and Tichborne of Great Britain, Prof. Bogoslovsky of Moscow, and others, who after clinical observations and analyses and other investigations speak of the "Apenta" Hungarian Aperient Water in the highest terms. Its consistency of composition and its freedom from all impurities due to its being bottled under eminent scientific supervision; its value in the treatment of obesity and in the systematic treatment of constipation, are specially dwelt upon. The brochure can be had of the United Agency Co., 503 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

THE CONNECTICUT REPUBLICAN LEAGUE. The annual meeting of the Connecticut Republican league will be held at the Hotel Hamilton on Tuesday, May 10, at 12 o'clock noon. Officers will be elected and delegates chosen to the National Republican league to be held at Omaha on July 13, 14 and 15. The Republican clubs of the state will send delegates, each club being entitled to three delegates, and these will choose the three delegates to be sent to the national convention. Towns not having organized clubs can send one delegate.

Fire Under Control. Have it without making, without raking, without danger, without dust, without waste. Command it by the touch of a match and the turn of a key. Every owner of a "Perfect" Gas Range, has kitchen heat, practically "on tap." Everything in Gas Ranges, and Stoves, and Appliances worth having, is here for demonstration and for sale. Visitors are not annoyed with appeals to purchase. Our business is to point out the positive advantages of Gas Cookers and Heaters. THE NEW HAVEN GAS LIGHT COMPANY 80 CROWN ST.

SEASONABLE FOOD. Veal, Ham, Eggs. They are abundant. They are cheap and good. For Friday and Saturday: Veal Cutlet, 18c; Veal Chops, 14c; Veal to Roast, 8 to 12c; Veal to Stew, 8c; Sugar Cured Hams, 9c; Sliced Ham, 14c; Eggs, per dozen, 13c. Large line of BUTTER and CHEESE. Full stock of FRUIT and VEGETABLES. Goods Delivered. Telephone 1270. New Haven Public Market, No. 390 State Street. H. C. BOOTE, Manager.

DO YOU KNOW That we are receiving daily SAVIN ROCK Cheese—the kind that makes you want a second lot. Blueish are nice. All the other kinds. Louvers, Oysters, and Hard Crabs. A. KELSEY JONES, Telephone 704-2. 492 STATE STREET. OUR Eglin Creamery Butter. Price reduced to 23c per lb. and we guarantee it the finest TABLE BUTTER obtainable. We have good Table Butter for 15c and 21c per lb. Our Fancy Creamery PRINTS only 25c. Those fine JAMS, equal to any on the market, @ 10c have proved a fast seller. Only a few more left. We have a full line of Canned Vegetables. Our prices are very low. A full line of CANNED FRUITS. We can please you in price and quality. This is the season of Frank Parsons' Specialties: Sure Death for Waterbugs and Roaches, Fatal Food for Rats and Mice, Buffalo Death for Carpetbeetles, Good-bye for Bedbugs and Anis. All the above sold with a guarantee. D. M. WELCH & SON, CASH GROCERS, 28 and 30 Congress Avenue, Branches—8 Grand Avenue, Fair Haven, and Campbell Avenue, West Haven.

The New Haven Shoe Company - 842-846 Chapel Street - (ONLY GOOD SHOES.) H. B. ARMSTRONG & CO. 89-97 Orange Street. The Chatfield Paper Co. 298-302 State street, Most Complete Line of Paper and Twine in the State.

Hood's Pills. Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FUNERAL OF FREDERICK H. PORTH. The funeral of Frederick H. Porth took place at his late home, 50 White street, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The deceased was the oldest German resident of this city and was very well known. Rev. Mr. Timm of the German Lutheran church on George street officiated. Stahl & Son were the funeral directors. The interment was in Evergreen cemetery.

STRAWBERRIES. Southern Berries fresh daily. Blood Oranges. GRAPE NUT. Messina Oranges. Native Pie Fruit. GRAPE NUT. Native Water Cress, Dandelion, Mint, Radishes, Lettuce, etc., fresh daily. Fancy Bermuda Onions. GRAPE NUT. Try PEPTIC GRAHAM. Finest Lucca Olive Oil, in 1 quart tins, 75 cents. The delicious Delhi Cream Maple Sugar and Syrup. Facker House Rolls every afternoon at 2 o'clock. E. E. NICHOLS, 378 State st Telephone 352-2.

The Best Value FOR YOUR MONEY CAN BE OBTAINED AT OUR STORE. For the next few days we will sell Raspberry and Strawberry Jam, put up by ALDEN & NICHOLSON, in regular 1 1/2 lb jars, and warranted strictly pure, for 13c, or 2 for 25c. These are regular 20c goods. C. T. DOWNES & SON, 1 Broadway, corner York Street. Telephone 257-4.

A Declaration of War means 10c a pound advance on every pound of Tea you buy and from 3c to 5c a lb on every pound of Coffee. Goods are already advancing all along the line. That Commonwealth Coffee at 25c is a hummer. Tetley's Teas beat anything in the market at the price. Great strength and fine flavor combined. We sell them. Good time to purchase. Flour now. S. S. ADAMS, cor. State and Court Sts, 247 Howard Avenue, AND EAST HAVEN CENTER.

THE GARY RESIGNATION

LETTERS IN THE INCIDENT ARE MADE PUBLIC.

Mr. Gary in His Letter of Resignation Calls Attention to the Fact That He Was Not in Good Health When He Accepted the Postmaster Generalship—Charles Emory Smith of Philadelphia Confirmed to Succeed Mr. Gary.

Washington, April 21.—Postmaster General James A. Gary resigned to-day from the cabinet, and Charles Emory Smith of Philadelphia was at once nominated to succeed him. The resignation, it is reported in some circles, was the culmination of the differences which began in the cabinet over the issue of peace or war, but some well informed persons say that this is hardly true, laying the cause for the resignation to the ill health of Mr. Gary. Mr. Gary has been from the outset a strong peace man, in thorough accord with the business interests of his state.

The following letters were made public to-day: Washington, D. C., April 18. My Dear Mr. President: At the time you tendered me the honor of a place in your cabinet, I will remember I frankly stated that my health had not been robust and I expressed the fear that it might not be equal to the duties that would be made upon it. Recently these fears have been realized. The duties of the department over which I have presided have been so constant and arduous, admitting of no relaxation, that I find my health is seriously affected and jeopardized. I am astonished that to preserve it I must ask you to relieve me from the position. I tender my resignation with deep regret, for I have been greatly interested in my work and my association with this administration has been most agreeable. May I also add that I write this letter with special reluctance because I have from first to last been in such entire accord with your administration that I have not been trying to force my personal considerations over a pleasant memory. Very sincerely James A. Gary.

To the president. Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., April 21, 1898. My Dear Mr. Gary: I cannot express the deep regret I feel that you are compelled to tender your resignation as postmaster general. I had hoped that you would be finally relieved of me until the end of my term. Your resignation is accepted most reluctantly. May I believe that you will be able to return to your former position? I am not justified in asking you to remain longer in office. I beg to assure you of my appreciation of the value of your services in the existing department over which you have so ably presided and in the councils of the cabinet. With pleasant recollections of your condition, which I shall always carry with me, and with best wishes for your restored health, I am, your friend, William McKinley.

Hon. James A. Gary. Some years ago Mr. Gary was taken with a severe attack of Bright's disease of the kidneys, but he finally rallied, and it was thought he had fully recovered. Of late, however, the old symptoms have again returned, complicated with heart trouble. Recently he has had a number of sinking spells that has seriously alarmed his friends and upon the insistent advice of his physician, he concluded to resign. He made two short calls at the white house before noon and was one of the first of the members to arrive for the cabinet meeting at 1 o'clock. During the session the postmaster general came out of the cabinet room and announced that he would later give out a statement which he thought would set at rest any sensational stories that might be sent out as to the cause of his resignation.

Washington, April 21.—Charles Emory Smith has been confirmed as postmaster general. The senate committee on postoffices and postroads was polled and agreed unanimously to report the nomination of Mr. Smith favorably. It was reported that Senator Quay was going to fight the confirmation, but he told several senators that such was not the case. The nomination was not recommended by him and was wholly personal with the president. The announcement that Mr. Gary had resigned and that Charles Emory Smith had been nominated to succeed him came with startling suddenness to his friends in the house. None of the Maryland congressmen knew of Mr. Gary's prospective resignation. None of the house leaders had had any intimation of the change. Mr. Dingley expressed great surprise, as did Mr. Grosvenor. The latter said: "No better selection, however, could have been made. Mr. Smith's appointment is a glorious one."

Philadelphia, April 21.—Charles Emory Smith, who has been made postmaster general, was born in Mansfield, Conn., in 1842, and removed with his parents to Albany, N. Y., in 1849. He graduated from the Albany academy when sixteen years of age and immediately entered into journalism. Mr. Smith purchased an interest in the Albany Express and became joint editor with Mr. Dawson. In 1876 he was a delegate to the republican national convention at Cincinnati and was representative from the state of New York on the committee on resolutions. In February, 1880, Mr. Smith was appointed by President Harrison minister to Russia. In May, 1882, Mr. Smith returned to this country, and on the ninth of that month formally tendered his resignation as minister and resumed his labors as editor of the press. When the McKinley cabinet was in process of selection Mr. Smith's name was frequently mentioned in connection with a position in that body.

H. M. MANWARING, V. M. C. A. Building, Bridgeport. 91 Church St. Largest Dealer in the State. \$100 will not buy any better wheel than I can give you for \$50.00. STEARNS' EAGLES. 100 Wheels in salesroom to choose from. WE SELL WHEELS. OTHERS KEEP THEM.

COURT RECORD.

Joseph Gandini Found Guilty of Murder in First Degree.

At 7:40 last evening the jury in the Joseph Gandini murder trial returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, being out over three hours. Gandini will be sentenced to death on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Counsel for the accused will in the meantime decide whether they will ask for a new trial. The verdict was a surprise to them, as they had expected that the jury would only find the prisoner guilty in the second degree. The evidence in the case was finished yesterday morning and the arguments and judge's charge were ended at about 4:30 o'clock, at which hour the jury were sent to their room. Several of the jury were in favor of bringing in a verdict of murder in the second degree and several ballots were taken before the jury were unanimous for the verdict as finally returned.

For a trial in which a human life was at stake little public interest has been manifested. The crowds of the mawkishly curious criminal courts at murder trials were in this trial unusually small.

The trial lasted only three days and was devoid of evidence of sensational interest. The fact of the killing was not in dispute, the defense claiming that it was done in the heat of passion and therefore lacked the malice aforethought essential to a capital murder in the first degree. The accused is an aged Italian, not at all unimpressive in appearance. Understanding very little English, he has been unable to understand much of the testimony, and most of the arguments and the judge's charge. He did not testify in his own behalf. He has appeared very nervous throughout the trial.

The crime of which he has been found guilty was committed on the evening of February 12 at Stony Creek. The murdered man was Peter Coquilo, an Italian, about forty-five years of age. Coquilo had had trouble over money matters with Gandini, arising from a sale of property, and the two met that night for the first time in several weeks.

Gandini seemed to the many spectators to be more than ordinarily excited and both were using loud words. They spoke in Italian and the spectators could not understand what they said. During the interview Gandini drew from his pocket a knife, which he held in his hand. He drove Coquilo across the street against a tree, and then Coquilo made an attempt to kick him. Dodging the kick, Gandini plunged the knife to the hilt into Coquilo's heart and walked away. He was soon after arrested. Coquilo died a few minutes later.

Ex-Senator T. J. Fox and Paul Russo appeared in defense. The state showed by witnesses what is stated above. The defense yesterday afternoon endeavored to show that Coquilo had kicked Gandini in the groin.

The jury was dismissed till Tuesday, at which time the trial of the cases on the docket will be continued. State Attorney Williams said he had not decided what case would be tried next. Judge Elmer in the superior court yesterday heard the habeas corpus case brought against the selection of Farmington who are holding Charles A. Hull and his family as peepers. Charles S. Hamilton of counsel for the plaintiffs, moved to expunge portions of the reply of the defendants. The hearing will be finished to-day.

CONSERVATOR OVER YARPOOZ-LIAN.

Cullen B. Foote of Mr. Carmel was appointed guardian over Christine Yarpoozlian and also conservator over Stephen Yarpoozlian, who was sentenced to twelve years in prison for assault on his daughter. The sum of \$1,000 was found in his trunk after his arrest and this money is claimed to have been collected for the relief of the Armenian people. It will be held by Mr. Foote.

City Court—Criminal Side—Judge Dow.

In the city court before Judge Dow, yesterday morning, the cases of Lee Young and Lee Joe, charged with conspiracy to defraud Young Chung, were continued until to-day. James Williams was sent to jail for sixty days for begging. Mary Moran, John Fellows and Ella Cook, proprietors of disorderly houses, settled their cases by paying fines of \$5, \$70 and \$50, with \$5.94 costs in each case. Ten occupants of the houses paid fines of \$5 and costs each. The cases of John L. Evans, Pilly S. Riggs and Richard M. Coit, the Yale students arrested at the Beecher-Leonard company's fire, were continued until April 26. The two first are charged with disorderly conduct and the last with abusing a police officer. Martin Kralling was fined \$10 and costs for violation of the Sunday liquor law on March 21. Peter McKiernan was fined \$10 and costs for alleged violation of the liquor law, and appealed from Judge Dow's decision. John Weston was fined \$5 and \$7.75 costs for trespass on railroad cars. Frank Neuman was fined \$3 and \$5.42 costs for resistance to officer and fined \$2 and \$5.50 costs for drunkenness.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

William Steedle, a baker by trade, was arrested, charged with the forgery of an endorsement on a \$14 check. The accused was employed by the Yale Baking company. In the course of his employment he took the check, made payable to the order of the Yale Baking company. It is charged that he forged the signature of the company and then negotiated it.

PATRIOTISM RIFE AT YALE

\$150 BANNER TO BE GIVEN TO CRUISER YALE.

\$2,000 to be Contributed by Students and Graduates for Another Suitable Gift—Patriotic Demonstration by Students Last Night—Other Yale Items.

