

HISGEN AND GRAVES THE CANDIDATES

Hearst Independence League Nominates After Furious Session—Man Nearly Mobbed For Naming Bryan.

CHARTERS' NAME PUT UP

Platform as Adopted Demands Trial by Jury Before Granting of Labor Injunctions—Favors Central Governmental Bank and an Interstate Commerce Court.

Chicago, July 28.—President, Thomas L. Hisgen, of Massachusetts; vice-president, John Temple Graves, of Georgia.

The above ticket was tonight nominated by the Independence party at its first national convention.

The friends of Mr. Bryan made an effort during the night session, to bring his name before the convention and the man who attempted it nearly produced a riot and narrowly escaped physical violence at the hands of indignant delegates.

Among those put in nomination for vice president was Steven Charters of Ansonia, Conn. His sponsor was John N. Kelly of that state.

Nearly a Riot.

After the names of Thomas Hisgen and John Temple Graves had been put in nomination by several states Bernard Suter of Atlanta, Ga., stated amid vociferous applause that the present was the best time in forty years to break up the democratic party in the south and to encompass the defeat of the democratic party which he characterized as "a moribund organization which obstructs the development of the south."

When Kansas was reached J. I. Shepard of that state asked the chairman if it was possible to vote for any candidate for the nomination who was not a member of the party. The reply was that the question had not yet arisen, whereupon Mr. Shepard took the platform, announcing that he had a candidate.

He mentioned the "candidate of the democratic party," and a storm of hisses and boos greeted the reference.

The hall continued in an uproar for several minutes, the galleries persisting in breaking into the proceedings with jeers and irrelevant remarks. Mr. Shepard was finally allowed to proceed. He had spoken but a few minutes when the delegates broke in upon him. Charles H. Mitchell of Illinois offered a point of order, saying that it was evident that the speaker was about to place in nomination a man who was not a member of the Independence party. He therefore asked that the convention proceed to name a candidate of its own. A scene of riot immediately followed, several delegates attempting to reach the rostrum for the purpose of offering physical violence to the speaker. A number of the sergeants-at-arms threw themselves across the aisle in front of the rostrum steps and held back the infuriated men by sheer physical strength.

Mr. Mitchell persisted, however, in asking if Shepard intended to nominate a man who was not a member of the Independence party. He insisted upon a categorical answer and Chairman Walsh said, "The gentleman will answer the question."

"Of course I do not want to deceive you," said Mr. Shepard.

"I intend, if I am allowed to finish to nominate Mr. William J. Bryan."

The hall broke into a wild uproar, a dozen delegates again madly struggling in the main aisle in an attempt to reach Mr. Shepard. Curses and jeers were shaken at him furiously while hurls of excretion went up from all sides of the hall.

Quiet was a long time coming, but when it finally arrived Chairman Walsh ruled that inasmuch as Mr. Shepard had attempted to nominate a man who was not a member of the Independence party he was out of order. A frantic yell of approval went up from the convention. Shepard started to leave the platform and Sergeants-at-Arms Frank Brust and Max Annenberg realizing what might happen to Shepard stepped close to his side as he started down the aisle.

Instantly a crowd of delegates, all of them in an ugly mood, closed in and for a minute or two Shepard was in actual danger. Brust and Annenberg almost carried him and fought their way foot by foot along the passage way. John Daily, a delegate from the twenty-fifth assembly district of New York city, struck at Shepard's head with a cane and if the blow had not been intercepted might have seriously injured him. Daily was shoved down into a seat and escorted by the sergeants at arms. Shepard was taken to the door and told to leave the hall. He lost no time in obeying the injunction. During the confusion Chairman Walsh strove desperately for order but without avail. When Shepard started

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NO VERDICT YET

Coroner Working on Results of Kriss-Kross Inquiry. Coroner Mix stated last night that he has completed his investigation into the death of little Edward J. Lindstedt, who was killed as the result of an accident on the Kriss Kross at Seven Rock Sunday evening, but he had not yet completed his consideration of the facts he had found and therefore had no finding yet to announce. The three cousins of the dead boy, who were on the car with him when the accident occurred were examined by the coroner yesterday and they testified in substance that the machine had seemed to slow up and the little lad had started to alight when it started up again and threw him out of the car. The coroner is making special inquiry to ascertain whether or not there was any defect in the machinery of the device which might have contributed to the accident. The verdict will probably be announced today.

STEEL BUSINESS BETTER

United States Corporation's Report Shows Increased Earnings. New York, July 28.—Increased business during the month of July is reported by the United States Steel corporation. The directors to-day declared the regular dividends and gave out a statement showing that the corporation's net earnings for the second quarter of the year exceeded those of the first quarter by \$167,730. The following statement as to increased bookings during July were given out: "The average bookings for the first twenty four days of July are in excess of 26,000 tons per day, equivalent to 72 per cent of full capacity. This tonnage is well distributed, being composed of all grades of finished steel with the single exception of rails of which up to the 24th inst. there has been no material increase in sale."

FALL KILLS WOMAN

Alighting Backward from Trolley Car Causes Mrs. Fen-ton's Death.

HEAD STRIKES PAVEMENT

Medical Aid Availed Naught—Coroner Orders Body Removed When Notified.

Alighting from a trolley car coming from the Momauglin about 10:30 last night, Mrs. William T. Fenton of 63 William street was thrown heavily at the corner of State and Trumbull streets, and was so badly injured that she died almost immediately. According to the story of those who saw the accident the woman alighted before the car had come to a full stop, and in getting off she stepped off backward, which caused her to be thrown to the pavement. She landed with great force, her head striking the pavement and a hemorrhage resulted. Dr. Gleason, who lives near the corner of Trumbull street and State, and Dr. Hense, who lives just a few steps up Trumbull street, were summoned at once but the woman was dead before they could give her any assistance. Patrolman Frank Keenan, who was patrolling his beat at this spot when the accident occurred was the first to get to the assistance of the woman, and he picked her up at once. She stiffened out in his arms and it is believed that she died at once. The New Haven hospital ambulance was called at once but as the woman was dead when it arrived she was left there while the medical examiner and Coroner Mix were summoned. The coroner ordered the removal of the body and no investigation into the cause of the death was made last night. It is probable that death was due to fracture of the skull. Mrs. Fenton was about fifty years of age. She was the wife of William T. Fenton, an employe of the New Haven road, in the general offices, who survives her. She is also survived by a daughter.

AIR RACE TO-DAY

"Boston" and "Heart of the Berkshires" to Try for Distance.

Pittsfield, Mass., July 28.—Arrangements were completed last night for a balloon race to-morrow between the balloon race, owned by the Boston Aero club, and the new balloon Heart of the Berkshires, owned by the Pittsfield Aero club. The Boston will ascend from North Adams, while the Heart of the Berkshires, which will make its maiden trip, will start from this city, both getting away at 10:30 in the morning. The one making the longer flight will win the race.

In the Boston will be Mr. Glidden and Prof. H. H. Claxton of the Blue Hill observatory, while in the Heart of the Berkshires will be Leo Stevens and Allan Krawley, of New York, and William Van Sleet of this city. Both balloons have the same capacity—38,000 cubic feet.

"SERIOUS" TALKS

Declares It Refreshing to Find This Paper on Firing Line.

Editor Journal-Courier: It is refreshing to find you are on the firing line for the future honor of the state. Can copies of the Congressional record on the Lilly matter be had in considerable quantity for general distribution? No better campaign document could go to the voters of the state than this report. Doubtless Mr. Lilly himself would assist in its circulation as it bears the almost unanimous approval of that body of which he is a member. If it can be had the writer would be one to help place it in every voter's home in Connecticut.

SERIOUS.

GOULD ADMITS HE KNOWS MISS DEVOE

Millionaire Is Questioned at Length in Alleged Conspiracy to Manufacture Divorce Evidence.

NIGHT SESSION OF COURT

Judge Rules Out Question as to His Being in Miss De Voie's Apartments—Decision Next Friday.

New York, July 28.—Frank Jay Gould was put through a sharp examination to-night by the defense in the alleged conspiracy plot to manufacture divorce evidence against him. He was questioned at length as to his acquaintance with Miss Beatrice DeVoe, whose name has figured in the case, but the most damaging admission the lawyers could draw from him was the fact that he had met Miss DeVoe and knew who she was.

As to-day was the day set aside by the court for Mr. Gould to visit his children, Magistrate Corrigan, before whom the case is being heard, excused Mr. Gould at the day session and held court to-night.

So great was the crowd of spectators and witnesses that it was necessary to move the hearing from the Tombs police court to the court of special sessions.

Mrs. Ben Teal, wife of the stage manager, who is the principal figure in the case, and Harry S. Mousley, the private detective, who was arrested with Mrs. Teal, both were present.

Mrs. Teal was accompanied by her maid and her husband, and appeared to be on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

Among the witnesses in court were Miss Eleanor Falls, a dressmaker, and Miss Blanche Hale, a hair dresser, both of whom, it is said, have informed the district attorney that they were asked to make affidavits against Mr. Gould.

District Attorney Jerome submitted a copy of Mrs. Gould's complaint in the divorce action to the court, in order to show that the divorce suit was actually pending at the time of Mrs. Teal's arrest.

It is alleged that Mr. Gould and Mrs. Teal were in New York on the night of the arrest.

After the way had been paved for Frank Jay Gould to take the stand as soon as he appeared, Mabel MacCausland, the milliner's apprentice, whose story led to the arrest of Mrs. Teal, Miss Fleming and Detective Mousley was called to the stand to be cross-examined.

Miss MacCausland repeated her story of the alleged conspiracy and stoutly maintained that it was Mrs. Teal who first suggested that she make affidavits that she had seen Mr. Gould with Beatrice DeVoe in the apartments Miss DeVoe rented from Mrs. Teal.

Lawyer Blumenthal asked why Miss MacCausland had waited twenty-four hours before she informed the authorities of the alleged plot and the witness replied that she had delayed simply to gain time to consult with her lawyer as to how she should act to trap the alleged conspirators. She added that the lawyer had advised her to pretend to be very anxious to be paid money for signing the affidavits.

Lawyer Smyth, on behalf of the defendant Mousley, drew from her the

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DAMAGING HURRICANE

Seventeen Vessels Wrecked in One Harbor in Labrador.

St. Johns, N. F., July 28.—A brief dispatch received to-day from Labrador said that the Labrador coast has been swept by a northeast hurricane which wrecked seventeen vessels in the harbor. The name of the harbor is not given in the dispatch. Other parts of the coast are as yet unheard from, and grave fears are entertained here for the safety of Sir William MacGregor, governor of Newfoundland, who is on an official visit to Labrador.

The meager advices received say that the crews of the seventeen fishing vessels which were smashed to pieces in one harbor reached home. Most of the fishermen on the Labrador coast are now north of Indian Harbor, out of reach of any cable station, and it will be at least three days before the extent of the disaster can be learned.

MITCHELL'S BURGLARIZED

Salt Water Taffy Booth at Savin Rock Grove Broken Into.

The large booth in the Grove at Savin Rock where Noel Mitchell sells Salt Water Taffy, was broken into early yesterday morning and all that the burglars took away was a good supply of taffy. It is said that they felt more than rewarded for the risk they ran. Fortunately there was no money in the booth, and the material damage can be easily repaired.

MURPHY BESTS UNHOLZ

New Yorker Lands Five Blows to South African's One.

Boston, July 28.—Tommy Murphy of New York had the better of Rudolph Unholz of South Africa throughout the twelve rounds of the main bout, lightweight class, at the Armory Athletic club to-night. The New Yorker did all the leading and landed five blows to one by the Boer, although the latter had the harder punch and with faster work might have had a decision.

NEWS SUMMARY.

GENERAL. Frank J. Gould on the Stand. 1 Steel Business Better. 1 Race in the Air To-day. 1 Odell Confers With T. Woodruff. 1 Damaging Hurricane. 1 No Show of Interest in Long Game. 1 Immigrant Money Tide Turns Back. 1 Sultan Speaks to His People. 1 Portugal Falls Republican Plot. 1 University Gets \$100,000. 2 Financial News and Quotations. 14 STATE. Big Bunco Game in Bridgeport. 5 CITY. Crowds Jeer Policeman Stowell. 1 Fall Kills Mrs. Fenton. 1 Chain Dividends Were Not Earned. 1 Up to Colonel Ullman. 1 Senator McNeill Meets Mr. Troup. 1 Garbage Men Are Fined. 1 How Hook Fire Started. 1 For St. Mary's Plenic. 1 No Appointments of Deputies. 1 University Gets \$100,000. 2 Rev. Mr. Haines' Will Filed. 1 Engineer Comes High. 1 SPORTS—Pages 6 and 7. Grand Circuit Races at Detroit. 1 Giants and Pirates in Long Game. 1 Sixteen Inlages in St. Louis. 1 Louis Loss a Double Header. 1 Ponies, Orators and Cubans Win. 1 White Sox Again Humble. 1 Cubs Lead a Game in Brooklyn. 1 Local's Cops Beat Hartford. 1 Phillies and Cardinals Split. 1 Cincinnati Beats Boston. 1 Sports of All Sorts. 1

GARBAGE MEN GET MORE FINES

Complaints Decrease Slightly, But July Record Is 259 Second Protests of Citizens.

TO QUESTION FARNHAM

Contest Over Houses That Are Listed for His Collection—Health Board on Estimates Decides on Salary Increases.

Although the number of complaints made against the efficiency of the present garbage contractors continues to run into very high figures, showing the general dissatisfaction with the way the work is being done the complaints reported for the month of July by Health Officer Wright at the meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon showed a considerable falling off in number from the month of June despite the hot weather which generally acts as a spur to the complainants. Dr. Wright reported for the month 289 first complaints and 206 second in the western district, while for the eastern district the first complaints numbered 124 and the second complaints 50. These are the totals of unwritten complaints and only about one-third of these were put down in writing and signed. Fines were levied on the written complaints of which the western contractor received \$47 and the eastern \$7.

In the consideration of the complaints a conflict appeared in regard to the houses which the contractor was not to call at and which are being served by Farnham. To several of the complaints the answer was made that the house was on the Farnham list and therefore the board of health had given the regular contractor orders not to collect there. In one of these cases it was stated that the board had no one with any authority in the house had signed the house to the Farnham list, but the contractor claimed it was on his list of exemptions and one of the members of the board stated that it was on the list which had been given to the board as a house to be visited by the Farnham collector. To settle the matter and ascertain whether the Farnham list was incorrect and held names and numbers which were not served by Farnham's collector the board instructed its clerk to request that Mr. Farnham attend the next session of the board and explain the cases to the members.

After the complaints had been disposed of the board in executive session considered the estimates for the next year which must be in by August 10. They were not finished and a special meeting will be called by the present to complete them. Practically everything has been decided on, however, except the request which will be made for a better collection of the city garbage. Whether this will be in the form of a request for an incinerator or for sale to other plants outside the city after collection by the city has not yet been decided and this will be the business of the special session of the board. Collection by the city is what is desired and some form of it will be asked for in the estimates.

Several increases in salaries will be asked for this year. They will include the request for an increase of Dr. Wright's salary. The salaries of the inspectors of the board will also be raised, the probable amount to be asked being \$100 increase in each case.

HAYNES WILL FILED

Small Estate Provides for Father, Wife and Children.

The will of the late Rev. Artemas Jean Haynes, pastor of United church, who was drowned a week ago Friday off Cape Cod, was offered for probate yesterday afternoon by ex-Judge Livingston W. Cleveland. The estate will be a small one, being exclusive of the insurance policies held, under \$10,000. The insurance will add considerable to the figure, but just how much is not known. The will directs that a trust be created from \$3,000 of the insurance money for the benefit of the father of the deceased, Mark H. Haynes of Chicago. At his death the fund goes to the dead minister's wife. Another trust of \$7,000 is created in behalf of the wife and children. This also comes from the insurance money. The residue of the estate goes to the wife.

The will names as executors Alphonso L. Weeks of Harwich, Walter P. Whitcomb and Charles J. Foot, both of this city. The will was made on August 29, 1906. The hearing on the application for probate will be held in the local court on August 4. Besides the wife and father, the heirs under the will include the two sons, Artemas J. and Walter Haynes.

FLUFFY'S WIDOWS ARRIVE

Twenty-one Hats from Paris for Hattie Williams in New Role.

New York, July 28.—Never before in the history of transatlantic arrivals was there such a display of millinery and costumes as there was on the Hoboken pier to-day. Twenty-one hats, brought over by Charles Kurzman and intended for Miss Hattie Williams in her coming production of "Fluffy Ruffles," were exposed to view on the pier, and the duty of sixty per cent, ad valorem paid on the \$2,000 consignment. One hat alone is said to have cost \$400 in France. Besides there were costumes worth \$10,000 exposed to public view, intended for the Henry W. Savage productions this fall.

AERONAUT FINED FOR SPEEDING

New York, June 28.—Notwithstanding that he said he did not think he was traveling fifty miles an hour, as charged, Dr. Julian P. Thomas, the aeronaut, was to-day fined \$50 by the court of special sessions at Jamaica for violation of the speed law. The heavy fine was imposed because it was the aeronaut's second offense. The first time, on June 4, he was fined \$10.

CLAIM DIVIDENDS WERE NOT EARNED

British Stockholders Make Charge Against Management of National Steel and Wire Company.

TO PROTECT BONDHOLDERS

Inferred That Profits Were Taken from Capital Stock—Lively Meeting Held at Boston.

Boston, July 28.—A meeting of the stockholders of the National Steel and Wire company of New Haven, which proved to be a lively one, was held here late yesterday at the invitation of George Palmer of London, representing a London stockholders' committee, with a view of forming an American committee to co-operate with the London interests in an endeavor to protect the stock and bondholders.

Mr. Palmer reported that \$5,000,000 in cash had been put into the company, of which \$3,000,000 came from England. He further said "We are in a position to state that although the company paid dividends for some years these dividends were never earned and were paid out of the capital." The plan of the English committee is that American stockholders should form a committee which shall have the power to assess preferred stockholders \$2.50 a share.

A committee was formed to report on the expediency of joining forces with the English holders. The committee consists of Arthur R. Silsbee, William Dixon, Jr., Robert C. Metcalf of Boston and John Craig of Toledo, who will investigate the situation to find out if anything is left out of the wreck for stockholders before agreeing to subscribe \$2.50 per share to meet the expenses of a committee.

The National Steel and Wire company is the holding company of the National Wire corporation in Fair Haven, which went into the hands of receivers over a year ago. Several months elapsed before the receivers, H. Stuart Hotchkiss and ex-Mayor Frederick B. Farnsworth of this city, reached a partial settlement of the difficulties of the corporation.

Ever since the National Steel and Wire company located in Fair Haven there has been more or less litigation in the affairs of the company, and finally the wire mills closed down, throwing hundreds of hands out of work. Business was finally resumed on a small scale and it was announced that the mills would be operated by the full quota of men, but there has been little activity at the big plant for the past year.

In closing down the wire mills, one of the largest plants in New Haven ceased operations and the settlement of the affairs of the company have been watched with interest by New Haven people, many of whom hold stock in the corporation.

George Palmer, representing the London stockholders, and who appeared at the meeting in Boston, spent last evening with Mr. Hotchkiss at his home in Hillhouse avenue. Mr. Hotchkiss and Attorney John K. Beach also attended the Boston meeting.

QUICK JERSEY JUSTICE

Herron, Who Pleaded Insanity, Is Sent to Electric Chair.

New Brunswick, N. J., July 28.—Another example of quick Jersey Justice was given to-day when Archie Herron, the former blacksmith, who shot and killed the Rev. S. V. B. Prickett, a Methodist minister, on July 15, was convicted of murder in the first degree and was sentenced to be electrocuted at Trenton on September 7. Herron's trial began Monday, and the case was given to the jury to-day. It took but forty-five minutes after this to bring in a verdict of guilty.

Herron's counsel at the trial defended the crime and the only offense offered was the testimony of experts in insanity who declared that Herron was an alcoholic paranoiac and irresponsible mentally. Herron refused to take the stand, saying that he would not have anything to do with the trial.

MASSACHUSETTS VICTOR

Its Sharpshooting Teams Take Both Matches at Wakefield.

Wakefield, Mass., July 28.—The sharpshooters of the Sixth Massachusetts Infantry out-shot all competitors in the two team matches which were the principal features of today's program of the New England Military association's tournament at the Bay State range here. The first team of Company A, Sixth Massachusetts, from Wakefield, won the first corps of cadets trophy with a total of 316, defeating fifteen other teams from this state, Maine and New Hampshire. The second company team match was won by Company C of the Sixth Massachusetts, with Company F, First Maine, second, the Bay State boys having 313 to 304 for the Maine marksmen.

UP TO THE COLONEL

Citizens Will Urge Ullman to Support Governor Woodruff for Another Term.

Business Men and Agriculturists Want Return of the Present Administration.

Col. Isaac M. Ullman returned yesterday from Camp Marlon and to-day will be besieged by the Lilley people with requests and demands that he support the Waterbury man for governor. "The business men of the city, however, are confident that Col. Ullman will not accede to this demand and will support the choice of the business men and farmers of the state, Governor Rollin S. Woodruff.

Colonel Ullman was asked by a reporter if he would support Governor Woodruff for another term of office. His only response was that he would absolutely refuse to talk politics at the present time.

To many it seems, said a prominent man yesterday, that Colonel Ullman has the opportunity of a lifetime to save Connecticut from a sad spectacle and to continue for two more years the present good business administration. Colonel Ullman has in the past proved a public spirited citizen and in the case at hand his friends do not believe he will be found wanting.

During the past few weeks, and especially since his return from Pennsylvania, it is understood that Governor Woodruff has been again and again approached by Lilley men who have tried to get him to announce that he is not a candidate for renomination. But it is also true that he has had countless communications from business men and from men representing the agricultural interests of the state urging him to run for the nomination again.

Some definite announcement is expected during the coming few days and it is not believed that Colonel Ullman will desert Governor Woodruff. If Colonel Ullman comes out for him the Lilley men will be up against a leader who can give them cards and spades and win.

LAYING WOOD BLOCKS

Work on New State Street Pavement Assuming Form.

The work of laying the new wood blocks which are to be the permanent pavement for State street between Grand avenue and Chapel and for Court street from Church to State was started yesterday. The first blocks were laid in the neighborhood of Grand avenue and considerable space was covered before work was stopped for the day. The blocks are laid on edge like the brick pavement on Chapel and other streets here. The blocks are of pine wood and are put through a special process in which cross-threads are which fills the grains and makes the block a complete solid. The blocks will be cemented together with hot tar and the entire surface will present as smooth an appearance as that of the brick pavements. The wood pavement is held to be even better than the brick and to be much less noisy. The bricks are laid on top of a macadam dressing such as was used as the foundation of the bitulithic pavement. This has been laid on one side of State street for the two blocks and part of the stretch on Court street has also been done in this fashion.

CROWDS HOOT AT OFFICER STOWELL

Angered by Arrest of Young Man, Policeman Acquitted of Burglary Is Mark for Their Insults.

Close to a Serious Riot Mob Fought Off With the Assistance of Patrolman Henrahan—Latter Is Slightly Injured.

An attempt of what is known to the police as the Franklin street gang to interfere with the arrest of one of its members for intoxication early last evening resulted about 11 o'clock in one of the hottest fights and near-riots that the Grand avenue police have been involved in for some time. The trouble started over the arrest of James Duffy for intoxication by Officer Mason Stowell who is now on the Grand avenue beat at the corner of Franklin street. Stowell decided that Duffy was too much under the influence of liquor to take care of himself and as he was making a disturbance he placed him under arrest. While he was waiting for the wagon a crowd of friends made an attempt to get him away and although Stowell held his man he was jostled pretty hard. As soon as Duffy had been landed Stowell returned to his beat and started to locate the man who had taken the leading part in the attempt to interfere.

It was the discovery of this man in the person of Patrick Hogan, a popular young six-foot-one lad of Franklin street, that precipitated what came near being a real riot. Stowell took charge of the young man to arrest him and immediately a gang around the corner began to interfere and attempt to get the man away. Recognizing Stowell as the man who had been connected with the Frederick burglary, for which he was tried and acquitted, the trouble began to take on a personal nature. The inhabitants of the section which is densely populated turned out like an army suddenly called into existence like the royalist armies of the Vendee in France and soon over 1,000 men women and some children had gathered about the corner or were hooting, cat-calling and yelling from windows and roofs. Cries of "There's the turkey man" and "Turkey" and other personal references insinuating that Stowell was guilty of the theft of which he was acquitted last year were started and swelled in volume as the mob got wind of who was the officer. Meanwhile the crowd about the patrolman increased and with increase of numbers came increase of recklessness and the mob closed in and began to fight the officer. He held on to his prisoner and fought back the angry mob which each moment became more violent, encouraged by the shouts from

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ODELL CONFERS WITH TIM

Former State Boss Sees Chairman of New York, Promising Support.

New York, July 28.—Former Governor Odell came down from Newburg and held an hour's conference late to-day with Chairman Woodruff of the republican state committee on the political situation in this state. Later Chairman Woodruff said Odell stood ready to do all he could for the state and national ticket.

Mr. Woodruff will leave tomorrow for an all day visit to Oyster Bay and will inform President Roosevelt the situation as it has developed recently in New York state politics.

WEATHER RECORD.

Table with columns: Station, Temp. Dir., Vel., Pres., Weather. Includes Albany, Atlanta, Bismarck, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Denver, Detroit, Hartford, Hatteras, New York, Norfolk, Nantucket, N. Orleans, New York, Norfolk, Omaha, Pittsburgh, Portland, Me., Providence, St. Louis, St. Paul, Washington.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

New Haven, Conn., July 29, 1908. Temperature 75. Wind N. Wind direction N. SE. Wind velocity 5. Precipitation 0.0. Weather: Partly Cloudy. Minimum temperature 63. Maximum temperature 82. Minimum last year 62. Maximum last year 82.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Sun Rises 4:14. Sun Sets 7:44. High Water 11:47.

Wednesday, July 29.

Crawford-Plummer Co.

708-800-802 CHAPEL STREET.

TUB SUITS

\$2.95, \$4.95, \$7.95, \$9.95.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF Dainty Summer Waists

We close Fridays at noon during July and August.

COATS from 26 to 36 inches long. French or strapped seams, in white, pink lavender, light blue, brown, cadet and oyster gray.

MATERIALS—Galateas, natural linsens and famous Manchester repps, the only cloth that improves in washing.

PATENT-SHOULDERS—These two words, coupled with the fact that all our Tub Suits are tailor-made, explain the enormous trade we are having on these garments.

When seen by a Journal-Courier reporter in Bridgeport last week Senator McNeill said that he was feeling better than he had for 15 years.

SEN. M'NEIL HERE

Confers With Alexander Troup and Talks Principally About Denver.

HEALTH MUCH IMPROVED

Candidacy for Democratic Nomination Will Be Announced About August 1.

Senator Archibald McNeill of Bridgeport who was prominently named for the vice-presidency on the democratic ticket was in town yesterday and paid a visit to Alexander Troup whom he saw for the first time since the Denver convention.

Senator McNeill is out for the nomination for governor of the state on the democratic ticket this fall and it is presumed that at least a part of the conversation between him and Mr. Troup yesterday appertained to and touched upon this important matter.

TAFT ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION

Speech Lasts Seventy Minutes and Much of It Is Omitted.

HEAT CUTS IT SHORT

Cincinnati Declares a Holiday and the Celebration Is Non-Partisan.

Cincinnati, O., July 28.—Officially notified to-day of his nomination for the presidency by the republican party, William H. Taft, standing on the balcony of his brother's home in this city, formally accepted the honor.

Mr. Taft attacked the democratic platform, asserting that most of its declarations either are inconsistent or disingenuous. Mr. Bryan's principles were held up as destructive.

Mr. Taft spoke for an hour and eleven minutes. Because of the intense heat, which he appeared to feel more keenly beneath the canopy of the speaker's stand than did those in the open lawn, he cut his enunciation of principles in many places, passing over entire sheets of his manuscript at a time.

Mr. Taft said he believed in the physical valuation of railroads as from time to time might be necessary and he personally favored the direct election by the people of the United States senators.

The occasion of the notification was made a holiday by the residents of Cincinnati, without regard to party affiliations.

It was 11 o'clock when the notification committee, headed by Senator William Warner of Missouri, arrived.

The ceremony of the notification was set for noon, and promptly at that hour Judge Taft and Senator Warner walked out through the colonial pillared portico of the Charles P. Taft residence and onto the improvised platform projecting over the front steps.

One of the features of the day was the escort of the notification committee from the Sinton to the Taft residence by 600 veterans of the civil war.

The text of Mr. Taft's speech will be found on another page.

NARRAGANSETT PIER POLO. Narragansett Pier, R. I., July 28.—In a rattling finish in which Dedham made a most aggressive stand, the second match for the Narragansett cup in the Point Judith polo tournament went to Dedham to-day. The score: Dedham 15, Rockaway 11-4.

Specials at

Gillespie's Drug Store AT THE DRUG COUNTER

Listerine, large 12 oz.79c
Listerine, small 3 oz.21c
Gillespie's Antiseptic Solution, 16 oz.50c
Gillespie's Antiseptic Solution, 4 oz.20c

AT THE TOILET GOODS COUNTER

A. D. S. Antiseptic Tooth Brush.25c
The best brush for the money anywhere.

AT THE CANDY COUNTER

Lovell & Coval's Fine Caramels, lb.39c
Vanilla Nut, Chocolate Nut, Chocolate Marshmallow.

AT THE CIGAR COUNTER

"1840" Cigars, union made, a 10c smoke, for 4c, 7 for 25c.

Gillespie's Drug Store 744 Chapel Street.

Goods Delivered. Phone your order, 663-4.

NO APPOINTMENTS

General Registrar McPartland Goes Away Without Announcing Deputies.

LIST IS NOW COMPLETE

Expected It Will Be Made Public by Friend Before Return of Registrar.

While the appointments of his list of deputy registrars for the city have been expected for several days from Democratic General Registrar John J. McPartland, they have not yet been announced, although it is stated that the list is practically complete now and will probably be given out in a day or two.

Several changes are expected in the list, but who they will be is not known. It is understood that Peter McNeerney will be one of the names which will be missing from the list this year.

The two general registrars are due to hold a meeting to consider plans for the registration of voters, for which there will be two sessions in September.

UNIVERSITY GETS \$100,000

Washburn Coal Operator Leaves Bequest to Vermont School. Cleveland, Ohio, July 28.—The will of Curtis Barrett, a wealthy coal operator of Stratford, Vermont, who died recently, was probated today.

CANNONISM AN ISSUE

Democrats Expect to Coin Capital from Speaker's Methods. Washington, July 28.—Chairman Jas. T. Lloyd of the democratic congressional committee who has returned to Washington after a tour of the west declared today that Cannon and Cannonism would be one of the greatest assets of the democrats in their campaign to control the next house.

PANDEMONIUM NIGHT

White City, Friday, July 31. AVALANCHES OF MERRIMENT! Horns and other instruments of noise free. Prizes of \$5, \$3, \$2, for persons bringing instruments making the most noise.

They All Say

HUYLER'S CHOCOLATE AND THE PURE FRUIT SYRUP

dispensed at the soda water fountain of the City Hall Pharmacy are the finest summer drinks in this city. We would like to have your judgment on it.



Shoes That Are Reduced.

500 Pairs Women's \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Patent Calf and Russia Calf Oxfords, \$2.79 and \$2.98

100 Pairs Russia Calf Pumps and Colonials, \$2.50, now \$1.69

200 Pairs Men's Russia Calf Strap and lace Oxfords, \$2.98

Reduced from \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

50 Pairs Men's \$5.00 Russia Calf Oxfords, \$1.98

ONLY GOOD SHOES.

The New Haven Shoe Company

842 and 846 Chapel Street.

Modern Decorating

Calls for original and individual treatment. Don't be satisfied with the commonplace, when you can have your decorating done in a manner expressive of your own ideas—decorating different from your neighbors, unique and artistic, and at practically the same cost. We'd be pleased to have you consult us.

MONROE BROS., 353 Crown St.

Telephone 3761.

WITCH HAZEL.

Concentrated Extract and Uses.

There are several brands on the market. "Washburn's Concentrated Extract of Witch Hazel" is made in one of the oldest and most reliable witch hazel distilleries in the world and is superior to many other brands.

Witch hazel is a well known specific for reducing inflammation and the relief and cure of sprains. It is good for bruises, insect bites of all kinds, burns, scalds, wounds, painful swellings, lame back, sore throat, neuralgia, chilblains, piles, rheumatism, inflamed surfaces, etc.

QUARTS 45c. PINTS 25c. 1-2 PINTS 15c.

E. L. Washburn & Co.

84 Church St. 61 Center St.

The American "Colonial" Hall

In spite of modern styles, this American style is still most popular. We are showing many reproductions of the old Colonial Wall Papers of interest, most suited for the hall.

MERRELS, CROSS & BEARDSLEY, CONTRACTING DECORATORS, 90-92 Orange Street. Phone 839.

THE LEVI CO. GILBERT CO.

CHAPEL STREET OFFICE 14 CHURCH STREET

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HUYLER'S CHOCOLATE AND THE PURE FRUIT SYRUP

ASSAULTED YOUNG GIRL. Logan Terry, a colored man of the Hill district, was arrested by the Howard avenue police yesterday afternoon on a charge of breach of the peace which may be made more serious it is said. He is accused of assaulting a small white girl.

TEXANS' BEER IN BALANCE. Fort Worth, Tex., July 28.—With all other contests in the recent democratic primary settled by additional returns to-day, the state-wide prohibition issue is still in doubt, and a final count alone can determine the result.

ANKLE BROKEN BY ROPE. While bringing a tow into dock yesterday morning, Patrick Garvin, an employe of the Mansfield Oyster company, who resides at 90 Orchard street, had his foot caught in the tow line which he was working with and so tightly did it get knotted up that he had his right ankle broken. He was taken to Grace hospital for treatment.

YOUNG TURKS DOMINEERING. Vienna, July 28.—The young Turk committee at Saloniki has requested the Austro-Hungarian and Russian civil agents to leave Macedonia, asserting that under the new constitutional regime international supervision in Macedonia will no longer be necessary.

EDUCATIONAL.

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR. RESULTS, NOT PROMISES.

The Butler Business School

Regular Session Day and Evening. SUMMER SCHOOL. SIDNEY PERLIN BUTLER, President. Phone 3400. Y. M. C. A. Building. Elevator.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Old Heidelberg. 135-137 TEMPLE ST. HIGH-CLASS GERMAN RESTAURANT. Imported Beers a Specialty. Business Men's Noon Lunch 50 Cents. A. D. BELL, Proprietor.

CAFE HEUBLEIN. 151 TO 155 CHURCH STREET. RESTAURANT. Luncheon, 12:30 until 2 o'clock. ORCHESTRA EVENINGS. Service a la Carte. LOUIS METZGER CATERING CO.

New Tontine Hotel. Our 60c Business Men's Lunch includes Relish, Soup, Fish, Entree, Roast, Vegetable Salads in Season. Dessert and Tea, Coffee or Milk. There's none better in New Haven. Served from 12 m. to 2 p. m. GEO. T. WHITE, Prop.

HANDY'S NEW HOTEL DAVENPORT AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLAN. CAFE A LA CARTE. MUSIC EVENINGS, 6 TO 12. Corner Orange and Court Streets. TELEPHONE 128.

HOTEL GARDE. Opposite Union Depot, NEW HAVEN, CONN. Connecticut's Largest Hotel. Dinner 12-2:15, 50 Cents.

COX'S SURF HOUSE SAVIN ROCK. Choice Shore Dinners and Meals a la Carte. Only resort on shore carrying full line automobile supplies. Tel. 2857-3. John Cox, Prop.

St. Lawrence's New HILL'S HOMESTEAD. Formerly Quinipiac-Ansantawac. TELEPHONE 9304-2.

Mansfield Grove PICNIC GROUNDS. Now open for Church and Society Outings, Boating, Bathing, Ballground, Shore Dinners, etc. C. BARTLETT, East Haven, Conn.

LOG CABINS FOR RENT. Rocky Top, Mt. Carmel. For unadulterated enjoyment hire a log cabin on Rocky Top. Air always cool—flavored with pine trees—outlook beautiful, pure water, fine farm supplies. Trolley to foot of mountain, easy ride or walk to summit. Rental week or month. Only two left. Mrs. A. Williams. Tel. 5273-12.

JEWELERS.

RINGS FOR ALL PURPOSES, ORNAMENTATION, ENGAGEMENT AND WEDDING. For the latter happy event we also have a fine elaborate assortment of Diamonds, Fine Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Rich Cpt Glass, Clocks. PRICES NOT HIGH.

Durant OPTICIAN CHURCH ST. NEW HAVEN, CT.

Veil Pins. Waist Sets. Belt Buckles.

Wells and Gunder 788 CHAPEL STREET, NEW HAVEN, CT.

FOR the woman who travels we have Safety Pockets

of suede, silk lined and with a snap fastener. They are attached to a belt and are worn suspended from the waist between the upper and under skirt. Small pockets worn around the neck, 25c.

Monson's Jewelry Store. 857-859 Chapel St.



FACILITATION, NOT DIVORCE.

Compact Apparently Leads to Separation but Does Not.

Chicago, July 28.—Lake Forest society was given a surprise yesterday when two well-known residents of the suburb filed for record a compact which in other cases might be expected to accompany proceedings for a legal separation.

The parties involved are Henry Gordon Strong and Mrs. Margaret Hubbard Strong. Mr. Strong is a son of General Henry Strong and a member of the Chicago, Union League and Onwentsia clubs.

By the terms of the compact, which was placed on record, Mr. and Mrs. Strong both release all dower or inheritance rights from each other, while Mr. Strong agrees to pay his wife \$4,000 a year for the first ten years after July 1, 1908; \$4,500 a year for the second ten years, and thereafter \$5,000 a year until her death.

Mr. Strong declared last night that the arrangement was to "facilitate" his wife's financial affairs. He said that Mrs. Strong goes to Europe alone frequently, and that he wanted her "to be able to manage her own affairs and not be left utterly helpless."

The agreement provides that payments shall not be cancelled by the death of Mr. Strong, but shall continue an obligation on his estate. They shall cease in the event of the death of Mrs. Strong.

ADMIRAL COWLES RETIRES

Native of Connecticut and Brother-in-Law of President Roosevelt.

Washington, July 28.—Announcement was made at the navy department to-day of the retirement on August 1, 1908, of Rear Admiral W. S. Cowles, now representing the United States navy at the Ter-Centennial celebration at Quebec.

Admiral Cowles has a residence at Farmington and is well known in this city. The Roosevelts have been frequent visitors at the admiral's summer place.

RAILROAD PAYS FEDERAL DEBT.

Washington, July 28.—Acting Secretary of the Treasury Coolidge to-day received from the Central Pacific railroad company \$2,939,661, in payment of its twentieth and last note, and in liquidation of its total indebtedness to the government, under the settlement agreement of February 1, 1906.

"Hicks, the hotel man, has a new scheme. He serves Welsh rabbit free to his guests." "What's his idea?" "Well, they have nightmare, and then he charges them for the use of one horse."

"COMFORT WITHOUT EXTRAVAGANCE."

HOTEL WOODSTOCK

W43RD ST. HALF BLOCK EAST NEW YORK

NEW TWELVE STORY FIRE PROOF TRANSIENT HOTEL EUROPEAN PLAN MUSIC QUIET AND IN THE HEART OF THINGS

ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, \$1.50 AND UP WITH BATH, \$2 AND UP. SUITES, \$5 AND UP. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

WIRE FOR RESERVATIONS, OUR EXPENSE. W. H. VALIQUETTE, MGR. ALSO THE BERWICK, RUTLAND, VT.

STODDARD'S SEMI-ANNUAL SALE.

All goods which appear in our window at Half Price. Daily Window Changes for the next fifteen days.

The L. L. Stoddard Tobacco Co. 940 Chapel Street.

Clearance Sale of Men's Furnishings

Following Will Serve as Samples:

- \$1.50 and \$2.00 Negligee Shirts, \$1.00
\$1.00 and \$1.25 Negligee Shirts, .75
50c and 75c Negligee Belts, .25
50c and 75c 4-in-hand Neckwear, .35
50c and 75c Bat Wing Neckwear, .35
Straw Hats—Priced at PRICES TO SELL.

TRUNKS, SUIT CASES, BAGS, ETC., Less than Manufacturer's Cost.

The Brooks-Collins Company Tel. 3716. 795 CHAPEL STREET

"NEAR the PUMP" Summer Comfort

Spend a comfortable summer. Do not look forward to the heated term with so much dread. Underwear of modern build and fabric is the secret.

The many improvements in manufacture will really surprise you. You'll be glad to be surprised. We especially recommend Dr. Deimel's Linen Mesh.

Full Assortments of Summer Goods for Men, Hats to Hosiery.

JENKINS & THOMPSON (INCORPORATED) OPP. THE TOWN PUMP

DOLLARS saved are dollars MADE. You can save good dollars by buying Field and Marine Glasses of me. I am closing them out regardless of cost.

C. M. PARKER 810-A Chapel St. Entrance 810 1/2.

CROWD HOOTS AT OFFICER STOWELL

(Continued from First Page.)

The onlookers and by the jeers against the officer. It began to look pretty bad for Stowell and if any weapons other than fists had happened to be in the crowd at the time there would probably have been a more serious ending to the trouble than there was.

Just at this juncture reinforcements came to Stowell in the person of Officer John Hennahan, who fought his way through the mob and took his stand with his brother officer. Hennahan got the worst of the argument. While some of the crowd were repulsed with some stinging blows upon their anatomy the only blood spilled was that of Officer Hennahan, who stopped a vicious punch with his nose, and sustained a nose bleed as the result. The blood from this blow covered much of the upper part of the officer's coat and nearly put it out of working order. Stowell

SWING AND REFRIGERATOR SALE

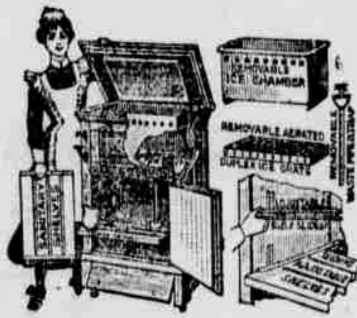
PARIS SWINGS (lawn swing, all hardwood), regular large size, regular price \$8, To close at \$5.50 each

PARIS SWINGS, large double size, holds 4 people, regular price \$11, To close at \$8 each

CHEAPER SWING, large double size, holds 4 people, regular price \$7.50, To close at \$4 each

ENTIRE STOCK OF REFRIGERATORS. 20 in all, reduced as follows: To be closed at cost or less than cost.

- From \$23.00 to \$14.00
From 26.00 to 16.00
From 29.00 to 19.00
From 41.00 to 26.00
From 38.00 to 24.00
From 37.50 to 23.50
From 42.00 to 26.50
From 28.50 to 17.50
From 18.50 to 12.00
From 26.00 to 16.00
From 37.50 to 24.00
From 15.00 to 9.50
From 15.50 to 10.00
From 14.00 to 9.00
From 23.00 to 14.00



THE CHAMBERLAIN CO.

Crown and Orange St. Closed Saturday Afternoons.

HISGEN IS TO LEAD

(Continued from First Page.)

down the aisle, he called anxiously: "Somebody protect that man."

He repeatedly begged the delegates to keep quiet and remember that they were gentlemen. The plea, however, fell on deaf ears until Shepard had left the hall.

Judge Waterbury of Emporia, Kan., took the platform for the purpose, as he expressed it, of "putting my state right." He denied that Mr. Shepard acted with the knowledge of the delegates from his state, the denunciation of the speaker and the cause he attempted to advocate bringing cheers from the delegates and a few hisses from the galleries.

Then E. C. Fowler of Topeka, Kan., announced that J. I. Shepard was withdrawn from the national committee of the party. The chair asked for a motion to that effect and a preliminary tangle followed. The action was finally taken and the call of states followed. Maryland seconded the nomination of John Temple Graves and Massachusetts yielded to California.

TEXT OF PLATFORM

"Conservative" Document as Adopted by Independence Party.

The full platform as adopted by the independence party is as follows:

We, Independent American citizens, representing the independence party in forty-four states and two territories, have met in national convention to nominate, absolutely independent of all other political parties, candidates for president and vice president of the United States.

Our action is based upon a determination to wrest the conduct of public affairs from the hands of selfish interests, political tricksters and corrupt bosses, and make the government, as the founders intended, an agency for the common good.

The independence party is a conservative force in American politics, devoted to the preservation of American liberty and independence, to honesty in elections, to opportunity, in business and to equalities before the law.

Direct nominations: As of first importance in order to restore the power of government to the people, to make their will supreme in the primaries, in the elections and in the control of public officials after they have been elected, we declare for direct nominations, the initiative and referendum and the right of recall.

Corrupt practice at elections: Of next importance in destroying the power of selfish special interests and the corrupt political bosses whom they control is to wrest from their hands, their main weapon, the corruption fund. We demand severe and effective legislation against all forms of corrupt practices at elections, and advocate prohibiting the use of any money at elections except for meetings, literature and the necessary traveling expenses of candidates.

Economy: We demand honest conduct of public office and business-like and economical administration of public affairs, and we condemn the gross extravagance of federal administration and its appalling annual increase in appropriations.

Over-capitalization: We condemn the evil of over-capitalization. Modern industrial conditions make the corporation and stock company a necessity, but over-capitalization in corporations is as harmful and criminal.

Labor: The independence party condemns the arbitrary use of the writ of injunction and contempt proceedings as a violation of the fundamental American right of trial by jury.

From the foundation of our government down to 1872 the federal judiciary act prohibited the issue of any injunction without reasonable notice until after a hearing. We assert that in all actions growing out of a dispute between employer and employee concerning terms of conditions of employment, no injunction should issue until after a trial upon the merits, that such trial should be held before a jury and that no case of alleged contempt should any person be deprived of liberty without a trial by jury.

The independence party believes that the distribution of wealth is as important as the creation of wealth, and indorses these organizations among farmers and workers which tend to bring about a just distribution of wealth through good wages for workers and good prices for farmers and which protect the employer and the consumer through equality of price for labor and for product and we favor such legislation as will remove them from the operation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

We indorse the eight-hour work day. We favor the enactment of a law refining as illegal any combination or conspiracy to blacklist employes.

We favor the creation of a department of labor, including mines and mining, the head of which shall be a member of the president's cabinet. Currency: The independence party declares that the right to issue money is inherent in the government, and it favors the establishment of a central governmental bank through which the money so issued shall be put into general circulation.

The tariff: We demand a revision of the tariff, not by the friends of the tariff, but by the friends of the people, and declare for a gradual reduction of tariff duties with just consideration for the rights of the consuming public and of established industry.

The railroads: The railroads must be kept open to all upon exactly equal terms. Every form of rebate and discrimination and railroad rates is a crime against business and must be stamped out. We demand adequate railroad facilities and a bill empowering shippers in time of need to compel railroads to provide sufficient cars for freight and passenger traffic and other facilities through summary appeal to the courts. We favor the creation of an interstate commerce court, whose sole function it shall be to review speedily, and enforce summarily, the orders of the interstate commerce commission. The interstate commerce commission has the power to initiate investigations, into the reasonableness of rates and practices and no increase in rates should be put into effect until opportunity for such investigation is afforded. The interstate commerce commission should proceed at once with a physical val-

HONDURAS TURNS ALL CONSULS OUT

Washington, July 28.—Because they intervened in behalf of the non-combatants, the consular representatives of the various governments at Ceiba have incurred the displeasure of President Davila of Honduras and he has cancelled their exequaturs. The activity of the consuls occurred just preceding the revolutionary attack upon Ceiba about ten days ago when the revolutionists were repulsed by the government troops. Information of the cancelling of the exequaturs reached the state department to-day from Drew Linard, the American consul at Ceiba. He has been asked by the department to send by cable a full statement of the facts leading up to the action taken by President Davila. Future action of the department may depend upon his reply. It is a well settled principle of international practice that a government may refuse to issue an exequatur to any person appointed to a consular position and also to cancel an exequatur, after it is granted, for good reasons. This privilege has been exercised by this government on more than one occasion.

Word reached the state department last week that considerable dissatisfaction existed at Ceiba with the foreign consuls there, but later reports indicated that the tirade against them by the local newspapers had ceased. Following a conference today between Acting Secretary of State Bacon and Acting Secretary of the Navy Newberry, it was announced that the gunboat Marietta now at Porto Cortes, Honduras, will remain there until further orders. Officials say, however, that the situation there and in most of the other portions of Honduras has again become quiet. It will require several weeks for the cruiser Milwaukee, now at Honolulu, to reach Amapala, where she is to relieve the Albany.

EXEQUATURS CANCELLED

They Intervened in Behalf of Non-Combatants During Recent Troubles—Our Gunboat on the Scene.

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FRANCE AND RUSSIA IN ENTIRE ACCORD

Conference Between President and Czar Productive of No New Relations.

Problems All Settled

Fallieres Departs for Norway on His Sovereign-Visiting Tour.

Reval, July 28.—The visit of M. Fallieres to Emperor Nicholas terminated tonight with a state banquet on the French battleship Verite, after which the emperor bade a cordial farewell to the president of France and his suite. The French squadron then weighed anchor and departed for Christiania.

M. Pichon, and M. Iawolsky, respectively the French and Russian foreign ministers, occur in stating that the visit of M. Fallieres to Reval has served to demonstrate the complete accord of the two nations, without giving rise to any new departures in international relations.

According to M. Iawolsky the conference between the president and the emperor and of the diplomatic representatives of Russia and France covered the general range of European politics, touching all questions now interesting diplomatic chancelleries. A complete understanding concerning the problems in which the two nations are jointly concerned was reached as well as with regard to questions arising out of the situation in Persia and Mexico, which are considered within the special sphere of either of the allies. The keynote of the addresses upon the exchange of toasts at the banquet, was the desire of both France and Russia to maintain the general peace of the world and the equilibrium of Europe. Similar declarations were made at the meeting between Emperor Nicholas and King Edward.

During the afternoon the President's son went ashore and visited many of the public places, but M. Fallieres himself did not touch Russian soil during the visit. Prior to the banquet the emperor and the president together visited several Russian and French warships. The Russian sailors were entertained aboard one of the French cruisers. The usual distribution of decorations and presents took place. The emperor presented snuff boxes to M. Pichon and Admiral Touchard, the ambassador to Russia. President Fallieres presented a pair of vases to the empress and delighted the imperial children with two chests of beautiful French toys.

GOULD ADMITS HE KNOWS MISS DEVOE

(Continued from First Page.)

fact that she was known in the apartment house in which she lived by the name of Conklin to everybody except the janitor; that she had applied to Mr. Teal for a position under the name of Miss Winter and that she had applied for another position on the stage under the name of Mabel Diamond, which she said was her middle name.

Edward F. Rayens, the district attorney's detective, told of the arrest of Mrs. Teal, Miss Fleming and Mousley, and said he found on Mousley a photograph of Mr. Gould and the affidavit signed by Miss McCauslan.