The plan for making some suitable gift to the new cruiser "Yale" has taken more definite form. A meeting of the committees appointed from each class to secure subscriptions from the students was held yesterday afternoon in Phelps hall. Dwight Day, chairman of the News, presided. It was first decided to present to the new boat a big silk banner, 10x15, of blue, with the word "Yale" in white. This flag is expected to cost at least \$150. In addition to this, many suggestions were made as to what would be a suitable present to make as a token of the appreciation of the honor conferred upon the university. Among other things it was suggested that a bronze head would make a most suitable gift. The men do not intend to do anything by halves, and will raise at least \$2,000. Everyone in the university is intensely interested, and there will be no difficulty at all in raising the desired amount. But it is expected to give every one a chance, and word will be at once sent to every graduate in the country. The returns from these men ought to swell the fund to more than twice \$2,000. All the graduate clubs will be asked to receive subscriptions and to forward them to the general committee. This general committee is made up of H. B. Wright '98, S. G. Moon '98, and Yandell Henderson of the Graduates' club. They immediately telegraphed to Assistant Secretary Roosevelt and John Addison Porter, secretary to President McKinley, asking that they suggest some appropriate gift.

Class meetings were arranged for in order that better arrangements might be made for a swifter collection of subscriptions. The juniors were the swiftest to answer and held their meeting last night. Great enthusiasm was shown and some rousing speeches were made. The following are the committees appointed to receive the subscriptions: Senior academic—Edward Sawyer, A. D. Baldwin and H. B. Wright. Senior Scientific—J. W. Alsop, W. F. Cochran, Jr., and S. G. Moon. Junior academic—C. A. Brayton, Jr., G. D. Graves and W. F. Whitehouse. Junior Scientific—Thomas LeBoutillier, S. F. Shattuck and J. Mc. Walton. Sophomore academic—F. B. Adams, J. D. Dana and A. Rockett. Freshman academic—W. T. Townsend, L. M. Thomas and L. B. Carter. Freshman Scientific—F. H. Swift, W. R. Bossick and O. H. Schell. Law school—E. W. Battle, W. H. Clark and C. H. Studniski. Theological school—H. A. Jump, H. W. Kidder and A. E. Fraser. Medical school—J. S. Loomis, W. J. Maroney and O. R. Witter.

The graduates of Yale living in New Haven and members of the Graduate Association of Yale are invited to send their subscriptions to Mr. Yandell Henderson, Graduates' club.

All other Alumni or friends of Yale and, in fact, all who are not reached by the agencies already given, are invited to send their subscriptions to the office of the Yale Alumni Weekly. All such subscriptions should be addressed "Yale Cruiser Fund, Yale Alumni Weekly."

BASKET BALL MEETING.

The basket ball association held a meeting in the gymnasium last night for the purpose of electing officers for next year. There was a large number in attendance, and everyone expressed their confidence in the success of next year's team. On an informal ballot Winchester Noyes '99 and E. T. Lewis '95 were nominated for manager. Noyes was elected. William Gillespie 1900 and C. D. Lockwood 1900, were proposed for assistant manager. Gillespie was elected. E. T. Lewis '99 and J. K. Clarke '99 were elected on the auditing committee. After the meeting a banquet was given for the team met and voted upon a captain for next year. J. K. Clarke '99 and A. H. Sharpe special and L. L. Beard '99 were nominated. Sharpe formally withdrew and Beard of Springfield, O., was elected.

SIXTY-THREE REUNION.

The members of the class of '63 Yale college will meet this year, it being the thirty-fifth since graduation. There will be the usual meeting for business in one of the lecture or recitation rooms about 10 o'clock on Tuesday, June 28. The place and hour will be definitely announced on posters. The class supper will take place on the evening of the same day at the house of the Anstatawae club, Savin Rock. The electric cars from New Haven pass near the club house. Members of the class are requested to inform the class secretary, Samuel Huntington, 146 Broadway, New York city, on or before June 29 whether they mean to be present. As the secretary will be expected to make a report to the class, to consist of such information as may be furnished him by absent members, all who will be unable to be present are requested to write him, telling what has happened to, or been done by them and their families, with as full an account as may be thought proper of their present surroundings and circumstances, and other matters of especial interest to them. The secretary will be glad to receive any material that may be of use for a future class history, although it will probably not be printed for some time yet.

SIXTY-EIGHT'S REUNION.

The class of sixty-eight will hold its reunion this year, and, judging by the letters already received, the committee expects that there will be a large attendance. The class banquet will be held at the house of the New Haven Lawn club, on Whitney avenue, and "The Woodbridge," 159 Elm street, has been engaged for the exclusive use of the class during commencement week. NOTES. R. Cameron 1891 has been elected captain of the second freshman crew which will row in the spring regatta. The banjo club will give a concert at the hospital Friday evening. The following men have been elected delegates to the convention of the United chapters of the Phi Beta Kappa

at Saratoga, N. Y., on September 7: Professors Wheeler, Seymour and Perrin.

J. L. Howard '98, has been appointed captain of the Sigma Chi baseball team. The Toggie Joint Glee, Banjo and Mandolin clubs gave a concert at Leavenworth hall, Waterbury, Conn., Wednesday evening.

Coach Courtney of Cornell has this week changed the order of the university crew for the first time this year. It is now rowing as follows: Stroke, Briggs; 4, Savage; 6, Oddie; 5, Sweetland; 4, King; 3, Moore; 2, Bentley; bow, Dalzell.

BLIND MAN LEADS THE CLASS.

Franz Joseph Dohmen of Austin ranks above any of his fellow students of the present senior class of the University of Texas. At the next commencement he will receive the degree of bachelor of literature. The fact that Mr. Dohmen is the first honor man of his class is remarkable only because since his tenth year he has been blind. He is 24 years old and was born at New Braunfels, Tex., of German parents. His father, Dr. Dohmen, was at the time of his death the state oculist, and one of the most distinguished men of his profession in the state. When young Dohmen was ten years old he was seized with an attack of typhoid fever which settled in his eyes, and when his strength was restored it was found that he had completely lost his sight. He was placed in a blind asylum, and there his talents for music developed and at the same time he received splendid preparatory training for his university career. While he was studying in the blind asylum he received training in a system of writing that has been invaluable to him while a student in the university. This system consists of piercing full of small holes a stiff wad of paper, and with a sharp instrument, the position of the hole being determined by a small metal frame, held on the opposite side of the paper. This furnishes projections, which the blind learn as readily as they do raised letters. Mr. Dohmen is a master of this system and writes it as rapidly as an ordinary writer does long with his note book, attends classes, takes notes, and goes about the building so easily and naturally that the loss of his sight is scarcely noticed. When a term examination occurs he writes his answers to the questions according to his short-hand system for the blind, and then takes his replies home and makes a neat copy himself upon his typewriter. He does his typewriter work rapidly and neatly, and presents to his professors manuscript faultless in its appearance. Mr. Dohmen graduated from the blind asylum in 1893 with the highest honors and has now been a student of the University of Texas for five years. His proficiency as a performer on the piano is a great source both to himself and to his friends, but his greatest delight consists in deriving from the problems of higher mathematics, philosophy, and political science. He speaks and writes English, German and French. He is a fair Latin scholar, and knows a smattering of Greek. At present he is studying French, German, mathematics, Latin, and political science. Upon these studies next June he will receive his degree of bachelor of literature, and will leave immediately for Germany to pursue further investigation in his favorite subjects of philosophy, mathematics, and political science in some one of the great universities there.

BASEBALL.

Philadelphia, April 21.—Seymour was wild to-day and in consequence Philadelphia again defeated New York. In the eighth inning he completely lost control of the ball and the Phillies had added half a dozen runs to their score he was relieved by Gettig. Duggie pitched a fairly steady game. Attendance, 2,617. Score: Phila. 0 4 0 0 0 1 0 8 0-13 New York ... 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0-4 Hits—Philadelphia 10, New York 9. Errors—Duggieby and McFarland; Seymour, Gettig and Grady.

AT BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, April 21.—The Oriole batsmen could not connect with the ball to-day when hits were needed. In five innings Klobedanz retired the side without a hit and only in the second did the home players solve his curves consecutively, when they earned three runs. The home team's errors helped Boston's run column. Attendance 1,787. Score: Baltimore ... 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 2 0-5 Boston ... 3 0 1 2 0 0 2 0 2-10 Hits—Baltimore 7, Boston 12. Errors—Baltimore 4, Boston 2. Batteries—Hoffer and Clark; Klobedanz and Bergen.

A WASHINGTON.

Washington, April 21.—Eleven innings were required by the Senators to win to-day's game. Although the visitors made more hits, the Senators won by bunching and because of errors by the Brooklyn men. Attendance 1,800. Score: Washington ... 3 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2-7 Brooklyn ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0-5 Hits—Washington 11, Brooklyn 13. Errors—Washington 6, Brooklyn 2. Batteries—Weyhing and McGruir; Dunn and Smith.

WELL FED, WELL BRED.

Proper Food Makes Brains Men and Beautiful Women. To know just what to eat is a problem for many people who find their strength and health not keeping up to a proper stage. From food we must expect our bodily nourishment and not from drugs. True, a physician's care is required at times, but the true physician will always seek to put his patient on properly selected food and drink. A food expert has discovered Grape-Nuts by experimenting on the treatment of grains to artificially pre-digest the starches. (The principal part). Grape-Nuts, as now made by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek, Mich., and sold by grocers generally, is a delicious dietary, suitable particularly for the brain worker, as it quickly supplies the parts of food the body needs to supply the daily loss produced by brain work. Unless the right food be furnished and properly digested, the individual discovers a gas to be falling and some form of disease sets up. Users of Grape-Nuts discover that they assist in the digestion of cream and other food, and that a "well fed feeling" follows their use.

MRS. SIGOURNEY.

Donald G. Mitchell's Estimate of This Mother of the Late Mrs. Francis T. Russell.

Mrs. Sigourney—who bore the maiden name of Lydia Huntly—was born in the picturesque old town of Norwich and was of right a "Daughter of the Revolution," her father having fought in the battles of that colonial crisis, and upon the right side; indeed, she made show very early of an acute Americanism—due largely, perhaps, to the influences of a stately colonial dame of wealth and position, who had made of her a protegee and a pet. Under such conditions, a good education was secured, and she began early to warble those pleasant rhythmical numbers, in the weaving of which very few women of her day could equal her ease and grace. The mellifluous roll of the old Indian names caught her quick ear, and she cast "Ontario's willow," "Niagara's thunder," and the "hoar forehead of Monasook" into the pulses of accommodating, yet picturesque verse, long before "Hiawatha" had wrapped the savage nomenclature into more beguiling music.

The young singer had her experiences at school keeping—first in her native town and again in Hartford, whither the poetically minded seemed to drift by some powerful attraction—as in the city of the "Wits" and in more recent times—while as yet no guardian genius looked down from the capitol dome and no retreat for the "unwise" invited the feeble.

She not only wrote in verse, but in prose—voluntarily, the total number of her books counting among the 40's; there were "Narratives," "Sketches," "Memoirs"—many of these having historic value, by reason of her truthful presentment of scenes and characters she had known in her young days. There was stiffness perhaps. She was too conscientious to rub out irregularities; so true she could not tone down the harshness. Like those old photographers who put the heads of their subjects between pads of iron rails, she made her portraits show all the sharp lines of truth, but it was truth suffering a grievous pinch, from overlacings of propriety.

In the year 1819 Miss Huntly became the wife of Mr. Sigourney, a wealthy merchant of Hartford, and for many years thereafter was in the enjoyment of an elegant home, looking down upon that interval where Little River rolled (and still coils) through the city, and where now a beautiful park delights the eye of every passing traveler. Through all her wifely, as through her maidenly days, she guarded her punctiliousness—was over-careful in language—minding her steps—not venturing upon common-sense name; calling a pig "the animal to whom the Evangelist alluded," or the "adjunct of every economical household; wary of anything—though the most ordinary— which had smack of vulgarity; and educating both lip and pen to the "prunes and prisms" of a large but somewhat narrow propriety.

And yet, for all this, her unswerving rectitude of life and action, her untiring advocacy of all good causes, won for her a respect and a consideration which were better worth than praises of over-sincere critics. On her English travel—of which she pleasantly told the story, there were attentions paid her at once earnest and abounding. Nor did these attentions fail at home.

There were those who detected in the occasional verse of this Connecticut poetess an echo of the notes of Mrs. Hemans, who at about the same period was piping musically from her home amid the fastnesses of North Wales. Yet her sterling New Englandism was always emergent; in some sense, she might have been reckoned the laureate of Connecticut Puritanism—illustrating the royalties of her ballad by ode, lines, memorials, epithalamiums, family pictures—putting vral-senance and great kindliness into each and all, with a setting of earnest and pronounced piety.

A little confirmatory incident, to which the present writer was witness, may be detailed: She chanced to be in Washington (I think in the winter of 1848-49) when an important case was to be argued by Mr. Webster before the supreme court. She was anxious to be present, and came with a young friend, at a late hour, when the old courteous recesses of the court were nearly filled with eager attendants. Mr. Webster, rolling his great eyes around the chamber, as was his wont—noticed the late arrival of the poetess, and rising, left his briefs, strode up the crowded alleyway, and greeting her in his largest manner, insisted upon escorting her—as if she were a queen, and he, master of royal ceremonies—down to the very front of the chamber, where he found her place among the distinguished advocates. The old lady bore the unusual and marked attention with a little nervous trepidation, yet with a glow of gratification that lighted beamingly her fine matronly face. I think she never felt more touched by any public recognition of her literary or social tribute by our greatest master of forensic eloquence, to the modest Connecticut mistress of the crafts of poetry.

A single touch of the quality of this forgotten songstress I cull from her "Alpine Flowers": Did some white-winged messenger On Mercy's mission trust your timid germ To the cold cradle of eternal snows? Or, breathing on the callous icicles, Bid them with tear-drops never dry?

Dare that drear atmosphere; no polar pine Uprears a veteran front; yet there will stand, Leaning your cheeks against the thick-ribbed ice, And looking up with brilliant eye to Him Who bids you bloom unbalanched amid the waste.

Luxemburg castle, No. 1, K. G. E., celebrated its first anniversary last night in A. O. U. W. hall, 139 Orange street. A short business meeting was in order until about 9 o'clock, when Albert Williams, pianist, and Frank S. Hamilton, Jr., bass soloist, rendered several solos. Short speeches were made by the toastmaster, Frank A. Southworth, and P. G. C. Harry Leigh; P. G. M., R. Reynolds of Bridgeport; N. C., Walter Downs of Luxemburg castle; G. S. H., James Walker, William Dixon of Columbia; Walter Leigh, S. Fred Strang, James Fitzgerald and J. Wesley Platt.

"There is no Kodak but the Eastman Kodak."

1898 KODAKS

For sale by The Arthur H. Barnes Co. City Hall Drug Store, 159 Church St.

FUNERAL OF SOPHIE SCHLEGEL. The funeral of Sophie Schlegel, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Schlegel, took place at the home of her parents, 23 George street, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Siebke officiated and spoke very feelingly of the death of the child, who had only been ill a short time.