The prosecution then rested and Messrs. Smyth and Blumenthal, for the defense, made arguments asking for the discharge of their clients. Magistrate Corrigan reserved decision on these motions and Frank J. Gould was called as the first witness for the people. Mr. Gould said he was the defendant in a divorce case of Gould vs. Gould.

"You heard the testimony of these witnesses and the charge made here, Mr. Gould?" asked Mr. Smyth. "Part of it," replied the witness. "I know what it is in general." "Do you know Miss DeVoe?" Mr. Gould said: "Yes, I know Miss DeVoe."

"You were acquainted with her in March, were you not?" asked the lawyer. "Yes, I knew her in March," was the reply. "You were in her apartments in March, were you not?" was the next question. "Objection," yelled Mr. Hart, and he

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SWIFT—Entered into rest in this city, July 28, 1908, Rhoda Ann Swift. Notice of funeral hereafter. 3574 it

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Royal Doulton Ware.

Beautiful showing of this celebrated ware, in quaint and artistic pieces—decorated from Bayeux Tapestry.

- Match Holders, Tobacco Jars, Cups and Saucers, Candlesticks, Salad Bowls, 3-piece Tea Sets.

Pitchers, Chocolate and Tea Pots, Tea Tiles and Baby Plates. A. F. WYLIE, 821 Chapel St. Successor to John Bright & Co.

July Fur Repairing.

Ladies are bringing furs to us every day for alterations and repairs. They are insured and stored free as soon as received. Work is done slowly, carefully, and work costs you less than it will in fall or winter.

Friend E. Brooks, 746 Chapel St. Room 7, Up One Flight. Telephone 683-3.

PEROLIN

Original DUST Absorber. It absorbs dust, cleans floors, kills germs and minimizes labor. Is non-combustible. "Please deliver us 1,000 pounds Perolin, same as before. Marshall, Field & Co." They ought to know. You ought to try. Comes in 50 and 100-pound drums—\$3.50 per 100.

Thompson & Belden, 396-398 State St. Tel. 2140.

"KOAL" QUALITY

Represents W. F. Gilbert & Co. (Incorporated) 65 Church St. Opp. P. O.

That Lost Key

That lost key, lost time in search and worry, might all have been avoided if you only had taken the precaution to have had a "duplicate" made in time. Like eyeglasses, it's a good thing to have two. They don't cost much at

The Gun Store, 5 CHURCH STREET.

From Honeymoon Time To Sunset Time



"young woman, I've tried wood, and coal and gasoline." —but GAS is the CHEAPEST of all FUELS. Get a Gas Range, \$13 to \$27. Cash or installments. Ready to use.

The New Haven Gas Light Co. Salesroom 93 Crown Street.

was sustained. Many questions along this line were asked, but objection was always made and in each case sustained.

After vainly protesting that the objections of the district attorney were merely for the purpose of shielding Mr. Gould, Mr. Smyth excused him from the stand, reserving the right to call him at a later time.

Arthur Larned, a negro hooligan in the Glenmore apartment house in March last, said he did not know Mr. Gould, "I do not know whether he was there or not," he said. "I don't bother looking around at the people there."

After more questions calculated to show that Mr. Gould might at one time have called on Miss DeVoe in the Glenmore, Magistrate Corrigan ruled out the questions. If it could be shown, the court added, that Miss McCauslan had been in Miss DeVoe's apartments at any time during March, he would then permit the defense to go into the matter more fully, even to interrogating Mr. Gould about it.

This ended the testimony for the defense, Mr. Smyth intimating it would not be necessary for them to summon Miss DeVoe because of the court's ruling. After argument between counsel and the court as to the filing of briefs it was finally fixed that a decision would be handed down on Friday at 10 o'clock in the morning.

It was learned to-night from Mr. Gould's counsel that his answer to the petition of his wife asking for absolute divorce had been served on Monday upon Lawyer Sprague, Mrs. Gould's counsel, and that under oath Mr. Gould had denied the charges made against him in the complaint.

Artistic Memorials. GRANITE - MARBLE - BRONZE - THE THOS. PHILLIPS & SON Co. TEL. 3810 148 SYLVAN AVE.

GOLD MEDAL CREAMERY BUTTER

The Butter that comes to you with all its churn-goodness and country sweetness

The richest pasteurized cream gives it its delicate flavor.

The perfect methods of a model creamery give it the body and smoothness.

The odor-proof package in which it is sent out, keeps for your enjoyment all this churn-goodness and country sweetness.

Packed at the creamery and always sold at the price of ordinary butter that is usually packed by the dealer in the city.

If your grocer can't supply you write us.

DILLON and DOUGLASS,

New Haven and Hartford, Conn. Springfield, Mass., Providence, R. I.



DIRECTORS CHOSEN FOR NEW THEATER

Winthrop Ames, Lee Shubert and John Corbin to Lead New Departure in America.

NOT FOR MONEY MAKING

Will Be Devoted to Drama and Pay Particular Attention to the Fostering of American Playwriting.

New York, July 28.—The important announcement was made tonight that the founders of the New Theater of New York, which is to have standards and traditions similar to those of the state theatres of the continent, thus making it the national theater of this country have appointed an executive staff consisting of Winthrop Ames of Boston, as director; Lee Shubert, the well known theatrical manager, as business manager, and John Corbin, dramatic critic, and author, as literary manager.

Mr. Ames is a graduate of Harvard, where he spent a post-graduate year specializing in dramatic literature. In conjunction with Lorin F. DeLand, he leased and conducted for four years a stock company theatre, the Castle Square theatre in Boston and assumed every detail of the business and producing management. It soon achieved the reputation of being the best theatre of its kind in the country.

He had already purchased a site and had plans drawn for his proposed theatre in Boston, but postponed that project to assume the directorship of the New Theater.

Mr. Shubert is the senior member of the well known firm of producers and theatrical managers. His connection with the new theatre is entirely separate from the enterprises of his firm and he merely devotes to it his acknowledged business ability and wide experience. Mr. Corbin was born in Chicago and is a graduate of Harvard. For seven years Mr. Corbin was a dramatic critic in New York.

During recent years he has devoted himself mainly to novel writing. The appointment of a director for the New Theater has long been under consideration, and the continent as well as this country was searched for a man to fill the requirements of the position.

The general scheme for the New Theater was evolved in 1906, and among the founders are John Jacob Astor, August Belmont, H. C. Frick, George J. Gould, James H. Hyde, Clarence H. Mackay, J. P. Morgan, Cornelius Vanderbilt, W. K. Vanderbilt, Henry Rogers Winthrop and H. P. Whitney. W. K. Vanderbilt is the president of the New Theater, Clarence H. Mackay vice president, Otto H. Kahn treasurer and Henry Rogers Winthrop secretary.

The theatre is to be devoted to the production of dramas—not musical comedies, spectacles or the like. But that its repertoire is to consist mainly of "classics"; that it is intended primarily for the amusement of a small social set; or that its plays are to be mainly "advanced," "faddish" and "literary" is as far as possible from the truth. The New Theater will make its appeal, and depend for its success, it is stated, upon the whole body of intelligent playgoers. It is hoped to make it as distinctly a democratic and civic institution as is the Comedie Francaise. Brisk, wholesome comedy, and popular dramas will be as welcome to its stage as they are to the stage of that famous theatre.

While the New Theater will attempt to include in its repertoire the best work of modern English and continental dramatists, a primary object will be to foster and exploit American playwriting; and productions will be given each season to as many good original plays by American authors as it can secure. Instead of turning one play night after night until its vogue wanes, the theatre will have several plays in production at the same time, and these plays will be presented alternately. One evening a week (and perhaps one matinee, also) the stage will be given over to a performance of the higher class of opera comique.

It is hoped to secure a company every member of which shall be an artist in his or her line. A low rental set upon the land and building and this the theatre will be required to earn in addition to its running expenses. But it will pay no profit.

New York, July 28.—Andrew Bergen Croysey, the veterinary surgeon, who shot and killed his wife at her home in Bath Beach, a week ago to-day, died suddenly in jail in Brooklyn to-day.

Heart disease was the cause of his death. Since the crime, for which he proclaimed sorrow and grief immediately after his commission, Dr. Croysey had become a physical wreck, and for several days had been on the point of collapse. Dr. Croysey belonged to one of the oldest families in Kings county. For generations the Croyseys had been prominent in social and civic affairs. He was forty years of age.

J. Bogdanoff has returned home after a visit in New York and Coney Island.

Oscar Clark has returned home after a visit with friends in Winsted.

Miss Maud Hewitt of Fountain street, has gone to South Norwalk for a while.

Miss Ethel McGuire of Barrett street, is spending a week with relatives in New York.

The Edgewoods and the Young Westvilles will play ball Saturday afternoon in West Rock park.

The friends of Mrs. Mary A. Crossley will be sorry to learn of her death which occurred at the New Haven hospital, Monday evening, after a short illness with pneumonia. Mrs. Crossley was the wife of Samuel Crossley and lived at 201 Valley street. She was a great worker in the Congregational church and also a member of the Ladies' Aid society. The funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, from her late residence on Valley street.

The funeral of little Edwin Lind-

PRINCE OF WALES SAILS FOR HOME

Departure of Royal Visitor at Quebec a Scene of Great Enthusiasm.

CELEBRATION CONTINUES

Heir to British Throne Leaves \$500 Gift to Be Distributed Among the Poor.

Quebec, July 28.—The visit of the Prince of Wales came to an end to-night when the Prince went aboard the battleship Indomitable, which sailed shortly after midnight. The departure of his royal highness was marked by the same scenes of demonstrative enthusiasm which marked his arrival a week ago. Troops lined the streets and another great crowd was out to give the royal visitor a rousing farewell. The prince drove in an open carriage from the citadel to the king's landing, accompanied by his suite and attended by a mounted escort.

As he went aboard the Indomitable the international fleet roared a parting salute. During the evening the prince attended a state dinner aboard the British flagship, Esmouth, this being the closing official function it was attended by all the official representatives here, including Vice-President Fairbanks and the American army and navy officers.

The New Hampshire will sail tomorrow and the French ships Thursday.

Lord Roberts starts Thursday for a visit to a number of Canadian cities and extending to the far west of Canada. Vice-President Fairbanks and the American army officers leave tomorrow. Quebec will continue to celebrate for several days, but the departure of the prince and the official guests practically closes the tercentenary.

One of the prince's acts before leaving was to send the mayor a hundred pounds to distribute among the poor.

MCCARREN WINS IN COURT

Must Be Recognized as Leader of Democratic Party in Kings County.

New York, July 28.—The appellate division of the Supreme court sitting in Brooklyn, today decided that Senator Patrick McCarren is the leader of the democratic party in Kings county and must be so recognized by the board of elections.

The litigation was based on the action of the board of elections in recognizing the dictum of the last state convention, which declared certain of McCarren's delegates were not the regular delegates of the democratic party in Kings county. The five judges sitting concurred in the decision to-day.

CHALLENGES BRYAN

Watson, People's Party Nominee, Wants to Talk It Over.

Chicago, July 28.—Prior to adjourning Secretary J. S. Parker of the people's party executive committee, was instructed to issue a challenge to William J. Bryan to meet Thomas E. Watson, the people's party nominee, in a series of joint debates upon the issues of the two parties. The challenge will be mailed to the democratic national chairman, Norman E. Mack.

THOUSANDS DROWNED

Recent Chinese Typhoon Eclipses That of Two Years Ago.

Hong Kong, July 28.—Reports from Canton say that the scenes following the typhoon of Monday night last are heartrending. Thousands of Chinese were drowned.

The typhoon in its loss of life and damage to shipping eclipsed the typhoon of 1906.

Returns received here show that the loss to shipping was less but that over a hundred native vessels were wrecked.

DROPS DEAD AFTER KILLING

Dr. Croysey Dies Suddenly in Jail from Heart Disease.

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WESTVILLE.

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The Edgewoods and the Young Westvilles will play ball Saturday afternoon in West Rock park.

GETTING RID OF SIR PERCY

Troublesome Naval Officer to Be Relocated to South Africa.

London, July 28.—The admiralty has taken the first step to preserve the discipline of the navy. Sir Percy Scott, whose command of the cruiser squadron has still a year to run, has been appointed to the command of a special small squadron which will visit South Africa in the autumn, during the sitting of the convention for the federation of the South African Colonies.

As the appointment is not a promotion, it is evidently made with a view to removing the possibility of further friction between Sir Percy Scott and Lord Charles Berosford.

CITY MISSION MEETING.

A. F. Kottcamp Will Address the Meeting—Subject, "Yokes."

A. E. Kottcamp, director of religious work in the local Y. M. C. A., will address the Men's club to-night, at 8 o'clock, in the City Mission house, 201 Orange street. The subject is "Yokes." A cordial invitation is extended to all during the social hour from 8 to 9 p. m. A business meeting will follow.

VAN RENSSLAER FREED

Mother's Charge Against New Yorker Is Not Pressed.

New York, July 28.—John A. Van Rensselaer, who was arrested on Monday last week for writing a threatening letter to his mother, Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, was discharged to-day in the Tombs police court. Mrs. Van Rensselaer withdrew her complaint.

N. Y. YACHT CLUB CRUISE

Will Rendezvous at New London on Friday, August 7.

New York, July 28.—Announcement is made today by the regatta committee of the New York Yacht club of the date for the annual cruise of the club and the program of events that are to be held during the cruise.

The rendezvous will be at New London, Conn., on Friday, August 7. The first day's run will be to Newport, R. I., where the fleet will remain until Tuesday, August 11, and while at Newport several of the club's important races will be sailed.

On Saturday, August 8, the Astor cup races will be held. The start will be off Brenton's reef and the course will be about 38 miles long.

There will be no racing Sunday, August 9, but on Monday the King's cup will be sailed for. This will be by far the most interesting race of the cruise. The King's cup was presented to the New York Yacht club by King Edward.

The race is open to any yacht of any club in the United States in good standing, providing the boat complies with section four of the conditions governing the cup. The course is about 38 miles long.

ENGINEER COMES HIGH

Proposition to Garbage Committee Considered Too Expensive.

The special aldermanic committee on garbage held a lengthy executive session in city hall last night collecting and reviewing the information which it has received in its investigation of the garbage question. The matter of an engineer for the supervision of the work, which was suggested by the Associated Civic Societies, was considered and a proposition has been submitted to the committee from one engineer, recommended by the societies but the cost of having such supervision is considered prohibitive. It was stated by one of the members of the committee in fact last night that from the proposition which was received from the engineer the cost of the engineer's services would be almost commensurate with the cost of a plant itself.

The committee considered the cost of structure for incinerators, reduction plants and other garbage disposers but made no report last night. Several meetings will be held before any conclusion is reached. The matter of the engineer has been tabled for further consideration.

GLIDDENIST FALLS DOWN

One Survivor Breaks an Axle and Then There Were Four.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 28.—One of the five cars competing this year for the Hower trophy was disqualified today in the run from Cambridge Springs, Pa., to Pittsburg. The car out of the race is No. 104. When the start is made from here early tomorrow for Bedford Springs, Pa., but four cars will start. Owing to the five cars maintaining perfect scores this is the second trip over the 1908 Glidden route for the purpose of establishing supremacy.

Car No. 104 was ditched today about 48 miles east of Cambridge Springs. The front axle snapped, throwing the three occupants of the machine out. George W. Weidley and William L. Giltner received slight injuries.

It was reported here today that in the event more than one car reaches Buffalo the second time with a perfect score, they will be entered in the New York-San Francisco contest which starts from New York, August 14.

SHERMAN OUT OF IT

Nominee Turns Congressional Chairmanship Over to McKinley.

Utica, N. Y., July 28.—James S. Sherman to-day announced that he would not succeed as chairman of the congressional campaign committee by Representative William B. McKinley of the office of treasurer. The new treasurer will be Charles G. Dawes, former controller of the currency. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives will be assistant secretary, a position that is now created. Mr. Sherman will at once turn over his duties to his successor. These plans were made at the recent conference between Speaker Cannon and Congressman Sherman, Tawney and Loudenslager, which was held in this city.

MOTOR BOAT TRIAL PUT OFF.

New York, July 28.—The trials of the motor boats scheduled to take place today in Huntington Bay to select defenders of the trophy won from the British last year were postponed until Thursday. The failure of several of the competitors to appear caused the postponement.

41 BOOK-MAKERS ARE INDICTED

Grand Jury Now Expected to Criticise Police Work at Tracks.

MAY HIT HIGH OFFICIALS

Courthouse Looks Like a Betting-Room Adjunct When Racing Men Congregate.

New York, July 28.—Forty-one men, known as bookmakers on the local race-tracks, were indicted to-day by the grand jury of Kings county. This completed the work of indicting on the part of the jury, which has been investigating race-course conditions for many weeks.

There will be a supplementary utterance, however, on Thursday, and the Brooklyn prosecutor, Robert H. Elder, said this morning that it would be of more than ordinary importance. In a presentation, it is expected, the jury will attack the police in general and certain high officers in particular and that it will characterize one or more of the race-tracks as disorderly resorts.

Brooklyn's county courthouse, when the indictments were announced looked even more like a betting ring adjunct than it had on previous days of the gambling inquiry. Bookmakers and their friends thronged every corridor. Every second man wore a badge of the Metropolitan Turf association (the bookmakers' society) or the newly organized Personal Liberty League.

Lawyers representing the gambling element had been notified beforehand that the indictments would be ready—hence the congregating of the "sporting fraternity" in the halls of justice.

The attorneys most in evidence were Charles H. Hyde, general counsel of the Brighton Beach Racing association, and the two attorneys employed by the bookmakers who were recently arrested and arraigned in magistrates' courts. These two are Jacob Elperin and ex-Senator Frank Gardiner. While Gardiner directs, Elperin attends to all the proceedings in court.

As soon as the indictments were made public, the lawyers took their clients into the court room of Judge Dike for arraignment.

Warrants were issued for three indicted bookmakers, who failed to appear at the court house.

After the arraignment before Judge Dike, the accused men were paroled in the custody of their lawyers in order that they might obtain bail.

The grand jury then went into session again, calling as witnesses three prominent habitués of the race-tracks—"Dave" Glidden, "Sam" Lichenstein and Charles Henry. All were questioned briefly.

Nearly a month ago the grand jury indicted twenty-two men for race-track gambling. Afterward it indicted three officers of the Brighton course—Christopher Fitzgerald, William Engeman and John Cavanaugh.

REORGANIZE CONSOLIDATED

Bondholders' Committee Reviving Coast Steamship Line.

New York, July 28.—The bondholders' committee of the Consolidated Steamship Lines, representing the holders of the four per cent. collateral trust gold bonds of that company, announced to-day that over 90 per cent. of the bonds outstanding have been deposited with the committee and that the committee, of which Alvin W. Krech is the chairman, has devised a plan of reorganization.

The properties owned by the Consolidated Steamship Lines include the Clyde Steamship company, Mallory Steamship company, New York & Cuba Mail Steamship company and the Metropolitan Steamship company, control of which was acquired by Charles W. Morse for the purpose of consolidating them under the holding company.

To meet the urgent financial needs of the four southern companies, the committee will offer for sale \$2,400,000 par value of six per cent. collateral trust notes of the new company, which will probably be called the Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines, together with \$7,500,000 par value of the new company's common stock.

STATES' FIRST FAMILIES.

Washington, July 28.—The director of the census announces that under the title, "Heads of families at the first census, 1790," the returns for Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, and South Carolina, have been compiled and are now in press. In accordance with the law, these pamphlets are offered for sale by the director of the census at the uniform price of 41, for each part.

CHANCELLOR HITS AT GERMANOPHOBES

Lloyd-George Deplores Mistrust Entailing So Enormous an Expenditure for Armaments.

ADDRESSES PEACE MEETING

Small Band of Militant Suffragettes Nag Him and Are Finally Ejected from the Hall.

London, July 28.—Addressing a meeting at Queens hall to-night in connection with the peace conference, David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, dealt at considerable length with the scare rumors concerning the relations between Great Britain and Germany. He said both countries appeared to be afraid of each other, but that nine-tenths of the trouble arose out of misunderstanding each other's motives. The only thing was the enormous expenditure entailed by armaments through their building against each other.

It could not be wondered, the chancellor continued, that Germany was nervous at alliances and understandings concluded abroad when her position between two powerful military nations was considered.

"It is deplorable," said the chancellor, "that two great and progressive communities like Germany and Great Britain should not be able to establish a good understanding, such as we have concluded with France and Russia and the United States. We are spending each year sixty million pounds preparing for war, which is a stupendous waste. Let us cast aside European mistrust, quarrels and feuds, and unite in redeeming humanity from the quagmire where millions are sunk in misery through intemperance, ignorance and crime."

During the course of his address the chancellor suffered serious interruptions from a small band of suffragettes who had to be ejected.

Taft as a Politician

Says He Doesn't Understand Machine, But Appreciates Importance.

Cincinnati, July 28.—Speaking to a delegation of Indiana editors in the Taft residence immediately following the notification exercises to-day, Judge Taft gave a glimpse of his ideas regarding party organization and of his estimate of himself as a politician. "I am not a politician," Judge Taft said, "in the sense that I have had a great deal of experience in organization. I am a politician in having the aspirations of a politician, but my experience has not been such as to justify my advice with respect to details of organization. I can only say that I understand and fully take in the necessity for organization and for watchfulness so as to focus on election day the strength that is behind the party in popular opinion."

"DESPERADOES" RELEASED

Two Men and a Woman Held by Police Prove Their Innocence.

Boston, July 28.—Two men and a woman who were arrested in a Roxbury boarding house last night, in connection with the police hunt for the missing Jamaica Plain desperadoes, were released to-day after being questioned closely.

Inspectors went to Wellesley to-day and arrested a man who gave his name as Charles Schneoberg. He was brought to Boston for examination.

The police announced to-night that the Philadelphia authorities are watching the Lettish colony in that city for possible traces of the criminals. All out going steamers are being closely examined.

WOULD IMPEACH CABINET

Deputy Charges Franco's Men With Responsibility for Assassinations.

Lisbon, July 28.—Deputy Alfonso Costa, one of the republican leaders, created another scene in the chamber of deputies to-day, demanding the arrest and impeachment of the members of Premier Franco's cabinet, whom he charged with being responsible for the assassination of King Carlos and the crown prince.

REAL ESTATE.

Livingston Street

An unusual chance to buy a genuine bargain. One of the best built and finest finished houses in the Whitney Avenue section—this is saying a good deal, but not too much. This ten room house was built but two years ago, and may be had for more than a thousand dollars less than value of the land and cost of home. Ask for appointment to inspect.

Your Real Estate Business—

WHO DOES IT? AND IS IT DONE RIGHT?

What you want done in Real Estate you want done right, and when any business is transacted through this office the parties to it feel safe and satisfied.

M. J. GOODE

69 CHURCH STREET, Rooms 16-18. Phone 267-12.

Three fine modern houses for sale; open for inspection afternoons, three o'clock; No. 110 Linden street, between Irvington and Orange streets. Price and terms right.

FREDRIQUE R. LEWIS, 139 ORANGE STREET.

FOR SALE.

A one-family house of seven rooms, all improvements, situate on Olive Street.

A desirable building lot, location central; price low to an immediate purchaser.

Money to loan in sums to suit.

L. G. HOADLEY, Room 215, Washington Building, 39 CHURCH STREET, OPEN EVENINGS.

Fire Insurance.

FOR SALE. Beautiful Homes.

WHITNEY AVENUE, LINDEN STREET, GOLD SPRINGS STREET, WEST CHAPEL STREET.

Mortgage Loans.

The Anthony & Ellithorpe Company

902 CHAPEL STREET. TELEPHONE 6048.

Clerkin & Co.

781 Grand Avenue.

Steam and Hot Water Heaters

That Give Complete Satisfaction.

If you are considering a change in your present system, telephone for an ESTIMATE.

TWO PHONES—1078, 3281 J.

The JOHN SLOAN Co.

FINE BUILDING LOTS, Restricted Locality,

Norton Street, Winthrop Avenue,

To be built up with one-family houses.

500 Silver Dollars

Or we will take paper dollars, for a new 14-room house with modern improvements, the balance of the purchase price to be fixed by mortgage. A good chance to own your own home and have rent free.

Moorehead & Donnelly, 82 Church Street, Room 20.

TO LET.

First-class offices in building

839 CHAPEL ST.,

Steam Heat, Elevator and Janitor Service included.

Benj. R. English,

839 Chapel Street.

FOR SALE.—No. 20 Vernon street, near

Congress avenue, twelve-room, two-family frame house on a lot 50x100. Possession August 1. Price \$4,600. Wm. H. Hewitt, 318 Chapel street.

WM. H. H. HEWITT, 318 Chapel St.

For Sale.

A handsome residence on Willow street, near Whitney avenue.

Judson & Hauff, Room 402, 902 Chapel St.

FOR SALE.

A desirable one family house, Dwight street, south of Chapel.

J. C. FUNDERFORD, 116 CHURCH STREET.

THE JIMLYMAN REAL ESTATE CO.

100 Exchange Street, New Haven, Conn.

We Have for Sale a Beautiful 12-ROOM RESIDENCE.

Steam Heat and Every Improvement. LOT 100 feet front, 184 deep; in a fine location in WEST HAVEN.

A BARGAIN.

Room 202, Exchange Building, Telephone 5249-2.

EDWARD P. BRETT, BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR.

Sawing, Turning and Jobbing in Wood of All Kinds. Window and Door Screens. Cabinet Work, Packing Boxes.

7 PROUT STREET.

There was recently brought to the British

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BIG BUNCO GAME IN BRIDGEPORT

Fritz Holznaple, Scranton Hotel Keeper, Fimflammed Out of \$5,000 and \$15,000 More in Boston.