The floral tributes were many and beautiful. Stahl & Son were the undertakers, and the interment was in Evergreen cemetery.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

Hyperion Theater. "CUMBERLAND '61." At the Hyperion to-night and to-morrow night Franklin Fyfe's great play, "Cumberland '61," will be presented with its wealth of scenery and accessories. Saturday there will be a bargain matinee for ladies and children—prices 25 cents and 50 cents only.

Upon the rise of the curtain Colonel Murdoch is on duty at West Point, while Grayne and Kamsset were cadets there. Alice Anstley is a member of Colonel Murdoch's household, and her father is momentarily expected to arrive. Kamsset begs the colonel to acknowledge him in order to save him from the taunt that he has negro blood. The colonel won't do it and announces that it is he himself who has started the hue and cry against the young man. Whereupon Kamsset throws down his mustel and swears that the Indian half of him shall never cease to seek revenge. Then Mr. Anstley arrives from the Cumberland Mountains and meets his daughter. She begs him to save her from a hated marriage to Colonel Murdoch. Moved by her entreaties, he is about to consent, when the colonel, to strengthen his claim for her hand, cunningly brings out the fact that the daughter loves Gordon Grayne, hated by Anstley with all the bitterness of a Kentucky feud. Her father becomes furious and joins her hand in Murdoch's.

Sale of seats now open. Prices, regular dollar scale. JOSEF HOFMANN. There has been a big demand for seats for the matinee recital to be given by Josef Hoffmann, the young pianist, who will make his only appearance in Connecticut on Monday afternoon, April 25. There are still good seats for sale, application for which should be made at once, as orders are pouring in from out-of-town people who are forming parties to attend the recital. The scale of prices has been fixed at \$2, \$1.50 and \$1, which is a lower rate than that charged in Boston and other large cities. This has been done in consequence of the size of the theater, which enables the management to do so.

Sale of seats now open at the box office. HAWORTH IN "MACBETH." Judging from the persistent inquiries that have been made regarding the selection of the bill for the special engagement of Joseph Haworth at the Hyperion next Monday night, it will be well for those who wish to make special selection of seats for that night to visit the box office early to-day. Miss Bertha Galland's "Lady Macbeth" is said to be a perfect revelation in stage art and costuming. The regular dollar scale of prices. HENRY MILLER IN "THE MASTER." The central character in G. Stuart Ogilvie's play, "The Master," in which

Henry Miller is said to have scored his greatest success and which is to be presented at the Hyperion for one night, next Wednesday, in the same manner in regard to cast, scenery and effects as it has been seen for the past three months at the Garden theater, New York, is Thomas Faber (Mr. Miller).

STUART ROBSON COMING. The success of "The Juckins," which Mr. Robson will present on his next appearance at the Hyperion Thursday evening, April 28, lies in its wholesome, simple humor. It is said that in this play Mr. Robson has struck the keynote of success, and his business is very large. "The Juckins" is a composite picture of southern humor, pathos and piety.

Grand Opera House. "PASSION'S SLAVE." The attraction at the Grand opera house last night was a superior one, John A. Stevens' great drama, "Passion's Slave," being presented. The cast selected for the production of the piece is one of the strongest throughout that has been seen at this house this season. With its elaborate scenic effects last night's performance of the play was truly enjoyable. No better criterion of how the drama was received could be drawn than the many complimentary remarks of the audience as they filed out at the close.

In the part of Clothilde Dejon hand-miss Estelle Keene was at her best. Only praise can be given George A. Weller, who appears as Manuel De Foe in the title role. The support was excellent. Special mention should be made of Miss Hildred Hyland, who is a thorough actress, besides being handsome and of fine stature. She was received with many big rounds of applause.

This play will be repeated at the matinee to-day, and the sensational drama, "Unknown," will be presented by the same company to-night and at the matinee to-morrow. Reserved seats matinee 10 cents, 15 cents and 25 cents; night prices, 10 cents to 50 cents. "PULSE OF NEW YORK." The attraction at the Grand opera house the first half of next week will be "The Pulse of New York." The play will be pleasantly remembered from its former visit, and is now much improved, having been rewritten to revise it with a musical comedy, which is having the "call" in theatrical circles. If you can't laugh, don't go, for it is built to amuse.

Poll's Wonderland Theater. "Are we in a boat?" said a woman who always forsores sensibleness on water, while she sat in the Wonderland audience last night and was carried around the Maine and the Iowa, and around the wreck of the Maine and the divers at work, and then out on a chase after the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya, which is caught going at dashing speed. No wonder she exclaimed, for the realism is vivid. By placing the biograph on a tug that circles the object to be biographed, the sensation of sailing around the object is perfectly simulated. The great series of views is drawing crowds to the theater.

The vaudeville show attending is first class, with a comedy "The Two Rubies," as a leading feature, played wonderfully well by Miss Dean Edhall, and Frank J. Keenan. The Brothers Damm, the acrobats from Berlin, are the sensation of the bill, and get cheers and applause at every performance. In the olio are the Clover trio, the Brilliant quartet, Walz and Ardelle, Lowell and Lovell and Saville and Stewart. Biograph shown at 3, 5, 8:30 and 10:30. Prices 10c and 20c; ladies in the afternoon, 10c. Bikes checked free at the rear of the lobby.

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The Journal and Courier

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Wall street begins to think at last that war is impending.

In Turkey the use of electricity is prohibited by the sultan and in accordance therewith patents for electrical inventions are refused.

The announcement in the House of Commons yesterday that the United States would adhere to the principles of the treaty of Paris regarding neutral vessels was greeted with cheers.

Liverpool's Chamber of Commerce is considering the plan of bridging the Mersey by a suspension bridge 150 feet above high water, with a central span 2,000 feet long and two side spans each of 1,000 feet. The estimated cost is \$12,500,000.

Among the colored diamonds there is one of a green tint, now in Dresden and formerly owned by Augustus the strong. The Grand Duke of Tuscany possessed a blue one and the famous Hope diamond was also blue and remarkably beautiful.

A novel flower has been found at the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. It has a faculty of changing its color during the day. In the morning it is white, when the sun is at its zenith it is red, and at night it is blue. Only at noon does it give out any perfume.

Arthur Nikisch, conductor of the Leipzig Gewandhaus concerts, has been fined twelve thousand gulden by the Court in Budapest. Before he accepted his post in Leipzig he was conductor of the royal opera in Budapest, and broke his contract to do so.

Hartford Courant: "The papers sold here as the morning issues of the New York dailies have to be printed the day before in order to get here in time for early sale. They undertake to compete with The Courant which has hours the advantage of them. News does come faster by telegraph than by cars." Same case here.

New York Tribune: This war is not one of our seeking. Let that never be forgotten. However the heathen have raged and some of the people imagined vain things, the authoritative voice of this Nation has been steadfastly for peace. Every resort for keeping the peace, with honor and with fidelity to the highest duties of the Nation, has been tried in vain.

The great foreign demand for American wheat and for corn also continues and increases, which accounts for their rise in price and shows that in this case the advance is not due to speculators. The market conditions also favor a still higher level of prices. As will be seen by a press dispatch in another column, the price of flour per barrel in this country has just been advanced.

Mail and Express: "Whatever of hope may have lingered in the pacific and patriotic heart of President McKinley that peace might be enforced in Cuba without war with Spain is dispensed by the happenings of the past few hours. Wars are not made swiftly during the period of their incubation, but when the crisis looms imminent events thicken with every clock tick."

This year's crop of centennial celebrations includes observations of the 400th anniversaries of Vasco de Gama's discovery of the way to India by way of the Cape of Good Hope, at Lisbon in May; of the burning of Savonarola at Florence, also in May, and of the birth of Holbein at Basle, in Switzerland. Montpellier will celebrate the 100th birthday of the philosopher Auguste Comte; Ancona that of the poet Leopardi, who was born at Recanati, close by; and Paris that of Michelet, the historian.

The co-operation of the insurgent army in Cuba will make a big addition to the fighting force which, it is expected, we are to place on the island. General Miles in his interview with Tomas Estrada Palma, Cuban minister to Washington, on the subject, was told by the latter that about 50,000 Cubans could be counted upon to fight in conjunction with the American troops. It would be necessary, he said, for them to be supplied with rifles and ammunition, for it was the lack of these that had prevented the greatest effectiveness by these troops heretofore.

According to the correspondent of the London Times, the public debt of Cuba up to the end of 1897 amounted to \$522,000,000. It consisted of these items: The Cuban bonds of 1886, \$118,010,200; Cuban bonds of 1890, \$171,710,000; custom house bonds issued in Spain for expenses of the war, \$143,300,000; notes of the Spanish bank issued without specie guarantee for expenses of the war, \$14,000,000; arrears of pay to the army, navy and civil service, \$60,000,000; other outstanding debts, \$15,000,000. The present total of \$522,000,000 is to be contrasted with the debt of \$170,000,000 in February, 1895, when the insurrection began.

"COMING FATHER ABRAHAM."

The nation has spoken. Armed intervention will, to all appearances, soon be begun looking to the restoration of peace in Cuba and the establishment of a stable government there, by which equity and justice shall prevail, and the people of all classes and conditions and shades of color shall be protected from turmoil and massacre. Spain has apparently joined issue and declared, in effect, that her insufferable pride, her insolence, her people, are for resistance to the death. Our army and navy are ready for the move to the seat of war.

The nation has spoken and is preparing for the calling of 80,000 volunteers. The apportionment to the various States has been designated. The House and now also the Senate have endorsed the bill. Like as in '61, when the immortal Lincoln called for 75,000 men, and later when he called for 300,000, and as in his later calls for men, this nation will respond most nobly. Spain, it is true, has until to-morrow noon to yield, but nothing favors the view that she will submit. She presents the same haughty front and diplomatic intercourse between the nations has ceased with the departure of Minister Woodford. Moreover, a semi-official note issued at Madrid yesterday says that Spain considers the ultimatum of the United States a declaration of war against her and will make no reply, but simply await the expiration of the time limit mentioned in the ultimatum before opening hostilities; and has in the meantime ordered her fleet dispatched to meet that of the United States.

Once more, therefore, the drum-beats and bugles of war will be heard, and all over the land men will gaze with renewed and intensified ardor and patriotic impulse at "Old Glory." Not as in the war for the Union will there be such an onrush of troops. No score and a half of regiments will be called for, for instance, from our little State. Recruiting stations will not be as numerous in our city as in the civil war days,—the days of that tremendous struggle for the Union. Let us hope, too, that the war will not be long, and that the stars and stripes will speedily triumph. The nation should act wisely in its measures for organizing the volunteer army. The mistakes of the civil war in this respect, which were very costly in treasure and blood, need not be repeated in the light of experience. The nation goes forth to do battle in a cause that appeals strongly to every patriotic heart. Not until all efforts at peaceful intervention had been exhausted by the President did the nation resolve to "let slip the dogs of war." The nation was slow to anger. Not until the greatly needed preparations for war had been made did the President commit the case to Congress. The war is now upon us. It will be a just war,—a war not for territory, nor conquest, nor self-glorification. Annexation is out of the question, for the President has distinctly disclaimed any such program or ulterior design. We are championing the cause of a misruled, misgoverned, much wronged people. The blood of hundreds of thousands of innocent victims of Spanish cruelty appeals to us. It is not for dollars and cents, for trade and commercial benefits, that the war is to be waged, for our dealings with Cuba are not vastly important, by any means, and the island is so crippled and exhausted that it will take years to make it again prosperous. We are to fight for a principle in a spirit of chivalry, self-denial and conscientiousness, ignoring the blood and treasure of the country which will be poured out before a glorious peace is won.

NO PRIVATEERING.

There will be no privateering on the part of this nation in the war now upon us. This has been decided upon by the Administration. This nation therefore puts itself in line, as regards this war, with the declaration of the Signatory Powers in the Treaty of Paris in '56 on the subject. This country does not bind itself for future wars in the matter, but only for this one, reserving the right to engage in privateering in any future wars that may arise. As to this war, the Government's declaration is plain, forcible and unmistakable. The Government does not say that this country was wrong in engaging in privateering in the wars of the revolution and 1812. Then privateering was a necessity. Now no such necessity exists. Then we were a weak nation contending against a powerful one,—the "mistress of the seas." Then it was deemed a legitimate mode of warfare. Technically it is so regarded to-day, but in these days it is regarded

as a means to be resorted to with reluctance and only through stern necessity. Then we had a weak navy. Now our navy is powerful and in place of privateers we have swift cruisers, or commerce destroyers which amply fill the bill.

Spain, the weaker nation in this struggle, is not restricted from engaging in privateering as she also did not sign the Paris Treaty. The United States and Spain now standing face to face on the verge of naval battle were the two most important dissenters from the Paris declaration.

Spain can engage in privateering. Her citizens are not debarred from fitting out ships to prey upon American commerce. But times have changed since the privateering days of old, since the days when Paul Jones wrought havoc among British merchantmen, invaded the English coast on a flying visit, menaced an English village and even tackled and conquered British men of war. Then a "clipper" could keep the sea for months. Coaling up was not a factor in the case. The privateer's "white wings" were her means of locomotion and she had no coal bunkers to replenish in order to continue doing business. Now coal cuts a big and essential figure in the case. The mighty power of steam has come to the front as the motive power for fighting craft. Thus Spanish privateers would be badly handicapped. To carry on business they would have to steam far away from their home ports in order to prey upon American commerce. The ports of Spain are not available for attacks upon American shipping and hence their bases of coal supply would be too far off and the chances of getting an adequate supply of black diamonds at foreign ports would be very precarious. This same trouble, by the way, confronts the Spanish war ships. Hence in view of our Government's action and the coal problem, privateering as a feature of the present war is eliminated from the situation. Our country's decision, assenting to the prohibition of privateering greatly redounds to our national honor.

FASHION NOTES.

Old Not So Plain.
Trimming for tailor-made dresses hard. It is permissible now to wear with the tailor suit a hat so gay that a year ago it would have been deemed in atrocious taste, but that isn't enough for some women. Despite the ruling toward severity in the finish of the dress, occasional suits are seen in which the ornamentation is striking. Here is one of this class, sketched in gray camel's hair. Its jacket bodice was cut away in yoke fashion at the neck, its fronts lapped over at the base of the revers, being held with a large



button, and the lower part was in cut-away shape. Collar and revers were gray velvet, and dark gray braid handsomely adorned the costume in the manner these two views indicate. A vest of white pique was topped by an embroidered batiste chemisette.

Big dot veils are all gone by. All sorts of delicate meshes are now used, and it is wonderful how becoming effects vary according to the mesh. Gauzes are again used, and some of them are a mere mist in thickness, others as solid as the chiffon veil with which we are well acquainted. Real lace and blonde net veils will again be worn, and made veils edged with little puffs of chiffon, the ends finished like scarf ends, to cross at the back and tie under the chin, are among the novelties. For summer hats gauzes in color matching or harmonizing with the hat itself will be used, the scarf end being carried out elaborately. Hats with veils to match are shown for summer, the veil being of the same gauze that covers the flowers on the hat. Rose color, white and black are the safest experiments in this line, but pale green, pale blue and even teal and darker yellow are to be tried.

Significant changes in taste is the fact that women continue to nibble at the overskirt—indeed, are almost hooked. They keep up experiments with three and four materials in one dress, more often than not with good result. They have forgotten dresden effects, become nauseated at the mention of crushed colors and blurred outlines designs, plunge at smooth faced cloths and hall cashmere as if they hadn't snubbed it for years. They sash themselves with anything that will hang and drag, and still bundle up their throats.

CUSTOMS.

Mrs. Quiverful—"Do you know, dear, that I think the baby sometimes cries in her sleep?" Mr. Quiverful (savagely) "I don't know about that, but I know she often cries in mine."—Pick-Me-Up.
Singleton—"Now that you have been married to the heiress for several months, I want to ask you: Is mar-

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riage a failure?" Benedick—"Well, my wife has suspended payment."—Brooklyn Life.

"The one thing I especially don't like about America is its customs," said an English gentleman with the sandy whiskers, as he paid \$99.99 duty on a coat that cost him only \$100.—New York Herald.

A Woman's Determination.—Cobwiger—"Did your wife insist upon having all those new things for Easter?" Crawford—"Did she? Why, she said she would have them even if the expenses necessitated our moving to Brooklyn."—Judge.

He—You talk about men playing poker. It is no worse a vice than the shopping habit of the women. She—Perhaps not, morally speaking; but then it takes money to play poker, whereas a woman can shop all day without it costing her a cent, except what she pays for car fare.—Boston Transcript.

Felt Her Responsibility.—"Dear me!" exclaimed the girl with pensive, brown eyes and ink on her fingers. "I wish I had entered school a year sooner." "What is the matter, dear?" "Things are in such an unsettled state that I don't know what advice to give the country in my graduation essay."—Washington Star.

SPIRITUALISM AND SPAIN.

Modern spiritualism dates from the "Rochester knockings," which began on the night of 31, 1848, in Hydesville, N. Y. The Fox sisters, who invented the knockings, soon carried their phenomena to Rochester, where they began careers of adventure which were far from edifying in their results. To the average lay observer spiritualism seems a barren disappointing, misleading and demoralizing affair. It has done the notorious damage to many persons, and it is not generally known that any good has come from it, or that it has brought to light any important new truth. It has been so honeycombed with fraud that it is always been very difficult to be sure that there was anything else than fraud to it; yet, perhaps it has been of some use in promoting inquiry into psychical phenomena.

There were some celebrations of the Jubilee of American spiritualism last week, but the chief celebration will be held next June, when the international congress of spiritualists meet at Rochester. However unremunerative spiritualism may seem to most persons the believers in it in this country and Canada are numerous enough to form an important and active religious sect, with an organization and an estimated membership of 150,000, distributed among 600 or 700 local associations. They own a million dollars' worth of property, including about 80 churches, and employ about 1,500 mediums. No doubt their experiments and researches afford them much entertainment, and of course they enjoy that fellowship of kindred minds in which all sorts of sectaries find their profit. An Alabama man explained his willingness to fight Spain by the confession that it was powerful dull in Alabama a good deal of the time. The dullness of normal existence for very many people, which drives some of them to drink, explains very many curious things, and, no doubt, among others, the growth of spiritualism. What an enormous accumulation of facts there will be for the prohibitionists to turn attention to, and maybe fight, after they have abolished rum!—Harper's Weekly.

AN EXPERIENCE IN A BALLOON.

I made an ascent in the gigantic balloon which, toward the end of the sixties, had been brought over by a number of well known French aeronauts, Messrs. Von, Godard, Mangin, Chevallier, and Tissandier. Mr. Glasher, the celebrated meteorologist, who in one of his ascents had attained the greatest height, (seven miles), took the direction of the enormous airship on that occasion. Shortly before a balloon of moderate extent had been brought to England by Mr. Giffard. I was accidentally prevented from accepting the invitation to take part in the ascent. On the next day the balloon exploded through a fire.

When we ascended afterward in the great captive balloon, the volume of which was no less than 424,000 cubic feet and its height 121 feet, during such stormy weather that Mr. Glasher thought at first the enterprise should be given up on that day, we had rather a strange experience. At a great altitude for very many people, which drives some of them to drink, explains very many curious things, and, no doubt, among others, the growth of spiritualism. What an enormous accumulation of facts there will be for the prohibitionists to turn attention to, and maybe fight, after they have abolished rum!—Harper's Weekly.

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Miscellaneous.
The good gentleman thereupon pursued his journey, the nice, cool, emerald cucumbers jostling one another good naturedly and the ducks quacking a conversation between themselves, based on the likelihood of rain. He probably arrived home near midnight. Imagine the childish laughter that greeted him at the gate. Imagine the baby feet mounting the dusty wheels, aided by chubby hands, to examine the treasure their good father had brought home. Imagine their delight on the discovery of the ducks, and also imagine a steady diet of three weeks of duck and cucumber, with the duck petering out after the third day. Think of the ineffable delight of raising an adult appetite by hard work in the field and rushing home at the sound of the chime dinner bell and sitting down to a sumptuous feast of cucumbers. When the shades of night are falling and the world is at peace, seek the bright light on the table, the happy family gathered around, the venerable father giving thanks for their daily cucumbers, and the family falling to, a minute later, and regaling themselves with the progenitor of the pickle.—The Church at Home and Abroad.

CUCUMBERS.
The Rev. W. passed through Oklahoma the other day with his wagon full to the brim of cucumbers. On top of those cucumbers perched two ducks.

The reverend gentleman was known to the citizens of the place, although he did not live there, but further north, in the next county. These citizens challenged the gentleman of the cloth on his freight, and he answered that he had been preaching up on Bear Creek, and the people, having nothing else, had paid in cucumbers and two ducks to boot.

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are the weapons for the painting campaign which is now on. Against the present rifle guns the old smoothbores are useless. It's also useless to use poor paints, as they can't stand our weather and climate, and quickly disappear. A mountain will stand anything, but our paints once put on will resist any weather. Save your house and money, too, by painting with our preparations.

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Miscellaneous.

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MEN'S \$3.00 SHOES

will convince you of their superiority. We have them in TAN and BLACK VICE KID, also in TAN TITAN CALF. You can't tell them from a \$5.00 shoe. Every pair was made to my special order. THEY WEAR LIKE STEEL. An inspection is all we ask. If you will buy where wisdom directs, you will buy right at this store. You'll save money and get the best quality, style and fit that can be bought for the money.

A patent shoe polisher free.

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Here's a special value—actual 50c. quality of fine, elastic, fast dye, black hosiery, 3 pairs for \$1.00.

High-class Fancy Hosiery in Lisle Checks, at \$1.50.

Beautiful polka dot Lisle Hosiery, in blue and black grounds, at \$1.25.

Handsome new things in Plaid Hosiery, at 75c.

Attention, 2d Regiment!

Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Wool Abdominal Bandages, recommended by official circular to New York regiments. Guards against the injurious effects of dampness and climatic changes.

We are New Haven agents.

Matting Mats.

Many pretty patterns of matting samples; make very desirable mats and rugs. Price 25 cents each.

Dinner Sets.

Several crates of new dinner ware just unpacked. A good set of 112 pieces for \$9.90, easily worth \$14.

Dining Chairs.

A special sale of dining chairs at \$1.00 each this week includes many worth two or three times as much, but being mostly in single sets an early call will be necessary to insure the most satisfactory choice.

BROWN & DURHAM,
Complete House Furnishers,
Orange and Center Streets

ROBERT N. BURWELL,
UNDERTAKER
and FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
966 Chapel Street.
Telephone 1071.

Education.

MECHANICAL DRAWING,
AND MATHEMATICS. F. R. HONEY,
228 Hoadley Building.

THE DESSAUBER-TROOSTWYK
School of Music, 751 Chapel Street.
The only complete institution of this kind in Connecticut. Vocal and instrumental instruction. Pupils prepared for the Musical Department of Yale. Office hours: 12 to 1 and 4 to 5 p. m.

Perry's Prices.

Why don't people complain about Perry's carpet prices? Because such complaints are chiefly due to the premature wearout of unreliable carpets.

PERRY'S CARPETS
are so satisfactory and durable that prices for them (always just) are lost sight of. Daily sales of every new weave and pattern that particular people demand.

Bargain: 50 new pieces of Straw Matting at \$4.00 a forty-yard roll.

H. B. Perry
914 Chapel St.

OUR COFFEE DEPARTMENT

Is one in which we take especial pride. We have an enviable reputation throughout the city for fine coffee, for the reason that our customers have found it to be just what it is—

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA.
When you want a cup of coffee give it a trial. You'll pay more and not get near as good. Telephone 259-3.

JOHNSON & BROTHER
411-413 State Street, cor. Court.

CIGARS.

ABOUT THE TWO BRANDS OF PARK & TILFORD'S KEY WEST CIGARS.

There was a time when an order of 10,000 of them was sufficient. Now we have to order 30,000 and we advise buyers to get a supply from this lot as imported tobacco is going to be a scarce article.

In 1892 the general corporation law was passed to supplant this and other similar statutes, and it is now one of the questions to be decided in the pending case, whether it also includes the article concerning the two-month limitation. The defense, however, will base its argument largely upon the fact that Yale is not a domestic corporation under New York laws, and hence is not affected by any statutes enacted to restrict them. If it can succeed in proving this point the necessity of obtaining a favorable interpretation of the corporation law will be entirely removed. This will indeed be a simple defense of the case, and the grounds upon which it is taken seem to be most ample.

The heirs, it appears, intend to appeal the decision of the present suit, should it be unsatisfactory, basing their claim upon entirely new grounds, namely, that of undue influence.

GILBERT & THOMPSON,
918 Chapel Street.
Telephone 255-2.

Mattings by the Roll

from \$4.50 upwards for a full piece of 40 yards. We show a LARGER ASSORTMENT OF STRAW MATTING, BOTH IN CHINESE AND JAPANESE WEAVES, AT LOWER PRICES THAN ANY STORE IN SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND.

Come and see for yourself.

Carpet Sales

keep the workmen hustling to make and lay them. The new styles fill the people's eye. Select yours now and have them made and laid as soon as you want them.

We're selling

DRAPERIES.
Are you going to buy? If so, we can help you.

New Haven Shade & Window Co.
68-70-72 ORANGE ST.

OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

HOTELS.

Trager's Hotel and Restaurant,
Reopened under the management of **GEO. T. SANDALLS.**
Formerly with Park Ave. Hotel, N. Y. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Special attention to Theater Parties and Banquets. 05 17

NEW TONTINE HOTEL,
GEORGE T. WHITE, Manager.
The newest hotel in town. Remodeled from the kitchen up. Everything thoroughly modern and convenient. Two dining rooms for ladies and gentlemen. Restaurant open until midnight. Banquets served. COLD STORAGE
at Hygeia Ice Company. See the antique room in the new Cafe. 027

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THE LAMPSON WILL CASE.

Status of the Legal Proceedings at Present.

The recent appearance of an article by Judge Safford E. North of the surrogate court of Genesee county, New York, in the Yale Law School Journal on the Lampson will case makes in point a brief review of the proceedings and the arguments. When William Lampson died in Batavia about a year ago he left a will executed about seven weeks before his death. By this will all of his estate (valued at \$500,000), except about \$35,000, was left to Yale. On being offered to probate the will was contested by an aunt of the testator, who, in the event of establishing the invalidity of the will, is entitled to all of the personal property of \$400,000.

A decision in her favor would, however, involve the loss to Yale of the entire estate, as the claims of more distant relatives would be substantiated by the same decision.

The grounds on which the plaintiff's action for contest rests are that the will was executed less than two months before death. This is claimed to be in violation of a New York statute dated 1848, which provides for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies and which, relative to the powers of such societies, states in its final clause that no bequests shall be valid in any will executed less than two months before the death of the testator.

In reply to this argument the defense refers to a recent decision rendered in a similar issue, which states that the above restriction applies only to corporations chartered under said act and by said state, and that such bequests are not against public policy. So far the decision is clear and unequivocal, but unfortunately the judge by whom it is written further says that it may be the right of any state—should its laws contain a clause showing such an act to be contrary to public policy—to enforce its application in regard to outside institutions.

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"HYGEIA" CASE BEING TRIED.

Supreme Court of Errors Hears the New York-New Haven Water Case.

Bridgport, April 21.—The supreme court of errors heard the arguments this morning in the case of the Hygeia Distilled Water company of New York against the Hygeia Ice company of New Haven, in which the plaintiffs seek to restrain the defendants from the use of the word "hygeia" in connection with the sale of distilled water and its products. The New York concern claims the sole right to this word, but admits that every one has a right to manufacture distilled water and its products unless they apply it. The New Haven company was organized to make ice, the manufacturers of the machines using the term hygeia in the sense of healthful.

The lower court found that the defendant had a right to the name Hygeia Ice company for purposes of carrying on the ice business, but rendered judgment for the plaintiff, granting an injunction prohibiting the New Haven company from selling distilled water and other beverages under the name of the Hygeia Ice company. Under this judgment it appears that the plaintiffs have the right to the use of the word. The defendants claim that this right does not exist, and also that it was used in connection with the sale of water long before the plaintiffs used it.

The defendants claim that there is no claim that the trade-mark has been infringed as such, but that the most claimed is that they have adopted a part of the trade-mark of the New York company. They set up that a cursory glance will show that the two corporations are not the same and that there is no likelihood of confusion. The arguments for the plaintiff were made by White & Daggett of New Haven, and for the defendant by Ely & Webb of the firm of Case, Ely & Webb of New Haven.

BITTEN BY BULL DOGS.

John Beck, aged twenty-five, of 415 Columbus avenue, who is endeavoring to separate two bull dogs, was severely bitten on the hands. His injuries were dressed by Dr. Metz and the wounds were cauterized.

Dropsy and Heart Disease.