CROOKS DUPED WALKER

Swindlers Believed to Be Same Ones Who Worked Defaulter—Supposed "Cudabys" Figure in It.

Bridgeport, July 28.—It developed here today that the Charles Gondolf under arrest in New York for the swindling, in connection with several others, of Fritz Holznaple, the Scranton, Pa., hotel proprietor, out of \$20,000, is a brother of Fred Gondolf, also under arrest in New York, under the alleged charge of swindling William F. Walker, now serving time in Wethersfield for the embezzlement of funds from the New Britain Saving bank.

Holznaple, who is one of the proprietors of the St. Charles' hotel in Scranton, was induced to come to Bridgeport by one of the gang of swindlers under the pretence that he was one of a party of capitalists interested in Tennessee lumber lands. While here a fake prize fight was pulled off under the grandstand at Nutmeg Park, Stratford, and one of the gang, who pretended he had lost heavily on the fight, borrowed \$3,000 from Holznaple. Later it was agreed that another fight between the same men should be held in Boston and Holznaple was induced to place \$15,000 in the hands of the banker of the defeated man in the first fight. On the receipt of the money the members of the gang disappeared, Charles Gondolf being the only one so far apprehended. Two of Gondolf's pals were men supposed to be T. F. Cudabys, the meat packer, and his son.

The matter was reported to the New York police, and shortly afterwards the man supposed to be "young Cudabys" was arrested in New York. He turned out to be Gondolf, whose picture is well known in the New York rogues' gallery. His brother, Charles Gondolf, is under arrest and is held in bail of \$25,000 on the charge of having swindled William F. Walker.

Looking through the rogues' gallery, Holznaple was able to pick out the two "Cudabys." One of them he identified by the picture of James Morgan, alias "Deary Morris," a famous swindler. This man had taken the part of the elder "Cudabys" according to Holznaple's identification, while Gondolf had played the part of the son.

"Deary" Morris and the rest of the gang are still at large. Gondolf will be arraigned in New York for examination tomorrow, under bonds of \$15,000. For several days past the local police have been working on the case, attempting to obtain some trace through the \$5,000 draft placed at the Bridgeport Trust company, endorsed by Fritz Holznaple and "William Blair." A well known local cafe-keeper was examined by the police in connection with the affair.

The cafe-keeper greatly alarmed declared that he had nothing to do with the gang in question beyond introducing one or two of the members of it at the Bridgeport Trust company. It seems that several days before Holznaple received the telegram calling him to Bridgeport, several members of the gang were in this city, making preparations for the coming of the victim. Through the local cafe-keeper they were introduced at the Bridgeport Trust company as "Men who might do business with the company a little later."

When Holznaple arrived, he was induced to put his \$5,000 cash in the Bridgeport Trust company and the confidence men had no difficulty in cashing it, having already been properly introduced.

A full statement of the affair was laid before the local police last Thursday by Holznaple, who visited Bridgeport for that purpose. He was accompanied by his lawyer, Attorney John M. Coleman, of 115 Broadway, New York. The police are sure that the men who robbed Holznaple are the identical ones who swindled William F. Walker, the New Britain bank defaulter.

RACING AT NASHUA, N. H.

Opening of the Second Heat of the Harness Meet.

Nashua, N. H., July 28.—At the opening of the second week of the harness meet here today, Alice Mack, driven by Dore, had everything her own way in the 2:24 pace and was never headed, winning in straight heats. Billie Pat- day, Bert Nuthurst, Bonnie Nelson, Candy Girl, Arrow W., and May H., also finished in that order. Baron Patch and The Prince were distanced. Best time, 2:16 1/4.

GAS STOCK INCREASE.

Stockholders Authorize Issuance of Million and a Half.

At a special meeting of the stockholders of the New Haven Gas company yesterday morning it was voted that permission be given the directors to increase the capital stock of the company by 80,000 shares at par value of \$25 a share. This brings out a total issue of a million dollars and a half.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE.

Three German Sander-Klasse Boats to Come to Marblehead.

Berlin, July 28.—The Imperial Yacht club of Kiel will send three Sander-Klasse yachts to Marblehead, Mass., in August of 1909, for a series of races with any three American special races that may be selected. The trials are open to all American clubs under the auspices of the Eastern Yacht club.

Steady Nerves

are needed by all who work with hands or brain. Nerve strength depends on stomach strength. Keep the digestion sound and robust with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.



The Duchess of Marlborough says:

"I have great pleasure in recommending Mrs. Mason's treatment of the head and hair, which I think is most excellent. I have used her tonic several years and can find none better."—C. MARLBOROUGH.

Mrs MASON'S Old English HAIR TONIC

The superiority of Mrs. Mason's Old English Hair Tonic over all others is clearly demonstrated by the fact that it is used and recommended by the most distinguished ladies of New York, London and Paris, among whom are: Her Grace the Duchess of Marlborough, Mme. Melba, Baroness Ramsey, Lady Lillian Churchill, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Mrs. Richard Mansfield, and many others of distinction. Mrs. Mason's Old English Hair Tonic and Shampoo Powder constitute a Complete Treatment for the hair, which positively stops it from falling out and makes it grow thick, luxuriant, wavy and curly.

For Sale at Drug and Department Stores.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON

HOW FIRE STARTED

Members of Savin Rock Hose Company Suspect Incendiarism in White City.

SPECK SAYS ACCIDENT

Someone Dropped a Cigarette Near Human Roulette Wheel and Ran When Blaze Grew.

While the members of the Savin Rock Fire company, with few exceptions, believe that an attempt was made to set the White City on fire Monday evening, Manager Samuel Speck, and representatives of the treasurer's department say that after an investigation they believe that the blaze was accidental.

Mr. Speck said last night: "We believe that some person was trying to look through a crack in the building of the 'Human Roulette Wheel,' and accidentally dropped a lighted cigarette or a match on the canvas. There was a blaze which he attempted to extinguish and being unable to do so sneaked away." This is also the belief of the treasurer's department. The police also take no stock in the incendiarism story, as they point to the fact that there are many other places where it would be easier to start a blaze if that was what was wanted. But they are making an investigation.

The fire was discovered about 9:20 Monday evening and threatened the attractions, "The Human Roulette Wheel" and "The Girl in Red." The flames were put out with an extinguisher before any damage was done.

AUTOMOBILE ARRIVALS.

Out of Town Parties in This City Yesterday.

The following automobile parties arrived at the New Haven house yesterday:

J. Rook, Philadelphia, Pa. Miss H. M. Doyle, Philadelphia, Pa. S. A. Nattans and wife, Philadelphia, Pa. Joseph Goodman, Miss M. Goodman, Philadelphia, Pa. Daniel Krainer, Philadelphia, Pa. Charles P. Kavel, J. J. Zurick, Mahoney City, Pa. Charles De Kaiser, Miss Mary De Kaiser, Miss Cressy De Kaiser, Mahoney City, Pa.

ON BEAM ENDS.

Lying on her beam ends off the west end of the breakwater the 200-ton schooner Menawa, which was rammed and sunk in the Sound off Faulkner's Island by the president's yacht Mayflower, is waiting for the owners to claim her.

FRANK HENDERSON.

Frank Henderson of this city died yesterday at his late residence, 288 Lenox street, aged 54 years. He was a bookkeeper for McCusker & Schroeder, coal dealers, for several years. He leaves besides his widow, a brother, William Henderson, notice of funeral arrangements will be given later.

MR. FROHLICH IMPROVED.

William Frohlich, the well known Center street barber who has been ill with pleurisy for the past few days, is considerably improved and will be out today or tomorrow.

Steady Nerves

are needed by all who work with hands or brain. Nerve strength depends on stomach strength. Keep the digestion sound and robust with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

40,000,000 LIVE UNDER "DRY" LAW

Prohibition Claims Half Population and Two-Thirds Area of This Country.

SEVEN STATES ALL DRY

Five of These Won Over in Last Four Years and No Reaction in Sight.

A statement of the present status of prohibition in the United States has been given out by the national prohibition organization, based on a report of National Chairman Charles R. Jones, presented to the prohibition national committee. It says: "During the past four years the amount of prohibition territory has been doubled and 20,000,000 people added to those living in prohibition cities, counties and states, making an aggregate of over 40,000,000 now by their own choice in saloon-free districts."

The figures below show that nearly two-thirds of the territory and nearly one-half of the people are under prohibition territory.

"Seventeen million people in the south were under prohibition in 1904. "Twenty-five million people in the south were under prohibition in 1905. "There are to-day 250 prohibition cities in the United States, having a population of over 5,000 each, with a total population of nearly three million and a half."

"In 1904 there were scarcely 100 prohibition cities of 5,000 or over. There are now nine prohibition cities of 10,000 or over."

"In 1904 the National Liquor League of the United States was organized in Cincinnati January 7 and 8, to put the 'lid' on the apparent beginnings of a prohibition renaissance. Four years of the National Liquor League of the United States has resulted in 20,000,000 people being added to the prohibition population of the country; 150 new prohibition cities, 5 new prohibition states; hundreds of new prohibition counties and thousands of new prohibition towns and villages in all the rest of the country."

"One of the most striking contrasts between 1904 and 1908 is seen in the transformation which has been wrought in the attitude of the daily and secular press toward the prohibition question. Since 1904 leading daily papers in all parts of the country have begun to exclude liquor advertising from their columns."

PANDEMONIUM NIGHT.

Merriment Galore at White City—Free Prizes and Presents.

At the White City Friday night there will be more wholesome merriment in two hours than has been provided at any other resort for the entire season. The merriment will come in a torrential storm of avalanches and the arrangements are such that all ages can participate. It is to be "Pandemonium night" and such a pandemonium will prevail that will send life through nerves long dormant, quicken the pulse with good excitement and furnish some thrills that will pleasantly linger for some time.

Manager Speck was in New York yesterday and purchased hundreds upon hundreds of noise producing devices, such as horns, cornets, jugs, bangs, drums, whistles, rattles, bells, clappers, serechers, flutes, little hand-organs and bassoons. Besides these he has thousands of the popular ticklers that were the source of barrels of joy last season. All these will be distributed free. Prizes of \$5, \$3 and \$2 will be given to the persons bringing instruments making the most noise.

FROM BROOKLYN.

Master Moo Jacobs and the Misses Libble Rosenfeld and Libble Jacobs, all of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Jacobs of Lafayette street.

BRIED UNIDENTIFIED.

The body of the man who was found drowned Monday afternoon in the Quinnipiac river was buried yesterday afternoon in the Westville cemetery. No identification of the body had been made, but it was decided best not to keep it any longer.

BRANFORD.

(Special Journal-Courier News Service.) Branford, July 28.—Arrangements for "The Fire Brigade," which will be given at Mass Hall Thursday evening for the benefit of L. A. Fisk Hose company, No. 1, are complete and basing the prediction on the advance sale of reserved seats, a successful presentation is anticipated. The cast of characters will be as follows: Captain Paul Williams, Harry DeLong Charles Brandon, chief, Charles O'Neill Patrick O'Flaherty, foreman W. F. Matthews Tommy Wilcox, nozzelman H. J. Foell Jake Parsons, an old-timer Joseph Corcoran Bob, the newsboy Charles Crowley Joseph Andrews, Thomas Matthews Dumble Rhodes "Guess Who" Officer Pullen J. T. Norris "The Ghost" "By Himself" Widdy McGowan, Elizabeth Scanlon Polly Weston Elizabeth McKenna Little Dot Mildred Crowley Edith Brandon (Dot's mother) "Dot" (15 years later) Ruth S. DeLong

The cast will be assisted by L. A. Fisk Hose company in full uniform. The "fire-fighters" will include Thomas O'Neill, J. J. V. O'Connell, George Coleman, John Norris, John Moran, Peter Sullivan, Terry Brannigan, James Hart, John McKenna, Cal McCarthy and Charles O'Neill, chief, with the Fisk Hose company fire apparatus in action on the stage. The specialty list includes Misses Elizabeth McKenna, Vera Carney and Mae Hinchy with chorus; Harry DeLong and chorus; hobo specialties by the tramp; and duet by Miss McKenna and H. J. Foell. Tommy Wilcox, nozzelman H. J. Foell Jake Parsons, an old-timer Joseph Corcoran Bob, the newsboy Charles Crowley Joseph Andrews, Thomas Matthews Dumble Rhodes "Guess Who" Officer Pullen J. T. Norris "The Ghost" "By Himself" Widdy McGowan, Elizabeth Scanlon Polly Weston Elizabeth McKenna Little Dot Mildred Crowley Edith Brandon (Dot's mother) "Dot" (15 years later) Ruth S. DeLong

The selectmen have reappointed M. P. Harding and Charles Reynolds, members of the board of finance to serve a term of three years from August 1, 1908.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Sharpe, former residents of this place, but now of Germantown, Pa., were guests of friends in town recently.

Dr. and Mrs. McQueen entertained recently Miss Arnold, an instructor in the Staten Island Institute.

Mrs. William J. Broderick and Mrs. Herbert J. Sykes are spending a few days at M. P. Rice's cottage at Pine Orchard.

W. F. Matthews

H. J. Foell

Jake Parsons, an old-timer Joseph Corcoran Bob, the newsboy Charles Crowley Joseph Andrews, Thomas Matthews Dumble Rhodes "Guess Who" Officer Pullen J. T. Norris "The Ghost" "By Himself" Widdy McGowan, Elizabeth Scanlon Polly Weston Elizabeth McKenna Little Dot Mildred Crowley Edith Brandon (Dot's mother) "Dot" (15 years later) Ruth S. DeLong

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Shartenberg & Robinson Co.
THE HOWE & STETSON STORES

More Mill End Left-Overs receive their order to "Move On!"

"Move On!" That is the order some very good merchandise has received. And with the order goes some sensational pricing. Some examples follow. There are many others about the store.

Women's Sample Hose, 25c.
All the left-overs of a lot of Mill End Sample Hosiery consisting of pretty lace effects in black and white; also many other fancy effects. They're all 50c hose. "Move On" Price, 25c a pair.

Men's Hose, 8c pr.
Men's Black Hose with white pin dots; extra well made and guaranteed fast color; actually worth 15c pr. "Move On" Price, 8c a pair.

Men's 29c Underwear, 16c
A lot of small sizes in Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers; shirts have short sleeves; drawers double seats; the usual 29c garments. Moving On at 16c ea.

7c Chambray Prints, 4c yd.
A left-over lot of Chambray Prints in a good assortment of medium shades; regular 7c value. A "Move On" bargain at 4c a yd.

Rumpled Muslin Undergarments form a "Move On" feature at Half Price.
These very fine garments consisting of Gowns and Skirts of cambric or long cloth have become slightly rumpled from being handled and displayed. They are all beautifully trimmed with laces and embroideries. Their "Move On" Prices are just half what they're worth.

39c Table Damask, 33c.
Bleached Union Linen Table Damask; good, heavy quality 60 inches wide; regular 39c value. "Move On" Price, 33c yd.

7c Kerchiefs, 7 for 25c.
A number of pretty handkerchief effects in hemstitched, fancy cornered and lace styles, also some colored embroidered corner effects; regular 7c kerchiefs in the "Move On" Sale at 7 for 25c.

Shartenberg & Robinson Co.
THE HOWE & STETSON STORES

FAIR HAVEN NEWS

Oyster Planters Nearly Through Shelling—March Plans of Troop A.

The oyster planters are nearly through shelling and this week will practically end this work for this year. In this work many men and boats have been employed, and the total outlay will represent a snug sum of money. The planters are hoping from all this outlay that millions of young oysters will attach themselves to the shells and thus start a crop of oysters which in three or four years will bring in good money. There have been several reports of small sets having been seen, but it is too early to make an estimate upon the success of this year's set. The water has been quite warm and the conditions in general during the summer have been favorable to making a good set of small fry.

Not in years has there been such a terrible odor overspreading the Fair Haven district as in evidence on Monday. The wind was just right and the aroma in all its horrid strength settled down in this section most widespread and people were afraid that if it continued it would be the forerunner of the plague. Health Officer Wright stated yesterday that he had traced the cause of the stench to garbage stored on the surface of the ground, either in Forbes avenue or East Haven, and orders had been given to have the garbage covered with earth in twenty-four hours or a prosecution would be brought. The odor traveled from Forbes avenue across the C. line and through Fair Haven and up the country into North Haven. The cause of this must have been something extraordinary, and it was found to be no less than four acres of putrid garbage merely ploughed up besides eighteen new piles which were about twenty-five feet square ready to be spread.

There was considerable excitement along the Quinnipiac river Monday when Harold Brown, who was in swimming, was taken with cramp and came near drowning, and was finally rescued by some companions who were out in a boat. Young Brown was nearly done up when he was taken from the water. Some of the lads who can swim very little, if at all, take too great risks, and it's a wonder there are not many drownings on the river. So far this summer only one drowning from bathing has been reported. The remains of the unknown man found in the Quinnipiac river Monday were buried by the city yesterday. Little is known about the

man, nor who he is. The body is believed to have been in the water for at least two months. Quite a number of people called at Dunn's undertaking rooms in Grand avenue but failed to identify the remains. It is believed the man was lost from some barge.

The funeral of Mrs. Frances A. widow of Henry K. Pease, was held at her late residence, 293 Main street, East Haven, yesterday afternoon. Rev. D. J. Clark of the Congregational church officiating. The remains will be taken this morning to Hartford for the interment.

James Kilmartin of Lewis street has returned from a visit to Boston and is now in Chicago.

The regular meeting of Perseverance council, D. of L. will be held this afternoon at A. O. U. W. hall.

Miss Jennie L. Brockett has gone to Kent for a few weeks' vacation.

Miss Ethel Brown of Quinnipiac avenue is entertaining the Misses Eleanor and Vera Clark of Troy.

The committee which has been making arrangements for the outing of Fort Hale Lodge, N. E. O. P., at Light House Point to-day, promise an enjoyable occasion for all who attend. Under the auspices of the degree team, a hop will be given in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Bradley have returned to their home, Fair Haven, after a stay in the White Mountains.

Miss Mamie Lynch of Saltonstall avenue is spending her vacation at Morris Cove.

Mrs. Walter Leigh of Quinnipiac avenue has returned from an enjoyable visit at Storrs college.

A portion of the frame for the new rectory of St. Rose's parish is raised, and the work will be pushed rapidly along. The rectory is to be on the lot with the church, at Blatchley and Saltonstall avenues. According to the plans which were drawn by architects Brown and Von Beren, and which were submitted to the building inspector, the structure will be a two-story building, three stories high, 38x50 feet in dimensions, with a rear wing of 14 ft. 11 in. by 26 ft. 6 in. It will be twenty-five feet from the street line. The contract for the mason work was awarded to H. E. Warner and that of the carpentry work to Harry McCauley.

NO CHARLATANISM EMPLOYED IN OUR PRODUCTS.

Our Frozen Desserts, from the rich, fresh fruit ice cream that costs only 40 cents the quart to the wonderful French frozen Puddings that only a skilled chef can produce, and that cost 85 cents, \$1.25 and \$1.50—they're all GENUINE if they're Harris-Hart's.

The True Chef Uses No Charlatan Quirks.

If you once order our Ice Creams you'll always order them. They're RICHER, PURER, more DELICIOUS, than all others, because an artist makes them.

THE HARRIS-HART CO.

se will be by Bauer's orchestra of 10 pieces.

The joint picnic of the Sunday schools of the North Branford and North Guilford Congregational churches was held at Double Beach today.

An itinerant soap vender attracted an audience near the corner of Main street and Park place for about an hour and a half last evening and disposed of several dollars worth of his wares. Previous to opening his sale, he entertained his audience with several feats of legerdemain.

Rev. Father Murray, pastor of St. Mary's R. C. church, announced at both masses Sunday that the recent parish picnic netted the sum of \$460.81.

W. H. Round of New York city was the recent guest of friends in town.

S. A. Griswold was in New York city on business this week.

"How long has this restaurant been open?" asked the would-be diner. "Two years," said the proprietor. "I am sorry I did not know it," said the guest. "I should have been better off if I had come here then."

"Yes?" smiled the proprietor, very much pleased. "How is that?" "I should probably have been served by this time if I had," said the guest, and the entire cordiale vanished.—Harper's Weekly.

PRIZE WINNER.



If you want a prize winner then buy a Continental Automobile. This car holds the silver cup for first prize in the 1,000-mile sealed-bonnet contest for speed and durability. The Continental car is recognized as one of the great successful machines in the country. If you want one leave your order at once—orders require at least six weeks to fill. We would be pleased to give demonstration any time.

The Continental Automobile Man'g Co.

121 Olive Street. Phone 5232-2.

For Correct Publication Send Your News to Sporting Editor.

HARTFORD TAKES DOUBLE HEADER

Second Game Forfeited After a Short Dispute With the Umpire—First Contest 4 to 3.

WAS THE OFFICIAL HASTY?

Ponies Win from Holyoke, Bridgeport Trims Waterbury, and New Britain Downs Silver City Men.

CONNECTICUT LEAGUE STANDING. Table with columns for team, W, L, P.C., and runs scored.

GAMES TO-DAY.

New Haven at Holyoke, Waterbury at Bridgeport, New Britain at Springfield, Hartford at Meriden.

(Special to the Journal-Courier.)

Hartford, July 28.—The double header in this city to-day, terminated in an argument between George Bona, playing manager of New Haven and Umpire Kennedy, resulting in a forfeited game for Hartford. The verbal clash happened during the latter part of the eighth inning of the second game, when Yancey hit the sphere for a safe swing, scoring Casey, the Hartford catcher. In attempting to make certain of first sack, Yancey collided into Lachance, both sprawling over the ground and the ball rolling toward the grandstand. Murray, the visiting catcher on post-venting Yancey, who had resigned his position, was seen hiking for second, threw to O'Rourke who nailed Yancey. To the surprise of all, Umpire Kennedy declared the man safe, saying that he was entitled to a base. George Bona, noticing this, immediately went up and held a controversy with the umpire, concerning his decision, but to no avail. Kennedy then demonstrated his authority and ordered Bona back to the bench. George wandered back and while he was obeying orders, Captain Havel of the visitors came up and endeavored to argue with the umpire by stating his claims. Kennedy got disgusted and suddenly without warning and without taking out his watch to give the players time to continue he turned to the spectators and declared the game forfeited to Hartford, 9 to 0. Captain Havel substantiated his claim by referring to the arrangements he had made with Tom Dowd before the game. He said that both decided to give a runner all the bases he could get on a dropped ball toward the grand stand, and that was an example under the case and Yancey in his endeavor to get to second, got out, it seemed rather strange for Kennedy to persist in Yancey receiving a base on account of a dropped ball and George Bona surely must have been right in protesting. The New Haven's playing manager yesterday stated that he would protest the game.

The officiating of Umpire Kennedy was continually causing dissatisfaction amongst the 2,500 fans present. He not only gave the visitors a raw deal, when he spotted their error of scoring by calling Havel out on third, when that individual was safe on a close decision, but he also gave wretched decisions for the locals in many cases. His unsteady judgment kept the excited fans in an incessant turmoil.

Another individual, who however made an entirely adverse hit with the crowd was a Mr. "Clams," the famous New Haven rooster, "Clams" had been keeping himself from the prairie, miles away and soon made his appearance in the nonentity list. He still showed that he had confidence in the visitors by appearing and groaning in mournful tone asked for his New Haven team. The inevitable "Clams" furnished sufficient amusement throughout for all present, causing loud bursts of laughter. A Japanese umbrella was presented to him, which he held beautifully poised over his headgear, while he incited the visitors to noble deeds.

The heat at the beginning of the first game was oppressive, and the players literally sweated, and this both teams had little practice prior to the game. In the first inning Pleiss, the visiting guardian of the left plot, after getting a hit and romping down towards second, accidentally bumped into Gardner, the local second baseman, who made a drive for the batted ball of Zacher's bat. Gardner's light being to bulge and he had to be removed from the grounds. His injury was so serious as to need the help of a doctor, who was present at the game.

Carrick and Wilson twirled for their respective clubs in the first contest, the latter proving more successful in having men create a breeze thirst. His heavy work caused twelve men to pierce the ozone, and although Wilson started poorly, he soon settled down and became invincible. In the eighth session he struck out the first three men in quick succession.

Kid Sherwood and Havel began scooping up everything they could lay hands on, and soon made many brilliant catches. Kid Sherwood was asked to get a dandy grandstand catch after a hard run. Zacher, the inkeeper of the central patch in the outfield, also made a great catch. However, the catch of Yancey overshadowed all for the way he ran and caught Zacher's beauty spoiled New Haven's chance of scoring in the ninth, and was the feature of the first game.

The First Game.

The Elm City nine scored in the first inning, when Havel reached the first sack on a bing. Kid Sherwood took the cue and knocked Havel in with a pretty two-bagger. Simmons duplicated Sherwood's exhibition by another hit for two bases, scoring the



16-INNING TO TIE

Pittsburg and New York in Long-Drawn Battle at Polo Grounds.

DARKNESS ENDS STRUGGLE

Willis and Witse Pitch Cleverly—Both Sides Waste Good Chances to Tally.

Table showing player statistics for Pittsburg and New York in the 16-inning game.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Willits and Witse.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Burch and Maloney.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Thomas and Phelps.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Farry and Byrne.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Grant and Knabe.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Hartzel and Collins.

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EGG FRUIT FOR HOLYOKE.

Hess Proves Too Much for the Paperweights.

HOODOO OFF.

Cleveland Breaks Its Losing Streak—Lajoie's Star Work.

AN EVEN BREAK.

St. Louis and Philadelphia Exchange Honors in Quaker City.

LINDAMAN'S WILDNESS.

Coupled With Errors It Gives Cincinnati the Game.

BRASS MONKEYS BEATEN.

Orators Do Some 'Talking' in 14-Inning Game.