A great cure and a great testimony. "For eight years I suffered greatly from Heart Disease, Fluttering of the Heart and Smothering Spells; made my life a torment. I was confined to my bed. Dropsy set in. My physician told me to prepare for the worst. I tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart—soon doable relief, one bottle cured the Dropsy and my heart. Mr. James Adams, Syracuse, N. Y., Sold by B. A. Gessner, E. Hewitt & Co., 112 1/2 St. 022 21

THOSE DANDY DOLLAR POLES.
Keep everything good in the fishing-tackle way here—hooks, reels, flies, artificial baits, lines, rods, baskets, bait-boxes, etc.
ap21 St MALLEY, NEELY & CO.

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Keep everything good in the fishing-tackle way here—hooks, reels, flies, artificial baits, lines, rods, baskets, bait-boxes, etc.
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AWNINGS TO ORDER.
We'll make you new awnings or recover your old awnings—frames just as soon as you see us.
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CASTORIA.

It is the best medicine for children and the only one that is safe and sure.

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Business Building Sites.

STATE STREET, 30x100, near Depot. CROWN STREET, 58x100, between Orange and State streets. LOTS IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

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DRESSING CASES, POCKET-BOOKS, BILL BOOKS, CARD CASES, Etc.

Seventy-five feet Hardwood Counters and Plate Glass Showcases at a bargain.

24 Church and 61 Center streets,

EDWARD HALL & SON
NEW BEVERAGE

This brand on a cork has stood for all that's straight and genuine for over half a century.

A Sale of WINES that can occur but ONCE—and for cause—our removal to new quarters.

All odd lots, pints of one brand, quart of another, too many of this too few of that left to quote regularly, all are go at house-cleaning prices.

A PRINTED LIST, quoting brand, vintage particulars and price—FOR A POSTAL.

Edward Hall & Son,
770 Chapel St.

BENEDICT & CO.
COAL
80 CHURCH ST.

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APRIL 22.

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FOR RENT IN WEST HAVEN.

Eight-room House with all modern improvements, known as
No. 198 Washington Avenue.
Fine yard and desirable location.
\$20 PER MONTH.
Enquire of
CLARENCE E. THOMPSON.
ap22 1/2 New Haven, Conn.

For Sale,
ONE AND TWO-FAMILY HOUSES, ON EASY TERMS, OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR BUILDING LOTS.
W. D. JUDSON,
mh5 808 Chapel street.

FOR SALE \$6,000.

JOHN C. PUNDERFORD
116 CHURCH STREET.

78 Dixwell Avenue,
\$6,000.

FREE RENT TO MAY 1st.
20 Baldwin st., 2d floor, 6 rooms, imp., \$13. 57 Garden st., 1st floor, 3 rooms, imp., \$15. 130 Goffe st., 1st floor, 6 rooms, imp., \$13. 40 Sperry st., 1st floor, 6 rooms, imp., \$16. 124 Whalley ave., 2d floor, 8 rooms, steam heat, and other improvements. E. MALLEY, ap18 71

FOR RENT.
STORE Davenport avenue, corner Baldwin street; has been Drug and Fancy Store several years. Possession May 1st. E. MALLEY, ap22 17

FREE RENT TO MAY 1st.
STORE, Sperry cor. Goffe st.; rent \$16.00. E. MALLEY, ap18 71

FOR RENT.
60 GARDEN street, 3 room house; all improvements; rent \$25.00. E. MALLEY, ap18 71

FOR RENT.
SHORE cottages, West Haven beach, partly furnished, with stable, \$300 yearly; one small cottage, \$90.00 yearly. E. MALLEY, ap18 71

FREE RENT TO MAY 1st.
TWO furnished rooms on Chapel street, opposite the Green. E. MALLEY, ap18 71

FOR RENT.
CORNER suite on Chapel street; has been dentist's stand for 25 years; possession May 1st. ap18 71 E. MALLEY.

FOR RENT.
LOWER part of house, eight rooms; improvements; central. Inquire at ap11 17 112 YORK ST.

FOR RENT.
FIRST floor, modern improvements. 11 BROWN ST. ap20 71

FOR RENT.
A FINE seven-room apartment in "The Osmund," corner Chapel and Howe streets; janitor service; modern improvements. HENRY C. BREZEFELDER, Exchange Building.

FOR RENT.
HOUSE and stable, No. 294 Crown street, corner of High. BEECHER'S EXCHANGE, Orange street.

FOR SALE.
1,000 SET Patent Stove Brick. Every set warranted one year. Orders received 42 17 78 STATE

FOR RENT.
38 AVON street, modern second floor flat, seven rooms, all improvements; steam heat. ap6 17

FOR RENT.
SOUTH half of house 34 Academy street, 6 rooms and modern improvements. F. H. BROWN, 38 Academy street, ap6 17 or Brown & Durham.

Patent Stove Brick are Cheapest. 42 17

FOR LEASE.
ABOUT 1,200 square feet on the third floor of the Connecticut Savings Bank Building, corner of Center and Church streets, with connections to be adapted to the use of tenant. Apply at the bank. ap13 1m

FOR RENT.
LOWER flat of 8 rooms, to adults only, at 110 Howe street. S. W. HURLBURT, 1074 Chapel street.

TO RENT.
21 WALL street, between Church and Orange; three story brick house; modern improvements, steam heat. F. S. WARD, 23 Wall street, or 81 Church street. mh10 17

FOR RENT.
FLAT, first floor, 3 rooms, No. 137 Humphrey street. Apply to WARD COE, 133 Humphrey street.

CHOICE RENTS.
VELL, best in city for the money, \$14.00, \$16.00, \$18.00; all improvements, fine neighborhood; convenient to two lines of cars. Inquire at once. Take State street car to Ferry street. 303 PERRY STREET. ap18 17

Patent Stove Brick Last Lowest. 42 17

FOR RENT.
STORE 90 Orange street, at present occupied by John Bright & Co.; possession given May 1st. mh9 17 101 ORANGE ST., Room No. 2.

FOR RENT.
STORE, 171 Orange street, near Liberty st. Store, 149 Ferry street, near Liberty st. And several desirable houses and flats. mh30 17 W. J. TROWBRIDGE, 127 Orange street.

RENTS.
WEST Chapel, Crown, George, Elm, Park, Ward, Orchard, Trumbull, St. John, Exchange, Wolsley, Greene, Bees streets, Edgewood, Howard, Elmworth avenues. JOHN C. PUNDERFORD, 116 Church street.

FOR RENT.
MODERN brick house, 10 rooms, 11 closets, on St. John, near Olive street; possession given immediately. Smaller tenements and furnished rooms. E. K. SPERRY, ap11 17

FOR SALE.
SEVEN miles from New Haven, near railroad station, churches and schools, modern brick house, twelve rooms; one acre land, running spring water; bath room; shade and fruit trees; \$4,000. CULLEN B. FOSTER, ap1 30t O. Box 888.

FOR RENT.
THIRD floor flat, 7 rooms, all improvements. Inquire 680 STATE ST. ap18 14*

FOR RENT.
UPPER tenement rooms, all conveniences, 159 SPRING ST., \$22. ap18 71*

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116 CHURCH STREET.

78 Dixwell Avenue,
\$6,000.

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WANTED.

One Cent a Word for each insertion. Five cents a Word for a full Week, seven times.

WANTED.
COMPETENT domestic help for city and country. MRS. HARRIS, Court street.

WANTED.
SITUATION by respectable woman as child's nurse or care of children. ap22 1*

WANTED.
SITUATION by competent girl to do general housework or work for day. ap22 1*

WANTED.
WORK by a thoroughly capable laundress two days each week. Mondays and Tuesdays; first-class references. Address ap22 1* LAUNDRESS, This Office.

WANTED.
A SITUATION by competent girl to do general house

SOUND STEAMBOATS IN THE OLD DAYS.

Captain Richard Peck, Who Built Many, Tells About Them—He Became a Captain When He Was Sixteen and Numbered Many Distinguished Persons Among His Passengers.

Richard Peck, who is now completing his eighty-third year, is a man of many distinctions. He is probably the only living steamboat captain who became a full-fledged captain in his sixteenth year, and in that capacity has rounded out seventy years of active service, says the New York Sun.

He started as a cabin boy in 1828, under his father, Captain Jonathan Peck, friend and contemporary of Robert Fulton, and completed his seventeenth year only the other day, celebrating the occasion by retiring from the field. Captain Peck is inclined to look upon this as something of a record, and declares that there is no older man who can show the like. His career, just ended, is coincident with the history of sea travel by steam, and he can remember the time when the public were not entirely reconciled to the means of locomotion. The suspicious were still inclined to regard the steamboat as a devilish engine of the devil, and the timid still preferred to travel by horse and carriage.

Richard Peck, and besides up at any suggestion that she is not the fastest steamer on the Sound. He also takes pride in his own family and its important influence upon the Sound traffic. "I don't suppose," he said the other day in one of his reminiscence moods, "that there is a better known name than Peck, when we come to talk of Long Island Sound and its steamers. I am by no means the first of my line, but my father and my uncles were in their day—and that is a long time ago, too—masters of Sound steamers, and I grew up naturally to the trade. I couldn't have done anything else if I wanted to, which I didn't. My father built many of the first steamboats on the Sound such as the Fanny, the Linnaeus and others that have since gone the Lord knows where. He was born in 1766, and when I was born in 1828, he was already a captain of one of the packets that used to sail from New York to New Haven, making the journey anywhere from two days to a week, and I used to sail with him frequently on those trips. I was a little chap, of course, having been born in 1828. My father easily transferred himself from those boats to the new steam yachts that proved the astonishment of the world.

"Fulton's boats and those that were patterned after them could not sail in the ocean, you remember, and had to confine themselves to such waters as the Hudson river and the Sound. My father, I think, was the first man to command a steam vessel on the Sound. He began about 1820. His first command was with the United States, which sailed both up the Hudson and along the Sound. I remember the old boat well. I like to compare it to-day with my own namesake, the Richard Peck. It was about one hundred and fifty feet long, with a beam of thirty-four feet, and engines of one hundred and twenty horse power. It had a square stern, just like a schooner, and was propelled by cogwheels instead of paddles. There were two decks, but they were both open and afforded no protection. Of course we had no staterooms. There were very modern affairs. There were no easy chairs and no restaurants. A few stools and benches were provided for the passengers. In place of staterooms there were a few bunks in the cabins, not over comfortable. The captain had the only room, which in case there was some distinguished visitor aboard he would be obliged to give up. The United States, a pioneer in Sound steamers, cost, I think, about thirty thousand dollars. She was not much bigger than the Northern and the Richard Peck, but we all thought her the eighth wonder of the world. Where is she now? Dear me, I don't know where she was fifty years ago.

"I made many trips in the United States when a boy, and trace my love of the calling principally to that vessel. After several months her usefulness as a passenger steamer was abandoned, and she was sold to the United States. At that time, of course, there was no railroad to New Haven—the New Haven road was not built till 1849. All those who wished a quick trip, therefore—we used to consider a quick trip anywhere from ten to fifteen hours—were obliged to take the steamer. We had a monopoly of both freight and passenger trade, such as it was, for the steamers killed off the stage coaches, as well as the sailing packets. We used to run to New Rochelle, Mosquito Cove—now Glen Cove—Oyster Bay and Cold Spring, L. I. When we ran to New Haven later on we used to connect with the post coaches to Hartford, Boston and Providence.

most interesting experiences on the Flushing were during the cholera season in New York in the early thirties. It was probably the most terrible cholera visitation in the history of New York. The quarantine officers would not let us off the docks, but even from Peck slip, where we made our daily landings, we saw enough to make our blood run cold. There were here or there four hundred deaths per day, and you must remember that New York was a comparatively small city in those days, without its present large foreign population. Many of my friends left me, safe and sound, and never returned; two well-known steamboat captains, Corliss and Douglas, were among its victims. During the summer of the first visitation, in 1832, my boat, the Flushing, was the only one that continued on its regular trips, from New York to New Rochelle, Glen Cove and Oyster Bay. All the New Haven, Hartford and Providence boats were laid up. The trade was, of course, light, but the steamers were kept at the docks mainly from the fear of the plague. Our boat not only sailed regularly during that frightful year, but we added several more to our list—the New Haven, the Superior and the Splendid.

"The boats were nearly all of the same class. I can remember them all, and have always been deeply interested in their subsequent history. There is something about a steamboat that is pathetic, especially during its final years. It is like a horse, which, no matter how fine an animal he has been in his day, how dignified his career may have been, is almost certain to have a miserable and melancholy end. And, in the same way, every one seems to like to give a steamer a parting kick. After our vessels became unfit for our use we usually put them up at auction. Sometimes we would save the decks and the engines and put in a new hull, but it was usually cheaper to dispose of the vessel and otherwise build anew. The boats had a period of high popularity, and then began to decline, until they were utilized as tug, coal barges or in other miserable capacities, finally becoming kindling wood and old iron. The finest of them succumbed. I suppose you have never heard of the Hudson, the American Eagle, the Belle, the Connecticut, the Hero, the Globe, the Granite State and many others? They played an important part in Southern traffic, however, and forty and fifty years ago. I built a great many of them and commanded still more. The American Eagle was my second boat, and she created a great stir when launched. New York and Connecticut people thought there had never been anything so grand, and, as a matter of fact, she was a great improvement on her predecessors. I commanded her until 1837, when I was transferred to the Belle. I ran her on the Hudson river for a time, then to Providence.

"I used to take a great many famous people on my steamboat, for it was the only easy way to get to New Haven and New England. I remember in particular that James K. Polk, after he became President, took several voyages with me. Polk, after the fashion of the Presidents in those days, used to make periodic trips through the country, and he came once or twice to New Haven and Connecticut under my care. He was a quiet man of simple habits, very retiring in his manners and difficult to become acquainted with. I never knew him real well, as I did several others. Andrew Jackson once made a trip, but he was not a regular passenger. Horace Greeley, a plain, old-fashioned fellow, used to come to New Haven and New York frequently on those trips. I was a little chap, of course, having been born in 1828. My father easily transferred himself from those boats to the new steam yachts that proved the astonishment of the world.

"Fulton's boats and those that were patterned after them could not sail in the ocean, you remember, and had to confine themselves to such waters as the Hudson river and the Sound. My father, I think, was the first man to command a steam vessel on the Sound. He began about 1820. His first command was with the United States, which sailed both up the Hudson and along the Sound. I remember the old boat well. I like to compare it to-day with my own namesake, the Richard Peck. It was about one hundred and fifty feet long, with a beam of thirty-four feet, and engines of one hundred and twenty horse power. It had a square stern, just like a schooner, and was propelled by cogwheels instead of paddles. There were two decks, but they were both open and afforded no protection. Of course we had no staterooms. There were very modern affairs. There were no easy chairs and no restaurants. A few stools and benches were provided for the passengers. In place of staterooms there were a few bunks in the cabins, not over comfortable. The captain had the only room, which in case there was some distinguished visitor aboard he would be obliged to give up. The United States, a pioneer in Sound steamers, cost, I think, about thirty thousand dollars. She was not much bigger than the Northern and the Richard Peck, but we all thought her the eighth wonder of the world. Where is she now? Dear me, I don't know where she was fifty years ago.

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making such alterations in the old ship as were necessary, and, all unexpectedly, the men came upon an unexploded shell embedded in the woodwork. "Be extremely careful in handling it," was the superintendent's caution when the discovery was reported to him, but the workmen did not need such a warning. A royal on whose well-being fate of nations depended, was never lifted more tenderly and with such care and solicitude.

The church steeple is tall and the weather the souvenir of the war was lowered earthward over the outer scaffolding or taken down and out through the interior of the church is not recorded, but at any rate the workmen breathed freer when it was out of their hands, and they used their hammers less recklessly while the remainder of the woodwork was being loosened, for fear another unexploded shell might lurk beneath the surface. The shell was taken to Fort Sumter. This range light is St. Philip's steeple is one of the few harbor lights on the coast, if not the only one, lodged in a church steeple, and kept trimmed and burning by a church sexton—the identical old colored sexton who ushers strangers up the aisle on Sunday, sees after funerals and christenings and performs other duties connected with his official life. It is a curious sight to see the vestry of the church said "no" to a proposition. It was a benevolent, a kindly purpose, it was true, but secular in its nature, and it was a purpose which would be justifying something of its dignity, putting it to an irreverent use. St. Philip's church is very old. Its congregation is steeped in exclusive conservatism. The people applauded the decision of the vestry. The government representative, nothing daunted, waited until things had calmed down a little, and then he urged the matter again, making it plain to the vestry that their steeple was just in the exact spot where a range light was most needed; that their sexton should tend the light; that everything should be done to preserve the dignity and placidity of the ancient edifice, and indeed to improve and repair it, should occasion require. With these stipulations the opposition of certain members of the vestry was at length withdrawn, and now the ships that go up the harbor at night are guided by the light in the old steeple. Old St. Philip's steeple was always just in range line with the entrance of the harbor. The marksmen on the battle-ships that bombarded the city in the civil war always said that St. Philip's steeple was the nearest target on the coast. St. Michael's was not three blocks away, but the spire didn't answer the purpose so well.

WHAT PUZZLES. No one has ever yet undertaken to explain why we should undertake to discipline Spain without any restrictions whatever to be imposed upon the insurgents. Many of the natives are in nowise connected with the rebellion. These have been slaughtered and oppressed by the insurgents without mercy. Have not we the same obligation to protect these from the insurgents as to protect the latter from Spain's military aggression? Why is it that in analyzing the situation we can see but one side of the question? Why can not the administration get upon exactly the right ground and do the right thing at the right time? Especially, when in a conflict we have much to lose and nothing whatever to gain, except in the negative of a possibly an end to chronic and inauspicious conditions of anarchy which apparently admit of abatement by no other method than the use of a decisive application of force.—Galveston News.

The senators number 300, and there are 531 members of the Chamber of Deputies. They cost the country 7,029,000 francs annually, without reckoning the "indemnities" paid to the presidents, the clerks, and the 159 other persons attached to the two houses. The total expense exceeds 12,000,000 francs, and we consider the price very high for the amount of work that is done. If we add to the sum the 1,200,000 francs paid to the president of the republic we discover, with astonishment, that the pouvoirs publics are now constituted cost the nation 13,212,737 francs per annum, or 315,737 francs more than the royal civil list.—The Nineteenth Century.

OLD POINT COMFORT AND WASHINGTON. Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad. The last of the present series of four-day tours to Old Point Comfort and Washington under the personally-conducted tourist system of the Pennsylvania railroad will leave New York Saturday, April 23. The party will travel by the Cape Charles route to Old Point Comfort, where one day will be spent; thence by boat up the Potomac river to Washington, spending two days at that point. Round-trip rate, including transportation, meals on route, transfers, hotel accommodations, berth on steamer and all necessary expenses, \$22 from New York, \$21 from Trenton, \$19.50 from Philadelphia. Proportionate rates from other points.

Old Point Comfort Only. Tickets to Old Point Comfort only, including one and three-fourths days board at that place, and good to return direct by regular trains within six days, will be sold in connection with this tour at the rate of \$16 from New York, \$15 from Trenton, \$14 from Philadelphia and proportionate rates from other points. At a slight additional expense tourists can extend the trip to Virginia Beach, with accommodation at the Princess Anne Hotel, in that city, to allow a range light for the harbor to be placed in the church steeple. Workmen begin the task of

in the face of the demands and the show of force by the United States. The firmness imparted by the refusal of this element to sell gave rise to the opinion in many quarters that the market had already amply discounted the actual event of war. But to-day's events apparently convinced the conservative element that war is to be a fact and demonstrated that the liquidation incident to war had by no means been completed. Early in the day New York held above the London parity and there were occasional rallies even after the receipt of the news that General Woodford had been given his passports, but reports from the cabinet meeting at Washington indicating preparations for an immediate forward movement of the armed forces of the United States, showing that a state of war already practically existed caused selling. The brokers on the floor of the exchange manifested considerable enthusiasm in the early part of the day, but as the afternoon advanced they continued to sell stocks. Some very heavy blocks were thrown over in the final hour and everything went to show that these were in liquidation of long holdings pure and simple. Such market leaders as Burlington, St. Paul, Louisville and New York Central fell 3 points below last night's close. There was no rally in the final dealings, the market continuing active and weak and closing at the low level. During the early part of the day selling for foreign accounts was large and offerings were well absorbed. The number of shares sold for this account is estimated at 30,000. This continued selling of our securities by London doubtless had its influence in the day's advance of 1/2 cent in the rate for demand sterling bills. Joined to this foreign selling there was a continued stiffness in the rates for money at foreign centers reflected in a further decline of British consols and French rentes.

The day's engagements of gold for import nevertheless ran up to over \$1,000,000 again. Call loans continued to be made on the local stock exchange at as low as 2 per cent. Foreign demand for cotton and breadstuffs continues very keen, and is making exchange all the time. This demand is based on expectation that supplies may be cut off if war breaks out. Opinions vary as to the stock of exchange existing in New York, but there is little fear in financial circles of any stringency in the money market. Banks all over the country are well fortified and even in the event that a large government loan is to be floated it is pointed out that little of this money will be expended abroad, but will rather find its way quickly back into the channels of the home market. The government met some heavy payments for foreign account to-day which were reflected in a debit balance on the clearing of \$1,184,210. The day's closing outburst of hostilities there will be no more purchases of warships or war material abroad. The bond market showed some increase in activity and losses were recorded all around. Total sales \$1,225,000. United States new fours registered advanced 1/4 while the coupons of the same issues declined 1/4 in the bid price. There were sales of the coupon attached to the latter from Spain's military aggression? Why is it that in analyzing the situation we can see but one side of the question? Why can not the administration get upon exactly the right ground and do the right thing at the right time? Especially, when in a conflict we have much to lose and nothing whatever to gain, except in the negative of a possibly an end to chronic and inauspicious conditions of anarchy which apparently admit of abatement by no other method than the use of a decisive application of force.—Galveston News.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. Opening, Highest and Lowest Quotation. On the New York Stock Exchange, reported by Price & Whiteley, Brokers, 15 Center Street, New Haven, March 24, 1893.

Am. Sugar Refining Co. 115 1/2 115 1/2 115 1/2
Am. Tobacco Co. 100 100 100
Atchafalpa, T. & S. P. Rd. 24 24 24
Baltimore & Annapolis 100 100 100
Central of New Jersey 100 100 100
Chesapeake & Ohio 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2
Chicago & North Western 115 115 115
Chicago & St. Paul 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2
Chic. & Great Western 10 10 10
Chic. & St. P. M. & O. 8 8 8
Consolidated Gas 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2
Delaware & Hudson 100 100 100
Erie 100 100 100
Illinois Central 97 97 97
Louisville & Nashville 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2
Manhattan Elevated 100 100 100
Metropolitan St. Railway 130 130 130
Mo., Kan. & Texas P. Rd. 30 30 30
New Haven & North Haven 100 100 100
New York & New Haven 100 100 100
Northern Pacific 23 1/2 23 1/2 23 1/2
Pacific Mail 22 1/2 22 1/2 22 1/2
Pennsylvania Central 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2
Portland & Sagadahoc 100 100 100
People's Gas & L. Co. 80 80 80
Phila. & Reading 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2
St. Louis & San Fran. 37 1/2 37 1/2 37 1/2
Southern Ry. 21 1/2 21 1/2 21 1/2
Tenn. Coal & Iron 19 19 19
Union Pacific 19 19 19
U. S. Rubber Co. 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2
U. S. Steel 57 1/2 57 1/2 57 1/2
West. Union Tel. Co. 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2
West. Union Tel. Co. 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2

NEW HAVEN LOCAL QUOTATIONS. Furnished daily by KIMBLEY, ROOF & DAY, Bankers and Brokers, 133 Orange Street.

City Bank 100 100 100
New Haven County National 100 100 100
New Haven National Bank 100 100 100
Mechanics Bank 100 100 100
Merchants National Bank 100 100 100
New Haven Savings Bank 100 100 100
Trust National Bank 100 100 100
Yale National Bank 100 100 100

Closing Prices. Following are closing prices reported by Price & Whiteley, Bankers and Brokers, 46 Broadway, New York, and 15 Center St., New Haven: Bid. Asked.

Adams Express Co. 98 100
American Cotton Co. 100 100
Do Pfd. 67 68
American Express Co. 120 127
American Sugar Refining Co. 105 109 1/2
Do Pfd. 109 112 1/2
American Tobacco Co. 97 100
Do Pfd. 113 117
Alton & Southern 100 100
Do Pfd. 100 100
Do adj. 4 per cent. 50 50 1/2
Baltimore Gas Co. 125 125 1/2
Baltimore Rapid Transit 35 37 1/2
Brunswick 35 35 1/2
Cincinnati Southern 35 35 1/2
Central of New Jersey 88 88 1/2
Ches. & Ohio Volting Co. 17 1/2 17 1/2
Chicago & North Western 115 115 1/2
Chicago & St. Paul 8 1/2 8 1/2
Chic. & Great Western 10 10 1/2
Chic. & St. P. M. & O. 8 8 1/2
Do Pfd. 22 22 1/2
Chic. & North Western 115 115 1/2
Chic. Rock I. & Pac. 8 1/2 8 1/2
Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis 25 25 1/2
Col. Hocking Valley & Tol. 50 50 1/2
Consolidated Gas 17 1/2 17 1/2
Columbia & Hudson Canal Co. 100 100
Denver & Rio Grande Pfd. 40 40 1/2
Erie 100 100
Do Ist Pfd. 25 25 1/2
General Electric Co. 30 30 1/2
Illinois Central 97 97 1/2
Laclede Gas Co. 100 100
Lake Shore & Mich. Southern 170 170
Lafayette & Western Pfd. 98 98 1/2
Louisville & Nashville 44 1/2 44 1/2
Manhattan Elevated 100 100
Metropolitan St. Railway 130 130 1/2
Missouri Pacific 30 30 1/2
Missouri Pacific 25 25 1/2
National Cash Co. 25 25 1/2
Do Pfd. 97 100
N. Y. Central & Hudson 100 100 1/2
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis 11 1/2 11 1/2

M. STEINERT & SONS CO.,
777 CHAPEL STREET, NEW HAVEN, CONN.
STEINWAY,
HARDMAN,
GABLER,
PEASE,
and
STANDARD PIANOS.
Sheet Music. Musical Merchandise.
GRAPHOPHONES.

FIRE INSURANCE.
Always get the best when it costs no more.
4 of the 15 largest and 7 of the 13 largest companies represented at
North's Insurance Agency,
20 COLUMBIA SQUARE.
UNITED STATES RUBBER CO.
82 Broad St., New York, April 14th, 1893.
A dividend of TWO PER CENT has been this day declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company by the Board of Directors, payable May 23, 1893, to stockholders of record at the closing of the Transfer Books at 3 p. m. on Friday, April 22, 1893.
The Transfer Books will remain May 18th, 1893. CHAS. R. FLYNN, Treasurer.

DEFY BURGLAR, FIRE, FORGERIES,
By Hiring a Safe in the Vault of
Mercantile Safe Deposit Co.
Annual rental of safe from FIVE to SIXTY DOLLARS. Absolute security for Bonds, Stocks, Wills, Bullion, Plate, Jewelry, Precious Stones, and all evidences of value. Access to vaults through the banking room of the Mechanics Bank.
20 CHURCH ST., COR. CENTER STREET.
All persons interested are cordially invited to inspect the company's premises; open from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
THOMAS R. TROWBRIDGE, President.
OYER S. WHITE, Vice President.
CHARLES H. TROWBRIDGE, Sec. & Treas.

CAPITAL, AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$100,000. \$1,000,000.
The Union Trust Company,
NEW HAVEN.
CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT with authority to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver or Trustee under will or deed.
Is a legal depository of money paid into Court and all Public Trust Funds. Acts as trustee for Municipalities, Corporations and Individuals, and administrators trusts of all kinds. Empowered to act as registrar of stocks, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness, manage sinking funds, and do all business such as is usually done by Trust Companies.
It also does a general Banking business, collecting checks, notes, coupons, and advances deposits. The principal of each Trust is invested by itself and kept separate and apart from the general assets of the Company.
This Company is by law regularly examined by the Bank Examiner of the State of Connecticut.
HENRY L. HOYCHIKS, President.
EUGENE S. BRISTOL, Treasurer.

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This Company is by law regularly examined by the Bank Examiner of the State of Connecticut.
HENRY L. HOYCHIKS, President.
EUGENE S. BRISTOL, Treasurer.

VERMILY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers.
Dealers in Investment Securities
16 and 18 NASSAU STREET,
New York City.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
H. C. FRIEDMAN & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
10 Wall Street, New York,
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MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE, Produce Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade.
N. A. TANNER,
Manager New Haven Branch.
Direct private wires New York and Chicago.
BONDS, STOCKS, GRAIN, COTTON and PROVISIONS bought and sold for Cash or on 3 to 9 per cent margin, in large or fractional lots.
National bank references furnished on application.