WASHINGTONS WON

Great 16-Inning Game Taken from St. Louis on an Error.

CLEVELANDS BRACE UP

Beat Boston and Climb Up on White Sox, Who Lose to Mack's Athletics.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

St. Louis, July 28.—Unglaub's single in the sixteenth after Wallace had fumbled Milan's easy grounder, with two men out, gave Washington (one run and a 2 to 1 victory over St. Louis in the fourth game of the series. Dineen and Johnson were the opposing pitchers. Score:

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

At Haverhill—Haverhill 9, Lynn 2. At Worcester—Worcester 4, New Bedford 3 (14 innings).

NEW YORK LEAGUE.

At Lowell—First game—Lawrence 9, Lowell 3. Second game—Lawrence 5, Lowell 4 (12 innings).

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Great 16-Inning Game Taken from St. Louis on an Error.

CLEVELANDS BRACE UP

Beat Boston and Climb Up on White Sox, Who Lose to Mack's Athletics.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

St. Louis, July 28.—Unglaub's single in the sixteenth after Wallace had fumbled Milan's easy grounder, with two men out, gave Washington (one run and a 2 to 1 victory over St. Louis in the fourth game of the series. Dineen and Johnson were the opposing pitchers. Score:

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16-INNING TO TIE

Pittsburg and New York in Long-Drawn Battle at Polo Grounds.

DARKNESS ENDS STRUGGLE

Willis and Witse Pitch Cleverly—Both Sides Waste Good Chances to Tally.

Table showing player statistics for Pittsburg and New York in the 16-inning game.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Willits and Witse.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Burch and Maloney.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Thomas and Phelps.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Farry and Byrne.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Grant and Knabe.

Table showing player statistics for the game between Hartzel and Collins.

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EGG FRUIT FOR HOLYOKE.

Hess Proves Too Much for the Paperweights.

HOODOO OFF.

Cleveland Breaks Its Losing Streak—Lajoie's Star Work.

AN EVEN BREAK.

St. Louis and Philadelphia Exchange Honors in Quaker City.

LINDAMAN'S WILDNESS.

Coupled With Errors It Gives Cincinnati the Game.

BRASS MONKEYS BEATEN.

Orators Do Some 'Talking' in 14-Inning Game.

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The Sounding-Board

in a Piano.

The most critical part of a piano is the sounding-board. In the Steinway pianos it is very costly because of the waste involved.

Their sounding-boards are made of about seventeen small boards, but when finished and placed in a piano they look as if from one piece. In matching the small boards the expert in charge throws out nearly half of them on account of grain or color. These portions, despite the years of preparation they have been through, are thus an utter loss.

And yet, owners of Steinway pianos, familiar with their perfections in every aspect, will not be in the least surprised to learn of the cost and pains involved in this one detail.

But, notwithstanding their standards of workmanship, Steinways cost but little more than other first-class pianos, as may be found by calling on their representatives here, The M. Steinert & Sons Company, 777 Chapel Street.

HARTFORD NO MATCH IN LONG CONTEST

Visiting Cops Give Poor Support to Pitcher Milton, Making Eight Errors.

DERMODY'S FINE BOX WORK

Strikes Out Eleven and Allows But Two Hits—Lyons and Trainor Bat Well.

The local cops yesterday met the proudest from Hartford in a battle on the diamond. The bunch from Hartford, while practicing, looked like a formidable foe for the locals, but at the end of the second inning the general opinion changed. Pitcher Dermody pitched in his best form striking out eleven men and allowing only two hits. Milton of Hartford pitched good ball, but received awful support, especially from Cashman, the catcher, and Wadsworth, the shortstop.

New Haven scored in the second inning when Doherty worked a pass, stole second and scored on Jordan's muff of Lyons' fly. Lyons reached second on the throw in and scored on Trainor's timely hit. Trainor reached second on the throw in. Sergeant Connelly struck at three wild ones but Tracy (alias Casey) placed a neat one over shortstop scoring Trainor. Phil Lautenbach, although he is big, and was spiked, was able to get to first on an infield hit and Tracy moved to third. Dermody kept a life on Milton's muff of his pop fly. Sullivan hit a slow grounder to first and Tracy beat it across the plate. Again it looked as though there was to be no more scoring in this inning when Doherty boosted a fly to short, which Wadsworth snuffed and Dermody and Sullivan sauntered across the plate. The inning was closed by Trainor hitting a hot grounder to J. Butler.

In the fifth another run was scored by Trainor, who singled, stole second and was sacrificed to third and walked home on a pass ball by Cashman. In the sixth it looked as though Hartford would get a man across the plate, as Milton singled and stole second but he died there as Dermody fanned the next two. New Haven put three runs across through the kindness of Cashman, who allowed another ball to get by him.

New Haven scored a run in each of the following innings, again through Cashman's loose playing. Hartford never had a look in for the game, owing to Dermody's effectiveness. It is now looked upon as though the local cops can now trim any bluecoat team in this state as Hartford, which was supposed to have a strong team, was so easily disposed of.

New Haven Police.
Lautenbach, 1b 5 2 1 6 0 0
Dermody, p 4 1 0 2 12 0
Sullivan, ss 5 3 0 0 3 0
McCormack, cf 5 0 0 1 0 0
Doherty, 2b 3 2 1 2 1 2
Lyons, rf 5 2 2 0 0 0
Trainor, 3b 5 1 2 2 1 0
Connelly, if 3 1 0 2 0 1
Tracy, c 4 1 1 12 2 1
Totals 39 13 7 27 19 4

Hartford Police.
Lacey, if 3 0 1 0 0 0
Cowley, 2b 3 0 1 1 0 0
Cashman, c 4 0 0 8 0 1
G. Butler, 3b 3 0 0 1 2 0
Jordan, rf 3 0 0 1 0 0
Foley, cf 3 0 0 0 0 0
Wadsworth, ss 3 0 0 0 2 5
Milton, p 3 0 1 0 6 1
Totals 28 0 2 24 10 8

Score by innings:
N. H. Police 0 7 0 0 1 3 1 1 1 12
Hartford Police 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Sacrifices hit, Lautenbach, Dermody; stolen bases, Dermody, E. Sullivan 2; Doherty 2; Lyons 3; Trainor 2; Tracy; double play, Dermody to Trainor; struck out by Dermody 11, by Milton 8; bases on balls off Milton 2; passed balls, Cashman 6; left on bases, New Haven 6; Hartford 3; time of game, 2:50; umpire, Charlie Roth; attendance, 150.

FAST TRACK AT CARRY.

Corry, Pa., July 28.—A fast track marked the opening of the Lake Erie trotting meet here today. Attendance was large and favorites won. Summary:
2:25 pace, purse \$400, Aneto won in straight heats; Princess Direct second; Baron Wood third; best time 2:15 1-4.
2:50 trot, purse \$400, Mary Lee won in straight heats; Miss Betterman second; Spring Beauty third; best time 2:12 1-4.

FOOTBALL NOTES.

New Brunswick, N. J., July 28.—It is said here that Joe Smith, who played halfback on the famous Dartmouth college eleven of three years ago, has been secured to coach the Rutgers college football team this fall.

Fred K. Nielsen has again been secured to direct football matters at George Washington university. Nielsen comes from the University of Nebraska and coached the G. W. U. eleven last fall. Since the majority of last year's team will again be in college, it is expected by followers of the Buff and Blue that a good eleven will be forthcoming this year.

BLUES' RIFLE MATCH.

The annual brigade rifle match of the Blues will not be held until some time next week as no orders have as yet been received by the Blues. The match this year will be held at the East Haven rifle range.

NORTHAMPTON THE WINNER.

Northampton, July 28.—In the second innings of the cricket match between the Northamptonshire eleven and all Philadelphia today, the home team made 151 runs for five wickets, winning by five wickets.

NETTLETON LOSES IN LONG CONTEST

Local Tennis Player and Mate Downed in Eastern Doubles.

FIVE SETS ARE PLAYED

Tournament Doubles Reach End of Second Round, and Singles End of Third.

Boston, July 28.—The Eastern doubles tournament which started this morning on the courts of the Longwood Cricket club at Brookline, reached the end of the second round, lacking one match, when the day's play was over. The singles also reached an advanced stage with the completion of the third round. The match of the day in the doubles event was undoubtedly that in which B. C. Wright of Boston, a former national champion, and R. D. Little of New York, defeated I. C. Wright and H. Torrance, Jr. of New York, 6-2, 6-3, 2-6, 6-3. Wright and Little are seasoned players of many battles together, while their opponents are less experienced. This fact played a great part in the result for it was team work which won the match. In the third set I. S. Wright and Torrance set a pace that carried their opponents off their feet, but were unable to keep it up and the fourth set ended the match.

With the exception of the long fight which lasted for five sets between H. E. and C. B. Doyle of Washington, D. C., and G. H. Nettleton of New Haven, and A. S. Pier of the local club, the other matches in this event were easy wins. One of the surprises of the afternoon was the ease with which W. Y. Rosenbaum and R. H. Palmer of New York, disposed of H. L. Westfall and G. F. Touchard of the same city in straight sets.

The play in doubles resulted as follows:
I. C. Wright, New York, and H. Torrance, New York, defeated H. W. Slocum, New York, and F. C. Inman, New York, 6-3, 6-4, 6-0.
M. D. Whitman, Boston, and H. H. Whitman, Boston, defeated H. L. Beals of Boston and H. R. Scott, Boston 6-2, 6-3, 6-4.
H. C. Martin, Brooklyn, and C. M. Bull, Jr., New York, defeated F. B. Taylor, Boston and H. L. Ever, Boston, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2.

D. P. Rhodes, Boston, and F. J. Sulloway, Boston, defeated R. S. Lovering, Boston, and F. D. Horton, Boston, by default.
H. E. Doyle and C. B. Doyle, Washington, D. C., defeated E. L. Pickman and D. M. Pickman, Jr., Boston, 6-0, 6-0, 7-5.
F. G. Anderson and J. D. E. Jones, Providence, defeated N. W. Niles and A. S. Dabney, Jr., Boston, 6-1, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4.

R. D. Little, New York, and E. C. Wright, Boston, defeated W. A. Bradford, Boston, and E. V. Page, Providence, 6-3, 6-1, 6-3.
G. Beale and R. Bishop, Boston, defeated F. W. Cole and R. H. Cole, Hartford, 4-6, 6-2, 3-6, 6-2.
W. Y. Rosenbaum and R. H. Palmer, New York, defeated A. Chase and W. M. Whitney, Jr., Boston, 6-0, 6-0, 6-0.
G. O. Wagner, Buffalo, and H. D. Montgomery, New York, defeated W. L. Jennings and G. Crompton, Worcester, 4-6, 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.

Second Round.
A. Sweetser and C. J. Plympton, Boston, defeated S. Henshaw and C. C. Hunkley, Providence, 3-6, 7-5, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3.
A. S. Bowie, J. A. C. Colston, Baltimore, defeated S. P. Ware and N. P. Hallowell, Boston, by default.
W. F. Johnson, Philadelphia, and R. C. Sears, Boston, defeated C. H. Collette and C. T. Porter, Boston, 6-0, 2-6, 6-2, 6-4.
H. J. Holt and H. L. Foster, Boston, defeated C. S. Penhallow and W. A. Carl, Boston, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.
W. A. Larned and G. L. Wrenn, Jr., New York, defeated A. C. Butler and H. L. Davenport, Boston, 6-1, 6-4, 6-3.
W. J. Clothier and E. B. Dewhurst, Philadelphia, defeated E. E. Torrey, New York, and Partner by default.
C. E. Barker and A. L. Hillman, Boston, defeated E. R. Speare and G. E. Wales, Boston, 6-1, 8-5, 6-4.
H. E. Doyle and C. B. Doyle, Washington, D. C., defeated G. H. Nettleton, New Haven, and A. S. Pier, Boston, 3-6, 6-4, 4-6, 6-4, 6-2.
W. Y. Rosenbaum and R. H. Palmer, New York, defeated H. L. Westfall and G. F. Touchard, New York, 6-3, 6-2, 7-5.

C. F. Johnson, Jr., and H. C. Johnson, Boston, defeated R. Grant, Jr., and H. S. Bartlett, Jr., Boston, 6-2, 6-2, 4-6, 6-2.
E. H. Whitney and A. N. Reggio, Hartford, defeated H. A. Mackinnon, Hartford, and L. T. Wallis, Boston, 6-1, 6-4, 6-7, 6-0.
A. C. Martin and C. M. Bull, Jr., New York, defeated G. O. Wagner, Buffalo, H. D. Montgomery, New York, 6-3, 6-4, 6-2.
B. C. Wright, Boston, and R. D. Little, New York, defeated I. C. Wright and H. Torrance, Jr., New York, 6-2, 6-3, 2-6, 6-3.
D. P. Rhodes and F. J. Sulloway, Boston, defeated G. Beals and R. Bishop, Boston, 3-6, 7-5, 7-5, 6-2.

Third Round.

H. J. Holt and H. I. Foster, Boston, defeated C. E. Barker and A. L. Hillman, Boston, 6-3, 6-2, 6-0.
In the singles event, W. J. Clothier, a former national champion, had little difficulty in disposing of I. C. Wright, of Boston, and F. C. Inman, of New York, in three easy sets. F. B. Alexander, of New York, to the surprise of the gallery, defeated R. H. Palmer from the same city in a four set match. Since he has been well thought of since he put Karl Behr out of the running at Newport last August.

S. F. Wise of Boston had a hard time defeating H. W. Slocum after losing the first two sets to the latter, who was a national champion in the early eighties. The pace was too much for Slocum, who retired in default before the end of the fifth set.

Fourth Round.

C. M. Bull, Jr., New York, defeated A. C. Butler of Boston 6-1, 6-3, 4-6, 6-0. R. D. Little, New York, defeated H.

Our Pre-Inventory Clearance Sale

Continues Until August 1st.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

THE BULLARD CO.

58-60 Orange St.

SOME FINE RACING

Minor Heir Wins Chamber of Commerce Stake After a Notable Struggle.

TEN THOUSAND SEE EVENT

Winning Horse Barely Escapes Being Distanced in the First Heat.

Detroit, Mich., July 28.—Minor Heir won the Chamber of Commerce racing stake in the presence of 10,000 people at the grand circuit meeting today, after a notable struggle. Minor Heir was a favorite at 100 to 70 before the first heat.

Twist G. B. made the pace to the quarter attended by the Eel and then fell back to second place. On the back stretch Minor Heir advanced to second place, and was a neck behind the Eel at the half. The pair raced to the third turn at a two minute gait and just as they reached the home stretch Minor Heir broke. The Eel won easily in 2:03 the fastest ever paced in this race. Minor Heir barely escaped the distance flag.

Next time Minor Heir was on the outside and several lengths back when the word was given but with a sensational rush he took the pole at the turn and paraded the rest of the distance ten lengths ahead of the Eel, which broke before he had gone an eighth of a mile. In the third heat the Eel stuck to Minor Heir for a quarter of a mile, but the pace killed him and again Minor Heir finished jogging.

Minor Heir won the fourth and final heat quite handsly the Eel trying but failing in the stretch. The race is the record for the stake.

The 2:16 trot had three heat winners in succession and although beaten in the final mile Astellay ranked highest in the summary. It was a hard fought affair from the start to the end every heat winner losing afterwards by breaks.

In the 2:24 pace Geers won his first event in the Grand circuit with Prince Arundel, after Alcella had taken the opening heat. Summary:
2:24 Pace, Purse \$1,000; Three in Five.
Prince Arundel, br. h., by Ashland Wilkes, dam by Simmons (Geers) 2 1 1 1
Alcella, b. m., by Gen. Forest (Benyon) 1 2 2 2
Woods, b. m., (Colby) 4 3 3 3
Jerry Patchen, br. g., (Willson) 8 da
Time: 2:30 1/4, 2:08 3/4, 2:10 1/4, 2:11.

2:13 Pace, Chamber of Commerce Stake, \$5,000; Three in Five Heats.
Minor Heir, b. h., by Heir-at-Law, Little Clove by Hedward (Dean) 8 1 1 1
The Eel, gr. h., by Gamboller Belle Bidwell, by John S. (McKewen) 1 2 4 2
Hal Raven, b. m., (Hazen) 2 0 3 3
Bob Manager, gr. g., (Orendorf) 6 5 5 5
Miss Adbell, b. m., (Shank) 6 7 8 6
Twis G. B., br. b., (McMahon) 4 4 6 da
Dr. Bonney, blk. g., (Geers) 7 8 7 da
Phoenix, blk. g., (Durfee) 5 da
Time: 2:03, 2:04 1/4, 2:05, 2:04 1/4.

2:16 Trot, Purse, \$1,000; Three in Five Heats.
Astellay, b. m., by Astell-Kathay, by Krenlin (A. Thomas) 2 5 1 1 3
Aquila, b. l., by Aquilin-Ka- by Krenlin, (Titer) 3 1 7 5 1
Black Silk, blk. m., by Symbolerilk, by Westbrook, (Dean) 1 5 4 4 5
Queen of Woodliffe, b. m., (Castro) 5 2 2 2 2
Compolet, b. g., (Lazell) 9 3 5 7 4
Maryvlett, b. m., (A. McDon- ald) 4 6 3 2 4
Raffles, blk. g., (Burgess) 8 4 6 6 da
Oliva F. d. m., (Hazen) 6 7 da
Sid Axworthy, ch. g., (Cox and Mahoney) 7 da
Time: 2:09 3/4, 2:10 1/4, 2:10 1/4, 2:11.

MATINEE RACES SATURDAY.
Large Entry List—Some New and Lively Steppers.
The New Haven Driving club will hold matinee races at Elm City park next Saturday. The club has recently elected several new members whose horses are very fast and as yet have not been seen by those who have handed in their entries.

The committee has extended its earnest efforts to arrange a program which will be pleasing to all. This is the first time that the races have been held on a Saturday, and the reason for this is so many shops close on that day.

Never before has the club received so many entries as for next Saturday. These entries include some of the fastest horses in the city. The committee feels now that anyone who attends will be perfectly satisfied. Admission is free.

BLAKEEES GET IT.

The contract for the construction of the trolley road from the present terminus in Wethersfield to Middletown was awarded yesterday afternoon by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company, to C. W. Blakelee & Sons for \$400,000. The contract was signed by Vice President E. H. McHenry in behalf of the company.

"He is truly a good man"
"You there is no one thing that I can't forgive him for."
"What is that?"
"He can't forget it."—Nashville American.

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BRYAN TO SWEEP COUNTRY.

Plans a Whirlwind Tour Similar to That of 1896 and 1900.
Washington, July 28.—William J. Bryan is to make another great stump-touring tour this year, as he did in the 1896 and 1900 campaigns, according to reports received by Chairman Lloyd of the democratic congressional committee, who reached Washington today from the west, where he has been in conference with Mr. Bryan and National Chairman Mack.

The details of Mr. Bryan's tour have not yet been worked out, but it is understood that it will be a whirlwind affair, and attention will be given to the middle west and to New York. Chairman Lloyd added that on the democratic side this would be the greatest speaking campaign the party has ever attempted.

Mr. Lloyd predicted that the democrats would control the next house of representatives. "We need thirty more members than we do to do this," he said, "and these will come in the section west of the Alleghenies. We also stand to gain four members in the east. In the west the people are in a ferment. Republicans by the thousand are in opposition to Speaker Cannon, and the house oligarchy, and will undoubtedly register their sentiments on election day."

"Specifically we will make gains in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and California."

When the conductor approached Clams for his fare, the unfortunate one could only stare at him. The nickel snatcher immediately began to put him off when shouts of "Don't fill pay for him," stopped him. George Bone professed the nickel to the conductor.

The New Haven ball team spent the night in Hartford and will take the team to Holyoke from there this morning.

Bluecoats began to gather around the New Haven bench at the close of yesterday's melos to keep the curious crowd back. George Bone said he has resolved to sign the paper drawn up by a few managers complaining against Kennedy as an umpire.

Supervisor Kennedy says that he will not stand any longer for his umpires handling games when not in proper condition, and other heads will follow that of McClood unless a change for the better takes place. Look out, Kennedy!

Springfield has played eleven errorless games thus far; Hartford has played eighteen.

"Ty" Cobb is so fast in the bases that a Washington expert advises a throw to the plate when a hit follows Cobb's trip to first base.

Pittsburg would like to get first baseman Abstein from Providence. After watching the big first sacker perform Sunday, Manager Fred Clarke of the Pirates said that he would surely win the pennant with him in the Smoke City line-up. It is hardly likely that Providence will sell Abstein at this stage of the Eastern league season, especially as the Clam Diggers are in the thick of the scrap for the pennant.

Hans Wagner was unable to secure a hit off Wiltsa's delivery yesterday out of six chances.

Diamond Chippings.

Only seven weeks more remain in the Connecticut league season.
Another double-header.
Andy Herbst and Joe Stoup to perform against Papermakers.
Evans, the Hartford pitcher, who has been made famous by his no-hit game, was touched up for five hits, and let four men walk yesterday.

Simmons had an off day yesterday, and was kept out of the second contest.
By getting a hit, which was a double, Matt Simmons has just reached his century mark with a slow spurt in the finish.

When the conductor approached Clams for his fare, the unfortunate one could only stare at him. The nickel snatcher immediately began to put him off when shouts of "Don't fill pay for him," stopped him. George Bone professed the nickel to the conductor.

The following we carry in stock: Always There, Rapid, Prizer's, Baum's Castorine, Boston Coach Oil, "92," New England Axle Grease and Dixon's. We also carry the regular castor oil, which many prefer for carriage use.

MACK'S MADNESS SHOP

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881 State Street.
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Tel. 2396

nia, and we will carry Montana. In Ohio the republicans are in bad shape, and we expect to increase the democratic congressmen from there by four. We will probably pick up four each in Iowa and Kansas and three in California. From the last named state the reports we receive are positively startling, and indicate a turn to the democracy on the Oriental issue."

300 DROWN ON CHINESE SHIP.
Canton, July 28.—The Chinese steamer Ying King, engaged in the local passenger trade, foundered yesterday during a typhoon. Three hundred persons are known to have been drowned. Only twelve of those on board were rescued.

"Advertisements on the scenery!" exclaimed the star. "That's carrying commercialism really too far."
"It isn't commercialism," exclaimed the manager. "We want the scene to look like a real meadow, don't we?"—Tid Bits.

First Revivalist—How many conversions were there last night?
Assistant—Seven.
"I thought there were eight."
"One was a reporter."—Life.

Mosquito Canopies.

"The satisfactory kind." "Telephone orders" promptly filled.
Fall Upholstery.
Place your orders now for your fall upholstery needs. Midsummer labor charges are low. You insure good deliveries when goods are needed.

Cushions for Chairs and Window Seats.

Furniture Coverings for all kinds furniture.
Fine Antiques.
We make a specialty of the restoring and refinishing of fine antiques, assuring you of work that is right and satisfactory.

Our prices are very low on all "carried-over" designs. Bring your room sizes and we will save you money.
Rugs, Lace Curtains, Mattings and Linoleums.

Window Shade Co.
75-81 Orange Street.
Foot Center St. Close Sat. Noon.

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Wednesday, July 29, 1908.

MR. TAFT'S LETTER.

Mr. Taft's letter yesterday the surprising information that he had been nominated by the Republican party for President of the United States with remarkable poise. One almost concludes that among his intimate Cincinnati friends someone became bold and confidential enough to warn him in advance that he would be expected to say something in reply. We gather this from the newspaper accounts of the gathering on his brother's front porch and the speech, or letter of acceptance which he delivered with easy grace and fluency of language.

Mr. Taft's letter is an exceedingly interesting, suggestive and convincing document. It is a Taft document. One will search in vain through its many columns for a hint that the pen of President Roosevelt modified or expanded any of its utterances. It possesses a double characteristic. It is, on the one hand, a presentation of the views and convictions of its author, and, on the other hand, it is an able ironing out of the policies of President Roosevelt. From the moment he begins to consider and analyze the moral awakening which has overtaken the country and the entire civilized world, the reader is more and more convinced that here is a man who not only sees things in their proper relation but understands the art of properly marshaling them for an effective purpose in order to move men rather than frighten them.

To President Roosevelt he generously gives the credit in chief of having initiated a movement which has had widespread consequences in raising the tone of politics and business. At the same time the reader cannot but feel that if Mr. Taft had been in office during the same period of necessary reconstruction the policies of the administration would have been saved methods of enforcement which alone made for mischief.

No really unimpassioned man ever questioned the motive of the Roosevelt policies, for no unimpassioned man can dissent from the proposition upon which they have been based, namely that evil deeds must be made to suffer the consequences of their folly, while honest men must be protected in their rights. There is in this connection a world of unconscious conviction in Mr. Taft's assertion that the function of the next administration will be the perfecting of the machinery of control "to interfere with legitimate business as little as possible." This as Mr. Taft says involves limiting the powers of the interstate commerce commission and leaving executive powers to another department of government. This is demanded in the interest of restraining bad corporations without injuring good ones. For Mr. Taft repeatedly takes the sound view that after all the good far outnumber the bad corporations.