Prince & Whiteley,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 48 Broadway, New York,
AND
15 Center Street, New Haven.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, Produce Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade.
C. B. BOLMER,
Manager New Haven Branch.

All classes of Railway Stocks and Bonds, also Grain, Provisions and Cotton, Bought and Sold on Commission.
Connected by Private Wire with New York, Boston and Chicago.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
A SPECIALTY.
Boody, McLellan & Co.,
Bankers and Brokers,
57 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

MEMBERS OF
New York Stock Exchange.
BONDS AND STOCKS
Bought and Sold on Commission.
Also Cotton, Grain and Provisions.
INVESTMENT.
We offer and recommend as safe security a first mortgage gold bond secured by special circular sent on application.
New Haven Branch, 87 Orange St.
JOHN C. CLARK, Manager.
Private Wires to New York and Chicago.

Investment Securities.
Where, with increased facilities, will continue the brokerage business in Stocks and Bonds, making, as heretofore, a specialty of it.

Entertainments.
HYPERION
Friday, Saturday, April 22nd and 23rd,
Bargain Matinee Saturday,
Prices 25c and 50c.
Augustus Plouffe's Genuine Success,
CUMBERLAND '61.
Sale of seats opens Wednesday. Prices—regular dollar scale.
Monday, April 25, at 2:30 p. m.
PIANO RECITAL.
JOSEF HOFMANN.
His only appearance in Connecticut.
Sale of seats opens Thursday. Prices—\$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00. ap29 St

Monday Evening, April 25th,
Mr. Joseph Haworth
— IN —
MACBETH.
Sale of seats now open. Prices, regular dollar scale. ap29 St

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Thurs., Fri. and Sat. Mat. Fri. and Sat. Thurs. Night, Fri. Mat., Sat. Night.
PASSION'S SLAVE.
Friday, Night, Saturday Matinee, and Sunday Matinee.
Prices—Matinee, 10c and 25c. Night, 10c to 50c.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, PULSE OF NEW YORK.

POL'S WONDERLAND THEATRE
CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE.
Biograph War Pictures.
Financial.

THE National Tradesmen's Bank.
NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Capital, \$300,000
Surplus and Profits, \$175,000
Accounts of Individuals, Firms and Corporations received.
Exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, and the Continent.
Letters of Credit, for use of travelers, issued for Cash or against available collateral.
Correspondence invited.
W. F. ELLIS, President.
A. W. DeFOREST, Vice President.
ROBERT FOOTIE, Cashier.
H. W. THOMSON, Ass't Cashier.

THE National New Haven Bank.
Chartered as a State Bank
A. D. 1792.
Organized as a National Bank A. D. 1863.
NEW HAVEN, Jan. 11th, 1893.
At the annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, held this day, the following named Directors were chosen to serve for the ensuing year, to-wit:
WILBUR F. DAY,
HELY L. HOYCHIKS,
LOUIS H. BRISTOL,
E. HAYES TROWBRIDGE,
THOMAS R. TROWBRIDGE,
GEORGE H. TOWNSEND,
WILLIAM W. FARNAM.
Attest: ROBERT L. COOCH, Cashier.
WILBUR F. DAY, President. JAL 15

Securities for Sale.
\$5,000 New London Gas & Electric Co. 5s.
\$5,000 Central Ry. & Electric Co. 5s.
\$5,000 Eastern & Longview Ry. Co. 5s.
\$5,000 New Haven & Derby Ry. Co. 5s.
\$1,000 Northampton Ry. Co. 7s.
\$2,000 New Haven Water Co. 5s.
25 shares So. New England Tel. Co.
100 shares Consolidated Electric Light Co.
25 shares Boston Electric Light Co.

H. C. WARREN & CO.,
BANKERS,
108 Orange Street.

Money to Loan
At one hour's notice on Furniture, and all kinds of personal property, which may remain in owners' possession, the amounts reduce both principal and interest.
LOANS ON SALARY to parties holding regular pay checks, and on other securities, and repayable by easy weekly payments.
FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES PROCURED ON REAL ESTATE.
PATENTS marketed for Inventors. Particulars on request.
ALL BUSINESS CONFIDENTIAL.
Private Rooms Nos. 218 to 219, First National Bank Building, 45 Church Street.
JEROME KENNEDY,
Banker and Real Estate Broker.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
25 shares Southern New England Telephone Stock.
100 shares Portland Electric Light Co. stock.
25 shares Boston Electric Light Co. stock.
100 shares Winchester Avenue RR. stock.
100 shares Danbury & Bethel St. RR. stock.
\$2,000 Waterbury Traction Co. 1st 4 1/2 5s.
\$2,000 Adams Express Co.'s Gold 5s, due 1948.
\$5,000 New London Gas & Electric Co. 1st Gold 5s, due 1927.
\$5,000 New Haven & Derby RR. 5s, due 1900.
For sale by
M. B. NEWTON & CO.,
Investment Bankers, 85 Orange Street.

Stocks and Bonds for Sale
25 shares New Haven Gas Light Co.
100 shares Winchester Avenue RR. Co.
100 shares Portland Electric Light Co.
20 shares N. Y., N. H. & H. R. Co.
20 shares Swift & Co. of Chicago.
\$1,000 N. Y., N. H. & H. R. Deb. 4s.
\$2,000 New London Gas & Electric 1st 5s.
\$1,000 Derby Gas Co. 6s of 1913.
\$5,000 Adams Express 4s of 1913.
\$2,000 Norwich Street Ry 1st Gold 5s.
PRIVATE WIRE NEW YORK AND BOSTON.
KIMBERLY, ROOT & DAY,
133 ORANGE STREET.
The Chas. W. Scranton Co.
Investment Brokers,
Announce the removal of their office to
103 Orange Street,
Where, with increased facilities, will continue the brokerage business in Stocks and Bonds, making, as heretofore, a specialty of it.

The Journal and Courier

THREE MONTHS, \$1.50; ONE MONTH, 50 CENTS; ONE WEEK, 15 CENTS; SINGLE COPIES, 3 CENTS.

Have it Sent to You. The Journal and Courier will be sent to any address by mail at the same terms as it is delivered in the city—15 cents a week, 50 cents a month.

Friday, April 22, 1898.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

Boys Days—Howe & Stetson. Butter—Price Reduced—Welch & Son. Capes—The Chas. Morgan Co. Daily Doings—Malley, Neely & Co. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure—At Druggists. Estate Margaret O'Reilly—Probate Notice. Estate Edward O'Brien—Probate Notice. For Rent—Store—E. Malley. For Rent—House—Clarence E. Thompson. For Rent—Flat—700 Elm Street. Grape-Nuts—At Grocers. Macbeth—Hyperion Theater. Shoes—A. H. Greenwood. Shad—A. Foote & Co. Seasonable Food—Public Market. Strayed—Dunkey, Nicholas, Christianson, The Yale Lawn Mower—J. E. Bassett Co. Wall—E. M. Brown & Co. Wanted—Situation—M. E. This Office. Wanted—Situation—747 Grand Avenue. Wanted—Situation—K. This Office. Wanted—Situation—33 Beach Street. Wanted—Situation—143 Wallace Street. Wanted—Work—Laundress, This Office. Wanted—Situation—170 York Street. Wanted—Help—Mrs. Hobb, 126 Court St.

WEATHER RECORD.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF THE WEATHER BUREAU. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21, 1898, 9 p. m. Forecast for Friday—For New England and Eastern New York: Fair and warmer, winds becoming south-westerly.

Brief Mention.

High water at noon. Two-family house \$2,600—R. E. Baldwin. There will be a meeting of the Bicycle union at Veru hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Miss Lulu Allen, daughter of Captain Allen of the army, is visiting friends in Naugatuck. Arlie Latham, the former well known league manager, will manage the New Haven state league team this year. The wedding of James T. Moran and Miss Mary McKenzie is announced to take place April 27 at St. John's church in this city. The third annual grand levee of the New Haven Deaf Mute alliance will be held at St. Aloysius hall on Meadow street to-night.

Mrs. W. A. Doctor of Edgewood avenue, who has been very ill, was slightly improved yesterday and her physicians have now strong hopes of her recovery. Mrs. Lucy E. Parsons of Chicago will deliver an address on "Trades Unions; Their History, Development and Destiny," this evening at 8 o'clock in Aurora hall.

The Gatling Gun battery of this city will give an exhibition at Company I's fair in Meriden next week, and will probably give an example of its work on the streets.

The remains of the late Amos R. Eno will be taken from New York to Simsbury Saturday for interment. Funeral services will be held in the Congregational church in that place at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

George Curtis of this city, one of the trustees of the Wetmore estate in Winsted, was in that town on Wednesday. Superintendent of Streets Baldwin of this city is a guest at the Beardsley house in Winsted.

The Yale 'varsity' played the freshman team at the field yesterday afternoon. Only seven innings were played and the game ended in a tie, 9 to 9. Whittlesey and Cadwalader pitched for the 'varsity' and Gibson for the freshmen.

James A. Towle of this city, who is engaged in the work of the Connecticut Bible society in New Haven, was present at the Center church prayer-meeting in Hartford last evening and presented some interesting facts illustrating the work of that society.

The state board of equalization, acting under chapter CXLVI of public acts of 1895, are now reviewing the lists of the various towns for the purpose of equalizing them for state and county taxes. Selectmen desiring a hearing in this matter should call the clerk of the board before April 28.

RISE IN PRICE OF FLOUR.

Not Evident to Any Extent in New Haven Yet. Haverhill, Mass., April 21.—The wholesale flour dealers in Haverhill have made an advance of \$1 a barrel on flour and a still further increase in price is expected on the breaking out of hostilities.

E. G. Stoddard of Stoddard, Gilbert & Co., when asked last evening if he had heard of the reported advance of \$1 a barrel on flour, said that he had not and was much surprised at the report. He said that he was talking by telephone yesterday afternoon, after the exchange closed, with several large New England wholesalers and that none of them anticipated such an advance at once. He said, however, that there had been an advance of about fifteen cents a barrel yesterday afternoon. Mr. Stoddard said that an advance of \$1 a barrel on flour would mean an advance of about ten cents a bushel in the price of wheat and that wheat yesterday afternoon it was not so great a rise as this. Mr. Stoddard stated that there had been an advance, about thirty-five cents per barrel, on flour during the past four days, but that this advance had come gradually.

CHARGED WITH THEFT OF BICYCLES.

Joseph Theosky and Jacob Rudolph were arrested in Boston yesterday, charged with the theft of bicycles from F. C. Schomer of Crown street and Whitfield Broadway. The wheels were rented by the two accused on March 16, but they failed to return them. Detective Daley traced the wheels to Springfield, where one of them was recovered. While he was in Springfield the Boston authorities telegraphed to police headquarters here that they had arrested two men corresponding to the description given them from here and asked that some one be sent to bring them to New Haven at once. Detective Spang was sent and brought the men here last evening.

ABOUT BOSSES AND RINGS

KENT CLUB LECTURE BY HON. CHARLES J. BONAPART.

Delivered at College Street Hall Last Night—He Says That Public Policy Demands That the Coming War Shall be Short—"Bossocracy" in New York.

The Hon. C. J. Bonaparte of Baltimore lectured upon "Bosses and Rings" at College street hall last night. The lecture was one of the Kent club course and drew a good audience. The speaker used manuscript, speaking rapidly and distinctly. He said in part: "There are various reasons leading some of us to look with misgiving upon the coming war. It furnishes a great hindrance to public advancement and improvement. History has shown us that while war lasts it is difficult to make anything else of interest. Nevertheless whatever may be thought of the interests which have brought on war, everyone of us agrees that since the sword must be drawn it must be drawn effectively and the war finished as soon as possible. Public policy demands that the war should be short. For in war time vicious methods and incompetent officials are more harmful to the government. We shall soon have more reason to lament that our public officials are inefficient and under the bosses of rings."

"It has been said that a new and novel form of government was established in New York last fall. The name given to it, 'bossocracy,' is at least expressive, if not correct in usage. But the government is not a novelty. It is only a development of the old type. Bossism is at home all over the country. It has become the normal government. The undoubted interest in the subject arises from its familiarity and not from novelty. We can not go long without a knowledge of our disease. We need to know an available remedy. "What then is a boss? When Theodore Roosevelt was asked last fall what he had to say about the election he answered: 'Nothing fit for publication.' The general community knows a boss when it sees him, but is unable to define him or his position. "To understand the character and purpose of a boss we must first understand the great political parties. The United States is governed by two large corporations. Many men in these parties mask schemes of self-interest under affectation of working for the public good. It times past the end of a party has been to defeat or promote some interest more or less valuable. The whole aim and existence of our parties has degenerated into a hunt for offices. Each party is trying to get or to keep office. Therefore, since human nature is so changeable there is no reason why they should not exist for all time. There will never come a time under existing conditions when those who wish for office shall despair of ousting those who are in. The two powerful parties have reduced the power of the people to a spectacle of majestic impotence. The successful candidate is conscious that he owes his office to the political managers. It is true that the primaries choose the candidates, but they choose only those who are proposed by the bosses. The cities are outwardly ruled by the officers of the majority. But the force of the rings are behind the majority. The rule of the bosses is sustained by force and it is immaterial whether or not it is armed force. "A boss is he who determines the results in the primaries. A boss is always surrounded by a ring, at times by several concentrated rings. Then again there may be a ring without a boss. The type of government which then results is an oligarchy."

The speaker went on to describe at length the boss rule which had controlled Baltimore for twenty-five years up to 1895, when the reform element secured control. This boss rule was sustained by a small standing army of city employes who drew salaries for supporting candidates of the bosses.

In closing he pointed out ways in which the power of the bosses may be successfully broken.

STUDENTS ENTHUSIASTIC.

The students of Yale university had a merry lark last night and gave vent to their feelings regarding the impending war between Spain and the United States in no uncertain terms. There was a rousing Cuban demonstration, in which Weyler was thrice burned in effigy and Sagasta once.

The fun began at 7:30, when the seniors were singing on the campus. This was a signal for the newly organized Cuban company of sophomores to parade and show their colors. Cuban and American flags by the score were purchased and headed by three street pianos, about 500 men marched four abreast from the campus through Chapel street to State and counter-marched to the campus. All the way along they cheered and sang for Cuba Libre. In front of Osborn hall they burned red fire, gave some more war whorps, then repaired to the campus, where the largest bonfire in four years was built. Soon two dummies representing Weyler were brought out, burned in effigy and riddled with bullets. Another procession was formed with an effigy of Weyler at the head and marched out of the campus around the green and back to the campus, where the dummy was burned. One of Sagasta was also burned. A member of the senior class climbed one of the electric light poles and placed an American and Cuban flag at the top. This was a signal for more yelling and singing, which lasted until near midnight.