The commercial interests of the country will read with interest Mr. Taft's views with regard to the attitude of the government towards railroad properties and towards those combinations of capital, which by their nature are in a position to undertake to act in restraint of trade. They will do well to read then with care for a saner presentation of the changes to be desired and the risks to be avoided has never been made. It was time that some such sober treatment of the questions involved was made. Great investments have been treated up till now with such a reckless abandon that many have been led to the false conclusion that a whack at property in all of its forms is a good thing for capital and labor. Mr. Taft exposes this view with characteristic judicial poise. He makes it clear that his policy, if elected, will be progressive and regulative rather than destructive, which is just what the country has been waiting to hear. One will go from the reading of this part of the letter with a more intelligent idea of the difference between a good and a bad trust and of what constitutes a monopoly, the kind that deserves the reprobation of government. Judge Taft's views upon the labor question should be read by wage earners everywhere. Persistently misrep-

resented because of an opinion given by him when a judge on the bench, he now deals with the question from every point of view and in a manner to dispel doubt as to his views. In particular his views upon the use of the injunction should be read and digested. In fact without going farther into a document necessarily lengthy, it may be said of it that the voter will find there rather than in the Republican platform, the reasons for determining his support of the truly representative American. Men may differ from him in some respects but no one can deny that he speaks like a man who loves the truth as he sees it more than he loves office. Judge Taft is a stronger man with the people because of this letter of acceptance, which is its own assurance of what he will be and do if elected President.

GOVERNORSHIP OF CONNECTICUT.

There is a curious notion in certain parts of the state that opposition to the candidacy of Congressman Lilley for the republican nomination for governor is provoked by a feeling on the part of his friends towards Governor Woodruff or on the part of his friends toward Lieutenant Governor Lake, that if those two gentlemen were illustrious shades no opposition would be offered Mr. Lilley's inordinate ambition. Nothing could be farther from the truth as a proposition in political morals. Mr. Lilley should not be nominated for governor by any party under any circumstances.

It is unquestionably true, however, that the Lilley candidacy has called more emphatic attention to the unfinished work of Governor Woodruff and to the quality of the work done than perhaps it would have been possible had another than Lilley been agreed upon by the organization. It is a long way from Woodruff to Lilley and the direction is on the descent not the ascent, and for that reason people have been forced to ask the reason for ignoring the more deserving of the two, when one represents political ideals and the other the orders of the organization. In the case of Lieutenant Governor Lake the question has been asked why a party tradition should be set aside to his detriment when to supplant him a man has been selected who has no reason to plead tradition, and who for other definite reasons has disqualified himself for the position. It is Mr. Lilley who has directed attention to Mr. Woodruff and Mr. Lake as his superiors in the political field, not their friends who have sought to discredit Mr. Lilley as a candidate in their behalf.

The popular resentment at the proposed nomination of Mr. Lilley for governor at the hands of the republican party can be accounted for, not on the ground that interested people seek to dictate the action of the republican party, but on the broader ground that the nominee of the republican party is apt to be elected governor. That likelihood makes, not the action of the republican party the topic of controversy, but the governorship of the state of Connecticut, in which every one has an equal interest. The political parties, when they are in the ascendancy as the republican party appears to be to-day in Connecticut, owe it to their sense of political integrity to nominate with great care their representatives for high office, just as much as they would in this instance if they feared defeat as a consequence of their folly in the hands of the party of opposition. The resentment of the people at the proposed nomination of Mr. Lilley would be less strong if it was limited to his selection by the organization a year and a half in advance. Other men have been selected in that manner and have later made good governors. The resentment at the Lilley movement has its roots in the good name of the state of Connecticut.

We repeat what we have said before that Mr. Lilley's course at Washington in the matter of submarine legislation as written by men as honorable as he and condemned by Congressman Sherman, the republican candidate for vice president, is of such a nature that his nomination would be a disgrace to his party and his election a discredit to Connecticut. That is the issue in this preliminary campaign and no amount of clever and disingenuous counteraction, including the motives of Mr. Lilley's critics, if they exist other than we have intimated, should permit it to become obscured between now and the time the republican caucuses are held next month. Whether the friends of Governor Woodruff and of Lieutenant Governor Lake try to take advantage of the conditions is an incident, or whether some new man is substituted for them. The issue in which the sober minded people of the state of Connecticut are interested and with which they are concerned is the elimination of George L. Lilley from the canvass.

THE SUMMER CITY.

When the hot season is with us, as now, and life in the city seems truly a burden, the habit is far too prevalent among us, it seems, to look with longing and envious eyes upon those who are fortunate in being able to get away to the country, the seashore or the mountains. Yet where there is to be found a more ideal summer city, in these parts, than New Haven, it would not be easy to determine. Certainly Connecticut does not offer it and it is

questionable whether all New England does.

It is only a lucky chance that gives to any city unexcelled breathing-places, so near at hand, as New Haven can boast. New Haveners who do not get near to nature for at least a few hours each day, while they are not employed, can have only themselves to blame. For those who cannot afford the carriage there are the parks of New Haven, that circle the city almost in a continuous belt from Fort Hale to Westville. In them the weary city worker certainly should find rest and comfort and cooling breezes, if there are any to be had at all.

But it is the watering places, so near to New Haven, which really give it exceptional opportunities in the summer season. Many cities consider themselves lucky if they have a good harbor and possibly one shore, but New Haven has the best of harbors and two shores. From Fenwick to Morris Cove the east shore is available by easy and speedy access. From Stratford to City Point the west shore offers attractions that are no less compelling. Where is there a city with such resorts as Woodmont, Milford, Morris Cove, Cosby Beach, Short Beach, or Double Beach so accessible, almost at its very doorstep? With Savin Rock and Momauguin well established as amusement resorts of different natures and with Lighthouse Point, with its unexcelled situation, promising to become a worthy third, the city seems well provided for in summer.

We all have our turn at complaining at the hot weather, but seldom do we stop to appreciate the exceptional summer-city that New Haven really is. Hartford and Waterbury send their summer delegations our way. Bridgeport's shore line is not to be compared and even New London finds its Pequod and Eastern Point monopolized by and made available only to the ultrarich from outside its limits. New Haven can well have a little well-founded self-pride and enthusiasm on this subject.

THE SANITY OF A WORLD PEACE.

One must be a very constant reader to keep pace with the many advances the world is making these days in the invention and manufacture of various implements of war. It was not many months ago that Hartford produced the Maxim noiseless gun, which promises to make war as gruesome as it has been terrible. Inasmuch as men will be shot dead without a puff of smoke and without a sound, almost as if brought to their end by some superhuman means. But the Patten gun is now announced, which, besides being noiseless, like the Maxim gun, will shoot without the use of powder but by a utilization of centrifugal force, shooting bullets to great distances as fast as they can be fed into the apparatus. The inventor maintains that he will be able to shoot fully 50,000 bullets a minute, however inconceivable such an accomplishment may seem. Add to these inventions and others of their kind, the rapid advances in aeronautics this year and the promise of war balloons and air-battleships within a short time and a faint idea is had of what may be expected in the next war, if war is ever resorted to again.

But, if the advances in the arts of war are rapid, those of peace have been scarcely less so. That is the one redeeming feature of the situation. It has been the theory of some wise men that if free scope is given to the inventors of warlike instruments long enough, war itself would become such a terrible reality that it would be impossible, defeating itself. The world now seems to be recognizing that fact. The recent meeting of the Czar of Russia and the King of England at Reval undoubtedly had as its object the establishment of a more effectual friendship between the two countries of these monarchs. The present meeting of the Czar and President Fallieres of France at the same place this week is recognized as meaning that the Anglo-Russian alliance will be further strengthened by the addition of France's interests. The result is a coalition that can positively guarantee the world's peace, or is, at least, a long step forward toward its realization.

The other big power of the old world is Germany. Perhaps it is significant that the German government has just issued a bulletin written by a high authority in the German army, General Blume, who sets forth in no uncertain terms the situation Europe would find itself called on to face in the event of another war. Because of existing alliances, he points out, a war between two countries would necessarily bring two others into any conflict and the result would be a veritable orgy of blood, resulting in the killing or wounding of 900,000 men. If it lasted as long as the Japanese-Russian war, and costing each nation concerned upwards of \$1,500,000,000, to say nothing of the financial depression that would follow. General Blume points out that a European war would benefit the United States which would be able to coral commercial markets easily from the warring nations.

President Roosevelt's acceptance of the honorary presidency of the Peace and Arbitration League, in spite of his recent talk in favor of a bigger navy, shows the position of this country on the question of a world peace. The friendly mention of the United States by the Prince of Wales at Quebec and the radical peace talk of King Edward before the peace conference of the So-

ciety of Friends in London, Monday, shows Great Britain's World peace and sanity are becoming inseparable. To think of war is to show the mind unbalanced.

ARMS AND THE POLICEMAN.

It may be that an occasional happening may argue against the carrying of firearms even by the members of our police forces. Such an instance is at hand in a Brooklyn shooting of contemporary interest, in which there is good reason to believe a member of the Brooklyn police force willfully shot a young woman with whom he had an unfortunate affair of the heart. But, even when firearms are in the hands of the right sort of policemen, they frequently offer a serious element of danger. In the recent mix-up at Jamaica Plains, Boston, this fact was shown to a nicety. According to the careful estimates of the Boston papers, it is said that no less than 500 to 1,000 shots were fired by 300 policemen in attempt to round up a few desperadoes, of which only five took effect. Nearly every day in our large cities this time of the year an instance is at hand where an officer has tried to kill a stray animal but has taken a half dozen shots to accomplish his end, the while endangering everything and everybody within shooting distance quite as much as the unfortunate animal.

Yet there are many times in the routine of a policeman's life when it is quite imperative that he should be able to bring down a fugitive with a well-aimed shot or defend himself against heavy odds in a ticklish situation. If there are instances where the privilege of carrying loaded arms has been abused by policemen, as in the case in Brooklyn, such instances simply point to the necessity there is that the members of our police forces should be men who have been selected with great care as to their fitness and reliability. And if their aim as marksmen, in cases where they were using their weapons advisably, has been quite generally poor, that fact need not be used as an argument for them to improve their marksmanship by practice, but not to take their revolvers from them.

The Boston Herald makes reference to the many forms of target practice that the navy and army have been indulging in within the last year or two and to the great improvement that has been shown by the men. That paper urges a similar awakening in the police boards of American cities. It is a good point to be urged in New Haven. No one knows when a gang of desperadoes may be running wild through the streets, just as they were in Boston the other day. The revolver is a weapon of great possibilities. With it some very accurate shooting has been done by experts, but to be an expert with the revolver, a man must not only acquire skill but must continually practice to retain that skill. New York's is practically the only police force in the country that has had extended revolver practice, but even there it has only been indulged in spasmodically.

Last Friday a little boat started out over Lake Michigan from Chicago quite unostentatiously. When far out from shore, where it was unobserved, a load of revolvers, knives, blisses, dirks, the plunder from the persons of hundreds of criminals, were dumped overboard according to the provision of the new Chicago ordinance which so provides. In no way can these particular implements of crime get into the eager hands of wrongdoers again. "The old and absurd policy of auctioneering off confiscated weapons, and thus of rearming the criminal elements," said the Chicago Record-Herald, "is happily a thing of the past." It is a wise policy. If more of our cities would strictly enforce their ordinances which forbid the carrying of weapons on the person and would do away with them in this way, instead of putting them into circulation again, it would be a long step toward the effectual minimizing of crime.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

The Army Scripture Readers' association has sixty-two readers working in the British army. The Established, the United Free and the Free churches of Scotland, have taken steps to place their theological colleges under one management. The German Baptist brethren have organizations in forty-one of the states with 1,154 churches, an increase of fifty-eight over the last report. The net enrollment of the United Society of Christian Endeavor is now 70,494 societies, a gain of 1,266 with about 59,993 members during the last year. Although 16,000 native Christians have been massacred in China in the last eight years, there have been over 100,000 added to the Protestant mission churches. In the last year the people of Canada paid over \$23,000,000 for life insurance, while the whole world gave a little over \$22,000,000 for foreign mission work. The limit of mining operations in England is 4,000 feet. Wild olive trees last centuries in Turkey, and there are some for which fully 1,000 years are claimed.

"Twenty years and a pine box," muttered William F. Walker as he was taken from court after hearing his sentence the other day. Evidently he has no hopes of getting out at the end of a year, and if he has none, the public need have little fear of it. He has little ahead now other than his "pine box."

The town officials of East Haven have made an offer of \$300 for the arrest of the yegmen who blew up the town clerk's office there Sunday morning. One Bridgeport paper had the amount \$600. Evidently the figures grew somewhat in comparison with the distance away.

The firemen, engineers and other workers on the city ferryboats in

Boston have threatened to go on a strike unless they are granted vacations this summer. They might just resign. Then they would not have to work at all. It would be all vacation.

The New London Telegraph's headline to the Independence league convention news reads: "Hearst the front, middle and center." Rear end, too? Perhaps it was because he was such a warm proposition that Mr. Hearst wore a fur coat when he appeared at Orchestra hall.

OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

Another View of Hughes. (Eastern Argus.) The republican party in the Empire State is not the happiest political family in the country, and Governor Hughes makes a bad matter worse. If he runs again, as he is willing to do, he will be knifed by the republican politicians and racing interests. If he is turned down, his followers will slash the republican ticket unmercifully in retaliation. The republican party in New York will be damned if it does nominate Hughes again, and damned if it doesn't.

Policeman Ruddle's Case. (New London Day.)

From the very first the authorities have shown a disposition to make as much trouble as possible for the state police and the result of the hearing need not be a surprise. When the case comes to trial in a higher court the officer will face a jury of intelligent men and it will take something more than local sentiment to convict him. * * * State Policeman Ruddle is no nearer proven guilty of what is charged against him than when he was placed under arrest. In a competent court the story will be told and whatever evidence there is to be presented will be before the jury before the case is declared closed by the presiding judge.

The Significance of Mack. (Springfield Republican.)

One learns editorially from the New York Evening Post that the choice of Norman E. Mack as chairman of the democratic national committee is a pretty plain notification that Mr. Bryan does not care for the support of the independent and the remnant of the Cleveland democracy in New York state. Mr. Mack's character and antecedents will repel rather than attract voters of this type. But from the news columns of the same paper we learn that "although he (Mack) has always been a Bryan democrat, he has been able to keep the friendship of the independent wing of the party, and particularly the gold democrats." It does not appear anyhow that Mr. Mack's selection repels Thomas M. Osborne of Auburn, a leading gold democrat, for Mr. Osborne addresses his letter to the new democratic chairman in announcing his support of Bryan in the present campaign. Osborne's course is being regarded in New York state as of large significance in relation to the attitude likely to be taken by New York gold democrats as a rule in the campaign.

Quebec.

Over the Dunkirk of the north, Ancient citadel, isles and bay, In sculptured curls and plume of worth, Champlain, a conqueror, looks to-day. Oh! is the story, how for France, He won the hill that overlooked the stream, Raised the blisse with haughty glance— The living sign of the new-world dream. Girt by the hills—as runs the tale— The French and English, grappling, bled Their hearts' best blood in this sweet vale. The arena of a continent, Assault and sortie, sorely prest, The lilies droop, or in triumph toss; A crimson torch on war's white crest, Upriser, or fall, St. George's cross. Of hopes enthroned, and lost empires, And memories, bodied, seem to rise, Like mists upcurling from mountain peaks. Where pealed the fœces, children run; Where rolled the war-drum, the drowny king, And under the throat of a votive vine, A sparrow nests by a slender vine. Above the statue, sunken wall, Ancient battlements and time-shoaled moats, Shedding dominion over all, The royal banner of England floats. He is not conquered; steadfast eyes, His King's broad purpose, though The scepters, seen, still to the bronze cars urprise, The city of France to her enemies. Taught by the past, I learn from you— O lasting symbol in stone and brass! That, in the end, the thing we do, Lives on when monarchs and empires pass. —Boston Herald.

CAUGHT ON THE WING.

"Katie, do you know the policeman on this beat?" "Sure I do, ma'am." "He told me to-day he had taken up Esperanto." "And sure, what had the Ottilian been doin', ma'am." —Yonkers Statesman.

"Didn't I give you ten cents to get a meal?" "Yes, sir." "And now I find you in a saloon." "I came in to get a piece of cheese." "You don't serve cheese with them ten-cent dinners." —Louisville Courier-Journal.

"For my part," said one, "I think Fred is very bright and capable. I am confident he will succeed." "Yes," replied the other, "he is certainly a worthy young man, but I doubt whether he has had enough to fill his father's shoes." —Roseleaf.

"She refuses to wear the party yoke." "Considers it unbecoming, no doubt." commented the feminine boss. "Let her wear the party yoke, then." —Kansas City Journal.

"I had a delightful talk with the

SNLPER BLUES are RUNNING THE little blues are just beginning to look up and take notice. They'll catch on pretty often if you'll hand out something catchy for them to catch on to. And there's lots of fun just waiting for some man who owns the right tackle. If you haven't the right tackle we have.

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CAUGHT ON THE WING. "Katie, do you know the policeman on this beat?" "Sure I do, ma'am." "He told me to-day he had taken up Esperanto." "And sure, what had the Ottilian been doin', ma'am." —Yonkers Statesman. "Didn't I give you ten cents to get a meal?" "Yes, sir." "And now I find you in a saloon." "I came in to get a piece of cheese." "You don't serve cheese with them ten-cent dinners." —Louisville Courier-Journal. "For my part," said one, "I think Fred is very bright and capable. I am confident he will succeed." "Yes," replied the other, "he is certainly a worthy young man, but I doubt whether he has had enough to fill his father's shoes." —Roseleaf. "She refuses to wear the party yoke." "Considers it unbecoming, no doubt." commented the feminine boss. "Let her wear the party yoke, then." —Kansas City Journal. "I had a delightful talk with the

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governor of the state." "Enjoyed it, eh?" "Yes; he didn't want to sell me a ticket for anything." "What's the use of going to college and studying hard?" "You regret?" "Yes, I do. I think a girl who takes a degree ought to be allowed to wear a big tag, like a motor car." "A little garden will keep away the wolf." "Bah! And attract chickens."

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Your Favorite is Here.

Before going on your vacation you should buy a plentiful supply of Toilet articles. You may not be able find the ones you are accustomed to. We mention a few of the best known brands below. Also a few specials:

Toilet Waters, Hudnuts, Roger and Gallets, Pivers, Vantine's, Colgate's and Bradley's. Prices 25c to \$1.39.

Eleto Lavender Water, 47c a bottle.

Michelsen's Bay Rum, this is the purest on the market, 50c and 75c a bottle.

Glorbe Amykos, a splendid antiseptic, strongly recommended for sunburn, mosquito bites, etc. 35c a bottle.

Thegul, a strong antiseptic healing and soothing, 40c a bottle.

Talcum Powders, Vantine's Sana Dermal, Hudnut's Violet So and Hudnut's Extreme Violet, Colgate's, Pond's, Mennen's, Bradley's, Woodworth's and Comfort. 15c to 50c a box.

Roger and Gallet's Rice Powder 19c a package.

Soaps, Crittenton's Quinocin, 4711. Glycerine, Roger and Gallet's, Pears, Cuticura, Packard's Tar, Pond's Extract Soap, Woodbury's, Colgate's, etc.

Facial Creams, Daggett and Ramdell's, Hudnut's, Pond's, Rimak, etc.

Sanital Hygienic Soap, value 25c a cake, special 19c.

Swift's "Hearts and Flowers" Soap, value 10c a cake, special 8c or 22c a box.

Bath Brushes, value 1.50, special 1.00.

Baby Sponges, very fine, value 25c each, special 10c.

Pocket Comb, self cleaner, fits a vest pocket, value 25c each, special 19c.

Hair Brushes, 50 and 75c quality, for 39c and 55c.

Castle Soap, value 5c a cake, special 6 for 20c.

Segars for Vacation

We have many brands of superior segars packed in convenient sized boxes for the traveling bag.

You don't know what kind of segars you will run against while away, so take along some good ones—at wholesale prices.



NOTE—The "MATTOON NO. 10," a very mild segar of fine aroma, is suitable for summer smoking.

50 in box \$3.00—25 for \$1.50.



BENEDICT & CO.
COAL
380 CHURCH ST.

SULTAN SPEAKS TO HIS PEOPLE

Appears to Express Brief Thanks After Hours of Incessant Cheering.

CLEAN SWEEP DEMANDED

Clamor Against Officials Identified With Days of "Personal Rule"—German View.

Constantinople, July 28.—Now that the first rejoicings over the Constitution granted to Turkey by the sultan last week are at an end, the people are beginning to discuss the future. Already they are clamoring against the high officials who were responsible for the abuses and injustices of the old regime. Public opinion is demanding a clean sweep, especially of the palace officials, who are identified with the days of "personal rule." The task of outwearing the corrupt and the incompetent would be stupendous.

The situation is calmer since the order for the release of political offenders was promulgated, but disturbances are still feared at Adrianople. The "young Turks" in Constantinople yesterday imposed the new Constitution upon a number of high officials, making them swear to support it under threats.

The sultan, it is now known, broke into tears at the conference of Thursday, at which it was decided to grant a Constitution.

Only once has the sultan been induced to show himself to the large gatherings in front of the palace. On this occasion, after cheering that had lasted for hours, and in response to incessant shouts of "Long live our Padishah," he appeared at an open window and briefly thanked the people. In conclusion he said:

"Inasmuch as I have labored, since my accession to the throne, for the salvation and the prosperity of the fatherland, God is now my witness that my greatest object is the salvation and prosperity of my subjects, who are to me as my own children."

PORTUGAL FOILS REPUBLICAN PLOT

Uprising Scheduled for Yesterday Frustrated by Arrest of Leaders.

ARMY OFFICERS INVOLVED

Systematic Propaganda Made Among Regiments Quartered in Lisbon.

Lisbon, July 28.—The government, according to the newspapers of Lisbon, has discovered and frustrated a widespread republican plot for an uprising scheduled for to-day, the anniversary of the abortive revolt of July 28 which was suppressed by ex-Premier Franco.

This announcement follows a large number of mysterious arrests made during the last few weeks. Alfonso Costa and Bernardino Machado, the republican leaders, are among those under suspicion. They have not been taken into custody, but are kept under sharp police surveillance.

Portuguese officials are reticent in the matter. Senhor Magro, the chief of police, will say nothing except that there was a conspiracy afloat and that many men are implicated, including officers of the army.

El Mundo says the sergeants of the Sixteenth regiment are involved, and that there has been a systematic propaganda among the other regiments quartered in Lisbon.

The colonels of all the regiments located in the capital were summoned before the minister of war and informed by him that they would be held responsible for the loyalty of their men. Ball cartridges have been served out to the members of the Municipal guard.

The Diario Popular, the official organ of the government, says the authorities have taken the measures necessary for the suppression of any revolutionary outbreak.

BEHIND THE SCENES.

In a recent report Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, of the bureau of chemistry, Washington, says: "Many of our hotels, public restaurants and cafes are particular to see that splendid serving rooms are provided and elaborately furnished, which from exterior appearances seem all that could be desired for the welfare and comfort of their guests, but let one go behind the scenes in many places and note the changed conditions. The picture may be entirely different from that expected."

Have you seen the open kitchen at Bishop's Colonnade, Stein Rock—the restaurant that's "unlike any other eating place in America"—where the guest sees what he's getting and how it's cooked? It's the star feature of the establishment and the place "behind the scenes" is always open.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

Lincoln, Neb., July 28.—William J. Bryan arrived in this city this forenoon and went at once to his home in Fairview. The trip from Omaha was without incident.

Indianapolis, July 28.—John W. Kern will be officially informed of his nomination for vice president in the new Coliseum at the Indiana State fair grounds.

El Paso, Tex., July 28.—In a hold-up by the highest Sammie Van Hook of New York was robbed of \$1,115 worth of diamonds, a \$208 unendorsed check, and \$150. W. A. Nall, who was with Van Hook, and who said he lost \$560, has been arrested as a suspect in league with the hold-up men.

Mexico City, July 28.—Dr. Alberto Membre, member of the cabinet of President Manuel Bonilla, while the latter was president of Honduras, declares that the revolt in that republic is not at an end, as reported. He says that Bonilla had nothing to do with the uprising, which is a popular one, and will continue until the Davila government is overthrown.

DEATHS.

EVARTS—Suddenly in this city, July 28, 1868, Curtis F. Everts, in the 73d year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, No. 33 Olive street, on Wednesday afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

HEINLEIN—In this city, July 28, 1868, Frank Henderson, aged fifty-four years.

Notice of funeral later.

LINSLEY—In this city, July 28, 1898, Sarah E. Bassett, widow of George W. Linsley.

Funeral services will be held at No. 515 Quinlan street at half-past two o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

MORTUARY CHAPEL.

LEWIS & MANNING'S mortuary chapel is freely tendered to those who, because of its sufficient space at their residences or for other reasons are in need of a place where funeral services may be conducted in a quiet manner, and, if desired, perfect seclusion.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I desire to announce to the public that I am now acting in the capacity of Family Representative in houses of mourning during the funeral period according to the many details which present themselves at such a time, rendering assistance to funeral directors, and representing the family on all occasions. Affiliated with all leading undertakers. MRS. J. WILLIAM KENNEY Telephone 6283-4.

Clubs, Hotels, Residences,

Cleaned by the VACUUM SYSTEM.

The vacuum system takes out all dust, dirt and disease germs without necessity for removing furniture or taking up rugs and carpets.

Used by the principal clubs, hotels and residences in every city.

But to get really efficient service be sure you have the genuine VACUUM SYSTEM.

The Vacuum Cleaner Co.

36 Church Street, Garage 821 Grand Ave.

MAIL Orders

Leaving New Haven does not necessarily mean leaving Hall's. If you mail us a postal instead of calling in person you'll be treated just the same.

Edw. E. Hall, 381 State St.

OPENING NEW RAILROAD.

Spokane, Portland and Seattle Line Ready Within a Few Weeks.

Portland, Ore., July 28.—Invitations have been sent to James J. Hill, his son, Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern; Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific, and other railroad magnates, to attend the formal opening of the Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railway, within the next few weeks.

The exact date for the celebration has not yet been fixed, but it is expected the first train over the North Bank road will enter Portland on some date between August 15 and September 1.

CHURCHMAN A COUNTERFEITER.

Fayetteville, Ark., July 28.—Dr. L. W. Blanchard, and J. C. Wilcoxson were bound over to the federal grand jury yesterday on a charge of counterfeiting.

Wilcoxson turned state's evidence, and testified that Dr. Blanchard, although superintendent of a Sunday school, had been a counterfeiter for fifteen years.

PAUILLAC

Bordeaux, France.

Is a high grade French Claret, good flavor, excellent table wine. We will place this claret on sale for a few days at 50c bottle. No discount by the dozen.

Johnson & Bro. 411 & 413 State St.

REFRESHING SUMMER DRINKS

can be made from Fruit Cordial

without much effort. Especially prepared for CUPS AND PUNCHES.

FORMULA—Fill a pitcher half full with lumps of ice; add five ounces Fruit Cordial, one pint Champagne, Claret, Sauterne or Hock, one-half pint Carbonated Water; stir thoroughly and trim with fruits in season.

The quantity of Fruit Cordial may be increased or decreased to suit individual taste.

\$1 per Bottle

JOHN GILBERT & SON

Choice Prime Meats AND Fresh Killed Poultry.

The BEST QUALITY is the CONSTANT AIM of this market. We are ready to serve you with the best the marts afford, and at prices that are fair and just. Prompt service. Send us your orders. We are pleasing particular customers—we will try and please you.

Frank R. Baldwin, 1231 Chapel, cor. Howe St. Telephone 525—two wires.

Philadelphia Capons.

Choice Philadelphia Capons of the highest quality, all drawn when killed.

The S. W. Hurlburt Co.

1074 Chapel St. N. B.—During July and August Store Closes at 6 P. M. Saturday at 8:30 P. M.

D. M. Welch & Son Offer:

FRESH-KILLED POULTRY. Broilers, 25c per lb. Young, Tender Fowl, 20c lb. L. I. Ducklings, 20c lb.

FRESH VEGETABLES. We have a large variety of Summer Vegetables at very reasonable prices.

FRUITS. Native Whortleberries, Red and Black Raspberries, Currants, Plums, etc.

SWEET POTATOES. First of the season—not large, but good cookers—15c for two quarts.

NEW POTATOES. Native stock and very nice—32c per peck, \$1.20 per bushel.

MELONS. Extra large Watermelons, cut red ripe. Fine breakfast Cantaloupes.

D. M. Welch & Son.

38 and 40 CONGRESS AVE. FAIR HAVEN. NEW HAVEN. WEST HAVEN.

Wednesday, July 29.

SQUABS

On hand, and to arrive, large quantities of Squabs. Price is reduced. We offer for a few days, choice White Birds (Jumbo variety) at 65c the pair, \$3.50 the dozen. Prepared in any desired style.

L. C. Pfaff & Son,

"THE BEST MEATS," 7 and 9 Church St. Phone 1046.

19 Congress Ave. 339 Grand Ave. 1316 and 170 State St. 94 George St.

Sale of Potted Meats.

Still going on at George Street Store. Only a few more left. Buy now while they last.

All 5c Cans - - 3c. All 10c Cans - - 5c.

SCHOENBERGER'S

615 Howard Ave. 11 Shelton Ave. 521 Elm St. 150 Greenwood St.

PRaise OLYMPIC OFFICERS. President of International Committee Congratulates Lord Desborough.

London, July 28.—Writing in behalf of himself and all his colleagues on the International Olympic committee, Baron Pierre de Coubertin has sent the following letter to Lord Desborough, chairman of the British Olympic association:

"Dear Lord Desborough: It is not necessary to await the closing of the present Olympiad to proclaim its success. This success is plain to all eyes and the unfairness of certain reports cannot tarnish its brilliancy. It is natural that mistakes could have been made here and there, and that there should have been some nervous tension. This feeling is perhaps excusable when incidents occur which are inevitable in an assemblage of 2,000 young people claiming twenty-two different nationalities—figures which never have been approached until this day."

"The British Olympic council has accomplished a magnificent work, and I beg you to convey to its members the expression of our lively gratitude. There is no need for me to assure you of the warm feelings your colleagues on the International Olympic committee entertain for yourself, nor of the gratification your personal success causes them."

(Signed) "Baron Pierre de Coubertin, President of the International Olympic Committee."

MAID SUES HELEN GOULD. Demands \$20,000 Damages for Alleged Slander.

New York, July 28.—Helen Gould, through her counsel, Walter B. Walker, applied to Justice Dayton in the Supreme court in Manhattan today to compel Elizabeth Gauley, a former maid of hers, who is suing her for \$20,000 damages for alleged slander, to give security for costs.

Justice Dayton, while intimating that

he would deny the motion reserved decision at the request of Lawyer Walker, in order to consider the legal points raised by him in his brief.

The reason why Miss Gould wants her once maid to give security for costs is that she is a non-resident of New York state. Miss Gauley was in the employ of Miss Gould until about a year ago. According to Lawyer Walker, she now resides in Hoboken. A. B. Osgoodby, representing her said she was at present staying in Hoboken but her real residence was in Brooklyn.

"Miss Gauley has not only resided in Hoboken, but in many other places from time to time," said her lawyer.

Justice Dayton said there was nothing extraordinary in that, as a maid might, on account of changes in her employers, have to reside in different places.

CARNEGIE IN AUTO SMASH.

His Car Collides With Another at Inverness but No One is Hurt.

Inverness, Scotland, July 28.—The car in which Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie were motoring today collided with another car. Mr. Carnegie's car was damaged, but no one was injured, although they were somewhat alarmed.

UP ON THE MOUNTAINS

In Litchfield County grow some of the finest Blueberries that this country produces. We have them fresh daily; also Raspberries and Blackberries from near-by farms. Georgia Peaches are now at their best, and we have a large supply every morning. Georgia Watermelons delivered ice cold. California Cantaloupes are equal to the best Rocky Fords. Best selections here.

THE MIRROR FRUIT STORE.

J. B. JUDSON, 856 CHAPEL ST.

GETS GOOD MONEY

Big Bond Issue Goes to Boston at 101.65—Bids Submitted Yesterday.

The city of New Haven succeeded yesterday in selling the \$557,000 worth of new bonds at the best price for a large bond issue which has been recorded among bond buyers in a year. Such is the statement of several of the representatives of the firms which submitted bids and the mayor and Controller Rowe were congratulated on the success which attended the disposal of these bonds.

The highest bidder and the firm to which the entire issue of \$557,000 bonds went yesterday was found to be the R. L. Day company of 35 Congress street, Boston. The firms submitted a bid which offered a premium for the entire issue of 1.65 per cent., which means that the city will receive for the issue a total of \$568,190.50.

The depression which has hit the country during the past year was plainly shown in the bids submitted yesterday. Of the seven bidders who competed for the bonds three offered prices which were below par, a proposition which the city has never been offered before. Never have bonds of the city of New Haven been sold under par, but this year apparently several persons thought they would go under 100 for bonds of the three bidders who asked for them under that figure there were a number of inquiries during the week as to whether or not bids under par would be rejected if offered. The premium which was secured by the Day bid, however, is larger than on bonds sold three years ago despite the fact that four per cent. bonds are considered a poor proposition on the market just now. The only New Haven bid came from the Connecticut Savings bank which offered to take \$100,000 improvement bonds at 101.

The bidders and their offers were as follows:

Parkinson & Burr of Boston, \$172,000 series A bid \$170,486.40; \$100,000 series B bid \$99,120; \$100,000 series C bid \$99,120; \$150,000 sewerage bid \$148,680; \$35,000 bridge bid \$34,692.

R. L. Day & Co., Boston, on \$557,000 bid par and a premium of 1.65 amounting in all to \$568,190.50.

H. W. Poor & Co. and Blake Bros. & Co., Boston, joint bid, on \$172,000 improvement bonds, series A, bid \$171,277.00; on \$100,000 series C, \$99,580; on bridge, \$24,853.

Estabrook & Co., Boston, on \$172,000, series A, \$174,378.00; on \$100,000 series B, \$101,300; on \$100,000, series C, \$101,410; on \$150,000 sewerage, \$149,370; on \$35,000 bridge, \$35,444.50.

Connecticut Savings bank on \$100,000 improvement series B, \$101,015.

N. W. Harris & Co. of New York on \$557,000; entire issue a premium of \$2,321.

Kountze Bros. of Boston for entire issue, \$548,756.40.

GEORGE ADE ON TAFT.

If All the Voters Get Paralysis of Right Hand Taft Will Not Win.

Cincinnati, July 28.—George Ade, reporter, humorist, playwright, farmer and politician, and Indiana member of the notification committee, wrote the following for the Globe today, it being his opinion of William H. Taft and his candidacy:

"Republicans will find the supporting of Judge Taft an easy and joyful task. He is not anything that a candidate should not be. He is not an atmospheric disturbance. He is not a visionary. He is not a grandstand performer. He is not a Don Quixote, tilting at windmills. He is not an experimentalist. He is not an experiment."

"Probably he will be elected. We are not sure. If the world comes to an end to-night, to-morrow will not be July 29. If all the voters get paralysis of the right hand—or if they become twisted on their dates and forget that November 3 is election day—or if the entire population is stricken with some political mania combining St. Vitus dance with seeing things at night—somebody else might stand a show. Otherwise not. In the case of Judge Taft we may use the language of the extinct race track and say, 'Write your own ticket.'"

INITIATION BY TELEPHONE.

U. C. T. Candidates to be Put Through by Long Distance.

Denver, July 28.—For the first time the "work" of a secret order will be transmitted by long-distance telephone when Manley J. Hemmens, supreme councillor of the United Commercial Travelers, will sit in his home at Green Bay, Wis., and listen to the initiation of fifty candidates by Pike's Peak council, No. 15, on Saturday night, August 8. That absolute secrecy may be insured, it has been arranged to place members of the order in charge of all connections along the line as well as at Green Bay and Denver.

SUMMER TOURS.

If you have not decided on your vacation trip this summer it will pay you to investigate the personally conducted tours arranged by The Recreation Tourist Co. of New Haven. Parties leaving shortly are: Block Island, Saturday, August 1st, three days, \$1.00; White Mountains, Monday, August 3rd, five days, \$24.00; Thousand Islands, Tuesday, August 11th, five days, \$24.00; Nova Scotia, August 15th, ten days, \$50.00. Also tours to Saratoga, Atlantic City and Niagara Falls. For descriptive circular call The Recreation Tourist Co., 183 Orange street.

CRUISER FOR HONDURAS.

Pacific Fleet Ship Milwaukee to Replace the Albany.

Honolulu, July 28.—The armored cruiser Milwaukee of the Pacific fleet, which arrived here from Puget sound on July 24, is understood here to have received orders from Washington to proceed to Amapala, Honduras. The Milwaukee is now coaling, and it is expected she will sail as soon as that is completed.

The Milwaukee will relieve the cruiser Albany, which, it is said, will proceed to San Diego. The movement of the cruiser is believed to be due to the unsettled state of affairs in Central America.

FOREIGN ECHOES.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—The cholera that has made its appearance in Russia this year is very virulent. Out of twelve cases in Tartu there have been eleven deaths. According to investigations made by Deputy Von Anrep who is a distinguished medical authority, the sanitary conditions in the Volga towns are horrible.

Paris, July 28.—M. Clemenceau, the premier, spent last night at the bedside of his daughter, Mme. Jacquemaitre, who is ill with typhoid fever. The premier was summoned from the Normandy coast yesterday on account of the dangerous condition of Mme. Jacquemaitre, who is one of the children of the premier's marriage with Miss Mary Plummer, an American.

Copenhagen, July 28.—Denmark's army and navy will be considerably increased. If the recommendations of the parliamentary committee, which has been considering the question for six years, and has just reported, be adopted, officers of rank oppose the scheme, favoring increased fortifications, and it is reported that all general officers, with but one exception, will retire, if the rigid approval of the committee's plan.

"Give me a short menu for a chicken dinner."

"That's easily done. Puree of oats, cracked corn and pulverized oyster shells."

FEWER DEATHS OF INFANTS.

New York, July 28.—The progress of summer deaths among infants suffering a severe check last week. In Brooklyn, Queens and the Bronx, and in the city as a whole, there were fewer deaths from these causes than for the corresponding week last year. In the city as a whole, 358 died, as compared with 431 last year and 369 the preceding week.

New University Garage.

36-168 St. John Street. 121-123 Olive Street.

PHONE 087-2. Location of garage is excellent and central. Ask for "Corner of St. John and Olive Streets" and you are there. The building was built expressly for an auto garage and auto factory. The gentleman in charge is an auto expert. Full line of auto supplies.

GARAGE NEVER CLOSED.

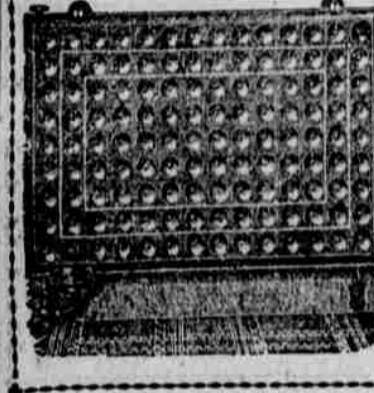
Gardner E. Wheeler, Proprietor.

COYNE BROS. 250 Blatchley Ave.

Concrete and Cement Walks, Floors, Drives, etc., Laid and Repaired. Roofing a Specialty. Brick and Flag Walks Repaired. Tel. 3328. Superior Work Guaranteed

THE BUCKINGHAM-ROUTH COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD SHEET IRON RADIATORS



OUR SPECIALTIES:

- Heating by Steam,
- Hot Water, Hot Air.
- ALSO
- Sanitary Plumbing,
- Tin and Sheet Iron Workers.
- Cornices, Skylights
- AND
- Coppersmithing.

Our factory facilities in these several lines and our long and practical experience in large and small contracts give customers assurance of reliable suggestions and careful estimates. We are pleased to refer to some of the finest work in this city.

151 Court St. Tel. 255

Denver, Col., July 7, 1908. Corbin Motor Vehicle Corporation: Corbin wins Economy Cup Rocky Mountain Reliability Three-Day Tour: 500 miles on 26 gallons gasoline. Bad roads, rain and mud made hard going. W. S. HURLBURT.

Above telegram from our Denver Agent shows that the Full-Jeweled



is maintaining its reputation as a winner in the West as in the East.

Corbin Motor Vehicle Corporation NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

H. E. Doolittle, 63 BROADWAY, NEW HAVEN, Local Agent.

ENGRAVED WEDDING INVITATIONS At Short Notice.

W. L. WIGHTMAN 101 ORANGE ST. Room 1.

Our Business.

WE SELL electric motors, dynamos, lamps, wire, electrical supplies of all kinds. WE MAKE switchboards, panel boards, electric signs, special electrical devices. WE INSTALL complete lighting and power plants, freight elevators, storage batteries, telephones and signalling systems. WE REPAIR electrical apparatus of all kinds and contract to inspect and maintain such apparatus for a fixed sum per month or per year. Can we serve you in any way?

The Pierson & Dean Co. TELEPHONE 1482-15. 144 Orange Street, New Haven, Conn.

FORTY PER CENT. BIG CORPORATIONS FEEL PROSPERITY

Money Brought That Amount of Interest at Plainville

Once.

"FREE" SAVINGS BANKS

Poor Men Paid High for Use of Money—Recollections of J. C. Norton.

The energetic business and professional men who are interested in the formation of a national bank in Plainville will be surprised to know that years ago Plainville boasted of a banking institution that received as high as forty per cent. interest on money loaned. The greater the demand for the money the higher the interest, as it was practically auctioned out at interest to the highest bidder.

The bank was incorporated under an act passed by the Connecticut legislature during the first term of Governor Thomas Hart Seymour, one of the heroes of the Mexican war. Returning from his southern triumphs, he became impressed with the idea of improving the position of the average everyday workman, and after his first election, succeeded in securing the passage of the act which allowed any man of good standing in his community to start a savings bank. The deposits were limited to certain small sums and each depositor became a member and was entitled to a share in all profits.

Plainville was one of the few towns to avail itself of the banking privilege and Henry Stanley, a prominent local citizen, was selected to head the concern. The bank was located in the building on East Main street now occupied by Mrs. George Martin, a daughter of the veteran banker. It was known as the Plainville Free Savings bank and the average deposit was about \$10.

For some time the bank flourished, but eventually keen-sighted financiers began to bid up the interest on money whenever any poor man would want a small loan. After forcing up the interest rate to a high figure they would often drop out and leave the borrower to pay a stiff sum for his loan. John C. Norton of East Main street tells how on one occasion he wanted a loan of \$50 and before he could get the best of a rival bidder he was forced to pay interest at the rate of 25 per cent. On another occasion a fierce bidding had forced the rate up to perpendicular prices and especially just previous to the outbreak of the Civil war, the scarcity of ready money caused the prices to go kiting skyward.

This resulted in creating a strong opposition to the banking scheme and in Governor Seymour's second term the banking act was repealed and the banks closed. Noah A. Norton, a former Plainville man and brother of the present John C. Norton, who is now in his eighty-fourth year, represented Torrington in a rival bidder he was forced to pay interest at the rate of 25 per cent. On another occasion a fierce bidding had forced the rate up to perpendicular prices and especially just previous to the outbreak of the Civil war, the scarcity of ready money caused the prices to go kiting skyward.

Today a different system of banking faces Plainville, and with the new national bank a practical certainty, the citizens can feel assured of first-class banking accommodations. John C. Norton, from whom most of the facts in this article were received, is a type of the old colonial man, rugged and alert. Mr. Norton bears his four-score and four years well. He has a wonderful memory, for which he gives credit to his mother, who early in his boyhood taught him to memorize poetry as a stimulant to a good retentive mind.—Hartford Courant.

A GOOD WORK. (Bridgeport Standard.) The preparation for the approaching international congress of tuberculosis at Washington goes on, and the interest increases as the work of combating the white plague takes its proper position in popular appreciation among the great remedial and actual reform agencies of the time. In every country where a proper understanding of this matter prevails there is an awakened and growing interest, and in most instances something commensurate and tangible is being done. Brazil is among the nations mentioned as making a proper understanding of the danger of the situation. In that country proper remedial and preventive agencies have almost entirely overcome the yaws fever, once a perennial menace and plague, and new tuberculosis, which causes one-fifth of all the deaths in that country, is being attacked along similar lines, and with the hope of a like result. The movement in Brazil is under government supervision, and it has been mapped out and carried by experts. The plan will involve the expenditure of \$1,500,000, but that seems entirely justified by the importance of the object sought and the probable results. In the United States the proportion of deaths is large, and the need of active work more pressing. The approaching meeting at Washington will bring the matter before the people as it never has been presented before, and we ought to expect, following it, some assistance from government to the extent of its ability under the present laws. Congress will certainly take a sane and sound view of this work and will secure the approval of the whole country in every effort that it makes to uphold and push forward the anti-tuberculosis crusade.

The city of Buda Pesth, Hungary, is preparing to try a novel experiment in the way of municipal enterprise. Bids have been invited for a city bakery which will supply the city with a daily supply of bread. The most recent designs of machinery will be installed, and the baking will be done by the continuous process. The bakery will be under expert supervision.

The old class of physicians were led to distinguish between the use of good and bad drugs by personal knowledge, while the modern physicians puts no drugs into the "bodies of their patients but what the druggists tell them." It is in this way, therefore, that the pharmacist in this country virtually prescribes, and the physician merely diagnoses the case.

Standard Oil, United States Steel and Others Experience Revival.

OF COUNTRY-WIDE EFFECT

Trust Officers Talk Optimistically and Back Their Talk With Figures.

Country-wide reports from commercial centers show increasing evidence of prosperity's return. Representatives of Standard Oil, United States Steel and other big corporations are talking optimistically of the situation and present figures to back their statements of the revival.

Edward T. Bedford, one of the most active and influential men in the various Standard Oil interests, a director of the Standard Oil companies in three states, president of the Corn Products Refining company, of the New York Glucose company, and a manager or director in nearly a dozen other large corporations, said: "Speaking for the Corn Products Refining company, from twenty-five to thirty per cent. of our men have been laid off and are idle, but from August 1 next all of them will again be employed on full time."

"Business and industrial conditions as I see them are looking decidedly better and they are showing constant improvement. There is a much better feeling prevalent. Confidence is growing stronger daily and the relief is becoming more common that even the big corporations are going to have fair play. I see no reason to doubt that Mr. Taft will give us an administration under which we can live and under which we will witness a return to our former condition of widespread and general prosperity."

From figures which have been shown to me to-day I estimate that those interested have already recouped two-thirds of their losses in sales, basing the estimate of losses upon the figures showing sales for like periods of last year. That is certainly an excellent showing and speaks well for the advent of better business conditions."

Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, said: "As I recently said I think the slump is about over. From now on things are going to grow better all around and business is bound to improve. We are in for a good time of certain prosperity. Trade and industry will surely become brisker and brisker. There is nothing to be feared in America. We were simply going too fast."

Edward S. Woodland, treasurer of the Ansonia Lock company, a manufacturing concern which employs a thousand men and which is also closely affiliated with the Ansonia Brass and Copper company, was distinctly optimistic, though conservative, in his views.

"Industrial conditions," he said, "are much better than they were and are improving steadily, in my opinion. Until July 1 we had been operating our plant in Housatonic only five days in the week, closing down on Saturdays, but we have now begun running on a six days, full time schedule and are giving employment to our normal number of operatives. As compared with the earlier months of the year we note a distinct and marked increase in the volume of our orders and also the important fact that they come in from a more extended territory."

John H. Towne, secretary of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing company, said: "We share fully the now prevalent belief in an early return to normal conditions in industrial lines of activity. In our business there is marked and continuous improvement. Orders are larger than at any time since the depression set in and there can be no doubt that complete confidence is rapidly being restored."

"Things are already booming with us," said W. H. Yeazell, executive secretary of the National Cash Register company. "More cash registers are now being bought than in any previous period in the history of our concern. In October of last year we thought we had done well when we shipped 6,500 machines to customers. This was then high record mark, but when business began to pick up last May the number for the month was increased to 7,247, and last month it jumped to 8,270. For July shipments promise to reach and may exceed 9,000. This means more than the very prosperity of a single manufacturing concern, for the sale of cash registers is a fair index of improving business conditions in general."

"There is another good indication. Seventy per cent. of our sales are made on the installment plan, involving monthly payments of notes. All these notes are now being met promptly, showing that the people have ready money, and in very many instances the payments are discounted in advance. The purchaser thereby saving himself the five per cent. discount rate."

John W. Dunn, president of the International Steam Pump company, said: "Our company has branch offices in all the principal cities of the world. We are the builders of water works pumps, air compressors, condensers, water meters and hydraulic machinery generally. We may fairly be called builders of power plant auxiliaries, and naturally have made no effort to cut down on his expenses or to avoid enlargements and improvements in his plant we have felt the purchaser thereby saving himself the five per cent. discount rate."

"Nineteen hundred and six was a wonderful year, perhaps the best year for our business within my experience, covering a period of thirty years in the manufacture of steam pumps. It can hardly be hoped that we can immediately enter upon a period of such great activity as then, but our hand is on the pulse of business throughout the entire country, and I firmly believe that the next ninety days will see the wheels of industry in all lines running full time and at maximum production."

"He declares that where he was last week the mercury dropped to zero one night," said Cookley. "That's nothing," replied Jockley. "Eh? What?" "Zero."—Catholio Standard and Times.

HIRAM LODGE DINES

Families Invited by Masons to a Shore Dinner at the Colonnade.

GRAND CHAPLAIN HERE

Arthur F. Lewis One of the Guests of Honor—John O. Rowland the Other.

One of the most enjoyable outings ever enjoyed by an A. F. and A. M. lodge was the dinner held at the Colonnade, Savin Rock last evening. Departing from the usual custom the members of Old Hiram invited their wives and families to the dinner and the success of the affair was so great that it will probably be made an annual custom.

There were fully 250 in the party, and at 8 o'clock they met at the Colonnade. The whole east side was given over to the Masons and their families, and there were about 75 small tables to accommodate the party. The Temple quartet formed a part of the gathering and rendered several selections. The ladies' orchestra furnished special music for the occasion.

The affair was very informal and there was no speaking on account of the shape of the dining room. After the dinner the party enjoyed several selections by the orchestra and then split up and visited various attractions at the Rock. Present from out of town were John O. Rowland, superintendent of the Masonic Home at Wallingford and Arthur F. Lewis of North Haven, the associate grand chaplain. The committee of arrangements was D. R. Pollock and L. M. Tarr. The following dinner was served:

- Savin Rock Chowder.
- Shore Fronts, Steamed.
- Pile of Kibzfish.
- Parisienne Potatoes, Green Corn.
- Broiled Live Lobster.
- Fekin Duckling, Guava Jelly.
- Creamed Celery.
- Chiffonade Salad.
- Punch Milba.
- Cheese, Colonnade French Coffee.

THE TAFT BROTHERS.

About Charles P., Who is Really William H.'s Half-Brother.

One of the most serious charges brought against Mr. William H. Taft in his canvass for the republican nomination for President has been that he is earnestly supported for that office by his brother, Mr. Charles P. Taft, a newspaper editor and owner of Cincinnati, O.

The Evening Post cannot see anything either to criticize or to be surprised at in the fact that Charles P. Taft has for some months taken an earnest interest in the candidacy of his brother. On the contrary, we would be much surprised if this had not been the case and whether he be a millionaire or a pauper makes little difference in brotherly devotion.

Charles P. Taft does not desire office. He will not attempt to mold any of his brother's policies or to interfere about patronage. What labor and money he has devoted to the cause has been due to family pride and family affection, and it will be a long time before the people of the United States will find fault with a man for aiding his brother or the brother for accepting the aid of his next of kin.