TO FORM A CAVALRY REGIMENT.

A committee has been formed with John W. Esser as chairman to organize a cavalry regiment in this city. It is required as a requisite for membership that the applicant shall have previously served in a military company, either in the United States or some foreign country other than Spain. A large number of German citizens are interested in the movement, but the membership of the regiment will not be confined to Germans. The regiment will meet to receive recruits and organize on Saturday evening at the corner of Orange and Crown streets.

GETTING READY FOR WAR.

Work on Local Defenses Being Pushed at Lighthouse Point.

A force of twenty-five men is kept busy now every day at Lighthouse Point preparing the foundations on which the battery of three big guns will be placed and work is being rushed as rapidly as possible. Already a trench fifty feet long, twenty feet wide and six feet deep has been dug on the sand point between the bath houses and the old lighthouse, and yesterday work was begun on laying a bottom of railroad ties and railroad iron at the bottom of this gun pit. Fifty tons of iron rails have been taken to Lighthouse Point and this will be used in the foundation and also to build a parapet for the gun pit. The guns which will be mounted at the Point are now at Belle dock and will be taken to Lighthouse Point as soon as the foundations are completed, probably this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

The platform on the west breakwater has been completed, but neither the Rodman guns nor the search lights have been placed there yet, the engineers awaiting further instructions from Major Leach at New London.

At Woodmont the laborers are also engaged in operations. A trench from six to eight feet in depth is being dug, into which will be placed the railroad iron.

The second section of the brigade signal corps of the Connecticut National Guard has been ordered out. The order came from headquarters and was to test the efficiency of the men, in anticipation of an early call to enter the service of the United States.

The section, consisting of ten men, went to East Rock under the command of Lieutenant Broatch, and were divided into two squads. One of the squads was marched off about a mile and signalling between the two sections was practiced from 8 to 10 o'clock. All the signalling was done by means of torches, and both squads took turns at sending and receiving messages. The messages were sent rapidly and without breaks and were translated without error. The men were very pleased at the good showing made and desire to be called into active service that they may show what they can do.

The corps is already waiting the call from the government. Their kits are all packed so that it would not take them twenty minutes from the time the call came before they would be prepared to move.

Commander Giddings has requested the chief of the United States signal department that in case of a call for troops the Connecticut signal corps should receive the first call and has received a reply that his request would be granted.

The Meriden Republican says that Manager Lines of the Southern New England Telephone company says that the Meriden division has made all arrangements for summoning the members of Company I to the armory in case an emergency call is sent out. In the office is a schedule showing the location during the day of each man in the company, and indicating how he may be reached. As many of the members are now working in the shops and whole blocks of them can be summoned instantly, Manager Lines thinks that it would require only about ten minutes in the day time to notify all the members of the company who may be reached by telephone.

The first division of the naval reserves has received a large assortment of uniforms and the like for the men. At the meeting of the company Wednesday night Lieutenant Goodrich enlisted two men who are expert machinists and gunmakers.

Baseball.

AT CINCINNATI. Cincinnati, April 21.—The Reds hit Rhines very hard in the first and last innings of to-day's game and carried off an easy victory. Dwyer was very wild and retired in favor of Damman in the sixth. The Reds got four runs in the opening inning and six in the Chicago. Attendance 3,000. Score: Cincinnati . . . 4 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—6 Pittsburgh . . . 1 0 1 0 2 0 0 2—11 Hits—Cincinnati, 14; Pittsburgh, 6; errors, Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburgh, 3; batteries, Dwyer, Damman and Peltz; Rhines and Schriver.

AT LOUISVILLE. Louisville, April 21.—The Colonels were off in both fielding and batting to-day and the Colts had everything their own way. Attendance 1,000. Score: Louisville . . . 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 Hits—Cincinnati, 14; Louisville, 2; errors, Cincinnati, 3; Louisville, 7; batteries, Griffith and Donahue; Cunningham and Wilson.

HARVARD WINS. Chestertown, Md., April 21.—The Harvard baseball team defeated the Washington college team to-day by a score of 20 to 4.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. All MWF & W 17

AWNINGS TO ORDER.

We'll make you new awnings or recover your old awning-frames just as soon as you say. ap21 3t MALLEY, NEELY & CO.

Get a Dann Reclining Go Cart for the baby from the Rattan Co., 562 State.

Beecher-Leonard Co. have taken an office at 831 Chapel street, second floor. Interested people please call a22 if

AWNINGS TO ORDER.

We'll make you new awnings or recover your old awning-frames just as soon as you say. ap21 3t MALLEY, NEELY & CO.

THOSE DANDY DOLLAR POLES. Keep everything good in the fishing-tackle way here—hooks, reels, flies, artificial baits, lines, rods, baskets, bait-boxes, etc. ap21 3t MALLEY, NEELY & CO.

CASTORIA.

Chas. H. Hutchinson

FAIR HAVEN HAPPENINGS

MAY HAVE MILE HEATS HERE—AFTER IN FOXON RACES.

Wednesday Afternoon Whist Club—Stars and Stripes Displayed Yesterday—Funeral of Minnie Louise Huntley—Illness of Gustave Tucker—Other Items.

At the meet of the Wednesday Afternoon Whist club, held with Mrs. B. H. Strickland at her home on Grand avenue, Miss Grace Roberts won the first prize, a Japanese hair box. Mrs. Malone and Mrs. Marlin were tied for the second prize, a theater fan, which went to Mrs. Malone. The next meet will be with Mrs. Malone at her home, 190 Grand avenue.

At Riverside park, Foxon, is a half-mile track, and under the new ruling of the National Trotting association it is feared that it will interfere with the success of future meetings, unless it is decided to contest for mile heats. The prizes awarded have usually been oats, but sufficiently valuable to prove quite an incentive to owners of good horses, and a good number have been trotted at the meetings. Heretofore winning horses in the half-mile heats have not been given a record, but the new ruling of the national association provides that winning horses in half-mile heats must be given a record. This would be a bar in trotting them in other races. It is thought by some that the management will decide for the future meetings at Riverside park that mile heats shall be trotted, but no action has yet been taken.

A fowl owned by Mrs. Kate A. Corliss of Poplar street recently laid an unusually large egg, which measured seven and a quarter by six and a quarter inches.

Hiram Camp division, S. of T., will give an entertainment next Tuesday evening. A programme is being prepared and cake and ice cream will be served.

A county convocation of the Episcopal church will be held at Grace church next Tuesday.

On Tuesday evening Deputy Grand Master F. W. Beardsley paid a visit to Adelphi lodge, F. and A. M. Mr. Beardsley made a short address. After the lodge meeting a spread was partaken of in the banquet room.

Patrick McGovern of 42 Shelter street, whose funeral took place yesterday, died from the effects of bronchitis. He was thirty-six years of age.

Jeremiah A. Peck of 46 Houston street is moving to 553 George street.

The funeral of Minnie Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Huntley, will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from her late home, 53 Pierpont street.

H. Konold & Son are expecting four thousand tons of coal by boat next week.

A. B. Barnes and A. H. Grannis are displaying the American flag from their residences. Mr. Grannis has also hung out the flag in front of his Grand avenue store.

Gustave Tucker, clerk at B. S. Bradley's meat market, who has been ill for several days, has gone to the home of his parents in Montrose. His physician says that it will be some little time before he will be able to resume work. He was seized with a congestive chill and it is believed he had a slight shock.

William E. Morgan of Grand avenue, assistant quartermaster general of the Connecticut department of the G. A. R., will probably be re-elected at the encampment to be held in New Britain next month. He has held the position eleven years.

The family of Rev. Mr. McNicholl moved into the East Pearl street M. E. parsonage Wednesday. The Ladies' Aid society of the church prepared the dinner for their new pastor and his family.

MYSTERIOUS BILLY MAY BOX HERE.

Mysterious Billy Smith and Kid McPartland will probably be matched in a few days to meet in a twenty-round bout at the New Haven Athletic club within the next four weeks. A few days ago Matchmaker Woods had a talk with Smith in regard to meeting McPartland, and as the offer which he made for the bout—a purse of \$1,000 or 50 per cent. of the gross receipts—satisfied Smith, the latter accepted. McPartland will probably accept also, as he is anxious to meet Smith or any other boxer at his weight. If matched they will probably meet at 140 pound.

Wedding Bells.

The correct forms of invitations daintily gotten up, cost here, eight dollars for the first hundred, and that includes inner and outer envelopes. Reception and Visiting Card Engraving on the same pleasant lines of economy.

"White Squadron" Note Paper, 30c. Quire of Whiting selected Paper and Envelopes, in neat box, the cover a handsome lithograph of U. S. battleship.

Ring Bargain Sure!

Sparkling Emeralds, Sapphires, Turquoises, Garnets and such like dazzlers set into rich, solid gold rings. Never a one being bringing less than \$2.98 to \$4.50.

The last hundred goes at \$1.98 apiece.

Bicycle Handkerchiefs, 5c

Last Spring saw the Bicycle Handkerchief first. It was then two for 25c. Now you have just as good a handkerchief (navy blue ground, dainty white dot embroidery, half inch hem) for five cents.

DAVIS AND CO

813-815 - CHAPEL ST., NEW HAVEN, CT.

BEERS' PHOTO PARLORS.

700 CHAPEL STREET. WORTH ONE DOLLAR! Cut out this Coupon and bring it to BEERS' PHOTO PARLORS; any One Dollar will be allowed for it on a dozen of their CABINET PHOTOS; and one-half desired.

The only Gallery making Photos Evenings by Electric Light. They are fine.

STORAGE.

FINEST STORAGE WAREHOUSE IN NEW ENGLAND. PACKING AND SHIPPING BY COMPETENT MEN. MOVING VANS, NEW AND CLEAN. BAGGAGE TRANSFERRED AT ALL HOURS.

THE SMEDLEY CO.,

313 State St. 171 Brewery St.

Jacob F. Sheffele.

To do good Wall Papering we must employ only the best workmen. We are always on the lookout for men who are capable of doing the very highest class of work.

WALL The Shop. PAPERS. C. P. THOMPSON, 60 Orange St.

Daily Doings

At the MALLEY NEELY & CO. STORES

Shoe-ology Notes. Come and learn something interesting about the virtues of "Vici" Kid and have your shoes polished with the famous "Vici" Dressing.

The first taste of Chocolate Suchard does the business. You are delighted with it. Come and taste it at Swiss Booth.

Iron Bed Time.

A good time to be picking, because its among the new, fresh, first arrivals of the Spring. Wonderful what a good and good-looking Iron Bed \$2.75 does get here. Better, better, better, all the way easily up to twenty dollars.

What the World Reads.

Here's three of the very very latest books the world is interested in:

Caleb West Master Diver, By Hopkinson Smith. \$1.15

The Celebrity, By Winston Churchill. \$1.19

Romance of Zion Chapel, By Richard Le Gallienne. \$1.19

Half a dozen others already famous. Read 'em all?

Simon Dale, Hope. 98c

Shrewsbury, Stanley Weyman. 98c

Story of Untold Love, Paul L. Ford. 98c

St. Ives, R. L. Stevenson. 1.15

"Corleone," Crawford. \$1.35 a Vols.

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THE SMEDLEY CO.,

313 State St. 171 Brewery St.

HOWE & STETSON. HOWE & STETSON.

Busy Days, These.

Rain or Shine, the Store is always busy, so many wanted things here, and the saving is so evident, too.

Those 39c Rugs Sold out in just 35 minutes. Many were disappointed. We have ordered more, and will soon have them here.

The Dress Goods Display Is more than ordinarily interesting just now. Stocks were never so large and so moderately priced.

Certainly the largest stock in New Haven, and just as certainly the most reasonably priced.

A Word of Three Kinds. Of Union Taffeta Silk—26-inch size, natural wood handles, steel tube, princess loop, with silver ornaments. In black, cardinal and navy. Worth \$2.50. \$1.98 each

Of Union Taffeta Silk—26-inch size, with natural wood handles, sterling silver trimmed and a few Dresdens with Princess loop. Worth 3.75. \$2.98 each.

Of Twilled Silk—In 26-in. size, with Dresden knobs, in very pretty styles. These are in colored Silks. All have Princess loop. Worth \$5.00. \$3.98

Quite the newest and most correct things.

Cheerful showing whether you intend to purchase or not.

Howe & Stetson.

FANCY FADS

FETCHING FOOTWEAR.

A big store full of latest and best of everything in Shoes and Oxfords to suit the eye and pocket.

The Best Goods and Lowest Prices Bring the People.

M. E. COSGROVE.

DON'T BE DECEIVED.

FERRY'S BREAD, ROLLS, BISCUIT, ETC., CAN BE OBTAINED ONLY AT 50 Church Street.

and there you can get more and better for your money than at any other store in the city. Ferry's Bakery and Cafe, 46 to 50 Church Street.

"No Time Like the Present"

to order your WIRE WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS. Up to date Paper Hangings. Colored Burlaps for Dining Rooms. Oriental Rugs. Brass Fireplace Goods. PAINTING AND PRESERVING. JOHN H. PLATT, 90 Orange Street!

L. W. ROBINSON, ARCHITECT.

Removed to 324 Exchange Building

Everybody Likes TO RIDE IN A GOOD CARRIAGE. First-class Coaches and Coupes can be had at all hours at NEWGEON'S, 107-109 Grand Avenue. Telephone 708-B. 1419 T.

CABINET AND HARD WOOD WORK.

ALSO SAWING, TURNING, AND JOBBING IN WOOD of all kinds. EDWARD H. BERRY, Builder, 16 Adams Street. Telephone 233-12.

WE HAVE IT.

Think of anything you need to wear—we have it. And what we have is worthy—in quality, style, fit, price.

Suits range in prices from \$5 to \$25.

Bicycle Suits, Sweaters, Caps, Belts, Golf Stockings, Golf Trousers, Gloves, Shirts, Neckwear, etc., etc. Waiter Jackets, Barber Coats, Bartender's Coats, Butchers' Frocks, Bath Robes, Slumber Robes, etc., etc.

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WOOSTER P. ENSIGN,

Successor to WOOSTER A. ENSIGN & SON. Iron and Steel. Manufacturers' and Blacksmith Supplies. 75 ORANGE STREET, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

When You Need a Physician

We will come in handy, because this is the Best Drug Store to which you can send your prescription. When you don't need a physician, we can fill your