Moreover it can be said that during all this campaign Charles P. Taft as the editor of a newspaper, has acted with judgment, with modesty and with political acumen. There has been no attempt to make the Times-Star the Taft organ. There have been no inspired statements from the candidate. There has been no fulsome adulation of Secretary Taft. The Times-Star has fought for Mr. Taft just as it has made other fights for other republicans in whom it was interested and its work has been effective.

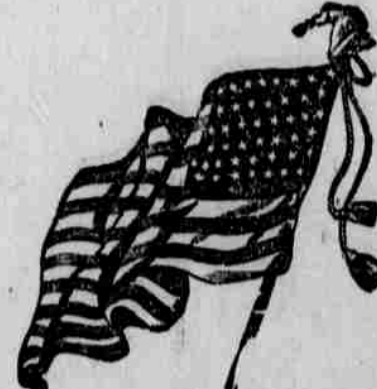
There is to the Taft brothers; may their tribe increase. Loyal to each other, the country knows they will be loyal to every obligation imposed on them.—Louisville Post.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

Feverishness Stirred Up by Many Events of Day.

New York, July 28.—The speculation in stocks had a good deal of material available for the formation of conjecture in the events which were expected to occur in the course of the day. These included the delivery of the speech of acceptance of the nomination for the presidency by the republican candidate, and its publication, and the quarterly report of earnings of the United States Steel corporation. There were, furthermore, the conferences over the affairs of the Gould railroads and the surmises which these gave rise to. The result of these various factors was to stir up a considerable feverishness in the stock market, which was reflected in the nervous fluctuations of prices. The situation in the Gould group came in for an unexpected amount of attention. The return from Europe of the head of the system was followed by statements for publication indicating that plans for providing for \$8,000,000 Wheeling and Lake Erie notes falling due on August 1, and guaranteed by the Wabash, remained to be formulated. This statement of the situation caused uneasiness and was responsible for the early violent break in Missouri Pacific. The early impression was reversed with the growth of a conviction that the settlement of the Wheeling and Lake Erie note matter would involve the entry into the Gould properties of the Harriman interest, looking to the neutralization of the projected Western Pacific as a competitor of the Southern Pacific. Another line of surmise regarding the new alliance was indicated by the strong tone of the Erie issues. Advantageous arrangements between the Erie and the Gould eastern outlet project were inferred from this movement.

The determination implied by the statement of the interstate commerce commission to oppose increase in freight rates was attributed to the inspiration of the chief executive, and was the subject of some troubled comment in the financial district. The anxiety on the subject was not of long effect in the stock market, as the tone gradually became strong.



In the Campaign Year

READ A NEWSPAPER WHICH IS INDEPENDENT, FAIR AND CLEAN.

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Edited by Norris G. Osborn.

ESTABLISHED IN 1760.

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The news of the national campaign of 1908 will be reported with special thoroughness, and the editorial treatment of the great issues involved will be free and fair, keen and earnest. The Journal-Courier is independent, vigorous and earnest in its service of the people's interests. Besides "if it's the news, its here." Regular departments give due attention to literature, art, the drama, music, sports and outdoor life, the distinctive interests of women, science and education, business and progressive agriculture.

Its Advertising Columns are clean and wholesome, its policy being to exclude every thing of an objectionable nature. Remember that the last edition of the Morning Journal-Courier is printed at four o'clock in the morning thus giving its readers advantage of the full Associated Press service several hours later than those of papers published elsewhere.

Specimen copies sent free on application.

The Carrington Publishing Co., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

STEAMER PACT IN PROCESS.

South American Passenger Lines Seek to Form Community of Interest.

Hamburg, July 28.—Representatives of the great steamship lines interested in the South American passenger traffic have been in session in Hamburg for several days. They are looking to the formation of a community of interest arrangement similar to that which holds in the North Atlantic trade. Albert Ballin, director-general of the Hamburg company, is presiding at the conference. So far the negotiations are taking a promising course. It is contemplated to make contracts for a comparatively short period as an experiment.

The twenty-four delegates to the conference represent German, English, French, Dutch and Spanish lines of steamships. Following these negotiations the companies engaged in the Cuban and Mexican trade will try to effect a similar arrangement.

Economy and Expedition in Printing

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WILL CLINCH MY POLICIES SAYS TAFT

In That Lies the Strength of Republican Party in This Campaign He Tells Notifiers.

HOW TO DEAL WITH TRUSTS Rights of Labor and Use of Injunction—Self-Government for Filipinos—Negro Rights—No Class Legislation.

Cincinnati, July 28.—William H. Taft this afternoon, in his speech accepting the republican nomination for president of the United States, attempted to cover the entire field of issues involved in the campaign. The chief features of his speech were the declaration that the strength of the republican party lies in the maintenance and "clenching of the Roosevelt policies"; his declarations for restraint and punishment of unlawful trusts, for the rights of labor, non-union as well as union, and his explanation of what he regards as the proper scope of the injunction. Following is the text of the speech with Mr. Taft's own sub-divisions and captions:

Text of the Speech. Senator Warner and Gentlemen of the Committee: I am deeply sensible of the honor which the republican national convention has conferred on me in the nomination which you formally tender. I accept it with full appreciation of the responsibility it imposes.

Republican Strength in Maintenance of Roosevelt Policies. Gentlemen, the strength of the republican cause in the campaign at hand is in the fact that we represent the policies essential to the reform of known abuses, to the continuance of liberty and true prosperity, and that we are determined, as our platform unequivocally declares, to maintain them and carry them on.

What Roosevelt Has Done. The man who formulated the expression of the popular conscience and who led the movement for practical reform was Theodore Roosevelt. He laid down the doctrine that the rich violator of the law should be amenable to restraint and punishment as the offender without wealth and without influence, and he proceeded by recommending legislation and directing executive action to make that principle good in actual performance.

President Roosevelt directed suits to be brought and prosecutions to be instituted under the anti-trust law, to enforce its provisions against the most powerful of the industrial corporations. He pressed to passage the pure food law and the meat inspection law in the interest of the health of the public, clear business methods and great ultimate benefit to the trades themselves.

President Roosevelt directed suits to be brought and prosecutions to be instituted under the anti-trust law, to enforce its provisions against the most powerful of the industrial corporations. He pressed to passage the pure food law and the meat inspection law in the interest of the health of the public, clear business methods and great ultimate benefit to the trades themselves.

Permanent Securing Progress Made. Mr. Roosevelt has set high the standard of business morality and obedience to law. The railroad rate bill was more useful possibly in the immediate moral effect of its passage than even in the legal effect of its very useful provisions.

diate moral effect of its passage than even in the legal effect of its very useful provisions. From its enactment dates the voluntary abandonment of the practice of rebates and discriminations by the railroads and the return by their managers to obedience to law in the fixing of tariffs.

But we should be blind to the ordinary working of human nature if we did not recognize that the moral standards set by President Roosevelt will not continue to be observed by those whom cupidity and a desire for financial power may tempt, unless the requisite machinery is introduced into the law which shall in its practical operation maintain these standards and secure the country against a departure from them.

Chief function of Next Administration to Clinch What Has Been Done. The chief function of the next administration, in my judgment, is distinct from and a progressive development of that which has been performed by President Roosevelt. The chief function of the next administration is to complete and perfect the machinery by which these standards may be maintained, by which the lawbreakers may be promptly restrained and punished, but which shall operate with sufficient accuracy and dispatch to interfere with legitimate business as little as possible.

There should be a classification of that very small percentage of industrial corporations having power and opportunity to effect illegal restraints of trade and monopolies, and legislation either inducing or compelling them to subject themselves to registry and to proper publicity regulations and supervision of the department of commerce and labor.

Constructive Work of Next Administration to Organize Subordinate and Ancillary Machinery to Maintain Standards on One Hand, and Not to Interfere With Business on the Other. The field covered by the industrial combinations and by the railroads is so very extensive that the interests of the public and the interests of the businesses concerned cannot be properly subserved except by reorganization of bureaus in the department of commerce and labor, of agriculture, and the department of justice, and a change in the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission. It does not assist matters to prescribe new duties for the interstate commerce commission which it is practically impossible for it to perform, or to denounce new offenses with drastic punishment unless subordinate and ancillary legislation shall be passed making possible the quick enforcement in the great variety of cases which are constantly arising of the principles laid down by Mr. Roosevelt, and with respect to which only typical instances of prosecution with the present machinery are possible.

It is agreeable to note in this regard that the republican platform expressly and the democratic platform impliedly, approve an amendment to the interstate commerce law, by which interstate railroads may make useful traffic agreements if approved by the commission. This has been strongly recommended by President Roosevelt and will make for the benefit of the business.

Physical Valuation of Railways. Some of the suggestions of the democratic platform relate really to this subordinate and ancillary machinery to which I have referred. Take for instance the so-called "physical valuation of railways." It is clear that the sum of all rates or receipts of a railway, less proper expenses, should be limited to a fair profit upon the reasonable value of its property, and that if the sum exceeds this measure, it ought to be reduced.

With such classification in view, Mr. Roosevelt recommended an amendment to the anti-trust law, known as the Hepburn bill, which provided for voluntary classification, and created a strong motive for granting immunity from prosecution for reasonable restraints of interstate trade to all corporations which would register and submit themselves to the publicity regulation of the department of commerce and labor.

Decision of the tribunal engaged in determining whether the totality of rates charged is reasonable or excessive. To ignore them might so seriously and unjustly impair settled confidence and forever to end the inducement for investment in new railroad construction which, in returning prosperous times, is sure to be essential to our material progress.

The effect of such valuation and supervision of securities cannot be retrospective. Existing securities should be tested by laws in existence at the time of their issue.

The question of rates and the treatment of railways is one that has two sides. The shippers are certainly entitled to reasonable rates; but less is an injustice to the carriers.

Physical Valuation Property Used Will Not Generally Impair Securities. I am confident that the fixing of rates on the principles suggested above would not materially impair the present market values of railroad securities in most cases, for I believe that the normal increase in the value of railroad properties, especially in their terminals, will more than make up for the possible overcapitalization in earlier years.

Conclusion That There Should Be Physical Valuation. I have discussed this, with some degree of detail, merely to point out that the valuation by the interstate commerce commission of the tangible property of a railroad is proper and may from time to time be necessary in settling certain issues which may come before them, and that no evil or injustice can come from valuation in such cases.

Another suggestion in respect to subordinate and ancillary machinery necessary to carry out republican policies as that of the incorporation under national law or the licensing by national license or enforced registry of companies engaged in interstate trade. The fact is that nearly all corporations doing a commercial business are engaged in interstate commerce, and if they all were required to take out a federal license or a federal charter, the burden upon the interstate business of the country would become intolerable.

Should Be Limited to Small Percentage by Classification. It is necessary, therefore, to devise some means for classifying and insuring federal supervision of such corporations as have the power and temptation to effect restraints of interstate trade and monopolies. Such corporations constitute a very small percentage of all engaged in interstate business.

Mr. Roosevelt's Proposed Classification. With such classification in view, Mr. Roosevelt recommended an amendment to the anti-trust law, known as the Hepburn bill, which provided for voluntary classification, and created a strong motive for granting immunity from prosecution for reasonable restraints of interstate trade to all corporations which would register and submit themselves to the publicity regulation of the department of commerce and labor.

The Democratic Proposed Classification. The democratic platform suggests a requirement that corporations in interstate trade having control of 25 per cent. of the products in which they deal shall take out a federal license. This classification would probably include a great many small corporations engaged in the manufacture of special articles, or commodities whose total value is so inconsiderable that they are not really within the purview or real evil of the anti-trust law.

Construction of Anti-Trust Law—Possible Necessity for Amendment. The possible operation of the anti-trust law under existing rulings of the supreme court has given rise to suggestions for a necessary amendment to prevent its application to cases which it is believed were never in the contemplation of the framers of the statute.

Merely Aggregation of Capital Not a Violation of Anti-Trust Law. In a country like this, where, in good times, there is an enormous floating capital awaiting investment, the period before which effective competition, by construction of new plants, can be introduced into any business, is comparatively short, rarely exceeding a year, and is usually even less than that.

Difference Between Republican and Democratic Policies and Platforms; Former Progressive and Regulatory; Latter Radical and Destructive. The chief difference between the republican and the democratic platforms is the difference which has heretofore been seen between the policies of Mr. Roosevelt and those which have been advocated by the democratic candidate, Mr. Bryan. Mr. Roosevelt's policies have been progressive and regulatory; Mr. Bryan's destructive.

Advantage of Combination of Capital. The combination of capital in large plants to manufacture goods with the greatest economy is just as necessary as the assembling of the parts of a machine to the economical and more rapid manufacture of what in old times was made by hand.

What is an Unlawful Trust? When, however, such combinations are not based on any economic principle but are made merely for the purpose of controlling the market, to maintain or raise prices, restrict output and drive out competitors, the public derives no benefit and we have a monopoly.

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Democratic Tariff Plan and Its Bad Effect on Business Conditions. The democratic party in its platform has not had the courage of its previous convictions on the subject of the tariff, denounced by it in 1904 as a system of robbery of the many for the benefit of the few, but it does declare its intention to change the tariff with a view to reaching a revenue basis and thus to depart from the protective system.

Threatened unlawful injuries to business, like those described above, can only be adequately remedied by an injunction to prevent them. The jurisdiction of a court of equity to enjoin in such cases arises from the character of the injury and the method of inflicting it and the fact that suit for damages offers no adequate remedy.

They have, most of them, gone into bankruptcy. Competition in a profitable business will not be affected by the mere aggregation of many existing plants under one company, unless the company thereby effects great economy, the benefit of which it shares with the public, or takes some illegal method to avoid competition and to perpetuate a hold on the business.

Destructive Policy of Democratic Platform. The democratic platform does not propose to destroy the plants of the trusts physically, but it proposes to do the same thing in a different way. The business of this country is largely dependent on a protective system of tariffs. The business done by many of the so-called "trusts" is protected with the other businesses of the country.

Compulsory Sale of Products at Fixed Price Impractical. The proposal to compel every corporation to sell its commodities at the same price the country over, allowing for transportation, is utterly impracticable. If it can be shown that a corporation controlling 45 or 50 per cent. of the products may by well known methods frequently effect a monopoly and stamp out competition in a part of the country as completely as if it controlled 60 or 70 per cent. thereof.

Interest of Employer and Employee Only Differ in Respect to Terms of Employment. The interests of the employer and the employe never differ except when it comes to a division of the joint profit of labor and capital into dividends and wages. This must be a constant source of periodical discussion between the employe and the employer, as indeed are the other terms of the employment.

What Labor Can Not Lawfully Do. What they have not the right to do is to injure the employer's property, to injure their employer's business by use of threats or methods of physical duress against those who would work for him, or deal with him, or by carrying on what is sometimes known as a secondary boycott against his customers or those with whom he deals in business.

Small Number of Cases Furnishing Grounds for Complaint in Federal Courts. The number of instances in which restraining orders without notice in industrial disputes have issued by federal courts is small, and it is urged that they do not therefore constitute an evil to be remedied by statutory amendment.

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tariff, denounced by it in 1904 as a system of robbery of the many for the benefit of the few, but it does declare its intention to change the tariff with a view to reaching a revenue basis and thus to depart from the protective system. The introduction into power of a party with this avowed recovery cannot but halt the gradual recovery from our recent financial depression and produce business disaster compared with which our recent panic and depression will seem small indeed.

The Farmer and the Republican Party. As the republican platform says, the welfare of the farmer is vital to that of the whole country. One of the strongest hopes of returning prosperity is based on the business which his crops are to afford. He is vitally interested in the restraining of excessive and unduly discriminating railroad rates, in the enforcement of the pure food laws, in the promotion of scientific agriculture, and in increasing the comforts of country life, as by the extension of free rural delivery.

Notice and Hearing Before Issue of Injunction. I come now to the question of notice before issuing an injunction. It is a fundamental rule of general jurisprudence that no man shall be affected by a judicial proceeding without notice and hearing. This rule, however, has sometimes had an exception in the issuing of temporary restraining orders commanding a defendant in effect to maintain the status quo until a hearing. Such a process should issue only in rare cases where the threatened change of the status quo would inflict irreparable injury if time were taken to give notice and a summary hearing.

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that the injunction is a remedy to protect property or rights of a pecuniary nature and we may well submit to it. Considerate judgment of all laymen whether the right of a man in his business is not as distinctly a right of a pecuniary nature as the right to his horse or his house or the stock of goods on his shelf; and the instances in which injunctions to protect business have been upheld by all courts are so many that it is futile further to discuss the proposition.

It is difficult to tell the meaning of the democratic platform upon this subject. It says: "Questions of judicial practice have arisen especially in connection with industrial disputes. We deem that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality, and that injunctions should not be issued in any cases in which injunctions would not issue if no industrial dispute were involved."

This declaration is disingenuous. It seems to have been loosely drawn with the especial purpose of rendering it susceptible to one interpretation by one set of men and to a diametrically opposite interpretation by another. It does not aver that injunctions should not issue in industrial disputes, but only that they should not issue merely because they are industrial disputes, and yet those responsible for the declaration must have known that no one has ever maintained that the fact that a dispute was industrial gave any basis for issuing an injunction in reference thereto.

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exercised the jurisdiction, but that such cases are numerous...

Provision in Democratic Platform to Notice; Only Reconviction Trial by Jury.

In respect to notice, the democratic platform contains no recommendation...

Effect of Jury Trial.

Under such a provision of recalcitrantness who refuses to obey a subpoena...

Postal Savings Banks Much to be Preferred.

The democratic party announces its adherence to this plan, and only recommends the tried system of postal savings banks...

Republican Policies as to Dependencies.

The republican party has pursued consistently the policy originally adopted with respect to the dependencies...

Porto Rico.

The material prosperity of Porto Rico and the progress of its inhabitants...

Cuba.

In Cuba the provisional government established in order to prevent a bloody revolution...

Philippines.

In the Philippines the experiment of a national assembly has justified itself, both as an assistance in the government of the islands...

Postal Savings Bank and Its Advantages.

In addition to this, the republican platform recommends the adoption of a postal savings bank system...

practicable. This is an answer to the criticism contained in the democratic platform...

Objections to Democratic Proposal to Enforce Insurance of Bank Deposits.

The democratic platform recommends a tax upon national banks and upon such state banks as may come in...

The Proposition is to Tax the Honest and Prudent Banker to Make up for the Dishonesty and Imprudence of Others.

No one can foresee the burden which under this system would be imposed upon the sound and conservative bankers of the country...

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approval free trade in the respective products of two countries, with such limitations as to sugar and tobacco imported into the United States...

Conservation of National Resources.

The conservation of national resources is a subject to which the present administration has given special attention...

National Health Bureau.

I have long been of opinion that the various agencies of the national government established for the preservation of the national health...

Publicity of Campaign Contributions and Expenditures.

Another plank of the democratic platform refers to the failure of the republican convention to express an opinion in favor of the publicity of contributions received and expended in connection with the election...

Veterans in Country's Wars.

Both platforms declare, as they should, in favor of generous pensions for the veterans of our civil and foreign wars...

The Rights and Progress of the Negro.

The republican platform refers to these amendments to the constitution that were passed by the republican party for the protection of the negro...

Income Tax.

The democratic platform demands two constitutional amendments, one providing for an income tax, and the other for the election of senators by the people...

Army and Navy.

Mr. McKinley and Mr. Roosevelt, and the republican party, have constantly advocated a policy with respect to the army and navy that will keep them ready at all times to defend their territory and her doctrines...

Proposition of Democratic Platform Means Chaos.

The proposition of the democratic platform is to turn over the islands as soon as a stable government is established...

In some countries with which we are on friendly terms distinctions are made in respect to the treatment of our citizens traveling abroad...

Asiatic Immigration.

In the matter of the limitation upon Asiatic immigration, referred to in the democratic platform, it is sufficient to say that the present republican administration has shown itself able, by diplomatic negotiation...

Conservation of National Resources.

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Income Tax.

The democratic platform demands two constitutional amendments, one providing for an income tax, and the other for the election of senators by the people...

Army and Navy.

Mr. McKinley and Mr. Roosevelt, and the republican party, have constantly advocated a policy with respect to the army and navy...

Proposition of Democratic Platform Means Chaos.

The proposition of the democratic platform is to turn over the islands as soon as a stable government is established...

and yet denounce the expenditures necessary to give it effect.

Charge of Deficit.

Again, it charges that a deficit of sixty millions of dollars between the receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, occurred...

Difference Between Parties' Prosperity With Republican Success; Business Disaster With Democratic Victory.

I have pointed out that the attitude of the republican party with reference to evils which have created in the country...

KILAUEA.

You'd Better See It This Summer If You Can.

Professor Hitchcock writes from Dartmouth college that those who wish to see the lava lake of Kilauea...

High Character and Efficiency of Administration.

The truth is that it is known of all far minded men that there never has been an administration in the government more efficiently conducted...

WONDERS OF NEW YORK.

Information Boiled Down for the Busy Reader.

In New York city: Over 250,000 people work at night. Coney Island is sometimes visited by 500,000 people a day...

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MODEL STREET CAR RULES.

New Regulations Adopted Recently in Washington.

Widespread interest will doubtless attach to the regulation for the street railways of the city of Washington...

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What Stands Between Any Young Man And His Power to Command Success?

Who will be the Big Men of to-morrow? Who will take the "Old Man's" place in the firm? Who will found the small concerns that will be the big enterprises a few years hence?



WALL STREET NOTES

Highest Prices of Day at Market's Close, Following Taft's Speech.

ERIE SPURT THE FEATURE

Missouri Pacific Gives Its Friends a Scare—Canadian Pacific Rumors.

Tactics similar to those of Monday were pursued at the opening of the market. Prices were bid up a trifle, then they sold off rather sharply.

London bought about 15,000 shares on balance, selling very little. The purchases included principally United States Steel, Erie, and the copper stocks.

Rumor, both varied and interesting, was quite busy with Canadian Pacific on its record making run to 171 this morning, and still maintained its activity while profit taking was reducing the score.

American Sugar is up about 40 points from the low price of last year and 20 or more from the bottom for the current year. Something like 10 points marks the rise of the past month or so, during which period there have been rumors of an increase in the dividend.

The feature of the morning was a somewhat lively rise in Erie shares, ranging from 1 to 2 points for the common and preferred issues.

Missouri Pacific gave its friends another attack of heart failure when it dropped precipitately another 3 points on the early market but helped them to rally by rallying itself quite sharply and exhibiting better form at the better price level.

Senator Aldrich's monetary commission is going abroad to look into foreign systems of banking and currency. With open minds and no less open eyes, they will probably learn something, even though they may keep the results of their observations to themselves—now that it is too late to put them to any practical use.

CLOSING PRICES.

Table listing closing prices for various commodities and stocks, including items like 'Adams Express Co.', 'Amalgamated Copper', and 'Amer. Car Foundry Co.'.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Table of Boston stock market data including 'Adventure', 'Algonquin', 'Arlington', 'Athol', 'Barnstable', etc., with columns for 'High', 'Low', 'Bid', and 'Asked'.

WILLING TO SUBMIT RATES.

New York Central Official Approves Commission's Action.

New York, July 28.—W. C. Brown, senior vice-president of the New York Central, who has been out to Chicago since last Thursday, returned to this city to-day.

LOCAL STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Table of local stock quotations for 'Corrected daily by Kincaid, Root & Co., Investment Brokers, 132 Orange Street'.

FINANCIAL.

We recommend for Investment: Massachusetts Lighting Companies 6% Shares.

STOCKS AND BONDS

Table of stock and bond prices including 'American Brass', 'American Hardware', 'Edison Electric', etc.

FRANCO-AMERICAN TARIFF.

Work of Commission Proceeding Rapidly—Probing Complaints.

Paris, July 28.—The work of the joint Franco-American tariff commission is proceeding rapidly, and tri-weekly sessions are being held.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Reported over private wires of Prince & Whitley, members of the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.

Table of New York stock market data including 'Am. Copper', 'Am. C. & P.', 'Am. Col. Oil', etc., with columns for 'High', 'Low', 'Bid', and 'Asked'.

FINANCIAL.

We recommend for conservative investment The 6 per cent Cumulative Preferred Stock OF THE THE SCRANTON ELECTRIC COMPANY

Investments. Connecticut Railway & Lighting Company (Unstamped) 4 1/2% Bonds.

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FINANCIAL.

Any Gentleman of good education and business ability, desirous of entering remunerative profession, Can Secure a paying position at once, qualifications are: Character, Confidence, Energy and Industry.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

THE NEW HAVEN TRUST COMPANY

EVERY OWNER of valuables should have a Safe Deposit Box in the Fire and Burglar-Proof Vault of the New Haven Trust Company.

40 CHURCH STREET

Body, McLellan & Co. BANKERS AND BROKERS, 57 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Bonds and Stock Bought and sold on commission cash or carried on margin; also Cotton, Grain or Provisions.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

Listen Men! Instead of running to several offices for your various lines of insurance, would it not be a great convenience and simplify the insurance question to entrust to one responsible and experienced party ALL your insurance matters?

NORTH'S AGENCY, 70 CHURCH STREET.

The Union Trust Co. NEW HAVEN.

Prince & Whitley STOCK AND BOND BROKERS, 52 Broadway, New York.

FREDERICK C. HULL, INVESTMENT SECURITIES, 850 CHAPEL ST.

NEW HAVEN COUNTY NATIONAL BANK, 317 STATE STREET.

THE NATIONAL TRADESMEN BANK OF NEW HAVEN.

THE SCRANTON ELECTRIC COMPANY, 103 ORANGE STREET.

Lomas & Nettleton BANKERS AND BROKERS, 137 ORANGE STREET.

